TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH


Accelerating Action Towards Improving County Health

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MISSION<br>Protect, Promote and Improve the health and prosperity of people in Tennessee.

## VISION

A recognized and trusted leader, partnering and engaging to accelerate Tennessee to one of the nation's ten healthiest states.

## HISTORY | PURPOSE | WAYS TO USE THE REPORT

- The Drive Your County to the Top Ten was first produced and issued in 2014 and has been used widely across the state in many different arenas.
- New in 2015 - Every county is provided a one-page overview of their county's demographics including top third, middle third and bottom third measures along with comparative graphs for "Tennessee's Big Three" Adult Smoking, Adult Obesity and Physical Inactivity.
- Also new in 2015 is the use of "peer counties." Each county in Tennessee was assigned three peer counties from around the United States based on the similarity of 10 county-level demographics. The K-Means Clustering model
 was used to compare and calculate peer counties for each Tennessee county.
- The report serves as a tool to examine health measures individually and allows each county, regardless of their overall health ranking within Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF) \& University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute's (UWPHI) County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, to identify both areas of strength and weakness that contribute to its health experience. In taking this approach, each health measure must be evaluated on its own.
- Although Tennessee's Drive Your County to the Top Ten report does use the same individual health measures provided by County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Tennessee's Drive Your County to the Top Ten report does not use any sort of weighting system and does not employ the same ranking system developed by the UWPHI's County Health Rankings model.
- The purpose of report is to provide rankings and action items specific to each of the thirty-four health measures presented in RWJF \& UWPHI's County Health Rankings and Roadmaps.
- The aim is to improve local health decision-making to achieve better health outcomes and encourage discussion concerning the challenges experienced by counties currently underperforming in a particular health measure, while also creating opportunities for engagement between the healthiest counties to identify what determinants may be contributing to their success. Our goal is to monitor variation in the outcomes of each health measure and to facilitate continuous improvement.
- The goal is to celebrate the success of every county that is able to achieve the healthiest status for a specific measure.

This report would not have been possible without the commitment and expertise of the advisory panel: Adam C. Jarvis Director of Customer Engagement \& Performance Excellence • Alfredo Ramirez Traumatic Brain Injury Registry • Vincent Pinkney MBA • Cody Goodman Birth Defects Registry • Krisden Ingram Special Projects and Training Coordinator • Nash Aragam PhD, MSc • Joey Smith Director, Montgomery County Health Department • Lori Ferranti PhD, MSN, MBA • Kimberly Glenn PhD, MPH • Micky Roberts M.Div, MCHES • Fred Croom MD

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## 2015 TENNESSEE DRIVE YOUR COUNTY TO THE TOP TEN REPORT

REPORT OVERVIEW


## Comparative Graphs

Comparative graphs for TN's "Big Three:" Adult Smoking, Adult Obesity, \& Physical Inactivity. Each graph provides the Tennessee county with its respective region and three non-Tennessee comparative counties from around the US based on county-level demographics. The vertical lines represent: the TN Average, the US Average, Top US Performers (top 10\%) and the Healthy People 2020 (HP) Goal. For all measures a decrease (shift left) in percentage represents improvement.

## Quartiles

County specific health measures separated by "Top Quartile" (rank 1-31), "Middle Quartile" (rank 32-63), and "Bottom Quartile" (rank 64-95).


ANDERSON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 75,542 \\ 7.91 \% \\ 32.91 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.06 \% \\ 51.50 \% \\ \$ 42,365 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.51 \% \\ & 48.50 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 34.66 \% \\ 93.41 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $13.50 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $69.27 \%$ |
| Dentists | $1542: 1$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 53.17 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1397: 1$ |
| Adult Smoking | $20.60 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $75.59 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 15.25 |
| Mental Health Providers | $1079: 1$ |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.74 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,167.27$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.40 |
| Injury Deaths | 86.09 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.90 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 297.00 |
| Adult Obesity | $32.60 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 380.97 |
| Children in Poverty | $29.80 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $32.91 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work | $86.76 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.85 |
| Low Birthweight | $9.14 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.60 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^0]ANDERSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 34 | Lewis | 9167.27 | 7769.75 | 1397.52 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Mercer, PA | 7293.33 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 6633.54 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National | ter for | alth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 6920.91 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Putnam | 19.40\% | 16.60\% | 2.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Mercer, PA | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 3 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 14.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk F | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 13.30\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Chester | 5.60 | 3.40 | 2.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Mercer, PA | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.30 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 3.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 47 | Henderson | 3.90 | 2.80 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Mercer, PA | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.50 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 2.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Lewis | 9.14\% | 7.29\% | 1.86\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Mercer, PA | 8.11\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | w birth weight | abies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.53\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.50\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 15 | Knox | 20.60\% | 18.50\% | 2.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Mercer, PA | 22.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 11 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 22.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 27.50\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Hamilton | 32.60\% | 29.10\% | 3.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Mercer, PA | 32.10\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 11 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 30.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Dickinson, MI | 31.40\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Mercer, PA | 7.70 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.60 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

BEDFORD COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 45,901 \\ 8.38 \% \\ 35.39 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 26.34 \% \\ 50.61 \% \\ \$ 42,288 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.22 \% \\ & 49.39 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 55.60 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $64.43 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $8.38 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Premature Death | $9,089.76$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $64.48 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $1765: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.46 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $83.33 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 84.75 |
| Children in Poverty | $27.70 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.70 |
| Income Inequality | 4.45 |
| Adult Smoking | $25.20 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Uninsured | $20.08 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $37.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $40.82 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $15.95 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $35.10 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 460.80 |
| Some College | $37.43 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 58.72 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $35.39 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 9.22 |

[^1]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 32 | Lewis | 9089.76 | 7769.75 | 1320.01 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | ter for | alth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Putnam | 22.30\% | 16.60\% | 5.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 39 | Henderson | 3.70 | 2.80 | 0.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 61 | Lewis | 8.99\% | 7.29\% | 1.71\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | nber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 41 | Knox | 25.20\% | 18.50\% | 6.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 27 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 80 | Hamilton | 35.10\% | 29.10\% | 6.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 18 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | S Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 55 | Williamson | 7.10 | 8.9 | 1.8 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.8. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

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BENTON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 16,290 \\ 10.56 \% \\ 30.83 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.89 \% \\ 50.62 \% \\ \$ 35,559 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.04 \% \\ & 49.38 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 78.46 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $90.75 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $10.75 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 15.89 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $80.32 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 249.53 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.30 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $20.00 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



| Good | $=$ TN Average |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | HP 2020 |

- •US Average

HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Low Birthweight | $8.39 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $30.80 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $25.10 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.83 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $51.33 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.10 |
| Adult Obesity | $33.30 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.68 |
| Physical Inactivity | $34.70 \%$ |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.78 |
| Premature Death | $12,866.87$ |
| Injury Deaths | 121.75 |
| Uninsured | $18.68 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $5454: 1$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 464.50 |
| Children in Poverty | $35.60 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 61.26 |
| Dentists | $5430: 1$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $35.71 \%$ |

[^2]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 90 | Lewis | 12866.87 | 7769.75 | 5097.12 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 6808.55 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 8744.77 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 8910.97 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 30 | Putnam | 20.00\% | 16.60\% | 3.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Cheboygan, MI | 13.50\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 4 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 12.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 16.40\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Chester | 5.70 | 3.40 | 2.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.70 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 2.80 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 4.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 29 | Henderson | 3.30 | 2.80 | 0.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.20 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 3.00 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | em | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 3.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 32 | Lewis | 8.39\% | 7.29\% | 1.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 5.78\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Rabun, GA | 8.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 6.25\% |
| Health Factors | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 40 | Knox | 25.10\% | 18.50\% | 6.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 22.20\% |
|  |  |  | Get 27 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | NA |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 21.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 57 | Hamilton | 33.30\% | 29.10\% | 4.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | $33.30 \%$ |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 13 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 30.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Piscataquis, ME | 30.90\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 55 | Williamson | 7.10 | 8.9 | 1.8 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Cheboygan, MI | 7.30 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.8 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map the | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

BLEDSOE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 12,841 \\ 10.40 \% \\ 30.40 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.41 \% \\ 45.71 \% \\ \$ 35,715 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.57 \% \\ & 54.29 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 82.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Violent Crime | Value |
| Low Birthweight | $7 . .69$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 187.60 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $80.68 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 75.58 |
| Injury Deaths | 77.49 |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Premature Death | $9,203.09$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.40 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.97 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.65 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.63 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.71 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $49.37 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.40 |
| Teen Births | 52.53 |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $100.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $54.55 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 8.40 |
| Adult Smoking | $38.60 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 6.25 |
| Uninsured | $19.40 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $36.30 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $54.60 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $6396: 1$ |
| High School Graduation | $82.50 \%$ |

[^3]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




BLOUNT COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 125,099 \\ 6.89 \% \\ 26.55 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.35 \% \\ 51.53 \% \\ \$ 45,348 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.86 \% \\ & 48.47 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 32.63 \% \\ 91.90 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.60 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $15.00 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.30 |
| Children in Poverty | $20.30 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $66.76 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $14.64 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $6.89 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $8.00 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $8,186.59$ |
| Dentists | $1955: 1$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Severe Housing Problems | Value |
| Food Environment Index | $12.62 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | 7.40 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 269.00 |
| Social Associations | 11.44 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $34.90 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 334.90 |
| High School Graduation | $91.90 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $33.40 \%$ |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $2.76 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.99 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^4]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 16 | Lewis | 8186.59 | 7769.75 | 416.84 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Mercer, PA | 7293.33 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 6633.54 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 6920.91 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 6 | Rutherford | 15.00\% | 14.50\% | 0.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Mercer, PA | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 1 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 14.40\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 13.30\% |
| $\underset{8}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 6 | Williamson | 3.30 | 2.00 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Mercer, PA | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.30 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 3.80 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\text { H }}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 5 | Williamson | 2.60 | 1.90 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Mercer, PA | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.50 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Ris | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 2.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 35 | Lewis | 8.50\% | 7.29\% | 1.21\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Mercer, PA | 8.11\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.53\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | Ith Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.50\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10th Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Knox | 20.90\% | 18.50\% | 2.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Mercer, PA | 22.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 12 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 22.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 27.50\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 59 | Hamilton | 33.40\% | 29.10\% | 4.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Mercer, PA | 32.10\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 13 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 30.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Dickinson, MI | 31.40\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Mercer, PA | 7.70 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.60 |

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BRADLEY COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 101,848 \\ 7.55 \% \\ 32.30 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.44 \% \\ 51.35 \% \\ \$ 42,665 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.36 \% \\ & 48.65 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 32.97 \% \\ 90.36 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $7.20 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $65.35 \%$ |
| Some College | $55.19 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $26.50 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 14.93 |
| Premature Death | $8,364.23$ |
| Unemployment | $7.55 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 76.20 |
| Dentists | $2315: 1$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.49 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.50 |
| Children in Poverty | $27.50 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.80 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $25.50 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.90 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $29.17 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $32.30 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.50 |
| Income Inequality | 4.70 |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Violent Crime | 630.96 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $16.56 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.70 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.77 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^5]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 19 | Lewis | 8364.23 | 7769.75 | 594.48 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 27 | Putnam | 19.50\% | 16.60\% | 2.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 3 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| $\stackrel{(1)}{ }$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| E. |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{5}{5}$ |  |  | 33 | Chester | 4.50 | 3.40 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
| 思 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 60 | Henderson | 4.50 | 2.80 | 1.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 29 | Lewis | 8.32\% | 7.29\% | 1.03\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Nationa | ter for | alth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 45 | Knox | 25.50\% | 18.50\% | 7.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 28 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 43 | Hamilton | 31.80\% | 29.10\% | 2.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 9 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 75 | Williamson | 6.70 | 8.9 | 2.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 2.2 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  | orst) to 10 (best) | Source | USDA Foo | Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

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## TN <br> Department of Health

CAMPBELL COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 40,238 \\ 10.75 \% \\ 28.89 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.14 \% \\ 51.26 \% \\ \$ 32,325 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.80 \% \\ & 48.74 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 55.02 \% \\ 82.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $76.83 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $21.43 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.27 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 207.80 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


\author{

-     - TN Average <br> - US Average <br> Top US Performers
}

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.89 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $16.33 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.79 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.70 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2021: 1$ |
| Social Associations | 11.13 |
| Mammography Screening | $59.65 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $32.80 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $37.20 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 373.43 |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor or Fair Health | $35.40 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $82.00 \%$ |
| Some College | $33.22 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 7.60 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 124.41 |
| Children in Poverty | $35.70 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $87.25 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.60 |
| Income Inequality | 4.94 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 5.70 |

[^6]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 72 | Lewis | 10904.42 | 7769.75 | 3134.67 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 89 | Putnam | 35.40\% | 16.60\% | 18.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 19 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
| $\begin{gathered} E \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 85 | Chester | 7.60 | 3.40 | 4.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 5 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
| $8$ |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 75 | Henderson | 5.70 | 2.80 | 2.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 72 | Lewis | 9.36\% | 7.29\% | 2.07\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | umber of 1 | birth weight | ies by 3 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 69 | Knox | 28.60\% | 18.50\% | 10.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | $32.60 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Get 36 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Hamilton | 32.80\% | 29.10\% | 3.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 12 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 33.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | Ses Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 80 | Williamson | 6.60 | 8.9 | 2.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 13,775 \\ 7.13 \% \\ 37.20 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.81 \% \\ 50.59 \% \\ \$ 40,809 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.81 \% \\ & 49.41 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 81.13 \% \\ 87.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $11.76 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 8.20 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 130.30 |
| Unemployment | $7.13 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 216.34 |
| Teen Births | 42.15 |
| Children in Poverty | $25.20 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $30.70 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.34 |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work | $83.19 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.86 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2296: 1$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.20 |
| Physical Inactivity | $34.00 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $27.60 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



Good

-     - TN Average
-•US Average
$\longrightarrow \mathrm{HP} 2020$
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $60.90 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 7.24 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $37.20 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $33.57 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 113.01 |
| Low Birthweight | $9.58 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 109.88 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.13 |
| High School Graduation | $87.50 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $84.38 \%$ |

[^7]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 64 | Lewis | 10633.31 | 7769.75 | 2863.56 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6，811．00 | Tyler，WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population（age－ | For every 100 people in the county， 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | usted） | Source | National Center for Health Statistics－Mortality files |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2010－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8715.41 |
|  | 苐 | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health（age－adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 30 | Putnam | 20．00\％ | 16．60\％ | 3．40\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12．40\％ | Tyler，WV | 15．80\％ |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 4 out of every 100 people in the county who，in general，report being in poor or fair health． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 17．10\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | tem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 17．60\％ |
|  |  | Poor Physical | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler，WV | NA |
|  |  | Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | ays | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler，WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | （age－adjusted） | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 74 | Lewis | 9．58\％ | 7．29\％ | 2．29\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 8．43\％ |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight（＜ | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by $\mathbf{3}$ for every 100 live births． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 7．09\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics－ | ality files | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8．40\％ |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Knox | 27．60\％ | 18．50\％ | 9．10\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 29．40\％ |
|  |  | Percentage of adults who | Get 33 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 16．40\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 34．20\％ |
| $\stackrel{1}{0}$ |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Hamilton | 30．70\％ | 29．10\％ | 1．60\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28．00\％ | Tyler，WV | 35．90\％ |
| 돓 |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 6 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 27．50\％ |
| $\mathscr{O}$ |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year（s） | 2011 | Harrison，OH | 28．50\％ |
| 鳬 |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 8.20 | 8.9 | 0.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler，WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment， 0 （worst）to 10 （best） | Increase the county＇s food index score by 0.7 ． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas，Map | Meal Gap | Year（s） | 2012 | Harrison，OH | 7.70 |


|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population（age－ adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 64 | Lewis | 10633.31 | 7769.75 | 2863.56 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6，811．00 | Tyler，WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | For every 100 people in the county， 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. | White，GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics－Mortality files |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2010－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health（age－adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  |  | 30 | Putnam | 20．00\％ | 16．60\％ | 3．40\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12．40\％ | Tyler，WV | 15．80\％ |
|  |  |  |  | Improve the health of 4 out of every 100 people in the county who，in general，report being in poor or fair health． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 17．10\％ |
|  |  | Source |  | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | Sstem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 17．60\％ |
|  |  | Poor Physical | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler，WV | NA |
|  | 霛 | Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 4.40 |
|  | 0 |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8.80 |
|  | 苛 | Poor Mental Health | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | $3$ | Days | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler，WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | （age－adjusted） | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 74 | Lewis | 9．58\％ | 7．29\％ | 2．29\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 8．43\％ |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight（＜ | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 3 for every 100 live births． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 7．09\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics | tality files | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8．40\％ |
|  |  | Adult Smoking | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Knox | 27．60\％ | 18．50\％ | 9．10\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 29．40\％ |
|  |  | Percentage of adults who | Get 33 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 16．40\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 34．20\％ |
| $\stackrel{3}{0}$ |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Hamilton | 30．70\％ | 29．10\％ | 1．60\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28．00\％ | Tyler，WV | 35．90\％ |
| E |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 6 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 27．50\％ |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year（s） | 2011 | Harrison，OH | 28．50\％ |
| $4$ |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 8.20 | 8.9 | 0.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler，WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment， 0 | Increase the county＇s food index score by 0.7 ． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas，Map | Meal Gap | Year（s） | 2012 | Harrison，OH | 7.70 | 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy，Planning and Assessment，Office of Performance Management，Tennessee Department of Health．Nashville，TN．April 2015．opm．health＠tn．gov or 615－741－5001．The full report can be accessed at：http：／／health．tn．gov／statistics／specialprojects．htm．All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation＇s， 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report．Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula：［＂Value＂－＂10th Ranked Value＂］．The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur．All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement．Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement．




| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 28,513 \\ 12.06 \% \\ 32.40 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.65 \% \\ 51.32 \% \\ \$ 35,929 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.13 \% \\ & 48.68 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 83.06 \% \\ 95.32 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $7.20 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $95.32 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.52 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 14.79 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $11.89 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 269.79 |
| Children in Poverty | $27.00 \%$ |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


-     - TN Average
- •US Average

Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Poor or Fair Health | Value |
| Adult Smoking | $20.30 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $24.60 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | $16.40 \%$ |
| Some College | 80.20 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $47.58 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | $2028: 1$ |
| Adult Obesity | 4.70 |
| Food Environment Index | $31.90 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 7.20 |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Unemployment | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | $12.06 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 14.49 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 4.94 |
| Injury Deaths | 457.90 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $44.07 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $4073: 1$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.09 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $33.33 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^8]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 54 | Lewis | 10134.99 | 7769.75 | 2365.24 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | djusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 32 | Putnam | 20.30\% | 16.60\% | 3.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 4 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
| ¢ |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | or Surveilla | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
| $0$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 41 | Chester | 4.70 | 3.40 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
| 凷 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Henderson | 4.30 | 2.80 | 1.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk | actor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 65 | Lewis | 9.09\% | 7.29\% | 1.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | ealth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 36 | Knox | 24.60\% | 18.50\% | 6.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 25 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | al Risk | actor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 44 | Hamilton | 31.90\% | 29.10\% | 2.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 9 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 51 | Williamson | 7.20 | 8.9 | 1.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |


|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 54 | Lewis | 10134.99 | 7769.75 | 2365.24 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | 32 | Putnam | 20.30\% | 16.60\% | 3.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 4 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
| 0 |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
| $0$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 41 | Chester | 4.70 | 3.40 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
| 王 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Henderson | 4.30 | 2.80 | 1.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 65 | Lewis | 9.09\% | 7.29\% | 1.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 36 | Knox | 24.60\% | 18.50\% | 6.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 25 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 44 | Hamilton | 31.90\% | 29.10\% | 2.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 9 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Williamson | 7.20 | 8.9 | 1.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 | 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




CARTER COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 57,338 \\ 8.59 \% \\ 28.87 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.41 \% \\ 51.08 \% \\ \$ 32,773 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.12 \% \\ & 48.92 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 40.97 \% \\ 92.61 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.03 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $81.85 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $28.70 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $6.80 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 206.33 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 169.10 |
| Social Associations | 14.82 |
| Injury Deaths | 73.39 |
| Premature Death | $8,846.20$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Unemployment | $8.59 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.87 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 48.59 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.98 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $26.67 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $22.50 \%$ |
| Dentists | $3373: 1$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.20 |
| Mammography Screening | $58.56 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $3584: 1$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Food Environment Index | Value |
| Low Birthweight | 6.20 |
| Adult Smoking | $3.82 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $34.40 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $84.18 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.80 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^9]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 25 | Lewis | 8846.20 | 7769.75 | 1076.45 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Mercer, PA | 7293.33 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 6633.54 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 6920.91 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 44 | Putnam | 22.50\% | 16.60\% | 5.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Mercer, PA | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 14.40\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 13.30\% |
| $\underset{8}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Mercer, PA | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.30 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 3.80 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Henderson | 4.80 | 2.80 | 2.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Mercer, PA | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.50 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Ris | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 2.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 79 | Lewis | 9.82\% | 7.29\% | 2.54\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Mercer, PA | 8.11\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 3 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.53\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Nation | ter for | Ith Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.50\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who <br> are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10th Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 78 | Knox | 31.40\% | 18.50\% | 12.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Mercer, PA | 22.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 42 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 22.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 27.50\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Loudon | 28.70\% | 28.00\% | 0.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Mercer, PA | 32.10\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 3 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 30.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Dickinson, MI | 31.40\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 88 | Williamson | 6.20 | 8.9 | 2.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Mercer, PA | 7.70 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.7 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.60 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




CHEATHAM COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 39,492 \\ 6.63 \% \\ 25.43 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.71 \% \\ 50.17 \% \\ \$ 52,544 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.58 \% \\ & 49.83 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 82.96 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Income Inequality | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | 0.54 |
| Food Environment Index | $8.60 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $20.30 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $6.63 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 35.70 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $25.43 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $18.92 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.70 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $17.50 \%$ |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Mammography Screening | Value |
| Violent Crime | $30.71 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | 2079.96 |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.80 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2310: 1$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 87.28 |
| Premature Death | $10,228.17$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $85.50 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $59.90 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.57 |
| Dentists | $7898: 1$ |
| Adult Smoking | $30.50 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 113.00 |
| Social Associations | 7.89 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^10]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 56 | Lewis | 10228.17 | 7769.75 | 2458.42 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Le Sueur, MN | 4243.33 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 4859.84 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Benton, IA | 4886.45 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 16 | Putnam | 17.50\% | 16.60\% | 0.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Le Sueur, MN | 12.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 1 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 11.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 12.40\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Chester | 3.70 | 3.40 | 0.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Le Sueur, MN | 3.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 2.50 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 29 | Henderson | 3.30 | 2.80 | 0.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Le Sueur, MN | 1.70 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 3.30 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 2.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Lewis | 8.35\% | 7.29\% | 1.06\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Le Sueur, MN | 5.28\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | umber of | w birth weight | abies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Clinton, MI | 6.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 6.38\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 77 | Knox | 30.50\% | 18.50\% | 12.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Le Sueur, MN | 13.10\% |
|  |  |  | Get 40 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 22.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Hamilton | 30.10\% | 29.10\% | 1.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Le Sueur, MN | 29.80\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 4 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 34.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Benton, IA | 30.00\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 2 | Williamson | 8.60 | 8.9 | 0.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Le Sueur, MN | 9.10 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 0.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 8.50 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Benton, IA | 8.50 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




CHESTER COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 17,321 \\ 8.88 \% \\ 34.16 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.23 \% \\ 52.09 \% \\ \$ 40,779 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.14 \% \\ & 47.91 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 65.24 \% \\ 96.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $78.62 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 31.25 |
| Physical Inactivity | $25.90 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.70 |
| High School Graduation | $96.00 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.27 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.40 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $17.10 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $20.70 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Unemployment | $8.88 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.70 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.94 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 83.92 |
| Social Associations | 11.07 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.64 |
| Dentists | $3464: 1$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $45.55 \%$ |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Income Inequality | Value |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | 42.35 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $48.80 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $55.10 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 436.80 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $4293: 1$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $34.16 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.51 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^11]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 30 | Lewis | 9060.53 | 7769.75 | 1290.78 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 15 | Putnam | 17.10\% | 16.60\% | 0.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 1 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 10 | Williamson | 3.40 | 2.00 | 1.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Blount | 2.70 | 2.60 | 0.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 9 | Putnam | 7.27\% | 7.02\% | 0.25\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the | nber of | birth weight | bies by 1 fo | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 16 | Knox | 20.70\% | 18.50\% | 2.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 11 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 40 | Hamilton | 31.70\% | 29.10\% | 2.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 9 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | Snteractive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Williamson | 7.30 | 8.9 | 1.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.6. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




CLAIBORNE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 31,560 \\ 11.62 \% \\ 26.15 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.60 \% \\ 51.18 \% \\ \$ 32,775 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.94 \% \\ & 48.82 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 71.55 \% \\ 91.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.16 |
| Teen Births | 39.55 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $26.15 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 198.50 |
| Physical Inactivity | $31.20 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $25.64 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $16.30 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $32.20 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2267: 1$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.87 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.71 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $50.26 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $91.00 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $85.66 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.40 |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Injury Deaths | Value |
| Low Birthweight | 125.48 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $10.64 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $31.20 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $11.62 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $11,821.15$ |
| Social Associations | $33.30 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | 7.25 |
| Food Environment Index | $53.82 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | 6.70 |

[^12]CLAIBORNE COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten


Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.


