ESSENCE Report: Emergency Department Visits for Violence Among Women of Reproductive Age

What is ESSENCE?

ESSENCE stands for Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics. It collects deidentified pre-diagnostic data in near real-time from emergency departments (ED) across the state. We use syndromes (collections of symptoms) in ESSENCE to search chief complaint and discharge diagnosis data in order to detect and monitor diseases and conditions. This means of monitoring trends and identifying emerging issues is called syndromic surveillance.

Purpose of this Report:

The objective of this report is to monitor trends in ED visits for violence among women of reproductive age. It is one of several means of surveillance of risk factors for homicide and suicide deaths among pregnant and postpartum women in Tennessee (TN).

Notes and Limitations:

All syndromic definitions were developed by CDC and queried chief complaints and discharge diagnoses. Because perpetrator information is not often included in ED visit data, IPV-related ED visits may be under-estimated. Syndromic surveillance only captures individuals who seek medical care for a condition or injury, and thus only represents a portion of all individuals experiencing these conditions. For this reason, ESSENCE is just one tool in our toolbox to understand these public health issues and to identify opportunities for prevention and intervention.

For more information:

- Prevention of Violent Maternal Deaths in TN
- Maternal Health Innovation in TN
- Maternal Mortality Review in TN

Report Contents:

Intimate Partner Violence Sexual Violence Suicide Ideation/Attempt Firearm Injury







ESSENCE Report: ED Visits for Violence Among Women of Reproductive Age (15-44 y) Intimate Partner Violence (IPV)

July – September 2023 (Q3)

share of the

population

69%

19%

7%

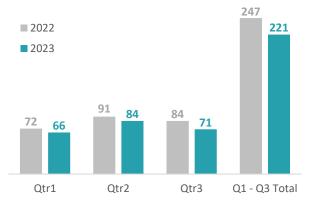
NH White

NH Black

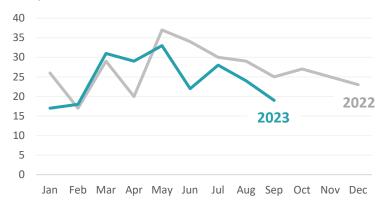
Hispanic

All Other

The total count of IPV-related ED visits for Q1-Q3 is **lower in 2023 compared to 2022.**



Monthly counts of IPV-related ED visits **peaked in May** in both 2022 and 2023.



Shelby Among TN regions, **Shelby** had the highest Davidson number of IPV-related ED visits during the Mid-Cumberland first three guarters of 2022 and 2023. Only West Davidson and South Central saw increased Hamilton counts in 2023 compared to 2022. South Central Southeast East Madison Mid-Cumberland Northeast Upper Knox Davidsor East Nest Knox Cumberland Sullivan 2022 Southeast Northeast South Central Hamiltor 2023 Upper Cumberland

share of

ED visits

47%

46%

5%

The distribution of IPV-related ED visits by race and ethnicity has remained similar in Q1-3 of 2023 compared to 2022. However, **non-Hispanic Black females continue to be overrepresented**, accounting for 46% of visits while representing just 19% of the population.

20

40

60

80

0

The distribution of IPV-related ED visits by age (data not shown) is similar to the population distribution.

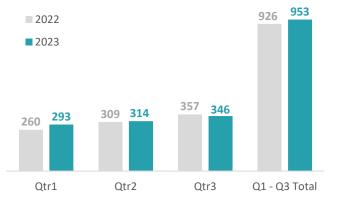
IPV is abuse or aggression in a romantic relationship. "Intimate partner" refers to both current and former spouses and dating partners. Types of IPV include physical and sexual violence, stalking, and psychological aggression. IPV can range in frequency and severity and even one episode can have a lasting impact.



ESSENCE Report: ED Visits for Violence Among Women of Reproductive Age (15-44 y) Sexual Violence (SV)

July – September 2023 (Q3)

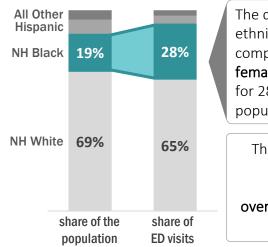
The total count of SV-related ED visits for Q1-Q3 is **similar in 2023 compared to 2022**.



Monthly counts of SV-related ED visits **peaked in** July in both 2022 and 2023.

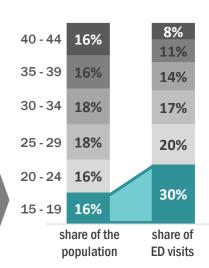


Mid-Cumberland Among TN regions, Mid-Cumberland had Davidson the highest number of SV-related ED visits Shelby during the first three quarters of 2022 and Knox 2023. Hamilton and Davidson saw the East largest percent increases (32% and 29% West respectively) in 2023 compared to 2022. South Central Hamilton Northeast Sulliva Mid-Cumberland Northeast Southeast Upper East Davidsor Knox Cumberland Upper Cumberland 2022 Southeast Madison South Central 2023 Hamilton Sullivan 200 0 50 100 150



The distribution of SV-related ED visits by race and ethnicity has remained similar in Q1-3 of 2023 compared to 2022. However, **non-Hispanic Black females continue to be overrepresented**, accounting for 28% of visits while representing just 19% of the population.