 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 7,774 \\ 10.83 \% \\ 27.32 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.26 \% \\ 50.95 \% \\ \$ 30,587 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.72 \% \\ & 49.05 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 97.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $97.50 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.08 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 173.60 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.80 |
| Mammography Screening | $64.62 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $27.32 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.00 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 229.60 |

## Adult Obesity



Good

| $\ldots$ TN Average | U US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity



Good

- TN Average - US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Teen Births | 47.00 |
| Adult Obesity | $31.60 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.51 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.13 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.78 |
| Some College | $40.54 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Premature Death | Value |
| Injury Deaths | $15,670.02$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 132.81 |
| Children in Poverty | 160.41 |
| Social Associations | $39.70 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | 5.10 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | $7840: 1$ |
| Dentists | 7.60 |
| Adult Smoking | $7774: 1$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $32.30 \%$ |

[^13]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 94 | Lewis | 15670.02 | 7769.75 | 7900.27 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 70 | Putnam | 26.50\% | 16.60\% | 9.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days eported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 85 | Chester | 7.60 | 3.40 | 4.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 5 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
| 『 |  |  | Source | Behav | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
| $\underset{\sim 1}{\text { 足 }}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (ge-adjusted) | Source | Behav | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 6 | Putnam | 7.08\% | 7.02\% | 0.05\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 81 | Knox | 32.30\% | 18.50\% | 13.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 43 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 36 | Hamilton | 31.60\% | 29.10\% | 2.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 13 | Williamson | 7.80 | 8.9 | 1.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foor | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




COCKE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 35,479 \\ 10.82 \% \\ 40.68 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.02 \% \\ 51.56 \% \\ \$ 30,950 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.63 \% \\ & 48.44 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 67.53 \% \\ 94.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.22 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $74.20 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $21.20 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $94.00 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1694: 1$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 247.40 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



## - •US Average

Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Adult Obesity | $31.40 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.04 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 11.25 |
| Mammography Screening | $59.68 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $85.79 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $39.40 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $3942: 1$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Teen Births | Value |
| Children in Poverty | 69.09 |
| Violent Crime | $61.10 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 669.87 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $40.68 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $12,131.99$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $16.92 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 5.10 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 6.40 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 114.04 |

[^14]|  | Length of Life | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population（age－ adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 87 | Lewis | 12131.99 | 7769.75 | 4362.24 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6，811．00 | Tyler，WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county， 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics－Mortality files |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2010－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health（age－adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 73 | Putnam | 26．70\％ | 16．60\％ | 10．10\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12．40\％ | Tyler，WV | 15．80\％ |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 11 out of every 100 people in the county who，in general，report being in poor or fair health． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 17．10\％ |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 17．60\％ |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days＊ <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days （age－adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\xrightarrow{3}$ |  |  | 80 | Chester | 6.40 | 3.40 | 3.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler，WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 4.40 |
| 『8 |  |  | urce $\quad$ Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8.80 |
| 卫 |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Henderson | 4.70 | 2.80 | 1.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler，WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days （age－adjusted） | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 6.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight（ $<$ 2500 grams） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  |  | Lewis | 9．77\％ | 7．29\％ | 2．48\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 8．43\％ |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 3 for every 100 live births． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 7．09\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | Ith Statistics－ | lity files | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8．40\％ |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Knox | 21．20\％ | 18．50\％ | 2．70\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 29．40\％ |
|  |  |  | Get 13 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 16．40\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillance | tem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 34．20\％ |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Hamilton | $31.40 \%$ | 29．10\％ | 2．30\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28．00\％ | Tyler，WV | $35.90 \%$ |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 27．50\％ |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year（s） | 2011 | Harrison，OH | 28．50\％ |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment， 0 （worst）to 10 （best） | 88 | Williamson | 6.20 | 8.9 | 2.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler，WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county＇s food index score by 2．7． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foo | d Environ | ent Atlas，Map t | Meal Gap | Year（s） | 2012 | Harrison，OH | 7.70 |


|  | Length of Life | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population（age－ adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 87 | Lewis | 12131.99 | 7769.75 | 4362.24 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6，811．00 | Tyler，WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county， 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics－Mortality files |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2010－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health（age－adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 73 | Putnam | 26．70\％ | 16．60\％ | 10．10\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12．40\％ | Tyler，WV | 15．80\％ |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 11 out of every 100 people in the county who，in general，report being in poor or fair health． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 17．10\％ |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 17．60\％ |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days＊ <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days （age－adjusted） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\xrightarrow{3}$ |  |  | 80 | Chester | 6.40 | 3.40 | 3.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler，WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 4.40 |
| 『8 |  |  | urce $\quad$ Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  |  | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8.80 |
| 卫 |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Henderson | 4.70 | 2.80 | 1.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler，WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days （age－adjusted） | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 6.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight（ $<$ 2500 grams） | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  |  | Lewis | 9．77\％ | 7．29\％ | 2．48\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 8．43\％ |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 3 for every 100 live births． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 7．09\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | Ith Statistics－ | lity files | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 8．40\％ |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Knox | 21．20\％ | 18．50\％ | 2．70\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18．10\％ | Tyler，WV | 29．40\％ |
|  |  |  | Get 13 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 16．40\％ |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillance | tem | Year（s） | 2006－2012 | Harrison，OH | 34．20\％ |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Hamilton | $31.40 \%$ | 29．10\％ | 2．30\％ | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28．00\％ | Tyler，WV | $35.90 \%$ |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 27．50\％ |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year（s） | 2011 | Harrison，OH | 28．50\％ |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment， 0 （worst）to 10 （best） | 88 | Williamson | 6.20 | 8.9 | 2.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler，WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county＇s food index score by 2．7． |  |  |  |  |  |  | White，GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foo | d Environ | ent Atlas，Map t | Meal Gap | Year（s） | 2012 | Harrison，OH | 7.70 |

2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy，Planning and Assessment，Office of Performance Management，Tennessee Department of Health．Nashville，TN．April 2015．opm．health＠tn．gov or 615－741－5001．The full report can be accessed at：http：／／health．tn．gov／statistics／specialprojects．htm．All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation＇s， 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report．Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula：［＂Value＂－＂10th Ranked Value＂］．The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur．All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement．Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement．




## TN <br> Department of Health

COFFEE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 53,357 \\ 7.31 \% \\ 35.96 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.01 \% \\ 51.40 \% \\ \$ 43,375 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.60 \% \\ & 48.60 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 47.29 \% \\ 90.68 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Dentists | $1241: 1$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $528: 1$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1298: 1$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $25.40 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $7.31 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $9.20 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $73.83 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $18.80 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.13 \%$ |

## Adult Obesity



## Good

$$
-\infty \text { TN Average }
$$

- •US Average

Top US Performers

## Physical Inactivity



|  | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 40 \%$


| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Social Associations | 11.46 |
| Some College | $46.41 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,736.30$ |
| Injury Deaths | 89.67 |
| Adult Smoking | $25.70 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.20 |
| Uninsured | $17.11 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.82 |
| Children in Poverty | $29.90 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $90.68 \%$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $82.45 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $35.60 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.97 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $15.45 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $86.46 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $35.96 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 5.10 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 105.92 |
| Violent Crime | 467.02 |
| Teen Births | 57.42 |

[^15]
 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.

|  |  | Physical Inactivity <br> Percentage of adults aged <br> 20 and over reporting no <br> leisure-time physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 64 | Wilson | 34.80\% | 28.50\% | 6.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 30.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 33.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 19 out of every 100 currently physically inactive adults to exercise during leisure time. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 34.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.50\% |
|  |  | Access to Exercise Opportunities <br> Percentage of population with adequate access to locations for physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 18 | Loudon | 73.83\% | 78.50\% | 4.67\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 77.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 48.47\% |
|  |  |  | Consider how to remove barriers to access exercise locations to reach an additional 4.67 percent of the county's population. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.15\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Business Anal | Delorm | SRI, \& US C | Tigerline Files | Year(s) | 2010 \& 2013 | Lawrence, OH | 95.51\% |
|  |  | Excessive Drinking | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Greene | 9.20\% | 3.30\% | 5.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 15.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 13.80\% |
|  | - |  | Get 65 out of every 100 adults in the county that currently drink to excess (binge and heavy drinkers) to stop drinking more than one (women) or two (men) drinks per day on average. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 16.00\% |
|  | 心 |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk | tor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 13.30\% |
|  | 采 | Alcohol-Impaired | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | © |  | 25 | McNairy | 23.08\% | 18.75\% | 4.33\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 32.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 33.33\% |
|  |  | Percentage of driving deaths with alcohol | Reduce the number of alcohol related driving deaths by 4.33 percent. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 17.65\% |
|  |  |  | ource Fatality Analysis Reporting System |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Lawrence, OH | 35.29\% |
|  |  | Transmitted Infections <br> Number of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases per 100,000 population | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 62 | Scott | 357.00 | 144.30 | 212.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 458.00 | Guernsey, OH | 268.70 |
|  |  | Consider ways to educate 6 out of every 10 persons self-reporting to be involved in any sexual contact to commit to using safe sex practices to prevent the infection of Chlamydia. | Randolph, IN | 232.40 |
|  |  | Source National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, \& TB Prevention | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 215.70 |
|  |  | Teen Births | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 69 | Putnam | 57.42 | 37.04 | 20.38 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 31.00 | Guernsey, OH | 40.89 |
|  |  | Teen birth rate per 1,000 female population, ages 15 | For every | 00 teenage fen | les (ages | 5 to 19 years) from becomin | he county, co regnant. | sider ways to pr | $\text { ent } 36 \text { teen(s) }$ | Randolph, IN | 45.17 |
|  |  |  | Source | Nationa | enter for | ealth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 48.78 |
|  | Clinical Care |  | Uninsured | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  |  | 54 | Blount | 17.11\% | 14.64\% | 2.47\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 14.71\% |
|  |  |  | Percentage of population | Get 15 out of every 100 currently uninsured adults ages 18-64 to obtain health insurance. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 17.78\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Sm | Area He | th Insurance Es | ates | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 14.06\% |
|  |  | Primary Care | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 9 | Knox | 1298:1 | 877:1 | 421 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,355.00 | Guernsey, OH | 1991:1 |
|  |  | Ratio of population to primary care physicians | To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10th ranking county, 20 primary care providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county's value is greater than 3,500, this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 4303:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 2142:1 |
|  |  | Dentists$\frac{\text { Ratio of population to }}{\underline{\text { dentists }}}$ | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 1 | Coffee | 1241:1 | 1241:1 | 0 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,663.00 | Guernsey, OH | 2086:1 |
|  |  |  | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5125:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health | esource F | /American Me | 1 Association | Year(s) | 2013 | Lawrence, OH | 3642:1 |




## TN <br> Department of Health

CROCKETT COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 14,591 \\ 10.52 \% \\ 37.50 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.13 \% \\ 52.18 \% \\ \$ 37,085 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.26 \% \\ & 47.82 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 67.38 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 17.78 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $15.79 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.27 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.01 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.92 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.80 |
| Dentists | $2432: 1$ |
| Injury Deaths | 78.22 |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Food Environment Index | Value |
| Children in Poverty | 27.40 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $32.90 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.11 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,813.56$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $22.90 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.90 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 88.18 |
| Adult Smoking | $27.10 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.87 |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Uninsured | $19.48 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $35.80 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $29.13 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $87.86 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $52.26 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $37.50 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $7296: 1$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $4874: 1$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 444.50 |
| Teen Births | 58.94 |

[^16]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 47 | Lewis | 9813.56 | 7769.75 | 2043.81 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 47 | Putnam | 22.90\% | 16.60\% | 6.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 7 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| Uِ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| $\underset{e}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{5}$ |  |  | 16 | Chester | 3.80 | 3.40 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | actor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 72 | Henderson | 5.10 | 2.80 | 2.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 8 | Putnam | 7.27\% | 7.02\% | 0.25\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | lth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 58 | Knox | 27.10\% | 18.50\% | 8.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 32 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | actor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 87 | Hamilton | 35.80\% | 29.10\% | 6.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 19 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




CUMBERLAND COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 57,466 \\ 9.61 \% \\ 28.62 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 18.48 \% \\ 51.24 \% \\ \$ 36,163 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.44 \% \\ & 48.76 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 60.89 \% \\ 93.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Adult Obesity | $26.50 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $73.14 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.40 |
| Excessive Drinking | $5.10 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 48.32 |
| Adult Smoking | $17.40 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.60 |
| Physical Inactivity | $29.30 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.63 \%$ |

## Adult Obesity



## Good <br> - - TN Average

- US Average
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers


## Physical Inactivity



Good

-     - TN Average
$\longrightarrow H P 2020$
- •US Average
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 249.00 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $21.40 \%$ |
| Some College | $45.00 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.73 \%$ |
| Dentists | $3380: 1$ |
| Unemployment | $9.61 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $29.10 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.75 |
| Social Associations | 9.64 |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Teen Births | 63.09 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $38.46 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $18.30 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $10,915.98$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $86.02 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $4789: 1$ |
| Injury Deaths | 100.15 |
| Violent Crime | 422.48 |
|  |  |

[^17]
## TN <br> Department of

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 73 | Lewis | 10915.98 | 7769.75 | 3146.23 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 6808.55 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 8744.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 8910.97 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 37 | Putnam | 21.40\% | 16.60\% | 4.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Cheboygan, MI | 13.50\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 5 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 12.70\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 16.40\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{5}{5}$ |  |  | 11 | Chester | 3.60 | 3.40 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.70 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 2.80 |
|  |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 4.10 |
| 思 |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 2.40 | 1.90 | 0.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.20 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 3.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 3.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 47 | Lewis | 8.73\% | 7.29\% | 1.44\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 5.78\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of 1 | w birth weight | bies by 2 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Rabun, GA | 8.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | alth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 6.25\% |
| Health Factors | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Haywood | 17.40\% | 17.30\% | 0.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 22.20\% |
|  |  |  | Get 1 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | NA |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 21.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesit | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 1 | Cumberland | 26.50\% | 26.50\% | 0.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 33.30\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 30.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Piscataquis, ME | 30.90\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 21 | Williamson | 7.60 | 8.9 | 1.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Cheboygan, MI | 7.30 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 658,602 \\ 6.53 \% \\ 44.31 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.63 \% \\ 51.67 \% \\ \$ 47,239 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.87 \% \\ & 48.33 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 3.41 \% \\ 77.79 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.00 |
| Dentists | $1401: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $395: 1$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $14.40 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $17.20 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $25.70 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $86.80 \%$ |
| Some College | $66.77 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $6.53 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.70 |

## Adult Obesity



Good

| $\ldots$ TN Average | •US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\longrightarrow$ HP 2020 | $\quad$ Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity




| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $25.14 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $61.93 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.56 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.26 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $29.40 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Violent Crime | $1,153.22$ |
| High School Graduation | $77.79 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $44.31 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $18.50 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 586.80 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.46 |
| Food Environment Index | 6.50 |
| Uninsured | $18.66 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.42 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.08 \%$ |

[^18]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 12 | Lewis | 7899.87 | 7769.75 | 130.12 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Hamilton, OH | 8093.56 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 8606.87 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 8665.76 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 14.40\% | 6.90\% | 7.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Hamilton, OH | 13.20\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 8 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 16.90\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 16.90\% |
| $\underset{8}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underline{2}}$ |  |  | 3 | Williamson | 3.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Hamilton, OH | 3.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 3.90 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 4.30 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Blount | 2.70 | 2.60 | 0.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Hamilton, OH | 3.70 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 3.80 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Ris | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 3.80 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Lewis | 9.08\% | 7.29\% | 1.79\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Hamilton, OH | 10.08\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 9.46\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | lth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 9.35\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 17.20\% | 10.90\% | 6.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Hamilton, OH | 18.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 37 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 22.90\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 26 | Hamilton | 30.80\% | 29.10\% | 1.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Hamilton, OH | 28.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 6 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Jefferson, KY | 32.00\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 82 | Williamson | 6.50 | 8.9 | 2.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Hamilton, OH | 6.40 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.4 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 6.30 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Jefferson, KY | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

DECATUR COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 11,661 \\ 10.14 \% \\ 36.59 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.26 \% \\ 50.84 \% \\ \$ 36,213 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.43 \% \\ & 49.16 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 82.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## Adult Obesity


Good
$\sim$ HP 2020

- US Average

Top US Performers

Physical Inactivity


-     - TN Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP 2020
- •US Average
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.10 |
| Adult Smoking | $17.50 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $65.50 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.51 \%$ |
| Dentists | $1944: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $972: 1$ |
| Violent Crime | 271.16 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.50 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1946: 1$ |


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Teen Births | Value |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | 59.23 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $35.54 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $28.57 \%$ |
| Some College | $43.67 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $25.10 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.22 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $10.14 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 9.42 |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Income Inequality | Value |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 144.94 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $82.65 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $88.39 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $82.50 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 114.21 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $36.59 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.25 |
| Physical Inactivity | $36.00 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $18.16 \%$ |

[^19]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 67 | Lewis | 10683.22 | 7769.75 | 2913.47 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 6808.55 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 8744.77 |
|  |  | djusted) | Source | National | enter for | alth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 8910.97 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 59 | Putnam | 25.10\% | 16.60\% | 8.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Cheboygan, MI | 13.50\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 9 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 12.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 16.40\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical <br> Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Chester | 5.60 | 3.40 | 2.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.70 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 2.80 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ioral Risk F | tor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 4.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 2 | Williamson | 2.10 | 1.90 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.20 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 3.00 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 3.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight ( $<$ 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Lewis | 7.51\% | 7.29\% | 0.22\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 5.78\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the | umber of | birth weight | ies by 1 fo | ery 100 live bi |  | Rabun, GA | 8.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | alth Statistics | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 6.25\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 8 | Haywood | 17.50\% | 17.30\% | 0.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 22.20\% |
|  |  |  | Get 2 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | NA |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 21.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 74 | Hamilton | 34.60\% | 29.10\% | 5.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 33.30\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 16 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 30.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Piscataquis, ME | 30.90\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Cheboygan, MI | 7.30 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 19,164 \\ 8.23 \% \\ 19.77 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.65 \% \\ 50.45 \% \\ \$ 37,392 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.93 \% \\ & 49.55 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 78.37 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $8.55 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $19.77 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 8.00 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.60 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.28 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1890: 1$ |
| Unemployment | $8.23 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



```
Good
```

| $\ldots$ TN Average | •US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity



-     - TN Average
- •US Average
$\longrightarrow H P 2020$
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

[^20]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 000 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{gathered} 50,266 \\ 7.26 \% \\ 29.48 \% \end{gathered}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.66 \% \\ 50.83 \% \\ \$ 44,991 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.63 \% \\ & 49.17 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 67.75 \% \\ 90.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Dentists | $1733: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.59 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $7.26 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $22.60 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $15.42 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $81.68 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.99 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.10 |
| Mental Health Providers | $1197: 1$ |
| Premature Death | $8,634.38$ |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $29.48 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $58.88 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 48.97 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $22.40 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $27.40 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $26.10 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2519: 1$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 87.28 |
| Violent Crime | 379.30 |
| Injury Deaths | 97.01 |

## Physical Inactivity




| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $43.87 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.71 |
| Adult Obesity | $34.90 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $45.80 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $56.42 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.80 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 379.10 |
| Physical Inactivity | $34.80 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^21]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 23 | Lewis | 8634.38 | 7769.75 | 864.63 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 43 | Putnam | 22.40\% | 16.60\% | 5.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| Uِ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| $\underset{e}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{5}$ |  |  | 22 | Chester | 4.10 | 3.40 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | actor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Poor Mental Health } \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Henderson | 4.80 | 2.80 | 2.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | ral Risk | actor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Lewis | 7.99\% | 7.29\% | 0.71\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | lth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Knox | 26.10\% | 18.50\% | 7.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 30 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | actor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 76 | Hamilton | 34.90\% | 29.10\% | 5.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 17 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

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 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 38,213 \\ 11.24 \% \\ 33.49 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.27 \% \\ 51.56 \% \\ \$ 40,158 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.02 \% \\ & 48.44 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 42.86 \% \\ 96.45 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $18.20 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $13.85 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $96.45 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $89.32 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 66.43 |
| Dentists | $2011: 1$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $10.00 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1530: 1$ |
| Social Associations | 14.64 |

Adult Obesity


\(\begin{array}{ll}\because-TN Average \& \quad US Average<br>\longrightarrow HP 2020 \& =Top US Performers\end{array}\)

Physical Inactivity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $63.95 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $28.60 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.59 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.72 |
| Mental Health Providers | $2939: 1$ |
| Adult Obesity | $33.30 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $33.49 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $57.76 \%$ |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Driving Alone to Work | $90.06 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 5.60 |
| Low Birthweight | $11.02 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 739.80 |
| Violent Crime | 622.39 |
| Adult Smoking | $33.30 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $36.60 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 61.87 |
| Unemployment | $11.24 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.85 \%$ |

[^22]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 65 | Lewis | 10668.03 | 7769.75 | 2898.28 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Putnam | 19.30\% | 16.60\% | 2.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 3 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{\bullet}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| $\underset{0}{E}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{y}$ |  |  | 22 | Chester | 4.10 | 3.40 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
| $\underset{\sim}{4}$ |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Henderson | 3.20 | 2.80 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 89 | Lewis | 11.02\% | 7.29\% | 3.73\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | umber of 1 | w birth weight | bies by 4 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Nationa | ter for | alth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 82 | Knox | 33.30\% | 18.50\% | 14.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 45 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
| $\stackrel{\text { O}}{0}$ |  | Adult Obesity <br> Percentage of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{T}{ }$ |  |  | 57 | Hamilton | 33.30\% | 29.10\% | 4.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 13 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
| $\underset{1}{8}$ |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
| $\mathscr{T}$ |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 92 | Williamson | 5.60 | 8.9 | 3.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 3.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

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FAYETTE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 38,690 \\ 9.79 \% \\ 31.69 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.40 \% \\ 50.35 \% \\ \$ 56,058 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.79 \% \\ & 49.65 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 79.04 \% \\ 84.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.02 |
| Uninsured | $13.98 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $7,585.86$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $16.30 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $21.00 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 68.81 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 59.61 |
| Some College | $54.71 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.10 |

Adult Obesity


## Good

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
- \text { TN Average } & \quad \text { •US Average } \\
\text { HP } 2020 & \quad \text { Top US Performers }
\end{array}
$$

Physical Inactivity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $25.71 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.70 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 11.64 |
| Dentists | $3224: 1$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Income Inequality | 4.47 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.42 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 49.62 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.76 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $31.69 \%$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $59.40 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $19345: 1$ |
| High School Graduation | $84.00 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $35.10 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 442.30 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^23]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 7 | Moore | 7585.86 | 7191.20 | 394.66 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 9 | Rutherford | 16.30\% | 14.50\% | 1.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 2 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
| $\underset{8}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 22 | Chester | 4.10 | 3.40 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 21 | Henderson | 3.10 | 2.80 | 0.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Ris | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 48 | Lewis | 8.76\% | 7.29\% | 1.47\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | Ith Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who <br> are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10th Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 21 | Knox | 21.30\% | 18.50\% | 2.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | 32.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 14 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 80 | Hamilton | 35.10\% | 29.10\% | 6.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 18 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 33.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Williamson | 7.30 | 8.9 | 1.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.6. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 17,909 \\ 9.16 \% \\ 37.90 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.18 \% \\ 50.95 \% \\ \$ 31,065 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.41 \% \\ & 49.05 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 94.11 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $89.90 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 208.30 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 183.90 |
| High School Graduation | $94.11 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $21.20 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.10 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.60 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.33 \%$ |

## Adult Obesity



Good

| $—$ TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity



Good

-     -         - TN Average
-•US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020=$ Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1993: 1$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $60.89 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $33.80 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.60 |
| Teen Births | 49.59 |
| Unemployment | $9.16 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.64 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $30.43 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.43 \%$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 184.74 |
| Adult Obesity | $37.50 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $39.10 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $12,825.79$ |
| Dentists | $8955: 1$ |
| Injury Deaths | 124.80 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $32.60 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $37.00 \%$ |
| Some College | $33.44 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 7.10 |

[^24]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 89 | Lewis | 12825.79 | 7769.75 | 5056.04 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100000 population (age | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 87 | Putnam | 32.60\% | 16.60\% | 16.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 16 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 84 | Chester | 7.10 | 3.40 | 3.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 4 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 21 | Henderson | 3.10 | 2.80 | 0.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 30 | Lewis | 8.33\% | 7.29\% | 1.04\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | Center for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Knox | 21.20\% | 18.50\% | 2.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 13 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 93 | Hamilton | 37.50\% | 29.10\% | 8.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 23 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 21 | Williamson | 7.60 | 8.9 | 1.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 41,129 \\ 7.49 \% \\ 31.43 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.15 \% \\ 51.38 \% \\ \$ 41,477 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.74 \% \\ & 48.62 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 69.62 \% \\ 91.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1406: 1$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $80.13 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 37.40 |
| Income Inequality | 4.16 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $25.90 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $17.80 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $7.49 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $30.40 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $25.40 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.50 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 250.20 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.50 |
| Some College | $47.45 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.80 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $56.95 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 334.60 |
| Mental Health Providers | $2571: 1$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $31.43 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 114.27 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $84.13 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.15 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $33.33 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^25]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 31 | Lewis | 9081.44 | 7769.75 | 1311.69 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Putnam | 17.80\% | 16.60\% | 1.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 2 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
| E8 |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{3}$ |  |  | 33 | Chester | 4.50 | 3.40 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
| ت |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
| $\underset{\underline{W}}{\mathscr{E}}$ |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Henderson | 3.80 | 2.80 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 68 | Lewis | 9.15\% | 7.29\% | 1.86\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of | w birth weight | abies by 2 for | very 100 live bi |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Nationa | ter fo | Ith Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Knox | 23.90\% | 18.50\% | 5.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 23 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | al Risk F | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
| $\stackrel{H}{0}$ |  | Adult Obesity <br> Percentage of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | 20 | Hamilton | 30.40\% | 29.10\% | 1.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 5 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
| © |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
| T |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Williamson | 7.30 | 8.9 | 1.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.6. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foo | Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

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| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 49,457 \\ 12.77 \% \\ 33.28 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.43 \% \\ 52.42 \% \\ \$ 40,083 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.37 \% \\ & 47.58 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 47.71 \% \\ 93.25 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 19.75 |
| Uninsured | $15.16 \%$ |
| Some College | $52.92 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $10.40 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $93.25 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 74.93 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.20 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1838: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.55 \%$ |

Adult Obesity


```
Good
```

| $\ldots$ TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | $\quad$ Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Income Inequality | 4.39 |
| Dentists | $2909: 1$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.70 |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.20 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.08 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $22.60 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $56.03 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $36.20 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $59.26 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $3091: 1$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Unemployment | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work | $12.77 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | $73.04 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 576.71 |
| Food Environment Index | 6.50 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $37.50 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $11,041.63$ |
| Adult Smoking | $30.10 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.47 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.10 |

[^26]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 76 | Lewis | 11041.63 | 7769.75 | 3271.88 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 45 | Putnam | 22.60\% | 16.60\% | 6.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 26 | Chester | 4.20 | 3.40 | 0.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 39 | Henderson | 3.70 | 2.80 | 0.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 73 | Lewis | 9.47\% | 7.29\% | 2.18\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 3 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 76 | Knox | 30.10\% | 18.50\% | 11.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 39 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Hamilton | 34.00\% | 29.10\% | 4.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 15 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 82 | Williamson | 6.50 | 8.9 | 2.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 2.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




GILES COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 28,746 \\ 9.24 \% \\ 35.07 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.21 \% \\ 51.03 \% \\ \$ 39,880 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.48 \% \\ & 48.97 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 73.75 \% \\ 89.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |




Physical Inactivity


|  | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 40 \%$


| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.30 |
| Physical Inactivity | $28.10 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 64.91 |
| Uninsured | $15.78 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $24.90 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $18.60 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 42.37 |
| Mammography Screening | $62.84 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.50 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $1691: 1$ |


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Some College | $48.48 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 306.08 |
| Premature Death | $9,444.49$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.53 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.03 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2077: 1$ |
| Dentists | $3194: 1$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.80 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $34.70 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.62 |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $9.88 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $35.10 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $35.14 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $35.07 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.85 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $89.00 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.79 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $44.96 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 371.50 |
|  |  |

[^27]
 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{gathered} 22,702 \\ 10.51 \% \\ 19.89 \% \end{gathered}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{array}{r} 21.23 \% \\ 49.87 \% \\ \$ 35,301 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17.92 \% \\ 50.13 \% \end{gathered}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $19.89 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 144.58 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.80 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.20 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.00 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.30 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $19.90 \%$ |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


$$
\begin{array}{cl}
-\infty \text { TN Average } & \quad \text { •US Average } \\
\text { HP } 2020 & \quad \text { Top US Performers }
\end{array}
$$

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Adult Obesity | $31.40 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.43 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.34 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 50.67 |
| Children in Poverty | $29.10 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $26.30 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 308.30 |
| Mental Health Providers | $3784: 1$ |
| Uninsured | $17.31 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $54.84 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $38.70 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $7569: 1$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $55.70 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $12,062.45$ |
| Mammography Screening | $50.57 \%$ |
| Some College | $34.76 \%$ |
| Dentists | $7567: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $83.39 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.79 \%$ |

[^28]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 86 | Lewis | 12062.45 | 7769.75 | 4292.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 29 | Putnam | 19.90\% | 16.60\% | 3.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 4 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk F | actor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 20 | Chester | 4.00 | 3.40 | 0.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 77 | Lewis | 9.79\% | 7.29\% | 2.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 3 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Knox | 26.30\% | 18.50\% | 7.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 30 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Hamilton | 31.40\% | 29.10\% | 2.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 13 | Williamson | 7.80 | 8.9 | 1.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

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GREENE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 68,267 \\ 10.63 \% \\ 32.68 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.22 \% \\ 50.93 \% \\ \$ 35,980 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.41 \% \\ & 49.07 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 65.19 \% \\ 94.86 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Excessive Drinking | $3.30 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.14 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $21.11 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $11.41 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1496: 1$ |
| High School Graduation | $94.86 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $1004: 1$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $27.40 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 209.20 |
| Income Inequality | 4.32 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor or Fair Health | $20.70 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $61.87 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.60 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 47.90 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 81.90 |
| Social Associations | 11.19 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.10 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.10 |
| Violent Crime | 384.74 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $32.68 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Diabetic Monitoring | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $63.09 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $36.66 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.30 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $28.60 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $10.63 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $44.14 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^29]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 57 | Lewis | 10275.51 | 7769.75 | 2505.76 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source $\quad$ National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  | 苐 | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Putnam | 20.70\% | 16.60\% | 4.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 5 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | or Surveilla | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 61 | Chester | 5.50 | 3.40 | 2.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Henderson | 4.10 | 2.80 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk | actor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 71 | Lewis | 9.30\% | 7.29\% | 2.01\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by $\mathbf{3}$ for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | ealth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 69 | Knox | 28.60\% | 18.50\% | 10.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 36 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | al Risk F | actor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 36 | Hamilton | 31.60\% | 29.10\% | 2.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 55 | Williamson | 7.10 | 8.9 | 1.8 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.8. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

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GRUNDY COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 13,498 \\ 9.47 \% \\ 39.59 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.07 \% \\ 50.64 \% \\ \$ 26,101 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.99 \% \\ & 49.36 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $27.90 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $78.98 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $18.42 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 219.80 |
| Social Associations | 13.19 |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Teen Births | 50.42 |
| Unemployment | $9.47 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.68 |
| Mental Health Providers | $2700: 1$ |
| Adult Smoking | $27.00 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.00 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $40.50 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Premature Death | Value |
| Injury Deaths | $16,190.37$ |
| Some College | 171.92 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $31.06 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | $35.90 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | 145.96 |
| Children in Poverty | $38.40 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | $38.30 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | 5.13 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $39.16 \%$ |

[^30]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

HAMBLEN COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 63,074 \\ 8.91 \% \\ 30.54 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.50 \% \\ 51.15 \% \\ \$ 38,807 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.32 \% \\ & 48.85 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 21.87 \% \\ 87.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $20.70 \%$ |
| Dentists | $1660: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $606: 1$ |
| Adult Obesity | $29.80 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.18 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1494: 1$ |
| Social Associations | 14.50 |
| Mammography Screening | $63.59 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $22.70 \%$ |

Adult Obesity


```
    Good
```

| —— TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | $\quad$ Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $65.02 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 85.36 |
| Premature Death | $9,509.64$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.99 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $8.91 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.30 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.61 \%$ |
| Some College | $46.31 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.54 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.21 \%$ |
| Measure |  |
| Bottom Third | Value |
| Teen Births | 66.42 |
| Uninsured | $19.48 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 6.30 |
| Violent Crime | 526.33 |
| Food Environment Index | 6.70 |
| High School Graduation | $87.00 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $26.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $34.15 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.83 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.70 |

[^31]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 39 | Lewis | 9509.64 | 7769.75 | 1739.89 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100000 population (as | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | ter for | alth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Putnam | 26.00\% | 16.60\% | 9.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 78 | Chester | 6.30 | 3.40 | 2.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Henderson | 4.70 | 2.80 | 1.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Lewis | 8.61\% | 7.29\% | 1.32\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Knox | 22.70\% | 18.50\% | 4.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 19 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 13 | Hamilton | 29.80\% | 29.10\% | 0.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 3 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | S Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 75 | Williamson | 6.70 | 8.9 | 2.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 2.2 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




HAMILTON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 348,673 \\ 7.89 \% \\ 36.36 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.26 \% \\ 51.82 \% \\ \$ 47,373 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.63 \% \\ & 48.18 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 10.02 \% \\ 81.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 48.26 |
| Dentists | $1447: 1$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $944: 1$ |
| Some College | $64.67 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $79.71 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $596: 1$ |
| Adult Obesity | $29.10 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $25.10 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $19.20 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.49 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $83.40 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $30.58 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $85.48 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Physical Inactivity


$$
\begin{array}{ll}
=- \text { TN Average } & \quad \text { • US Average } \\
=\text { HP } 2020 & \quad \text { Top US Performers }
\end{array}
$$

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| High School Graduation | $81.00 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 635.92 |
| Low Birthweight | $10.53 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 569.50 |
| Food Environment Index | 6.40 |
| Income Inequality | 5.00 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $15.77 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $36.36 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^32]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 17 | Lewis | 8289.37 | 7769.75 | 519.62 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Lehigh, PA | 6001.25 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 6771.05 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 5833.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Putnam | 18.00\% | 16.60\% | 1.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Lehigh, PA | 12.10\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 2 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 12.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 13.10\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 16 | Chester | 3.80 | 3.40 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Lehigh, PA | 3.50 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 3.50 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 3.30 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Henderson | 3.20 | 2.80 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Lehigh, PA | 3.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 4.00 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 3.70 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 85 | Lewis | 10.53\% | 7.29\% | 3.24\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Lehigh, PA | 8.33\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 4 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Dauphin, PA | 9.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 7.88\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 11 | Knox | 19.20\% | 18.50\% | 0.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Lehigh, PA | 19.50\% |
|  |  |  | Get 4 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 18.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 16.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 10 | Loudon | 29.10\% | 28.00\% | 1.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Lehigh, PA | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 4 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 33.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | In Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Onondaga, NY | 26.90\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 84 | Williamson | 6.40 | 8.9 | 2.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Lehigh, PA | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.5 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 6.70 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Onondaga, NY | 7.80 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




HANCOCK COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 6,679 \\ 12.26 \% \\ 35.57 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.47 \% \\ 50.67 \% \\ \$ 26,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.19 \% \\ & 49.33 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 77.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.12 |
| Adult Obesity | $29.80 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 238.10 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Teen Births | 49.60 |
| Dentists | $3340: 1$ |
| Uninsured | $17.12 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $85.57 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.01 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



| Good | TN Average | $=$ US Average |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | HP 2020 |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $4.12 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $45.20 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 2.98 |
| Physical Inactivity | $39.40 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $55.56 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 180.91 |
| Mammography Screening | $37.29 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $77.50 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $13,804.63$ |
| Unemployment | $12.26 \%$ |

[^33]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 91 | Lewis | 13804.63 | 7769.75 | 6034.88 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 82 | Putnam | 29.30\% | 16.60\% | 12.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 13 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 87 | Chester | 8.20 | 3.40 | 4.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 5 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  | (gge-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Lewis | 9.01\% | 7.29\% | 1.72\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of 1 | virth weight | abies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 90 | Knox | 39.60\% | 18.50\% | 21.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | $32.60 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Get 54 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 13 | Hamilton | 29.80\% | 29.10\% | 0.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 3 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 33.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | In Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 69 | Williamson | 6.80 | 8.9 | 2.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




HARDEMAN COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 26,306 \\ 11.58 \% \\ 49.19 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.06 \% \\ 45.54 \% \\ \$ 34,766 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.83 \% \\ & 54.46 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 80.21 \% \\ 82.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.60 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $16.67 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 16.96 |
| Mammography Screening | $65.22 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $849: 1$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.21 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.00 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 76.91 |

## Adult Obesity



\author{

-     - TN Average <br> - •US Average <br> Top US Performers
}


# Physical Inactivity 



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Severe Housing Problems | Value |
| Food Environment Index | $5.32 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 934.70 |
| Some College | $31.42 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $49.19 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $36.00 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $10.85 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $82.00 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $37.30 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 63.90 |

[^34]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 62 | Lewis | 10506.69 | 7769.75 | 2736.94 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Avery, NC | 7146.02 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 9843.27 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Hyde, NC | 9709.83 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 79 | Putnam | 27.60\% | 16.60\% | 11.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Avery, NC | 21.60\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 11 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 25.50\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 20 | Chester | 4.00 | 3.40 | 0.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Avery, NC | 4.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 5.40 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 2.00 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 5 | Williamson | 2.60 | 1.90 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Avery, NC | 2.70 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | NA |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight ( $<$ 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 88 | Lewis | 10.85\% | 7.29\% | 3.56\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Avery, NC | 7.61\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | umber of 1 | virth weight | bies by 4 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Tyler, TX | 8.65\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 8.95\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 59 | Knox | 27.30\% | 18.50\% | 8.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Avery, NC | 24.50\% |
|  |  |  | Get 33 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 20.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 89 | Hamilton | 36.00\% | 29.10\% | 6.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Avery, NC | 25.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 20 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 30.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | Ses Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Hyde, NC | 29.70\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 92 | Williamson | 5.60 | 8.9 | 3.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Avery, NC | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 3.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Hyde, NC | 4.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 26,034 \\ 10.11 \% \\ 30.54 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.95 \% \\ 51.51 \% \\ \$ 36,154 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.29 \% \\ & 48.49 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 67.93 \% \\ 85.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $25.50 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 15.41 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 69.65 |
| Mental Health Providers | $1183: 1$ |
| Adult Smoking | $23.60 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.50 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1996: 1$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.50 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 254.30 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.54 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.61 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.10 |
| Teen Births | 52.24 |
| Mammography Screening | $58.33 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.40 |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Injury Deaths | 116.96 |
| Children in Poverty | $36.10 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $11,117.81$ |
| High School Graduation | $85.00 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $27.10 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 492.50 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $15.18 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.89 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $41.26 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $34.48 \%$ |

[^35]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 77 | Lewis | 11117.81 | 7769.75 | 3348.06 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source $\quad$ National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 76 | Putnam | 27.10\% | 16.60\% | 10.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 11 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | al Risk F | ctor Surveillance | m | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 58 | Chester | 5.40 | 3.40 | 2.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Henderson | 3.50 | 2.80 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | em | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 43 | Lewis | 8.61\% | 7.29\% | 1.32\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
| Health Factors | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 28 | Knox | 23.60\% | 18.50\% | 5.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | 32.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 22 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Hamilton | 34.00\% | 29.10\% | 4.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 15 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 33.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 55 | Williamson | 7.10 | 8.9 | 1.8 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.8 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map the | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 56,800 \\ 7.95 \% \\ 30.93 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.25 \% \\ 50.97 \% \\ \$ 36,102 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.68 \% \\ & 49.03 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 57.86 \% \\ 95.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Excessive Drinking | Value |
| Severe Housing Problems | $4.70 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | $10.46 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | 13.10 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $95.00 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | $20.51 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 4.19 |
| Uninsured | 255.66 |
| Unemployment | $15.74 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $7.95 \%$ |

Adult Obesity


```
Good
```

| $\sim$ TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | - Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 81.83 |
| Some College | $46.79 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $34.00 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.93 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.00 |
| Teen Births | 51.13 |
| Adult Smoking | $26.20 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 302.20 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.91 \%$ |
| Measure |  |
|  | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work Third | $89.32 \%$ |
| Dentists | $5680: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $7100: 1$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $3.30 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $36.05 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $34.50 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $3537: 1$ |
| Children in Poverty | $31.30 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $25.80 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.60 |

[^36]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 60 | Lewis | 10433.45 | 7769.75 | 2663.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 66 | Putnam | 25.80\% | 16.60\% | 9.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Chester | 5.60 | 3.40 | 2.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 49 | Henderson | 4.00 | 2.80 | 1.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 56 | Lewis | 8.91\% | 7.29\% | 1.62\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | umber of | w birth weight | bies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 53 | Knox | 26.20\% | 18.50\% | 7.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 30 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 72 | Hamilton | 34.50\% | 29.10\% | 5.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 16 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Williamson | 7.30 | 8.9 | 1.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.6. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

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| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 18,224 \\ 11.79 \% \\ 42.19 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.84 \% \\ 53.40 \% \\ \$ 34,557 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.46 \% \\ & 46.60 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 47.42 \% \\ 85.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Adult Smoking



| $\sim$ TN Average | • US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

## Adult Obesity



Physical Inactivity


- •US Average
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Social Associations | 22.48 |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $17.30 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 65.34 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.00 |
| Income Inequality | 4.24 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.16 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $31.90 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.40 |
| Uninsured | $16.08 \%$ |