The distribution of SV-related ED visits by age has remained similar in Q1-3 of 2023 compared to 2022. However, females aged **15-19 are overrepresented**, accounting for 30% of visits while representing just 16% of the population.



SV is any sexual activity or act in which <u>consent</u> is not obtained or freely given. Types of SV include sexual abuse, coercion, and assault, and rape. SV can occur in person or through technology, such as sharing unsolicited sexual pictures or non-consensual sexting.



ESSENCE Report: ED Visits for Violence Among Women of Reproductive Age (15-44 y) Suicide Ideation/Attempt (SIA)

July – September 2023 (Q3)

population

16%

16%

18%

16%

40 - 44

35 - 39

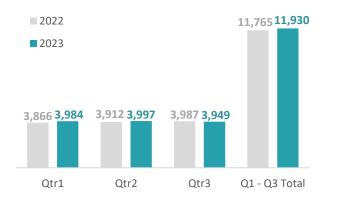
30 - 34

25 - 29

20 - 24

15 - 19

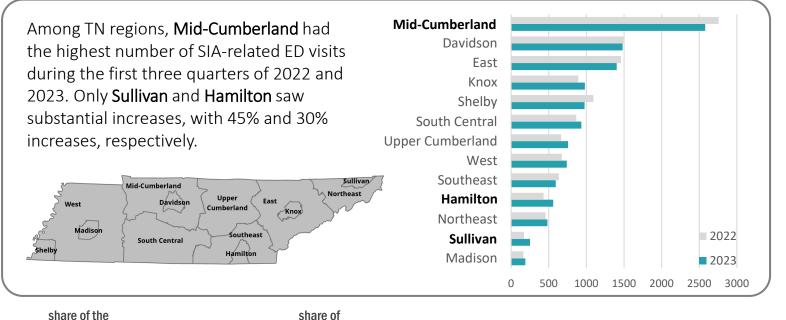
The total count of SIA-related ED visits for Q1-Q3 is similar in 2023 compared to 2022.



Monthly counts of SIA-related ED visits remain relatively stable throughout the year.



Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec



The distribution of SIA-related ED visits by age has remained similar in Q1-3 of 2023 compared to 2022. However, females aged 15-19 are overrepresented, accounting for 33% of visits representing just 16% of the population.

The distribution of SIA-related ED visits by race and ethnicity (data not shown) is similar to the population distribution.

Suicide ideation is a broad term used to describe a range of contemplations, wishes, and preoccupations with death and suicide. Suicide attempt is when an individual harms themselves with the goal of ending their life, but they do not die.

ED visits

10%

12%

13%

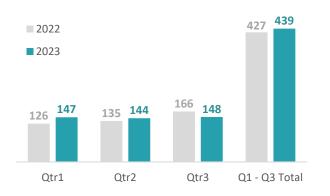
33%



ESSENCE Report: ED Visits for Violence Among Women of Reproductive Age (15-44 y) Firearm Injury (FI)

July – September 2023 (Q3)

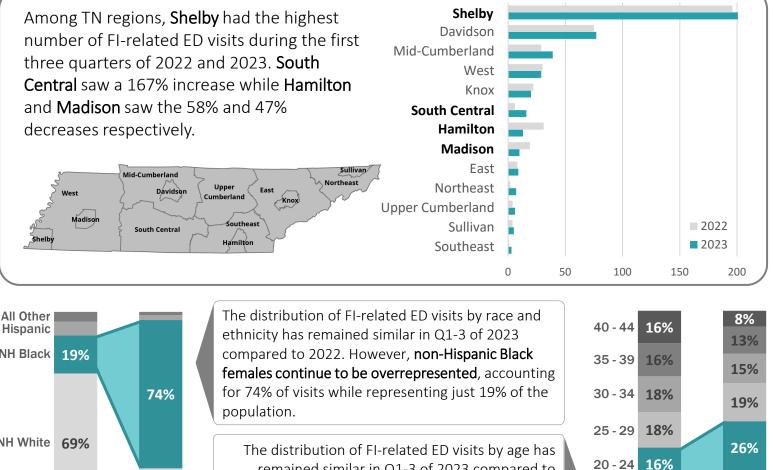
The total count of FI-related ED visits for Q1-Q3 is similar in 2023 compared to 2022.

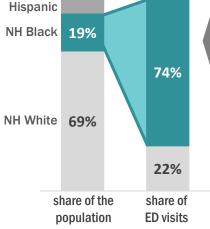


Monthly counts of FI-related ED visits fluctuate throughout the year, but peaked during the summer in both 2022 and 2023.

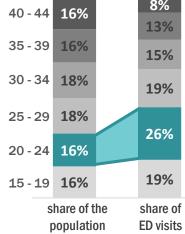


Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec





remained similar in Q1-3 of 2023 compared to 2022. However, females aged 20-24 are overrepresented, accounting for 26% of visits while representing just 16% of the population.



FI is a wound from a weapon that uses a powder charge to fire a projectile (e.g. handguns and shotguns). FI can be intentional or unintentional. Some circumstances include mishandling, suicide, assault, or during legal intervention.