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.50 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2027: 1$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $33.30 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $27.08 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 87.06 |
| Some College | $42.51 \%$ |
| Dentists | $3645: 1$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $25.10 \%$ |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Adult Obesity | Value |
| Food Environment Index | $41.00 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | 5.40 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $21.43 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $8.11 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 986.41 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 844.30 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $89.39 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 65.51 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $42.19 \%$ |

[^37]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 74 | Lewis | 10964.25 | 7769.75 | 3194.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Greenwood, SC | 8123.94 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 9926.53 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lowndes, MS | 8137.68 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 59 | Putnam | 25.10\% | 16.60\% | 8.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Greenwood, SC | 17.90\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 9 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 25.00\% |
| $\stackrel{\square}{8}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lowndes, MS | 20.40\% |
| $5$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{\sim}{c}$ |  |  | 29 | Chester | 4.40 | 3.40 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Greenwood, SC | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 4.10 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lowndes, MS | 3.90 |
| 年 |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Henderson | 3.00 | 2.80 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Greenwood, SC | 3.60 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 4.70 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lowndes, MS | 3.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\begin{array}{l} \text { Percentage of live births } \\ \text { with low birthweight (< } \end{array}}{2500 \text { grams) }} \end{aligned}$ | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 94 | Lewis | 12.43\% | 7.29\% | 5.14\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Greenwood, SC | 10.93\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the | umber of 1 | w birth weight | bies by 6 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Lenoir, NC | 10.89\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | nter for | alth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lowndes, MS | 11.55\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 5 | Williamson | 17.30\% | 10.90\% | 6.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Greenwood, SC | 22.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 37 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 16.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lowndes, MS | 25.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 95 | Hamilton | 41.00\% | 29.10\% | 11.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Greenwood, SC | 32.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 30 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 35.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | St Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lowndes, MS | 36.20\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 95 | Williamson | 5.40 | 8.9 | 3.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Greenwood, SC | 6.60 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 3.5. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 5.80 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environi | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lowndes, MS | 5.00 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.


|  |  | Mental Health Providers <br> Ratio of population to mental health providers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NA | McNairy | NA | 688:1 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 753 | Greenwood, SC | 453:1 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 893:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | CMS, National Provider Identification file |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2014 | Lowndes, MS | 856:1 |
|  |  | Preventable <br> Hospital Stays <br> Number of hospital stays for ambulatory-care sensitive conditions per 1,000 Medicare enrollees | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 52 | Marshall | 87.06 | 58.47 | 28.59 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 65.00 | Greenwood, SC | 46.58 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 Medicare enrollees, prevent 1 Medicare enrollees from being hospitalized for ambulatorycare sensitive conditions. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 67.73 |
|  |  |  | Source |  | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Lowndes, MS | 54.79 |
|  |  |  | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Crockett | 88.16\% | 88.92\% | 0.77\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 84.00\% | Greenwood, SC | 89.69\% |
|  |  |  | For every 100 diabetic Medicare enrollees, get 1 additional Medicare enrollees to receive HbA1c screening. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 89.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Lowndes, MS | 85.23\% |
|  |  |  | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Knox | 62.36\% | 65.71\% | 3.35\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 63.00\% | Greenwood, SC | 70.44\% |
|  |  |  | For | ry 100 female | Medicare | rollees, get 4 <br> mammograph | itional Medi creening. | are enrollees to | eive their | Lenoir, NC | 68.17\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | artmouth | tlas of Health C |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Lowndes, MS | 57.45\% |
| O |  | High School Graduation <br> rcentage of ninth-grade chort that graduates in four years | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 주 |  |  | 77 | Carroll | 85.00\% | 95.32\% | 10.32\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 80.00\% | Greenwood, SC | 77.57\% |
| 독 |  |  | For every 100 ninth graders, assist 11 additional ninth graders to graduate within four years. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 78.00\% |
| O |  |  | Source | data.gov, supple | ented w/ | nal Center for | cation Statistic | Year(s) | 2011-2012 | Lowndes, MS | 74.24\% |
| I |  | Some College | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Shelby | 42.51\% | 62.09\% | 19.59\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 63.00\% | Greenwood, SC | 55.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults ages $25-44$ years with some post | For every 100 adults between 25-44 years of age, assist 1959 additional adults to complete some coursework at the collegiate level. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 51.02\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | American | ommunity Surv |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Lowndes, MS | 58.46\% |
|  |  | Unemployment | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 86 | Blount | 11.79\% | 6.89\% | 4.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Greenwood, SC | 8.72\% |
|  |  | Percentage of population ages 16 and older | For every 100 persons ages 16 years and older, help 5 persons successfully find employment. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 8.81\% |
|  |  | work | Source |  | Bureau | Labor Statistics |  | Year(s) | 2013 | Lowndes, MS | 9.65\% |
|  |  | Children in Poverty | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 78 | Montgomery | 35.10\% | 21.40\% | 13.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 23.00\% | Greenwood, SC | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of children under age 18 in poverty | For every 100 children (under 18 years) in poverty, help 40 children to find assistance to get out of poverty. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 34.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Smal | Area Incom | e and Poverty | mates | Year(s) | 2013 | Lowndes, MS | 36.10\% |
|  |  | Income Inequality | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 16 | Williamson | 4.24 | 4.11 | 0.13 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | NA | Greenwood, SC | 5.27 |
|  |  | Ratio of household income at the 80th percentile to income at the 20th percentile | To reach a household income ratio at or below that of the 10th ranking county reduce the gap between the 80 th percentile and 20th percentile by 1 household(s). |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lenoir, NC | 5.16 |
|  |  |  | Source |  | American | Community Surv |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Lowndes, MS | 5.84 |



HENDERSON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 28,048 \\ 12.05 \% \\ 40.55 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.57 \% \\ 51.81 \% \\ \$ 40,960 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.20 \% \\ & 48.19 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 76.38 \% \\ 94.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.30 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.80 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $16.80 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $94.00 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 76.92 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.25 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $15.94 \%$ |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


```
Good
- - TN Average
```

\author{

- •US Average <br> Top US Performers
}

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Children in Poverty | $27.60 \%$ |
| Some College | $46.45 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2337: 1$ |
| Adult Smoking | $25.90 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $51.73 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.67 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.10 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $38.80 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 53.70 |
| Dentists | $4007: 1$ |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Unemployment | $12.05 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $40.55 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 615.97 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $40.43 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 116.39 |
| Adult Obesity | $35.10 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $83.92 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 460.30 |
| Low Birthweight | $9.79 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $35.90 \%$ |

[^38]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




HENRY COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 32,210 \\ 10.45 \% \\ 32.45 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.91 \% \\ 51.48 \% \\ \$ 37,327 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21.13 \% \\ & 48.52 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 66.85 \% \\ 89.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $23.50 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 16.70 |
| Mental Health Providers | $716: 1$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 60.21 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1470: 1$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $11.94 \%$ |
| Dentists | $2147: 1$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $10.20 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.93 \%$ |

Adult Obesity


| $\ldots$ TN Average | •US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Low Birthweight | $8.67 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.00 |
| Some College | $44.63 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $16.96 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $32.45 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.34 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.40 |
| Income Inequality | 4.70 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $46.16 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 53.91 |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Adult Obesity | Value |
| Physical Inactivity | $36.50 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | $38.50 \%$ |
| Premature Death | 14.50 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 488.50 .39 |
| Injury Deaths | 112.17 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $26.70 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $32.90 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.80 |
| High School Graduation | $89.00 \%$ |

[^39]
 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 24,267 \\ 8.62 \% \\ 25.91 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.78 \% \\ 47.42 \% \\ \$ 33,816 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15.47 \% \\ 52.58 \% \end{gathered}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 91.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $15.38 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $78.84 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $25.91 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 210.21 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.70 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 69.08 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.07 \%$ |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


```
- - TN Average
```

$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020=$ Top US Performers


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Unemployment $8.62 \%$ <br> Sexually Transmitted Infections 268.90 <br> Premature Death $9,553.07$ <br> Low Birthweight $8.66 \%$ <br> Mental Health Providers $2427: 1$ <br> Injury Deaths 92.26 <br> Poor or Fair Health $23.60 \%$ <br> High School Graduation $91.00 \%$ <br> Mammography Screening $58.17 \%$ <br> Diabetic Monitoring $85.51 \%$ <br> Measure  <br>  Value <br> Social Associations Third 4.55 <br> Access to Exercise Opportunities $21.47 \%$ <br> Air Pollution - Particulate Matter 14.63 <br> Adult Smoking $37.70 \%$ <br> Dentists $8089: 1$ <br> Some College $33.00 \%$ <br> Long Commute - Driving Alone $53.40 \%$ <br> Poor Physical Health Days 6.60 <br> Primary Care Physicians $36.80 \%$ |  |

[^40]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 40 | Lewis | 9553.07 | 7769.75 | 1783.32 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Hot Spring, AR | 9185.15 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 7860.20 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Union, KY | 9164.82 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 52 | Putnam | 23.60\% | 16.60\% | 7.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Hot Spring, AR | 28.00\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 7 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 11.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillan | em | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 19.70\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 81 | Chester | 6.60 | 3.40 | 3.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Hot Spring, AR | 5.70 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 4 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 2.30 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 4.70 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 71 | Henderson | 5.00 | 2.80 | 2.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Hot Spring, AR | 5.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | NA |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 4.30 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 44 | Lewis | 8.66\% | 7.29\% | 1.37\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Hot Spring, AR | 8.08\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Cooper, MO | 9.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 11.03\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 87 | Knox | 37.70\% | 18.50\% | 19.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Hot Spring, AR | 27.80\% |
|  |  |  | Get 51 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 31.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 20.90\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 71 | Hamilton | 34.40\% | 29.10\% | 5.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Hot Spring, AR | $32.60 \%$ |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 16 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 30.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Union, KY | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 17 | Williamson | 7.70 | 8.9 | 1.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Hot Spring, AR | 6.60 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.2. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Union, KY | 7.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




TN
Department of Health

HOUSTON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 8,292 \\ 9.75 \% \\ 30.36 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.00 \% \\ 50.52 \% \\ \$ 37,743 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.19 \% \\ & 49.48 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Low Birthweight | $5.83 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.17 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 214.00 |
| Premature Death | $8,972.28$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $1382: 1$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Social Associations | Value |
| Food Environment Index | 11.89 |
| Income Inequality | 7.40 |
| Uninsured | 4.43 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.42 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 315.83 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.08 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2103: 1$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.70 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $9.75 \%$ |

## Physical Inactivity



|  | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 40 \%$


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | Value |
| Dentists | $8292: 80$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 138.75 |
| Mammography Screening | $50.49 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 114.65 |
| Teen Births | 61.90 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $83.98 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $46.30 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $38.46 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $33.90 \%$ |

[^41]|  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 26 | Lewis | 8972.28 | 7769.75 | 1202.53 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  | adjusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | NA | Putnam | NA | 16.60\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  | Poor Physical | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | NA | Chester | NA | 3.40 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  | physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 1 | Houston | 5.83\% | 5.83\% | 0.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  | $\frac{\frac{\text { Percentage of live births }}{\text { with low birthweight (< }}}{2500 \text { grams) }}$ | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | NA | Knox | NA | 18.50\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 65 | Hamilton | 33.90\% | 29.10\% | 4.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  | Percentage of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more | Get 15 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




HUMPHREYS COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 18,243 \\ 8.84 \% \\ 38.08 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.98 \% \\ 50.41 \% \\ \$ 41,954 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.59 \% \\ & 49.59 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 82.49 \% \\ 90.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $9.20 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.20 |
| Violent Crime | 175.42 |
| Physical Inactivity | $30.50 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.60 |
| Adult Smoking | $22.10 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $22.73 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 213.40 |
| Teen Births | 43.64 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $30.60 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.10 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $8.84 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2606: 1$ |
| Uninsured | $16.86 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.79 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $24.10 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $10,159.24$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2611: 1$ |
| Dentists | $3649: 1$ |

## Physical Inactivity



- TN Average - US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | Value |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | 38.90 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 114.87 |
| Mammography Screening | $54.66 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $34.60 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 101.98 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^42]
## TN <br> Department of

HUMPHREYS COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 55 | Lewis | 10159.24 | 7769.75 | 2389.49 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 53 | Putnam | 24.10\% | 16.60\% | 7.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 8 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 3.20 | 2.00 | 1.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Lewis | 8.79\% | 7.29\% | 1.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | Center for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 22 | Knox | 22.10\% | 18.50\% | 3.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 17 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 74 | Hamilton | 34.60\% | 29.10\% | 5.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 16 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 21 | Williamson | 7.60 | 8.9 | 1.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




|  | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{gathered} 11,517 \\ 9.71 \% \\ 31.70 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.45 \% \\ 49.90 \% \\ \$ 33,158 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.24 \% \\ & 50.10 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $6.91 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 238.19 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.70 |
| Teen Births | 42.01 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.13 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $30.60 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



Good

| $-\infty$ TN Average | $\quad$ US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $=$ Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity



-     - TN Average
-•US Average
$\longrightarrow H P 2020$
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

[^43]| $$ |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 53 | Lewis | 10105.63 | 7769.75 | 2335.88 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National | enter for | alth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 81 | Putnam | 28.90\% | 16.60\% | 12.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 13 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Chester | 4.50 | 3.40 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 4 | Houston | 6.91\% | 5.83\% | 1.08\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 60 | Knox | 27.40\% | 18.50\% | 8.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 33 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Hamilton | 30.60\% | 29.10\% | 1.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 5 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 17 | Williamson | 7.70 | 8.9 | 1.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.2. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.


|  |  | Mental Health Providers <br> Ratio of population to mental health providers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NA | McNairy | NA | 688:1 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 753 | Tyler, WV | 4498:1 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 1544:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | CMS, National Provider Identification file |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2014 | Harrison, OH | 3124:1 |
|  |  | Preventable <br> Hospital Stays <br> Number of hospital stays for ambulatory-care sensitive conditions per 1,000 Medicare enrollees | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 59 | Marshall | 93.72 | 58.47 | 35.25 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 65.00 | Tyler, WV | 92.72 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 Medicare enrollees, prevent 1 Medicare enrollees from being hospitalized for ambulatorycare sensitive conditions. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 48.74 |
|  |  |  | Source |  | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 98.94 |
|  |  |  | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 20 | Crockett | 88.13\% | 88.92\% | 0.80\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 84.00\% | Tyler, WV | 84.68\% |
|  |  |  | For every 100 diabetic Medicare enrollees, get 1 additional Medicare enrollees to receive HbA1c screening. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 87.65\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 74.37\% |
|  |  |  | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 41 | Knox | 60.42\% | 65.71\% | 5.30\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 63.00\% | Tyler, WV | 63.49\% |
|  |  |  | For every 100 female Medicare enrollees, get $\mathbf{6}$ additional Medicare enrollees to receive their mammography screening. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 66.05\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 41.22\% |
| $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | Social \& Economic Factors | High School Graduation <br> rcentage of ninth-grade chort that graduates in four years | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Carroll | 92.50\% | 95.32\% | 2.82\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 80.00\% | Tyler, WV | 92.50\% |
| 돆 |  |  | For every 100 ninth graders, assist 3 additional ninth graders to graduate within four years. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 90.00\% |
| $\underset{\sim 1}{0}$ |  |  | Source | data.gov, supp | ented w/ | onal Center for | ucation Statistic | Year(s) | 2011-2012 | Harrison, OH | 87.50\% |
| I |  | Some College | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 74 | Shelby | 37.71\% | 62.09\% | 24.38\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 63.00\% | Tyler, WV | 42.25\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults ages 25-44 years with some post | For every 100 adults between $25-44$ years of age, assist 2439 additional adults to complete some coursework at the collegiate level. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 50.88\% |
|  |  |  | Source American Community Survey |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Harrison, OH | 49.53\% |
|  |  | Unemployment | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 53 | Blount | 9.71\% | 6.89\% | 2.82\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 7.97\% |
|  |  | Percentage of population ages 16 and older unemploved but seeking | For every 100 persons ages 16 years and older, help 3 persons successfully find employment. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.75\% |
|  |  | vor | Source |  | Bureau | Labor Statistics |  | Year(s) | 2013 | Harrison, OH | 7.64\% |
|  |  | Children in Poverty | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 92 | Montgomery | 39.90\% | 21.40\% | 18.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 23.00\% | Tyler, WV | 26.10\% |
|  |  | Percentage of children under age 18 in poverty | For every 100 children (under 18 years) in poverty, help 47 children to find assistance to get out of poverty. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 30.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Small | Area Incom | e and Poverty E | mates | Year(s) | 2013 | Harrison, OH | 26.10\% |
|  |  | Income Inequality | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 43 | Williamson | 4.48 | 4.11 | 0.38 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | NA | Tyler, WV | 4.49 |
|  |  | Ratio of household income at the 80th percentile to income at the 20th percentile | To reach a household income ratio at or below that of the 10 th ranking county reduce the gap between the 80 th percentile and 20 th percentile by 1 household(s). |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Source |  | American | Community Surv |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Harrison, OH | 4.32 |



JEFFERSON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 52,123 \\ 9.80 \% \\ 35.22 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.11 \% \\ 50.89 \% \\ \$ 40,490 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.37 \% \\ & 49.11 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 59.49 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $27.90 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $4.80 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $19.30 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.56 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 199.30 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.25 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $81.86 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 261.31 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.50 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.50 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 81.53 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $62.73 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 47.08 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 80.12 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.16 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.70 |
| Mammography Screening | $60.34 \%$ |
| Some College | $46.27 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 6.40 |
| Dentists | $4738: 1$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $35.22 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $3262: 1$ |
| Uninsured | $17.37 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^44]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 46 | Lewis | 9807.14 | 7769.75 | 2037.39 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  | usted) | Source | National | ter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Putnam | 25.50\% | 16.60\% | 8.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 9 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 41 | Chester | 4.70 | 3.40 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 77 | Henderson | 6.40 | 2.80 | 3.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 4 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 16 | Lewis | 7.56\% | 7.29\% | 0.27\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 49 | Knox | 25.80\% | 18.50\% | 7.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 29 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 3 | Cumberland | 27.90\% | 26.50\% | 1.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 6 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




JOHNSON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| n 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 17,977 \\ 9.88 \% \\ 24.32 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 17.62 \% \\ 46.38 \% \\ \$ 30,652 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.19 \% \\ & 53.62 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 85.21 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $100.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $9.09 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 88.40 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.00 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $24.32 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $79.88 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 16.58 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.00 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 74.18 |
| Mammography Screening | $63.03 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.77 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.60 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2262: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2568: 1$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.00 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $36.00 \%$ |
| Dentists | $3595: 1$ |
| Unemployment | $9.88 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.00 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $25.60 \%$ |





| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $81.98 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $38.30 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $8.10 \%$ |
| Some College | $35.05 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.85 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 59.64 |
| Income Inequality | 4.89 |
| Violent Crime | 476.06 |
| Uninsured | $17.69 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^45]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 29 | Lewis | 9057.93 | 7769.75 | 1288.18 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Avery, NC | 7146.02 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 9843.27 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Hyde, NC | 9709.83 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 63 | Putnam | 25.60\% | 16.60\% | 9.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Avery, NC | 21.60\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 9 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 25.50\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 47 | Chester | 5.00 | 3.40 | 1.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Avery, NC | 4.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 5.40 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 2.00 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Henderson | 3.00 | 2.80 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Avery, NC | 2.70 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | NA |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight ( $<$ 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 80 | Lewis | 9.85\% | 7.29\% | 2.56\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Avery, NC | 7.61\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | umber of | virth weight | bies by 3 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Tyler, TX | 8.65\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 8.95\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 63 | Knox | 28.00\% | 18.50\% | 9.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Avery, NC | 24.50\% |
|  |  |  | Get 34 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 20.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Hamilton | 31.30\% | 29.10\% | 2.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Avery, NC | 25.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 30.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Hyde, NC | 29.70\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Williamson | 7.00 | 8.9 | 1.9 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Avery, NC | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.9 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Hyde, NC | 4.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 444,622 \\ 6.62 \% \\ 28.94 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.52 \% \\ 51.40 \% \\ \$ 49,105 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.10 \% \\ & 48.60 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 10.92 \% \\ 89.80 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## Adult Obesity



Good

$\longrightarrow$ HP 2020
Physical Inactivity


Good
Good

| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Mental Health Providers | $313: 1$ |
| Some College | $70.86 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $877: 1$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 49.14 |
| Physical Inactivity | $27.70 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $20.30 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $22.30 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $28.70 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 33.83 |
| Unemployment | $6.62 \%$ |


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.94 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.60 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.78 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.38 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.72 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Walue |  |
| Violent Crime | $24.09 \%$ |
| Alcoholions | 541.68 |
| Sexually Transmired Driving Deaths | $35.11 \%$ |
| Food Environment Indections | 433.50 |
| High School Graduation | 6.90 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $89.80 \%$ |
|  | $14.47 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^46]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 11 | Lewis | 7888.96 | 7769.75 | 119.21 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Lehigh, PA | 6001.25 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 6771.05 |
|  |  | justed) | Source $\quad$ National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 5833.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 11 | Putnam | 16.70\% | 16.60\% | 0.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Lehigh, PA | 12.10\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 1 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 12.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 13.10\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 22 | Chester | 4.10 | 3.40 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Lehigh, PA | 3.50 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 3.50 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 3.30 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 37 | Henderson | 3.60 | 2.80 | 0.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Lehigh, PA | 3.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 4.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 3.70 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Lewis | 8.78\% | 7.29\% | 1.49\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Lehigh, PA | 8.33\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Dauphin, PA | 9.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 7.88\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 10 | Haywood | 18.50\% | 17.30\% | 1.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Lehigh, PA | 19.50\% |
|  |  |  | Get 7 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 18.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Onondaga, NY | 16.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Loudon | 28.70\% | 28.00\% | 0.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Lehigh, PA | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 3 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 33.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Onondaga, NY | 26.90\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 67 | Williamson | 6.90 | 8.9 | 2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Lehigh, PA | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 2. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dauphin, PA | 6.70 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Onondaga, NY | 7.80 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.


 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 7,731 \\ 10.40 \% \\ 54.29 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 16.35 \% \\ 36.55 \% \\ \$ 28,391 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.42 \% \\ & 63.45 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 82.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $26.10 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 77.09 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.46 |
| Uninsured | $16.07 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



| $-\infty$ TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | $=$ Top US Performers |


| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor or Fair Health | $20.70 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.43 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 305.37 |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.70 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 11.70 |
| Adult Smoking | $24.90 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,649.36$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $51.98 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $10.40 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.47 \%$ |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $100.00 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 93.29 |
| Some College | $25.33 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $44.90 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $54.29 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 741.20 |
| Food Environment Index | 6.30 |
| Adult Obesity | $35.40 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $9.94 \%$ |
| Dentists | $7731: 1$ |

[^47]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 27,795 \\ 13.67 \% \\ 52.67 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.31 \% \\ 47.58 \% \\ \$ 32,169 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.32 \% \\ & 52.42 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 58.66 \% \\ 93.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $27.00 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $93.00 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.46 |
| Excessive Drinking | $13.80 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.50 |
| Injury Deaths | 89.22 |
| Uninsured | $16.63 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $25.20 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Physical Inactivity


| $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 45 \%$


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Low Birthweight | $12.53 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $52.67 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $39.00 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 981.30 |
| Unemployment | $13.67 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $91.59 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 66.63 |
| Food Environment Index | 5.70 |
| Violent Crime | 651.10 |
| Drinking Water Violations | $16.88 \%$ |

[^48]
## TN <br> Department of

LAUDERDALE COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 66 | Lewis | 10672.88 | 7769.75 | 2903.13 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Hot Spring, AR | 9185.15 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 7860.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Union, KY | 9164.82 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 61 | Putnam | 25.20\% | 16.60\% | 8.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Hot Spring, AR | 28.00\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 9 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 11.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 19.70\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days eported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 78 | Chester | 6.30 | 3.40 | 2.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Hot Spring, AR | 5.70 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 2.30 |
| 『 |  |  | Source | Behav | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 4.70 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{4}}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Henderson | 3.50 | 2.80 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Hot Spring, AR | 5.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | NA |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 4.30 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight ( $<$ 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 95 | Lewis | 12.53\% | 7.29\% | 5.24\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Hot Spring, AR | 8.08\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | umber of 1 | virth weight | bies by 6 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Cooper, MO | 9.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 11.03\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 80 | Knox | 32.10\% | 18.50\% | 13.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Hot Spring, AR | 27.80\% |
|  |  |  | Get 43 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 31.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 20.90\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 94 | Hamilton | 39.00\% | 29.10\% | 9.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Hot Spring, AR | 32.60\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 26 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 30.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Union, KY | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 91 | Williamson | 5.70 | 8.9 | 3.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Hot Spring, AR | 6.60 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 3.2. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foor | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Union, KY | 7.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.

|  |  | Physical Inactivity <br> Percentage of adults aged <br> 20 and over reporting no <br> leisure-time physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 74 | Wilson | 35.80\% | 28.50\% | 7.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 30.00\% | Hot Spring, AR | 38.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 21 out of every 100 currently physically inactive adults to exercise during leisure time. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 24.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Union, KY | 30.10\% |
|  |  | Access to Exercise Opportunities <br> Percentage of population with adequate access to locations for physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 85 | Loudon | 29.32\% | 78.50\% | 49.19\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 77.00\% | Hot Spring, AR | 37.88\% |
|  |  |  | Consider how to remove barriers to access exercise locations to reach an additional 49.19 percent of the county's population. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 46.72\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Business An | Delor | RI, \& US C | igerline Fil | Year(s) | 2010 \& 2013 | Union, KY | 56.63\% |
|  |  |  | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Greene | 13.80\% | 3.30\% | 10.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 15.00\% | Hot Spring, AR | 9.70\% |
|  | -边 |  | Get 77 out of every 100 adults in the county that currently drink to excess (binge and heavy drinkers) to stop drinking more than one (women) or two (men) drinks per day on average. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 24.20\% |
|  | © |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 11.70\% |
|  | 喜 | Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | © |  | 83 | McNairy | 42.42\% | 18.75\% | 23.67\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 32.00\% | Hot Spring, AR | 14.04\% |
|  |  | $\frac{\text { Percentage of driving }}{\text { deaths with alcohol }}$ involvement | Reduce the number of alcohol related driving deaths by 23.67 percent. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 23.08\% |
|  |  | Source | Fatality Analysis Reporting System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Union, KY | 27.27\% |
|  |  | Number of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases per 100,000 population | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 94 | Scott | 981.30 | 144.30 | 837.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 458.00 | Hot Spring, AR | 536.00 |
|  |  | Consider ways to educate 9 out of every 10 persons self-reporting to be involved in any sexual contact to commit to using safe sex practices to prevent the infection of Chlamydia. | Cooper, MO | 296.80 |
|  |  | Source National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, \& TB Prevention | Year(s) | 2012 | Union, KY | 1494.90 |
|  |  | Teen Births <br> Teen birth rate per 1,000 female population, ages 15 - <br> 19 | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 92 | Putnam | 66.63 | 37.04 | 29.59 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 31.00 | Hot Spring, AR | 61.05 |
|  |  | For every 100 teenage females (ages 15 to 19 years) in the county, consider ways to prevent 45 teen(s) from becoming pregnant. | Cooper, MO | 36.18 |
|  |  | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Union, KY | 55.84 |
|  | Clinical Care |  | Uninsured <br> Percentage of population under age 65 without health insurance | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  |  | 45 | Blount | 16.63\% | 14.64\% | 1.99\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.00\% | Hot Spring, AR | 17.56\% |
|  |  |  |  | Get 12 out of every 100 currently uninsured adults ages 18-64 to obtain health insurance. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 16.27\% |
|  |  | Source |  |  | Area He | h Insurance Es |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Union, KY | 16.82\% |
|  |  | Primary Care | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 87 | Anderson | 6930:1 | 1397:1 | 5533 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,355.00 | Hot Spring, AR | 4174:1 |
|  |  | Ratio of population to primary care physicians | To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10th ranking county, 16 primary care providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county's value is greater than 3,500 , this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 2920:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Union, KY | 4950:1 |
|  |  | Dentists <br> Ratio of population to dentists | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 76 | Maury | 5559:1 | 1675:1 | 3884 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,663.00 | Hot Spring, AR | 5583:1 |
|  |  |  | To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10th ranking county, 12 dental care providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county's value is greater than 5,000 , this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cooper, MO | 3529:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health | source Fil | /American Med | Association | Year(s) | 2013 | Union, KY | 2505:1 |




LAWRENCE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 41,990 \\ 12.06 \% \\ 22.97 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.81 \% \\ 51.09 \% \\ \$ 39,532 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.30 \% \\ & 48.91 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 75.88 \% \\ 96.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $22.97 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $96.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $22.22 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $63.55 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.33 |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.30 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 247.10 |
| Adult Obesity | $31.30 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $30.40 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



```
- - TN Average
```

$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020=$ Top US Performers
Physical Inactivity


| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Mental Health Providers | Value |
| Children in Poverty | $1750: 1$ |
| Food Environment Index | $7.40 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 11.64 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $83.66 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $58.60 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.61 |
| Some College | $44.77 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.00 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $23.30 \%$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Unemployment | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $12.06 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | $3.58 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | 492.97 |
| Uninsured | $15.07 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | $17.74 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | 102.00 |
|  | $28.10 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^49]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 58 | Lewis | 10317.28 | 7769.75 | 2547.53 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Putnam | 23.30\% | 16.60\% | 6.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 7 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days eported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 49 | Henderson | 4.00 | 2.80 | 1.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 57 | Lewis | 8.91\% | 7.29\% | 1.62\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of 1 | birth weight | ies by 2 fo | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Knox | 28.10\% | 18.50\% | 9.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 35 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Hamilton | 31.30\% | 29.10\% | 2.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | In Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 11,961 \\ 10.65 \% \\ 24.84 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{array}{r} 22.33 \% \\ 50.87 \% \\ \$ 35,097 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.98 \% \\ & 49.13 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 70.19 \% \\ 82.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $78.71 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $24.84 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $7,769.75$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.29 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $10.96 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $31.60 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.50 |
| Adult Obesity | $31.30 \%$ |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


Good

| $\ldots$ TN Average | $\quad$ US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\longrightarrow$ HP 2020 | $\quad$ Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


|  | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 40 \%$


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Dentists | $2990: 1$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.45 |
| Injury Deaths | 91.27 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $36.30 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $58.91 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $30.00 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 10.09 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 319.40 |
| Violent Crime | 389.92 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 97.47 |
| Measure |  |
| Vottom Third | $80.60 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $18.76 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $82.50 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $27.60 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $35.21 \%$ |
| Some College | 14.19 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 5.60 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | $29.80 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $36.48 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $5981: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers |  |

[^50]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 10 | Moore | 7769.75 | 7191.20 | 578.55 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 79 | Putnam | 27.60\% | 16.60\% | 11.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 11 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
| $\stackrel{(1)}{ }$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
| EZ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{5}{5}$ |  |  | 67 | Chester | 5.70 | 3.40 | 2.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
| 思 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 74 | Henderson | 5.60 | 2.80 | 2.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 10 | Putnam | 7.29\% | 7.02\% | 0.27\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter fo | lth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 74 | Knox | 29.80\% | 18.50\% | 11.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | 32.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 38 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
| $\stackrel{\text { H. }}{\substack{4 \\ 0}}$ |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{T}{0}$ |  |  | 31 | Hamilton | 31.30\% | 29.10\% | 2.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 33.20\% |
| $\mathbb{O}$ |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
| $\mathscr{T}$ |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  | orst) to 10 (best) | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

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| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 33,633 \\ 5.78 \% \\ 33.19 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.82 \% \\ 51.06 \% \\ \$ 41,453 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.79 \% \\ & 48.94 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 72.49 \% \\ 93.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $5.78 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $89.54 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $15.19 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.17 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $11.43 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.70 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $21.95 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $63.83 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1595: 1$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.49 |
| Adult Smoking | $24.50 \%$ |
| Some College | $47.71 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 86.53 |
| Premature Death | $9,766.74$ |
| Dentists | $3363: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2587: 1$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $23.20 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $52.15 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.98 \%$ |

Physical Inactivity



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Low Birthweight | $9.81 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 445.75 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 402.90 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $41.80 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^51]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 44 | Lewis | 9766.74 | 7769.75 | 1996.99 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Chickasaw, IA | 4524.40 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fillmore, MN | 4519.49 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | nter for H | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Keokuk, IA | 7124.66 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 49 | Putnam | 23.20\% | 16.60\% | 6.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Chickasaw, IA | 7.20\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 7 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fillmore, MN | 9.00\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Keokuk, IA | 13.40\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 58 | Chester | 5.40 | 3.40 | 2.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Chickasaw, IA | 1.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fillmore, MN | 2.60 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Keokuk, IA | 2.00 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Henderson | 4.10 | 2.80 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Chickasaw, IA | 1.90 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fillmore, MN | 1.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Keokuk, IA | NA |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 78 | Lewis | 9.81\% | 7.29\% | 2.52\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Chickasaw, IA | 4.31\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | nber of | w birth weight | bies by 3 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Fillmore, MN | 5.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Keokuk, IA | 7.52\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 35 | Knox | 24.50\% | 18.50\% | 6.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Chickasaw, IA | 14.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 25 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fillmore, MN | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Keokuk, IA | 23.80\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 26 | Hamilton | 30.80\% | 29.10\% | 1.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Chickasaw, IA | 30.30\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 6 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fillmore, MN | 25.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Keokuk, IA | 31.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Williamson | 7.70 | 8.9 | 1.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Chickasaw, IA | 8.10 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.2. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Fillmore, MN | 8.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Keokuk, IA | 7.70 |

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LOUDON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Mammography Screening | $75.71 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $12.70 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 47.00 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $89.92 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $28.00 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $78.50 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $11.00 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.70 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.00 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Some College | $48.54 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 80.70 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.49 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1992: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2018: 1$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.46 |
| Uninsured | $16.61 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.94 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 50.58 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.84 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $38.89 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^52]| TN $\begin{array}{c}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{array}$ |
| :---: |



## ~극 Prem



Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age

For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { tential life } \\ & \text { ane } 75 \text { per } \end{aligned}$ | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 6633.54 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ed) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 6920.91 |
| ir Health | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | 2 | Williamson | 12.70\% | 6.90\% | 5.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Mercer, PA | 15.40\% |
| of adults <br> ir or poor <br> adjusted) | Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 14.40\% |
|  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 13.30\% |
| ysical <br> Days* | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | 14 | Chester | 3.70 | 3.40 | 0.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Mercer, PA | 3.60 |

Average number of
Poor or Fair Health

Percentage of adults
reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted)

Value
10th Ranked
Diff ift in Value US Average physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days

Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month.

| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 3.80 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked <br> Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 14 | Henderson | 3.00 | 2.80 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Mercer, PA | 3.00 |

Average number of
mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days

Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month.

| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 2.90 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 53 | Lewis | 8.84\% | 7.29\% | 1.55\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Mercer, PA | 8.11\% |
| Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.53\% |
| Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Natality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.50\% |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 28 | Knox | 23.60\% | 18.50\% | 5.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Mercer, PA | 22.90\% |
| Get 22 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 22.30\% |
| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 27.50\% |
| Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 5 | Cumberland | 28.00\% | 26.50\% | 1.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Mercer, PA | 32.10\% |
| Get 6 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 30.60\% |
| Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Dickinson, MI | 31.40\% |
| Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Mercer, PA | 7.70 |
| Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.40 |
| Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.60 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

MCMINN COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| n 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 52,341 \\ 9.19 \% \\ 29.05 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.74 \% \\ 51.22 \% \\ \$ 40,543 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.40 \% \\ & 48.78 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 60.34 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $5.30 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 15.64 |
| Children in Poverty | $24.60 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.12 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $22.30 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 75.17 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $28.20 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.24 \%$ |
| Dentists | $2617: 1$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Mammography Screening | $61.91 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $29.05 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 47.90 |
| Mental Health Providers | $1939: 1$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.44 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.52 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2097: 1$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.75 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $9.19 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor or Fair Health | $30.50 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 531.20 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 6.20 |
| Physical Inactivity | $35.70 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.70 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^53]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 52 | Lewis | 10086.80 | 7769.75 | 2317.05 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 85 | Putnam | 30.50\% | 16.60\% | 13.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 14 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of hysically unhealthy days eported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 75 | Chester | 6.20 | 3.40 | 2.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Henderson | 4.70 | 2.80 | 1.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 26 | Lewis | 8.24\% | 7.29\% | 0.95\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 1 for | ry 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 23 | Knox | 22.30\% | 18.50\% | 3.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 18 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Hamilton | 33.80\% | 29.10\% | 4.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 14 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | In Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Williamson | 7.20 | 8.9 | 1.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 26,140 \\ 11.18 \% \\ 28.67 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.74 \% \\ 51.04 \% \\ \$ 34,596 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.06 \% \\ & 48.96 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 85.27 \% \\ 93.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $18.75 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $688: 1$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.77 \%$ |
| Dentists | $2178: 1$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.32 |
| High School Graduation | $93.00 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.67 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


## Good

$-\infty$ TN Average
$=$ HP 2020

- •US Average

Top US Performers
Physical Inactivity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Social Associations | 12.22 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $32.00 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.70 |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.70 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $59.91 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $28.70 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.90 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.67 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $16.72 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2380: 1$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Adult Obesity | $35.90 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $82.91 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $30.60 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $11.18 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.94 |
| Injury Deaths | 111.49 |
| Drinking Water Violations | $1.41 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $26.30 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.90 |
|  |  |

[^54]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 22,701 \\ 8.01 \% \\ 28.57 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.68 \% \\ 51.28 \% \\ \$ 35,432 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.19 \% \\ & 48.72 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 79.57 \% \\ 85.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $13.33 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.80 |
| Low Birthweight | $7.53 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $31.00 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 208.90 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $82.45 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $8.01 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.57 \%$ |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Violent Crime | 304.30 |
| Adult Obesity | $32.40 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.68 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.61 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.20 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Physical Inactivity


Good

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\simeq \text { TN Average } & \quad \text { US Average } \\
=\text { HP } 2020 & \text { Top US Performers }
\end{array}
$$

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Teen Births | Value |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 72.71 |
| Mammography Screening | 168.58 |
| Social Associations | $47.31 \%$ |
| Uninsured | 4.89 |
| Injury Deaths | $19.76 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | 126.62 |
| Adult Smoking | $22701: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $35.10 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $83.02 \%$ |

[^55]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 75 | Lewis | 10988.51 | 7769.75 | 3218.76 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  | usted) | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Putnam | 25.70\% | 16.60\% | 9.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Chester | 5.70 | 3.40 | 2.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 53 | Henderson | 4.20 | 2.80 | 1.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight ( $<$ 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 15 | Lewis | 7.53\% | 7.29\% | 0.24\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the | umber of | w birth weight | bies by 1 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 84 | Knox | 35.10\% | 18.50\% | 16.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | $32.60 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Get 48 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 48 | Hamilton | 32.40\% | 29.10\% | 3.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 11 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | $33.20 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 13 | Williamson | 7.80 | 8.9 | 1.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

MADISON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 98,733 \\ 8.44 \% \\ 44.21 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.19 \% \\ 52.58 \% \\ \$ 40,750 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.37 \% \\ & 47.42 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 25.83 \% \\ 95.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $15.80 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $720: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $447: 1$ |
| Injury Deaths | 63.27 |
| Social Associations | 17.33 |
| Dentists | $1592: 1$ |
| High School Graduation | $95.00 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $19.60 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $29.50 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Teen Births | 46.44 |
| Uninsured | $16.50 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $60.00 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.84 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.78 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $28.57 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.85 |
| Children in Poverty | $30.40 \%$ |
|  |  |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Adult Obesity | Value |
| Violent Crime | $37.30 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | 887.56 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | $90.64 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $44.21 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 5.22 |
| Food Environment Index | 6.20 |
| Low Birthweight | $10.10 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^56]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 18 | Lewis | 8356.59 | 7769.75 | 586.84 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 23 | Putnam | 19.00\% | 16.60\% | 2.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 3 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| $\stackrel{(1)}{ }$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| EZ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{5}{5}$ |  |  | 16 | Chester | 3.80 | 3.40 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
| 思 |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 21 | Henderson | 3.10 | 2.80 | 0.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 83 | Lewis | 10.10\% | 7.29\% | 2.81\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 3 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter fo | alth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 12 | Knox | 19.60\% | 18.50\% | 1.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 6 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
| $\stackrel{\text { H. }}{\substack{4 \\ 0}}$ |  | Adult Obesity <br> $\begin{array}{l}\text { Percentage of adults th } \\ \text { report a BMI of } 30 \text { or } m\end{array}$ | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | 92 | Hamilton | 37.30\% | 29.10\% | 8.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 22 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
| $\underset{1}{8}$ |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | tes Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
| $\mathscr{T}$ |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 88 | Williamson | 6.20 | 8.9 | 2.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.7 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 28,374 \\ 9.02 \% \\ 36.99 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.48 \% \\ 50.80 \% \\ \$ 42,128 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.72 \% \\ & 49.20 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 77.02 \% \\ 84.11 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $28.30 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1489: 1$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $81.88 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.50 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $69.45 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $26.40 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.47 |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Poor Mental Health Days | Value |
| Uninsured | 3.50 |
| Adult Smoking | $24.23 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $9.02 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 296.90 |
| Violent Crime | 365.09 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 87.03 |
| Some College | $43.81 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $29.41 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $85.61 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Low Birthweight | $11.89 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $84.11 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $36.99 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $27.30 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $36.10 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 6.20 |
| Teen Births | 59.03 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $46.30 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.91 |
| Social Associations | 8.48 |

[^57]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 71 | Lewis | 10874.67 | 7769.75 | 3104.92 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 77 | Putnam | 27.30\% | 16.60\% | 10.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 11 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 75 | Chester | 6.20 | 3.40 | 2.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Henderson | 3.50 | 2.80 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 93 | Lewis | 11.89\% | 7.29\% | 4.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of 1 | w birth weight | bies by 5 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 37 | Knox | 24.70\% | 18.50\% | 6.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | $32.60 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Get 26 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 6 | Loudon | 28.30\% | 28.00\% | 0.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 2 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | $33.20 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

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## TN <br> Department of Health

MARSHALL COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 31,130 \\ 10.08 \% \\ 27.99 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.99 \% \\ 50.89 \% \\ \$ 42,363 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.74 \% \\ & 49.11 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 65.82 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 58.47 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.00 |
| Adult Obesity | $29.90 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $21.43 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $23.20 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $64.08 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $8,367.22$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.30 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $27.99 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Violent Crime | 300.07 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $21.40 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $24.70 \%$ |
| Dentists | $3113: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2224: 1$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $84.34 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Injury Deaths | 88.30 |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |
| Some College | $45.77 \%$ |

Physical Inactivity


- TN Average - US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $84.12 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.90 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $4412: 1$ |
| Uninsured | $17.70 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $44.66 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.95 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^58]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 20 | Lewis | 8367.22 | 7769.75 | 597.47 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 37 | Putnam | 21.40\% | 16.60\% | 4.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 5 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| Uِ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| $\underset{e}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{5}$ |  |  | 73 | Chester | 5.90 | 3.40 | 2.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | actor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Poor Mental Health } \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Henderson | 3.00 | 2.80 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | ral Risk | actor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 58 | Lewis | 8.94\% | 7.29\% | 1.65\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | lth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 37 | Knox | 24.70\% | 18.50\% | 6.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 26 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | actor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 15 | Hamilton | 29.90\% | 29.10\% | 0.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 3 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Williamson | 7.30 | 8.9 | 1.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.6. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

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| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 000 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{gathered} 83,761 \\ 8.60 \% \\ 33.70 \% \end{gathered}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.76 \% \\ 51.60 \% \\ \$ 46,497 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.50 \% \\ & 48.40 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 41.59 \% \\ 87.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Mental Health Providers | $450: 1$ |
| Mammography Screening | $67.04 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 56.90 |
| Dentists | $1675: 1$ |
| Children in Poverty | $21.90 \%$ |
| Some College | $55.42 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $7,912.74$ |
| Injury Deaths | 71.64 |
| Income Inequality | 4.26 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1518: 1$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Unemployment | $8.60 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $59.58 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.78 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 11.10 |
| Adult Smoking | $25.70 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.90 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.20 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.99 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 54.63 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $33.70 \%$ |

Physical Inactivity


|  | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 40 \%$


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Violent Crime | Value |
| Adult Obesity | 375.11 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | $35.10 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | 36.21 |
| Drinking Water Violations | $3.25 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $87.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.76 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $42.30 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 385.40 |
|  |  |

[^59]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 14 | Lewis | 7912.74 | 7769.75 | 142.99 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 28 | Putnam | 19.80\% | 16.60\% | 3.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 4 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| $\underset{8}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 29 | Chester | 4.40 | 3.40 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Henderson | 3.20 | 2.80 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Ris | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 60 | Lewis | 8.99\% | 7.29\% | 1.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Nationa | ter for | ealth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who <br> are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 47 | Knox | 25.70\% | 18.50\% | 7.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 29 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 80 | Hamilton | 35.10\% | 29.10\% | 6.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 18 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 51 | Williamson | 7.20 | 8.9 | 1.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




MEIGS COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 11,649 \\ 10.11 \% \\ 33.92 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.40 \% \\ 50.18 \% \\ \$ 37,874 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.98 \% \\ & 49.82 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.70 |
| Physical Inactivity | $30.60 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $30.30 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $82.38 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.76 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 247.90 |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 81.01 |
| Low Birthweight | 13.57 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $8.73 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $29.17 \%$ |
| Social Associations | $16.87 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 10.26 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | 5.30 |
| Mammography Screening | $47.88 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $58.24 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Premature Death | $13,998.78$ |
| Income Inequality | 5.37 |
| Dentists | $11649: 1$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $33.20 \%$ |
| Some College | $32.79 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 64.59 |
| Adult Smoking | $35.80 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $16.90 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $5849: 1$ |
| Injury Deaths | 116.15 |

[^60]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 92 | Lewis | 13998.78 | 7769.75 | 6229.03 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100000 population (as | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 88 | Putnam | 33.20\% | 16.60\% | 16.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 17 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 57 | Chester | 5.30 | 3.40 | 1.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 46 | Lewis | 8.73\% | 7.29\% | 1.44\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | Center for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 85 | Knox | 35.80\% | 18.50\% | 17.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 49 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Hamilton | 30.30\% | 29.10\% | 1.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 4 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Williamson | 7.70 | 8.9 | 1.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.2. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 45,265 \\ 10.70 \% \\ 28.28 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.85 \% \\ 50.47 \% \\ \$ 38,061 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.81 \% \\ & 49.53 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 76.08 \% \\ 95.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $95.00 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $72.57 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $22.64 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.28 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.46 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.29 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



-     - TN Average
- •US Average

Top US Performers

| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.50 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.50 |
| Dentists | $2829: 1$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.40 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $21.40 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.46 |
| Social Associations | 11.30 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.12 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2515: 1$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 84.18 |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Adult Smoking | $36.40 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 64.39 |
| Uninsured | $18.60 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $34.90 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $10.70 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $3224: 1$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.71 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^61]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 49 | Lewis | 9992.11 | 7769.75 | 2222.36 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | ter for | alth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 37 | Putnam | 21.40\% | 16.60\% | 4.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 5 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Chester | 4.50 | 3.40 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Henderson | 3.50 | 2.80 | 0.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 28 | Lewis | 8.29\% | 7.29\% | 1.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | bies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 86 | Knox | 36.40\% | 18.50\% | 17.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 50 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 76 | Hamilton | 34.90\% | 29.10\% | 5.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 17 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | S Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## TN <br> Department of Health

MONTGOMERY COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 184,119 \\ 8.10 \% \\ 36.51 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 27.25 \% \\ 50.21 \% \\ \$ 51,059 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8.46 \% \\ 49.79 \% \end{array}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 19.74 \% \\ 95.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Some College | $67.56 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 60.73 |
| Income Inequality | 3.97 |
| Premature Death | $7,643.40$ |
| Uninsured | $14.43 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $28.20 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.80 |
| Children in Poverty | $21.40 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $95.00 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $716: 1$ |

## Adult Obesity



| $\ldots$ TN Average | $\quad$ US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Excessive Drinking | Value |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $16.80 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | $26.13 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | 81.34 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2306: 1$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $52.42 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.20 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.09 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $27.50 \%$ |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Diabetic Monitoring | Value |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | $99.63 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $49.69 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.58 |
| Food Environment Index | 6.30 |
| Social Associations | 7.05 |
| Violent Crime | 549.50 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $36.51 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $1.92 \%$ |
|  |  |

[^62]
## TN <br> Department of

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 8 | Moore | 7643.40 | 7191.20 | 452.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Johnson, TX | 7585.02 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 7428.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7915.00 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Putnam | 17.80\% | 16.60\% | 1.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Johnson, TX | 21.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 2 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 18.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.60\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Johnson, TX | 5.10 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 4.20 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 4.20 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 10 | Blount | 2.80 | 2.60 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Johnson, TX | 4.10 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight ( $<$ 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 20 | Lewis | 8.04\% | 7.29\% | 0.75\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Johnson, TX | 7.67\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | umber of | birth weight | bies by 1 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Hardin, KY | 7.55\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 8.78\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 61 | Knox | 27.50\% | 18.50\% | 9.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Johnson, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 33 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 23.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 23 | Hamilton | 30.50\% | 29.10\% | 1.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Johnson, TX | 32.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 5 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 30.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | In Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | San Patricio, TX | 28.80\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 86 | Williamson | 6.30 | 8.9 | 2.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Johnson, TX | 7.10 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 2.6 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multirow{20}{*}{茲} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Children in Single- \\
Parent Households \\
Percentage of children that live in a household headed by single parent
\end{tabular}} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 78 \& Cheatham \& 36.51\% \& 25.43\% \& 11.08\% \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 21.00\% \& Johnson, TX \& 27.48\% \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{For every 100 single parent households in the county, investigate ways to encourage 31 households to be a multi-parent household.} \& Hardin, KY \& 36.28\% \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& \& American \& mmunity Su \& \& Year(s) \& 2009-2013 \& San Patricio, TX \& 36.45\% \\
\hline \& \& \multirow{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Social Associations \\
Number of membership associations per 10,000 population
\end{tabular}} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 84 \& Henry \& 7.05 \& 16.70 \& 9.65 \& \(\uparrow\) Good \(\downarrow\) Bad \& 33.00\% \& Johnson, TX \& 8.15 \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|r|}{For every 100 people in the county, increase the number of membership associations by 1.} \& Hardin, KY \& 10.75 \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Source} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{County Business Patterns} \& Year(s) \& 2012 \& San Patricio, TX \& 10.52 \\
\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Violent Crime} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 81 \& Carter \& 549.50 \& 206.33 \& 343.17 \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 387.00 \& Johnson, TX \& 241.70 \\
\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\frac{\begin{array}{c}
\text { Number of reported } \\
\text { violent crime offenses per }
\end{array}}{100,000 \text { population }}
\]} \& \multicolumn{7}{|r|}{For every 100 persons in the county, prevent 63 people from committing a violent crime.} \& Hardin, KY \& 159.29 \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& \& Uniform \& me Reporting \& \& Year(s) \& 2010-2012 \& San Patricio, TX \& 324.41 \\
\hline \& \& Injury Deaths \& Rank \& 1st Ranked \& Value \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { 1st Ranked } \\
\& \text { Value }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \multirow{3}{*}{\[
\frac{\text { Number of deaths due to }}{\text { injury per } 100,000} \text { population }
\]} \& 4 \& Williamson \& 60.73 \& 43.67 \& 17.06 \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 59.00 \& Johnson, TX \& 61.75 \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|r|}{For every 1,000 population consider ways to prevent 281 deaths as a result of intentional and unintentional injury.} \& Hardin, KY \& 63.70 \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& \& C WO \& R mortality \& \& Year(s) \& 2008-2012 \& San Patricio, TX \& 58.97 \\
\hline \[
\underset{0}{0}
\] \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Air Pollution Particulate Matter} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \[
\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{U}
\] \& \& \& 89 \& Greene \& 14.58 \& 13.14 \& 1.44 \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 11.10 \& Johnson, TX \& 9.62 \\
\hline  \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5)} \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Reduce the average daily measure of fine particulate matter by 1.44 micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5).} \& Hardin, KY \& 13.61 \\
\hline 帚 \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Source CD} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{C WONDER Environmental data} \& Year(s) \& 2011 \& San Patricio, TX \& 8.58 \\
\hline  \& \multirow{15}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Drinking Water Violations} \& Rank \& 1st Ranked \& Value \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\
\& \text { Value }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 72 \& Anderson \& 1.92\% \& 0.00\% \& 1.92\% \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 8.00\% \& Johnson, TX \& 1.01\% \\
\hline \& \& Percentage of population potentially exposed to water exceeding a violation \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{For every 100 persons in the county exposed to water violations, assist 1 person(s) from exposure to health-based violations in public water systems.} \& Hardin, KY \& 0.00\% \\
\hline \& \& limit during the past year \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Source Safe} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{e Drinking Water Information System} \& Year(s) \& FY2013-14 \& San Patricio, TX \& 12.23\% \\
\hline \& \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{Percentage of households with at least 1 of 4 housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, or lack of kitchen or plumbing facilities} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 53 \& Lewis \& 14.09\% \& 10.96\% \& 3.13\% \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 19.00\% \& Johnson, TX \& 13.98\% \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{For every 100 persons in the county experiencing housing problems, help 23 person(s) to find housing assistance.} \& \begin{tabular}{|c} 
Hardin, KY \\
\hline San Patricio, TX
\end{tabular} \& \(10.53 \%\)

$17.95 \%$ <br>
\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Driving Alone to Work} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value <br>
\hline \& \& \& 44 \& Davidson \& 84.57\% \& 80.03\% \& 4.54\% \& $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good \& 76.00\% \& Johnson, TX \& 84.98\% <br>
\hline \& \& Percentage of the workforce that drives alone \& \multicolumn{7}{|r|}{For every 100 persons that currently drive alone to work, convince 6 to carpool or take masstransportation.} \& Hardin, KY \& 81.84\% <br>
\hline \& \& \& Source \& \& American \& Community Surv \& \& Year(s) \& 2009-2013 \& San Patricio, TX \& 81.96\% <br>
\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Long Commute Driving Alone} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value <br>
\hline \& \& \& 28 \& Hamilton \& 29.40\% \& 25.10\% \& 4.30\% \& $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good \& 34.00\% \& Johnson, TX \& 48.00\% <br>
\hline \& \& Among workers who commute in their car alone, the percentage that \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{For every 100 persons that currently drive more than 30 minutes alone to work, convince 15 to carpool or take mass-transportation.} \& Hardin, KY \& 24.90\% <br>
\hline \& \& commute more than 30 minutes \& Source \& \& American \& Community Surv \& \& Year(s) \& 2009-2013 \& San Patricio, TX \& 33.80\% <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 6,301 \\ 6.99 \% \\ 30.87 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.81 \% \\ 50.93 \% \\ \$ 50,802 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.36 \% \\ & 49.07 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 99.87 \% \\ 87.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 78.90 |
| Violent Crime | 57.16 |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $8.45 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 3.54 |
| Teen Births | 29.49 |
| Premature Death | $7,191.20$ |
| Unemployment | $6.99 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $21.90 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.37 \%$ |

Adult Obesity


Good

| $-\infty$ TN Average | $\quad$ US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | $\quad$ Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


- TN Average - US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $30.70 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $25.20 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 88.20 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.87 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.80 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.71 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.12 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.10 |
| Adult Obesity | $33.50 \%$ |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $19.68 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $50.91 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $42.86 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $29.40 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 7.89 |
| Mental Health Providers | $6301: 1$ |
| High School Graduation | $87.50 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^63]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.

|  |  | Physical Inactivity <br> Percentage of adults aged <br> 20 and over reporting no <br> leisure-time physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 47 | Wilson | 33.80\% | 28.50\% | 5.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 30.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 16 out of every 100 currently physically inactive adults to exercise during leisure time. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 24.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.60\% |
|  |  | Access to Exercise Opportunities <br> Percentage of population with adequate access to locations for physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 91 | Loudon | 19.68\% | 78.50\% | 58.82\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 77.00\% | Tyler, WV | 69.01\% |
|  |  |  | Consider how to remove barriers to access exercise locations to reach an additional 58.82 percent of the county's population. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 96.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Business Analy | , Delorme | ESRI, \& US Cen | Tigerline Files | Year(s) | 2010 \& 2013 | Harrison, OH | 54.37\% |
|  |  | Excessive Drinking | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Greene | NA | 3.30\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 15.00\% | Tyler, WV | 17.20\% |
|  | $\cdot \frac{0}{8}$ | Percentage of adults reporting binge or heavy | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | NA |
|  | ভ |  | Source | Behav | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 18.40\% |
|  | 㫘 | Alcohol-Impaired | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | ت |  | 84 | McNairy | 42.86\% | 18.75\% | 24.11\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 32.00\% | Tyler, WV | 16.67\% |
|  |  | Percentage of driving deaths with alcohol | Reduce the number of alcohol related driving deaths by 24.11 percent. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 31.82\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Fatality Analysis Reporting System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Harrison, OH | 25.00\% |
|  |  | Sexually Transmitted | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Infections | 1 | Moore | 78.90 | 78.90 | 0.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 458.00 | Tyler, WV | 77.50 |
|  |  | Number of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 206.90 |
|  |  |  | Source National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, \& TB Prevention |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 152.70 |
|  |  | Teen Births | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 3 | Williamson | 29.49 | 11.62 | 17.88 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 31.00 | Tyler, WV | 48.99 |
|  |  | $\frac{\text { Teen birth rate per } 1,000}{\text { female population, ages } 15}$ | For every | 00 teenage fem | les (ages | 5 to 19 years) from becomi | he county, co regnant. | sider ways to pr | $\text { ent } 61 \text { teen(s) }$ | White, GA | 33.71 |
|  |  |  | Source | National | nter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 45.04 |
|  | Clinical Care | Uninsured | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 21 | Blount | 15.79\% | 14.64\% | 1.15\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.00\% | Tyler, WV | 18.46\% |
|  |  | Percentage of population under age 65 without | Get 8 out of every 100 currently uninsured adults ages 18-64 to obtain health insurance. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 21.06\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Sma | Area Hea | th Insurance Est | ates | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 13.65\% |
|  |  | Primary Care Physicians | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Anderson | NA | 1397:1 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,355.00 | Tyler, WV | 1506:1 |
|  |  | Ratio of population to | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4593:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health R | source Fil | /American Med | 1 Association | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 1964:1 |
|  |  | Dentists$\frac{\text { Ratio of population to }}{\text { dentists }}$ | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Maury | NA | 1675:1 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,663.00 | Tyler, WV | 8995:1 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 3475:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health | source Fi | /American Med | 1 Association | Year(s) | 2013 | Harrison, OH | 7811:1 |




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 21,915 \\ 10.65 \% \\ 26.13 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.68 \% \\ 44.71 \% \\ \$ 38,027 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15.44 \% \\ 55.29 \% \end{gathered}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 99.89 \% \\ 99.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| High School Graduation | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.50 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $26.13 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 226.62 |
| Teen Births | 43.84 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $82.71 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.00 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $25.93 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $61.76 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.58 |
| Uninsured | $16.68 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $48.34 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.68 |
| Premature Death | $10,428.22$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.50 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 94.85 |
| Physical Inactivity | $34.70 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Some College | Value |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $31.17 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $81.82 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $7310: 1$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | $54.90 \%$ |
| Dentists | 501.60 |
| Injury Deaths | $7305: 1$ |
| Social Associations | 113.43 |
| Adult Smoking | 7.75 |
| Children in Poverty | $31.40 \%$ |

[^64]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 59 | Lewis | 10428.22 | 7769.75 | 2658.47 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Avery, NC | 7146.02 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 9843.27 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Hyde, NC | 9709.83 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 69 | Putnam | 26.40\% | 16.60\% | 9.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Avery, NC | 21.60\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 25.50\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 61 | Chester | 5.50 | 3.40 | 2.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Avery, NC | 4.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 5.40 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 2.00 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Avery, NC | 2.70 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | NA |
|  |  | age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 69 | Lewis | 9.15\% | 7.29\% | 1.86\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Avery, NC | 7.61\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 8.65\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 8.95\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 78 | Knox | 31.40\% | 18.50\% | 12.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Avery, NC | 24.50\% |
|  |  |  | Get 42 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 20.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 29 | Hamilton | 31.00\% | 29.10\% | 1.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Avery, NC | 25.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 7 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 30.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Hyde, NC | 29.70\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 69 | Williamson | 6.80 | 8.9 | 2.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Avery, NC | 7.50 |
|  |  | $\frac{\text { Index of factors that }}{\text { contribute to a healthy }}$$\frac{\text { food environment, } 0}{\text { (worst) to } 10 \text { (best) }}$ | Increase the county's food index score by 2.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Hyde, NC | 4.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




OBION COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 31,131 \\ 11.73 \% \\ 40.21 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.23 \% \\ 51.72 \% \\ \$ 34,469 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.42 \% \\ & 48.28 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 61.58 \% \\ 88.19 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $19.10 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 16.91 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $16.70 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $8.40 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $11.37 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.00 |
| Dentists | $2594: 1$ |
| Injury Deaths | 80.03 |
|  |  |

Adult Obesity


\author{

-     - TN Average <br> - US Average <br> Top US Performers
}

| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1959: 1$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.50 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $25.81 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $61.45 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,495.21$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.56 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 319.94 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 82.43 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.85 \%$ |
| Some College | $45.88 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Driving Alone to Work | $89.14 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $40.21 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $11.73 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 497.80 |
| High School Graduation | $88.19 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.80 |
| Physical Inactivity | $35.40 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.32 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 55.91 |
|  |  |

[^65]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 38 | Lewis | 9495.21 | 7769.75 | 1725.46 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
| Health Outcomes |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 11 | Putnam | 16.70\% | 16.60\% | 0.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 1 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Chester | 4.50 | 3.40 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Henderson | 3.00 | 2.80 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 40 | Lewis | 8.56\% | 7.29\% | 1.27\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 56 | Knox | 26.40\% | 18.50\% | 7.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | 32.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 30 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 52 | Hamilton | 32.90\% | 29.10\% | 3.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 12 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | $33.20 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index <br> Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 69 | Williamson | 6.80 | 8.9 | 2.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 2.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




OVERTON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 22,075 \\ 9.13 \% \\ 15.20 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.78 \% \\ 50.77 \% \\ \$ 35,457 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.80 \% \\ & 49.23 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 84.22 \% \\ 89.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $15.20 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $9.94 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 144.20 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.90 |
| Income Inequality | 4.30 |
| Violent Crime | 272.79 |
| Teen Births | 43.78 |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.60 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.53 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.60 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $26.67 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.80 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.90 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $16.60 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $9.13 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.20 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2466: 1$ |

## Physical Inactivity



Good

-     - TN Average
- •US Average
$\longrightarrow H P 2020$
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

[^66]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 69 | Lewis | 10715.58 | 7769.75 | 2945.83 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100000 population (age | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  | usted) | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 78 | Putnam | 27.40\% | 16.60\% | 10.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 11 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Henderson | 3.80 | 2.80 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 36 | Lewis | 8.53\% | 7.29\% | 1.24\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Knox | 28.10\% | 18.50\% | 9.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | $32.60 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Get 35 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ator Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 36 | Hamilton | 31.60\% | 29.10\% | 2.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 33.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 11 | Williamson | 7.90 | 8.9 | 1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |

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| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 7,869 \\ 11.44 \% \\ 27.76 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.21 \% \\ 49.49 \% \\ \$ 33,017 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.07 \% \\ & 50.51 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $75.39 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $5.88 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.13 |
| Adult Obesity | $30.00 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 41.86 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $27.76 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $1312: 1$ |
| Violent Crime | 284.95 |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.70 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,799.76$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $27.27 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.20 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $37.10 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 305.30 |
| Social Associations | 10.18 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $24.80 \%$ |
|  |  |

Physical Inactivity


|  | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 40 \%$


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Diabetic Monitoring | Value |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $10.37 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 159.21 |
| Uninsured | $19.53 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $17.44 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $50.00 \%$ |
| Dentists | $7869: 1$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.42 |
| Injury Deaths | 114.45 |
| Unemployment | $11.44 \%$ |

[^67]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 45 | Lewis | 9799.76 | 7769.75 | 2030.01 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National | ter for H | alth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 58 | Putnam | 24.80\% | 16.60\% | 8.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 9 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Chester | 5.20 | 3.40 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 2 | Houston | 5.88\% | 5.83\% | 0.05\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Knox | 28.20\% | 18.50\% | 9.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 35 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 16 | Hamilton | 30.00\% | 29.10\% | 0.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 3 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 69 | Williamson | 6.80 | 8.9 | 2.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 2.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 5,090 \\ 12.73 \% \\ 26.02 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.31 \% \\ 50.18 \% \\ \$ 32,398 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.83 \% \\ & 49.82 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 96.20 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 58.58 |
| Premature Death | $7,062.70$ |
| Injury Deaths | 66.61 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $26.02 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 196.10 |
| Teen Births | 41.53 |
| Income Inequality | 4.31 |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



```
Good
- - TN Average
```

- US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers


## Physical Inactivity



Good

- TN Average - US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Low Birthweight | $8.43 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.40 |
| Some College | $48.33 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.60 |
| Adult Obesity | $32.00 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $56.71 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.90 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $37.70 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $85.71 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.19 \%$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work | $91.75 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $47.42 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $12.73 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $50.00 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 141.02 |
| Uninsured | $18.78 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $5100: 1$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^68]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 7062.70 | 3862.24 | 3200.46 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 6808.55 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 8744.77 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 8910.97 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Putnam | NA | 16.60\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Cheboygan, MI | 13.50\% |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 12.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 16.40\% |
| $0$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\pm$ |  |  | NA | Chester | NA | 3.40 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.70 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 2.80 |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 4.10 |
| 凷 |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.20 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 3.00 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 3.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Lewis | 8.43\% | 7.29\% | 1.14\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 5.78\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 8.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 6.25\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Knox | NA | 18.50\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 22.20\% |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | NA |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 21.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 45 | Hamilton | 32.00\% | 29.10\% | 2.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | $33.30 \%$ |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { report a BMI of } 30 \text { or more }}{ }$ | Get 10 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 30.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Piscataquis, ME | 30.90\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Cheboygan, MI | 7.30 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Foo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.


|  | Clinical Care | Mental Health Providers <br> Ratio of population to mental health providers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NA | McNairy | NA | 688:1 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 753 | Cheboygan, MI | 2144:1 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 580:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | CMS, National Provider Identification file |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2014 | Piscataquis, ME | 519:1 |
|  |  | Preventable <br> Hospital Stays <br> Number of hospital stays for ambulatory-care sensitive conditions per 1,000 Medicare enrollees | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 88 | Marshall | 141.02 | 58.47 | 82.55 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 65.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 45.43 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 Medicare enrollees, prevent 1 Medicare enrollees from being hospitalized for ambulatory care sensitive conditions. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 75.22 |
|  |  |  | Source | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 70.95 |
|  |  | Diabetic Monitoring <br> Percentage of diabetic Medicare enrollees ages $65-$ 75 that receive HbA 1 c monitoring | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Crockett | 85.71\% | 88.92\% | 3.21\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 84.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 89.62\% |
|  |  |  | For every 100 diabetic Medicare enrollees, get 4 additional Medicare enrollees to receive HbA1c screening. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 84.38\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | Dartmouth | tlas of Health C |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 89.86\% |
|  |  | Mammography Screening <br> Percentage of female Medicare enrollees ages 67- <br> 69 that receive mammography screening | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 92 | Knox | 47.42\% | 65.71\% | 18.29\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 63.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 70.45\% |
|  |  |  | For every 100 female Medicare enrollees, get 19 additional Medicare enrollees to receive their mammography screening. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 51.81\% |
|  |  |  | Source $\quad$ Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 79.87\% |
|  |  | High School Graduation <br> centage of ninth-grade hort that graduates in four years | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Carroll | NA | 95.32\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 80.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 85.98\% |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 87.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | data.gov, supp | ted w/ | nal Center for | ation Statistics | Year(s) | 2011-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | NA |
|  |  | Some College | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Shelby | 48.33\% | 62.09\% | 13.77\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 63.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 51.16\% |
|  |  | $\frac{\text { Percentage of adults ages }}{25-44 \text { years with some post }}$ | For every 100 adults between 25-44 years of age, assist 1377 additional adults to complete some coursework at the collegiate level. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 44.57\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | American | ommunity Surve |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Piscataquis, ME | 50.84\% |
|  |  | Unemployment | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 92 | Blount | 12.73\% | 6.89\% | 5.83\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 11.80\% |
|  |  | Percentage of population ages 16 and older unemploved but seeking | For every 100 persons ages 16 years and older, help 6 persons successfully find employment. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 10.61\% |
|  |  | work | Source |  | Bureau of | Labor Statistics |  | Year(s) | 2013 | Piscataquis, ME | 9.65\% |
|  |  | Children in Poverty | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  |  | Montgomery | 30.20\% | 21.40\% | 8.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 23.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | $33.40 \%$ |
|  |  | Percentage of children under age 18 in poverty | For every 100 children (under 18 years) in poverty, help 30 children to find assistance to get out of poverty. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 32.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Small | Area Incom | e and Poverty E | mates | Year(s) | 2013 | Piscataquis, ME | 27.70\% |
|  |  | Income Inequality | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 4.31 | 4.11 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | NA | Cheboygan, MI | 4.02 |
|  |  | Ratio of household income at the 80th percentile to income at the 20th percentile | To reach a household income ratio at or below that of the 10th ranking county reduce the gap between the 80 th percentile and 20 th percentile by 1 household(s). |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 5.39 |
|  |  |  | Source |  | American | Community Surv |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Piscataquis, ME | 4.32 |



POLK COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Social Associations | 18.58 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 125.90 |
| Food Environment Index | 8.00 |
| Violent Crime | 248.42 |
| Dentists | $2384: 1$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.45 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $68.57 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.68 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |

## Adult Obesity



```
Good
\(\simeq\) TN Average
\(=\) HP 2020
```

\author{

- •US Average <br> Top US Performers
}

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work | $83.47 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.26 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $60.70 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2086: 1$ |
| Unemployment | $9.16 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 90.71 |
| Adult Obesity | $32.50 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $29.10 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.80 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $24.70 \%$ |
| Measure |  |
| Vottom Third | $12,210.05$ |
| Premature Death | $46.43 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $9.25 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $37.10 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | 6.80 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | $16690: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | 6.00 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | $28.90 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking Births | 57.35 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 102.36 |

[^69]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 88 | Lewis | 12210.05 | 7769.75 | 4440.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | nter for | alth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 57 | Putnam | 24.70\% | 16.60\% | 8.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 9 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 82 | Chester | 6.80 | 3.40 | 3.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 4 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 76 | Henderson | 6.00 | 2.80 | 3.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 4 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 52 | Lewis | 8.80\% | 7.29\% | 1.51\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of 1 | w birth weight | bies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 71 | Knox | 28.90\% | 18.50\% | 10.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 36 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 49 | Hamilton | 32.50\% | 29.10\% | 3.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 11 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Williamson | 8.00 | 8.9 | 0.9 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 0.9 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |

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PUTNAM COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 73,525 \\ 7.69 \% \\ 30.49 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.40 \% \\ 50.63 \% \\ \$ 35,554 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.84 \% \\ & 49.37 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 34.98 \% \\ 91.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.02 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $6.40 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $566: 1$ |
| Premature Death | $7,680.75$ |
| Adult Smoking | $18.10 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $16.60 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 37.04 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1408: 1$ |
| Dentists | $1838: 1$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $61.67 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $30.49 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $27.91 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.63 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 10.92 |
| High School Graduation | $91.00 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 386.10 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.91 |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



-     -         - TN Average
-•US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP 2020
—Top US Performers

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Income Inequality | 5.80 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $17.38 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $19.41 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $88.71 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.60 |
| Children in Poverty | $35.60 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $34.90 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 422.00 |
|  |  |

[^70]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

Health Outcomes
Quality of Life
Percentage of adults
reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted)
Poor Physical

## Health Days*

Average number of physically unhealthy days $\frac{\text { reported in past } 30 \text { days }}{\text { (age-adiusted) }}$ (age-adjusted)

Poor Mental Health

5th Ranked
Value $\quad$ D
Difference
Shift in Value US

| For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
| Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 10 | Rutherford | 16.60\% | 14.50\% | 2.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |


| Improve the health of $\mathbf{3}$ out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| fair health. |$\quad$ Randolph, IN $\quad 20.10 \%$


| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked <br> Value | Diff |
| 26 | Chester | 4.20 | 3.40 |  |

Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month.

| Year(s) | $2006-2012$ | Lawrence, OH | $27.90 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| e | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County |
| Peer Value |  |  |  |
| $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |


| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | L |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average |  |
| 31 | Henderson | 3.40 | 2.80 | 0.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | G |

Average number of
mentally unhealthy davs

Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by
residents by 1 days per month. residents by 1 days per month.
R

Ral
5.00


| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 5 | Houston | 7.02\% | 5.83\% | 1.19\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
| Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
| Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Natality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
| Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 9 | Haywood | 18.10\% | 17.30\% | 0.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
| Get 5 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 76 | Hamilton | 34.90\% | 29.10\% | 5.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
| Get 17 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
| Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
| Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 80 | Williamson | 6.60 | 8.9 | 2.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
| Increase the county's food index score by 2.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
| Source | USDA Food Environment Atlas, Map the Meal Gap |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




RHEA COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 32,513 \\ 11.26 \% \\ 36.05 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.30 \% \\ 50.82 \% \\ \$ 38,860 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.13 \% \\ & 49.18 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 68.02 \% \\ 82.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |




| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | Value |
| Social Associations | 78.94 |
| Income Inequality | 11.78 |
| Uninsured | 4.44 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $58.42 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $28.40 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 339.74 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.64 |
| Premature Death | $9,985.29$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $24.60 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Adult Obesity | $36.50 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 65.46 |
| High School Graduation | $82.00 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $7.98 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $83.62 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $11.26 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $36.05 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $35.70 \%$ |
| Dentists | $4645: 1$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.80 |

[^71] 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 53,047 \\ 8.03 \% \\ 32.89 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.98 \% \\ 50.79 \% \\ \$ 42,037 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.64 \% \\ & 49.21 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 50.99 \% \\ 89.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Adult Smoking | $15.70 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $14.50 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $11.33 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.00 |
| Dentists | $2040: 1$ |
| Violent Crime | 257.46 |
| Income Inequality | 4.28 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 70.91 |
| Social Associations | 13.84 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.20 |

## Adult Obesity



```
    Good
```

| $-\infty$ TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | $\quad$ Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 248.70 |
| Teen Births | 47.04 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $83.39 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.56 |
| Mammography Screening | $60.59 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $28.00 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Mental Health Providers | $2652: 1$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $38.20 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $24.60 \%$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Physical Inactivity | Value |
| Low Birthweight | $37.30 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | $10.27 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | 113.24 |
| Premature Death | $3.80 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31,360.58$ |
| High School Graduation | $34.00 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^72]
 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




ROBERTSON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 67,383 \\ 6.89 \% \\ 32.51 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 25.37 \% \\ 50.73 \% \\ \$ 51,093 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.05 \% \\ & 49.27 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 53.24 \% \\ 95.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.10 |
| Income Inequality | 3.63 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.20 |
| Food Environment Index | 8.20 |
| Children in Poverty | $18.80 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $15.40 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $79.89 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $6.89 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $95.00 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $31.80 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Injury Deaths | 85.22 |
| Uninsured | $16.43 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $2407: 1$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 83.20 |
| Social Associations | 11.21 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 298.80 |
| Dentists | $3546: 1$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $32.51 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2677: 1$ |

## Physical Inactivity



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $37.10 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $83.17 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.35 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $47.80 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 436.70 |
| Adult Obesity | $33.90 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 55.46 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^73]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 24 | Lewis | 8745.05 | 7769.75 | 975.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Johnson, TX | 7585.02 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 7428.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7915.00 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Rutherford | 15.40\% | 14.50\% | 0.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Johnson, TX | 21.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 1 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 18.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.60\% |
| $\begin{gathered} E \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{y}$ |  |  | 4 | Williamson | 3.20 | 2.00 | 1.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Johnson, TX | 5.10 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 4.20 |
| $8$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 4.20 |
| $\underset{\text { H }}{\text { H }}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 2 | Williamson | 2.10 | 1.90 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Johnson, TX | 4.10 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 27 | Lewis | 8.26\% | 7.29\% | 0.97\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Johnson, TX | 7.67\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of | birth weight | ies by 1 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Hardin, KY | 7.55\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 8.78\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 31 | Knox | 23.90\% | 18.50\% | 5.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Johnson, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 23 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 23.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 65 | Hamilton | 33.90\% | 29.10\% | 4.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Johnson, TX | 32.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 15 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 30.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | In Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | San Patricio, TX | 28.80\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 4 | Williamson | 8.20 | 8.9 | 0.7 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Johnson, TX | 7.10 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 0.7. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7.10 |

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| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 281,029 \\ 6.51 \% \\ 28.70 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 25.34 \% \\ 50.68 \% \\ \$ 57,056 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.29 \% \\ 49.32 \% \end{array}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 17.02 \% \\ 91.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Premature Death | $6,592.03$ |
| Injury Deaths | 48.95 |
| Adult Smoking | $17.10 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $25.40 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $6.51 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $15.50 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $14.50 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $67.25 \%$ |
| Some College | $66.59 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 3.88 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Adult Obesity | $31.70 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2231: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.89 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $27.20 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 85.37 |
| High School Graduation | $91.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.14 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $39.60 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | Value |
| Social Associations | $7.09 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.29 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 464.20 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $86.00 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 430.81 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^74]
## TN <br> Department of

RUTHERFORD COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2 | Williamson | 6592.03 | 3862.24 | 2729.79 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Johnson, TX | 7585.02 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 7428.77 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | ter for | lth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7915.00 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 5 | Williamson | 14.50\% | 6.90\% | 7.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Johnson, TX | 21.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 8 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 18.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 19 | Chester | 3.90 | 3.40 | 0.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Johnson, TX | 5.10 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk F | tor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 4.20 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked <br> Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Blount | 2.70 | 2.60 | 0.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Johnson, TX | 4.10 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 23 | Lewis | 8.21\% | 7.29\% | 0.92\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Johnson, TX | 7.67\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the | nber of | birth weight | bies by 1 fo | ery 100 live bi |  | Hardin, KY | 7.55\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | alth Statistics | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 8.78\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 3 | Williamson | 17.10\% | 10.90\% | 6.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Johnson, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 37 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 23.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 40 | Hamilton | 31.70\% | 29.10\% | 2.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Johnson, TX | 32.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 9 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 30.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | S Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | San Patricio, TX | 28.80\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Johnson, TX | 7.10 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




SCOTT COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 22,015 \\ 16.87 \% \\ 27.83 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.43 \% \\ 50.84 \% \\ \$ 27,749 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.10 \% \\ & 49.16 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | 80.56\% <br> 89.34 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 144.30 |
| Adult Obesity | $29.60 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $26.70 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $27.83 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.41 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.23 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $25.00 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



| $-\infty$ TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | $=$ Top US Performers |


| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Violent Crime | 311.94 |
| Dentists | $3145: 1$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.03 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.33 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.67 |
| Uninsured | $17.20 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2772: 1$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.50 |
| Mental Health Providers | $3669: 1$ |
|  |  |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Physical Inactivity | $39.90 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $16.87 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $45.50 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $51.10 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $39.10 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 9.50 |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $24.80 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 6.31 |
| Premature Death | $12,057.49$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.40 |

[^75]\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Premature Death \\
Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted)
\end{tabular}} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 85 \& Lewis \& 12057.49 \& 7769.75 \& 4287.74 \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 6,811.00 \& Scotland, NC \& 11011.11 \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75.} \& Wilcox, AL \& 14288.20 \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files} \& Year(s) \& 2010-2012 \& Noxubee, MS \& 9906.61 \\
\hline \& \multirow{16}{*}{} \& \multirow{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Poor or Fair Health \\
Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted)
\end{tabular}} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 91 \& Putnam \& 45.50\% \& 16.60\% \& 28.90\% \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 12.40\% \& Scotland, NC \& 27.60\% \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Improve the health of 29 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health.} \& Wilcox, AL \& 30.50\% \\
\hline - \& \& \& Source \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System} \& Year(s) \& 2006-2012 \& Noxubee, MS \& 22.60\% \\
\hline E \& \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Poor Physical Health Days* \\
Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted)
\end{tabular}} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \(\xrightarrow{3}\) \& \& \& 89 \& Chester \& 9.50 \& 3.40 \& 6.10 \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 3.70 \& Scotland, NC \& 3.70 \\
\hline  \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 7 days per month.} \& Wilcox, AL \& 4.10 \\
\hline 『8 \& \& \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{urce \(\quad\) Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System} \& Year(s) \& 2006-2012 \& Noxubee, MS \& 5.30 \\
\hline 凷 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Poor Mental Health } \\
\text { Days }
\end{gathered}
\]} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 60 \& Henderson \& 4.50 \& 2.80 \& 1.70 \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 3.50 \& Scotland, NC \& 4.30 \\
\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted)} \& \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month.} \& Wilcox, AL \& 3.60 \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& Beha \& ral Risk \& ctor Surveillance \& ystem \& Year(s) \& 2006-2012 \& Noxubee, MS \& 3.50 \\
\hline \& \& \multirow{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Low Birthweight \\
Percentage of live births with low birthweight ( \(<\) 2500 grams)
\end{tabular}} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 25 \& Lewis \& 8.23\% \& 7.29\% \& 0.94\% \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 8.10\% \& Scotland, NC \& 13.03\% \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births.} \& Wilcox, AL \& 13.40\% \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& National \& ter for \& Ith Statistics - \& lity files \& Year(s) \& 2006-2012 \& Noxubee, MS \& 12.73\% \\
\hline \multirow{12}{*}{} \& \multirow{12}{*}{} \& \multirow{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Adult Smoking \\
Percentage of adults who are current smokers
\end{tabular}} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 91 \& Knox \& 51.10\% \& 18.50\% \& 32.60\% \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 18.10\% \& Scotland, NC \& 24.80\% \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Get 64 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking.} \& Wilcox, AL \& 18.90\% \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& Beh \& al Risk \& ctor Surveillance \& tem \& Year(s) \& 2006-2012 \& Noxubee, MS \& 13.60\% \\
\hline \& \& \multirow{4}{*}{Adult Obesity
centage of adults} \& Rank \& 10th Ranked \& Value \& 10th Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 11 \& Hamilton \& 29.60\% \& 29.10\% \& 0.50\% \& \(\uparrow\) Bad \(\downarrow\) Good \& 28.00\% \& Scotland, NC \& 35.70\% \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{7}{|r|}{Get 2 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30.} \& Wilcox, AL \& 42.80\% \\
\hline \& \& \& Source \& \& CDC Diab \& es Interactive At \& \& Year(s) \& 2011 \& Noxubee, MS \& 43.10\% \\
\hline \& \& Food Environment \& Rank \& 1st Ranked \& Value \& 1st Ranked Value \& Difference \& Shift in Value \& US Average \& Peer County \& Peer Value \\
\hline \& \& \& 84 \& Williamson \& 6.40 \& 8.9 \& 2.5 \& \(\uparrow\) Good \(\downarrow\) Bad \& 7.60 \& Scotland, NC \& 4.60 \\
\hline \& \& Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) \& \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Increase the county's food index score by 2.5 .} \& Wilcox, AL \& 1.80

3.60 <br>
\hline \& \& \& Source \& USDA Food \& Environ \& ent Atlas, Map the \& Meal Gap \& Year(s) \& 2012 \& Noxubee, MS \& 3.60 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




SEQUATCHIE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 14,681 \\ 8.77 \% \\ 31.60 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.23 \% \\ 50.83 \% \\ \$ 46,460 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.44 \% \\ & 49.17 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 73.80 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |




| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Injury Deaths | Value |
| Unemployment | 81.78 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 277.30 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.63 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.90 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $31.60 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $10,061.20$ |
| Mammography Screening | $59.12 \%$ |
| Some College | $42.47 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 385.38 |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $52.63 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 65.75 |
| Social Associations | 6.24 |
| Low Birthweight | $10.57 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $54.10 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 5.08 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $16.43 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $4808: 1$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 6.20 |
| Adult Smoking | $29.90 \%$ |

[^76]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 50 | Lewis | 10061.20 | 7769.75 | 2291.45 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 70 | Putnam | 26.50\% | 16.60\% | 9.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
| $\stackrel{(1)}{ }$ |  |  | Source | Beha | ioral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
| E. |  | Poor Physical <br> Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{5}{5}$ |  |  | 75 | Chester | 6.20 | 3.40 | 2.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behav | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
| 思 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 47 | Henderson | 3.90 | 2.80 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 86 | Lewis | 10.57\% | 7.29\% | 3.28\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 4 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | nter for | lth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  | s.IO!̣лечә્Я ЧłГеәН | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 75 | Knox | 29.90\% | 18.50\% | 11.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 39 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 67 | Hamilton | 34.00\% | 29.10\% | 4.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 15 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | Ses Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Williamson | 8.00 | 8.9 | 0.9 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 0.9 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  | orst) to 10 (best) | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

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SEVIER COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 $E$ 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 93,570 \\ 8.71 \% \\ 31.49 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.41 \% \\ 50.92 \% \\ \$ 40,444 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.15 \% \\ & 49.08 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 56.65 \% \\ 86.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work | $77.24 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $82.37 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 52.96 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 2.90 |
| Income Inequality | 4.20 |
| Adult Obesity | $30.20 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $63.71 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.30 |
| Premature Death | $8,587.87$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $31.80 \%$ |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Poor Physical Health Days | Value |
| Poor or Fair Health | 2.50 |
| Mental Health Providers | $1871: 1$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 252.90 |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.26 \%$ |
| Some College | $48.01 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $27.60 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $8.71 \%$ |
| Dentists | $3227: 1$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $26.97 \%$ |

Physical Inactivity


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Uninsured | $22.08 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $86.00 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.68 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $28.40 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.63 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 55.32 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^77]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




SHELBY COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 939,465 \\ 9.65 \% \\ 51.16 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 25.66 \% \\ 52.32 \% \\ \$ 45,067 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.20 \% \\ & 47.68 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 2.76 \% \\ 75.80 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 12.83 |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $88.61 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $17.30 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.30 |
| Physical Inactivity | $27.90 \%$ |
| Dentists | $1545: 1$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $15.80 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $16.91 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1292: 1$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Premature Death | $9,165.27$ |
| Uninsured | $16.66 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $59.58 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $9.65 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | $1,052.90$ |
| Violent Crime | $1,235.83$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $21.55 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $75.80 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $51.16 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 5.60 |
| Low Birthweight | $11.19 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 5.34 |
| Adult Obesity | $35.00 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $83.95 \%$ |

[^78]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 33 | Lewis | 9165.27 | 7769.75 | 1395.52 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Hamilton, OH | 8093.56 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 8606.87 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | ter for | lth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 8665.76 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 8 | Rutherford | 15.80\% | 14.50\% | 1.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Hamilton, OH | 13.20\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 2 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 16.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 16.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 6 | Williamson | 3.30 | 2.00 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Hamilton, OH | 3.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 3.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | tor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 4.30 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked <br> Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 10 | Blount | 2.80 | 2.60 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Hamilton, OH | 3.70 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 3.80 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 3.80 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 91 | Lewis | 11.19\% | 7.29\% | 3.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Hamilton, OH | 10.08\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 4 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 9.46\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | alth Statistics | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 9.35\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 5 | Williamson | 17.30\% | 10.90\% | 6.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Hamilton, OH | 18.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 37 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 22.90\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 79 | Hamilton | 35.00\% | 29.10\% | 5.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Hamilton, OH | 28.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 17 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | S Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Jefferson, KY | 32.00\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 92 | Williamson | 5.60 | 8.9 | 3.3 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Hamilton, OH | 6.40 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 3.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 6.30 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Jefferson, KY | 6.90 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.

|  |  | Physical Inactivity <br> Percentage of adults aged <br> 20 and over reporting no <br> leisure-time physical activity | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 7 | Chester | 27.90\% | 25.90\% | 2.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 30.00\% | Hamilton, OH | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Get 8 out of every 100 currently physically inactive adults to exercise during leisure time. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 25.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Jefferson, KY | 25.80\% |
|  |  | Access to Exercise Opportunities <br> Percentage of population with adequate access to locations for physical activity | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 3 | Johnson | 88.61\% | 100.00\% | 11.39\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 77.00\% | Hamilton, OH | 95.05\% |
|  |  |  | Consider how to remove barriers to access exercise locations to reach an additional 11.39 percent of the county's population. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 93.69\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Business An | Delor | RI, \& US C | igerline Fil | Year(s) | 2010 \& 2013 | Jefferson, KY | 95.54\% |
|  |  |  | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 29 | Greene | 12.50\% | 3.30\% | 9.20\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 15.00\% | Hamilton, OH | 20.40\% |
|  | -边 |  | Get 74 out of every 100 adults in the county that currently drink to excess (binge and heavy drinkers) to stop drinking more than one (women) or two (men) drinks per day on average. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 15.60\% |
|  | © |  | Source | Behay | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 15.00\% |
|  | 喜 | Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | © |  | 8 | Hickman | 16.91\% | 15.38\% | 1.52\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 32.00\% | Hamilton, OH | 40.27\% |
|  |  | $\frac{\text { Percentage of driving }}{\text { deaths with alcohol }}$ involvement | Reduce the number of alcohol related driving deaths by 1.52 percent. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 33.45\% |
|  |  | Source | Fatality Analysis Reporting System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Jefferson, KY | 32.27\% |
|  |  | Number of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases per 100,000 population | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 95 | Scott | 1052.90 | 144.30 | 908.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 458.00 | Hamilton, OH | 819.90 |
|  |  | Consider ways to educate 9 out of every 10 persons self-reporting to be involved in any sexual contact to commit to using safe sex practices to prevent the infection of Chlamydia. | Duval, FL | 606.10 |
|  |  | Source National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, \& TB Prevention | Year(s) | 2012 | Jefferson, KY | 675.50 |
|  |  | Teen Births <br> Teen birth rate per 1,000 female population, ages $15-$ <br> 19 | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 71 | Putnam | 58.03 | 37.04 | 20.99 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 31.00 | Hamilton, OH | 41.26 |
|  |  | For every 100 teenage females (ages 15 to 19 years) in the county, consider ways to prevent 37 teen(s) from becoming pregnant. | Duval, FL | 45.52 |
|  |  | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Jefferson, KY | 45.86 |
|  | Clinical Care |  | Uninsured <br> Percentage of population under age 65 without health insurance | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  |  | 46 | Blount | 16.66\% | 14.64\% | 2.02\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.00\% | Hamilton, OH | 12.84\% |
|  |  |  |  | Get 13 out of every 100 currently uninsured adults ages 18-64 to obtain health insurance. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 19.31\% |
|  |  | Source |  |  | Area He | h Insurance Es |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Jefferson, KY | 15.53\% |
|  |  | Primary Care Physicians | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 8 | Knox | 1292:1 | 877:1 | 415 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,355.00 | Hamilton, OH | 995:1 |
|  |  | Ratio of population to primary care physicians | To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10 th ranking county, 345 primary care providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county's value is greater than 3,500 , this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 1189:1 |
|  |  |  | Source Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Jefferson, KY | 1104:1 |
|  |  | Dentists <br> Ratio of population to dentists | Rank | 5th Ranked | Value | 5th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 7 | Hamilton | 1545:1 | 1447:1 | 98 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,663.00 | Hamilton, OH | 1444:1 |
|  |  |  | To reach a population-to-provider ratio at or exceeding that of the 10th ranking county, 42 dental care providers would need to be recruited to the county. More importantly, if the county's value is greater than 5,000 , this county would be considered a Health Professional Shortage Area. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Duval, FL | 1436:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health | source Fil | /American Med | Association | Year(s) | 2013 | Jefferson, KY | 1067:1 |




SMITH COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 19,074 \\ 7.50 \% \\ 25.51 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.76 \% \\ 50.34 \% \\ \$ 43,689 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.05 \% \\ & 49.66 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 82.88 \% \\ 93.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Poor Physical Health Days | Value |
| Poor or Fair Health | 12.70 |
| Food Environment Index | 8.00 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $25.51 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 178.00 |
| Uninsured | $15.37 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $24.30 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $7.50 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.22 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $93.00 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $25.93 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,567.79$ |
| Teen Births | 49.53 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.11 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $33.20 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 94.97 |
| Dentists | $3815: 1$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



-     - TN Average
- US Average
$\longrightarrow \mathrm{HP} 2020$
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

[^79]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.30 \\ & 00 \\ & \text { E } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 13,362 \\ 9.66 \% \\ 35.10 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 21.77 \% \\ 49.83 \% \\ \$ 43,513 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18.44 \% \\ 50.17 \% \end{gathered}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 97.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| High School Graduation | $97.50 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $29.00 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $79.93 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 40.16 |
| Violent Crime | 259.59 |
| Some College | $52.71 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $15.87 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $26.60 \%$ |
|  |  |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Dentists | $3341: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $86.79 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $53.26 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $9.66 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.85 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 308.30 |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\because-\text { TN Average } & \quad \text { US Average } \\
=\text { HP } 2020 & \text { Top US Performers }
\end{array}
$$

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.72 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $13297: 1$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $59.00 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $49.15 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 5.11 |
| Injury Deaths | 116.21 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $29.60 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $16.68 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 7.00 |
| Mental Health Providers | $6681: 1$ |

[^80] 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




SULLIVAN COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 156,595 \\ 7.54 \% \\ 35.31 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 20.04 \% \\ 51.61 \% \\ \$ 40,385 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.03 \% \\ & 48.39 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 25.56 \% \\ 92.33 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Primary Care Physicians | $754: 1$ |
| Dentists | $1424: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $89.89 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.04 |
| Mammography Screening | $66.47 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $23.80 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $77.11 \%$ |
| Some College | $55.20 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $8.50 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $15.32 \%$ |

## Adult Obesity



| $\ldots$ TN Average | - •US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


-     -         - TN Average
- •US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 259.00 |
| Teen Births | 48.92 |
| Children in Poverty | $27.90 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $22.10 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.56 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.33 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $25.60 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 86.35 |
| Adult Obesity | $33.10 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.40 |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | Value |
| Driving Alone to Work | $3.89 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | $530.84 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.70 |
| Income Inequality | 4.93 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $35.31 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $35.00 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^81]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 27 | Lewis | 8977.55 | 7769.75 | 1207.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Mercer, PA | 7293.33 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 6633.54 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 6920.91 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 40 | Putnam | 22.10\% | 16.60\% | 5.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Mercer, PA | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 14.40\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 13.30\% |
| $\begin{gathered} E \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 58 | Chester | 5.40 | 3.40 | 2.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Mercer, PA | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.30 |
| $8$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 3.80 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 60 | Henderson | 4.50 | 2.80 | 1.70 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Mercer, PA | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.50 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 2.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 41 | Lewis | 8.56\% | 7.29\% | 1.27\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Mercer, PA | 8.11\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.53\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.50\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 46 | Knox | 25.60\% | 18.50\% | 7.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Mercer, PA | 22.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 28 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 22.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 27.50\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 55 | Hamilton | 33.10\% | 29.10\% | 4.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Mercer, PA | 32.10\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 13 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 30.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | In Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Dickinson, MI | 31.40\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 75 | Williamson | 6.70 | 8.9 | 2.2 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Mercer, PA | 7.70 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.2. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.60 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




SUMNER COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 168,888 \\ 6.52 \% \\ 27.93 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.45 \% \\ 51.18 \% \\ \$ 56,077 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.25 \% \\ & 48.82 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 27.88 \% \\ 91.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $24.80 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $13.63 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $6.52 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $15.70 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $7,235.91$ |
| Income Inequality | 3.89 |
| Some College | $62.89 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 67.55 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 3.60 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor or Fair Health | $20.50 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.83 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $61.40 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $26.53 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 85.88 |
| High School Graduation | $91.00 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 310.60 |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.21 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $44.10 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 9.09 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^82]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$






Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by
Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor
residents by 1 days per month.
Eau Claire, WI 3.10


Health Outcomes
Percentage of adults health (age-adjusted)

| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Year(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked <br> Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |  |
| 31 | Henderson | 3.40 | 2.80 | 0.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Dubuque, IA | 1.90 |  |


| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Average number of } \\ \text { mentally unhealthy davs }\end{array}$ |
| :--- |

reported in past 30 days
Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month.

| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Fond du Lac, W. | 2.80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 18 | Lewis | 7.89\% | 7.29\% | 0.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Dubuque, IA | 5.93\% |
| Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Eau Claire, WI | 5.76\% |
| Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Natality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Fond du Lac, W. | 6.82\% |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 14 | Knox | 20.00\% | 18.50\% | 1.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Dubuque, IA | 10.00\% |
| Get 8 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Eau Claire, WI | 16.80\% |
| Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Fond du Lac, W. | 18.40\% |
| Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 12 | Hamilton | 29.70\% | 29.10\% | 0.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Dubuque, IA | 28.60\% |
| Get 3 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Eau Claire, WI | 31.20\% |
| Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Fond du Lac, W. | 29.30\% |
| Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| 13 | Williamson | 7.80 | 8.9 | 1.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Dubuque, IA | 8.00 |
| Increase the county's food index score by 1.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Eau Claire, WI | 7.60 |
| Source | USDA Food Environment Atlas, Map the Meal Gap |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Fond du Lac, W. | 8.50 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 61,586 \\ 10.00 \% \\ 32.68 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 25.97 \% \\ 50.60 \% \\ \$ 53,183 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.55 \% \\ & 49.40 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 55.13 \% \\ 95.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Uninsured | $14.16 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $95.00 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $21.90 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.16 |
| Premature Death | $7,909.28$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.00 |
| Injury Deaths | 71.13 |
| Some College | $55.01 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 70.64 |
| Excessive Drinking | $11.00 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Income Inequality | 4.41 |
| Mental Health Providers | $2053: 1$ |
| Dentists | $3241: 1$ |
| Adult Smoking | $25.30 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.80 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.02 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $32.90 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $14.06 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $24.10 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.84 \%$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $54.90 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 552.81 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 453.80 |
| Drinking Water Violations | $3.11 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $84.29 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $3248: 1$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^83]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 13 | Lewis | 7909.28 | 7769.75 | 139.53 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Johnson, TX | 7585.02 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 7428.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7915.00 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 53 | Putnam | 24.10\% | 16.60\% | 7.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Johnson, TX | 21.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 8 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 18.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.60\% |
| $\underset{8}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 29 | Chester | 4.40 | 3.40 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Johnson, TX | 5.10 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 4.20 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 4.20 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Henderson | 3.00 | 2.80 | 0.20 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Johnson, TX | 4.10 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Ris | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Lewis | 8.84\% | 7.29\% | 1.55\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Johnson, TX | 7.67\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 7.55\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Nationa | ter for | ealth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 8.78\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10th Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 43 | Knox | 25.30\% | 18.50\% | 6.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Johnson, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 27 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 23.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | San Patricio, TX | 19.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 52 | Hamilton | 32.90\% | 29.10\% | 3.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Johnson, TX | 32.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 12 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 30.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | San Patricio, TX | 28.80\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Williamson | 7.00 | 8.9 | 1.9 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Johnson, TX | 7.10 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.9. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hardin, KY | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | San Patricio, TX | 7.10 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




TROUSDALE COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 7,828 \\ 8.69 \% \\ 28.35 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.03 \% \\ 50.68 \% \\ \$ 41,286 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.32 \% \\ & 49.32 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 97.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $97.50 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 8.10 |
| Income Inequality | 4.30 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.35 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Unemployment | Value |
| Children in Poverty | $28.69 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 50.12 |
| Uninsured | $16.91 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $29.41 \%$ |
| Some College | $43.60 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2598: 1$ |
| Adult Obesity | $33.80 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.49 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 359.20 |

## Physical Inactivity




| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $7.43 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $33.87 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $11.58 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $81.63 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $56.30 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $37.30 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 130.56 |
| Social Associations | 6.41 |
| Premature Death | $11,969.87$ |
| Dentists | $7828: 1$ |

[^84]

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 18,082 \\ 8.92 \% \\ 23.92 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.53 \% \\ 50.85 \% \\ \$ 36,568 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21.25 \% \\ & 49.15 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 44.67 \% \\ 97.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $100.00 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $97.50 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 17.55 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $23.92 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 166.60 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $10.29 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.09 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 142.60 |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $22.22 \%$ |

## Adult Obesity



| $\ldots$ TN Average | - •US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

Physical Inactivity


-     - TN Average - . US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Injury Deaths | 83.07 |
| Unemployment | $8.92 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $16.53 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.00 |
| Children in Poverty | $28.90 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.76 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.67 |
| Dentists | $3616: 1$ |
| Some College | $42.14 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $10,604.39$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Diabetic Monitoring | Value |
| Physical Inactivity | $31.95 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | $37.00 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | 56.117 .29 |
| Mental Health Providers | $4521: 1$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $25.70 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^85]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 63 | Lewis | 10604.39 | 7769.75 | 2834.64 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Mercer, PA | 7293.33 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 6633.54 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 6920.91 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 64 | Putnam | 25.70\% | 16.60\% | 9.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Mercer, PA | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 14.40\% |
| $\stackrel{(1)}{ }$ |  |  | Source | Beha | ioral Risk | actor Surveillan | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 13.30\% |
| E. |  | Poor Physical <br> Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{5}{5}$ |  |  | 47 | Chester | 5.00 | 3.40 | 1.60 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Mercer, PA | 3.60 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.30 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behav | ioral Risk F | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 3.80 |
| 思 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 63 | Henderson | 4.60 | 2.80 | 1.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Mercer, PA | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 3.50 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | ral Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 2.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 49 | Lewis | 8.76\% | 7.29\% | 1.48\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Mercer, PA | 8.11\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.53\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | nter for | alth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.50\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 26 | Knox | 23.40\% | 18.50\% | 4.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Mercer, PA | 22.90\% |
|  |  |  | Get 21 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 22.30\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk F | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Dickinson, MI | 27.50\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 20 | Hamilton | 30.40\% | 29.10\% | 1.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Mercer, PA | 32.10\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 5 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 30.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Dickinson, MI | 31.40\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Mercer, PA | 7.70 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lycoming, PA | 7.40 |
|  |  | orst) to 10 (best) | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Dickinson, MI | 7.60 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 19,102 \\ 8.27 \% \\ 33.82 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.21 \% \\ 50.45 \% \\ \$ 35,255 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.93 \% \\ & 49.55 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 81.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.90 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.24 |
| Violent Crime | 275.33 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 76.70 |
| Mental Health Providers | $1469: 1$ |
| Unemployment | $8.27 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $23.80 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $23.81 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $87.50 \%$ |

Adult Obesity


## Good

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
- \text { TN Average } & \quad \text { •US Average } \\
\text { HP } 2020 & \quad \text { Top US Performers }
\end{array}
$$



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $61.30 \%$ |
| Some College | $31.93 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $11.17 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 5.23 |
| High School Graduation | $81.00 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $31.63 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $35.60 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $15.88 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $11,407.84$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $36.40 \%$ |

[^86]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 79 | Lewis | 11407.84 | 7769.75 | 3638.09 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  | djusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Putnam | NA | 16.60\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{\ddot{U}}$ |  |  | Source | Beh | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
| $0$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Chester | NA | 3.40 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
| 島 |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 90 | Lewis | 11.17\% | 7.29\% | 3.88\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Percentage of live births }}{\text { with low birthweight (< }} \\ & \frac{2500 \text { grams) }}{} \end{aligned}$ | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 4 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 30 | Knox | 23.80\% | 18.50\% | 5.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | 32.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 23 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Hamilton | 33.00\% | 29.10\% | 3.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of aduls that | Get 12 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 33.20\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 11 | Williamson | 7.90 | 8.9 | 1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ment Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 |


|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 79 | Lewis | 11407.84 | 7769.75 | 3638.09 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Starke, IN | 11782.75 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 9875.49 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 11354.39 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Putnam | NA | 16.60\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Starke, IN | 20.40\% |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 26.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.80\% |
| $0$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Chester | NA | 3.40 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Starke, IN | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 4.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.80 |
| 雨 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Henderson | NA | 2.80 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Starke, IN | 4.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 5.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 4.60 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 90 | Lewis | 11.17\% | 7.29\% | 3.88\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Starke, IN | 7.39\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 4 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 8.59\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 10.36\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 30 | Knox | 23.80\% | 18.50\% | 5.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Starke, IN | 32.60\% |
|  |  |  | Get 23 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 27.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Prentiss, MS | 24.10\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Hamilton | 33.00\% | 29.10\% | 3.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Starke, IN | 34.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of aduls that | Get 12 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | $33.20 \%$ |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Prentiss, MS | 30.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 11 | Williamson | 7.90 | 8.9 | 1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Starke, IN | 7.50 |
|  |  | Index of factors thatcontribute to a healthyfood environment, 0(worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Itawamba, MS | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map the | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Prentiss, MS | 6.90 | 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




VAN BUREN COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 5,583 \\ 11.97 \% \\ 28.67 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.49 \% \\ 50.56 \% \\ \$ 37,393 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.29 \% \\ & 49.44 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 86.40 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $90.48 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 88.80 |
| Income Inequality | 3.88 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.50 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $19.40 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $28.67 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Violent Crime | 299.87 |
| Physical Inactivity | $32.50 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.60 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.70 |
| Injury Deaths | 90.12 |
| Teen Births | 50.17 |
| Children in Poverty | $29.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $13.80 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.30 |
| Uninsured | $17.14 \%$ |

Uninsured
$17.14 \%$

| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Premature Death | Value |
| Mammography Screening | $14,364.56$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $48.68 \%$ |
| Some College | $24.03 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $32.39 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $39.40 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $50.00 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $11.97 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $86.98 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | $31.85 \%$ |

[^87]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 93 | Lewis | 14364.56 | 7769.75 | 6594.81 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 6808.55 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 8744.77 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 8910.97 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Putnam | 19.40\% | 16.60\% | 2.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Cheboygan, MI | 13.50\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 3 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 12.70\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 16.40\% |
| $\underset{8}{8}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{3}{5}$ |  |  | 41 | Chester | 4.70 | 3.40 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.70 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 2.80 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 4.10 |
| $\underset{\sim}{ \pm}$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 54 | Henderson | 4.30 | 2.80 | 1.50 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Cheboygan, MI | 3.20 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 3.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Ris | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 3.90 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 63 | Lewis | 9.07\% | 7.29\% | 1.78\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 5.78\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 8.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Nation | nter for | ealth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 6.25\% |
| Health Factors |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who <br> are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 89 | Knox | 39.40\% | 18.50\% | 20.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Cheboygan, MI | 22.20\% |
|  |  |  | Get 54 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | NA |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 21.70\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 36 | Hamilton | 31.60\% | 29.10\% | 2.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 33.30\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 8 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 30.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Piscataquis, ME | 30.90\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 24 | Williamson | 7.50 | 8.9 | 1.4 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Cheboygan, MI | 7.30 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 7.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.

|  |  | Physical Inactivity <br> Percentage of adults aged <br> 20 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 33 | Wilson | 32.50\% | 28.50\% | 4.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 30.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 26.20\% |
|  |  |  | Get 13 out of every 100 currently physically inactive adults to exercise during leisure time. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 25.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Piscataquis, ME | 25.30\% |
|  |  | Access to Exercise Opportunities <br> Percentage of population with adequate access to locations for physical activity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 80 | Loudon | 31.85\% | 78.50\% | 46.65\% | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 77.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 80.27\% |
|  |  |  | Consider how to remove barriers to access exercise locations to reach an additional 46.65 percent of the county's population. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 100.00\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Business Anal | t, Delorme | ESRI, \& US Cen | Tigerline Files | Year(s) | 2010 \& 2013 | Piscataquis, ME | 51.86\% |
|  |  |  | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Greene | NA | 3.30\% | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 15.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 24.70\% |
|  | $\cdot \frac{0}{8}$ |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | NA |
|  | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 15.40\% |
|  | $\underset{J}{I}$ | Alcohol-Impaired | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | © |  | 89 | McNairy | 50.00\% | 18.75\% | 31.25\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 32.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 50.00\% |
|  |  | Percentage of driving deaths with alcohol | Reduce the number of alcohol related driving deaths by 31.25 percent. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 16.67\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Fatality Analysis Reporting System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2009-2013 | Piscataquis, ME | 38.46\% |
|  |  | Sexually Transmitted | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Infections | 3 | Moore | 88.80 | 78.90 | 9.90 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 458.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 158.70 |
|  |  | Number of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases | Consider ways to educate 2 out of every 10 persons self-reporting to be involved in any sexual contact to commit to using safe sex practices to prevent the infection of Chlamydia. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 196.40 |
|  |  |  | Source National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, \& TB Prevention |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 214.00 |
|  |  | Teen Births | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 47 | Putnam | 50.17 | 37.04 | 13.13 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 31.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 31.58 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Teen birth rate per } 1,000 \\ \text { female population, ages } 15 \end{array}$ | For every | 00 teenage fem | les (ages | 5 to 19 years) from becomin | he county, co regnant. | sider ways to p | $\text { ent } 27 \text { teen(s) }$ | Rabun, GA | 43.66 |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 28.52 |
|  |  | Uninsured | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 56 | Blount | 17.14\% | 14.64\% | 2.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.00\% | Cheboygan, MI | 16.82\% |
|  |  | Percentage of population under are 65 without | Get 15 out of every 100 currently uninsured adults ages 18-64 to obtain health insurance. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 27.82\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | Area He | h Insurance Es | ates | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 14.20\% |
|  |  | Primary Care | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Anderson | NA | 1397:1 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,355.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 1615:1 |
|  |  | Ratio of population to | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 1811:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health | esource Fi | /American Med | 1 Association | Year(s) | 2012 | Piscataquis, ME | 1081:1 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dentists } \\ \frac{\text { Ratio of population to }}{\text { dentists }} \end{gathered}$ | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | NA | Maury | NA | 1675:1 | NA | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 1,663.00 | Cheboygan, MI | 2144:1 |
|  |  |  | No information available |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rabun, GA | 2706:1 |
|  |  |  | Source | Area Health | esource Fi | /American Med | 1 Association | Year(s) | 2013 | Piscataquis, ME | 3425:1 |




WARREN COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 39,965 \\ 9.20 \% \\ 33.83 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 23.85 \% \\ 50.60 \% \\ \$ 36,327 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.42 \% \\ & 49.40 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 61.38 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.96 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $20.90 \%$ |
| Physical Inactivity | $30.70 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $26.90 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $82.20 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | $63.64 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $69.94 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $12.43 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1897: 1$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $1537: 1$ |

## Adult Obesity



```
Good
```

| $—$ TN Average | - US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity



-     - TN Average
- US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP 2020
$\longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Dentists | $2664: 1$ |
| Food Environment Index | 7.40 |
| Social Associations | 11.80 |
| Low Birthweight | $8.55 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |
| Income Inequality | 4.50 |
| Violent Crime | 335.01 |
| Adult Obesity | $32.20 \%$ |
| Unemployment | $9.20 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $29.00 \%$ |


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Uninsured | $19.81 \%$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $14.01 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $44.00 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 62.11 |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 5.80 |
| Poor or Fair Health | $26.50 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 4.90 |
| Some College | $38.86 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 404.10 |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 104.67 |

[^88]| utcomes |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 51 | Lewis | 10068.36 | 7769.75 | 2298.61 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Guernsey, OH | 8186.66 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 7617.48 |
|  |  | justed) | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | rtality files | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 9705.35 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 70 | Putnam | 26.50\% | 16.60\% | 9.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Guernsey, OH | 15.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 10 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 20.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 27.90\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 72 | Chester | 5.80 | 3.40 | 2.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Guernsey, OH | 4.20 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 5.00 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk F | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.10 |
|  |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 70 | Henderson | 4.90 | 2.80 | 2.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Guernsey, OH | 4.40 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 3.60 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | ioral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 6.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 39 | Lewis | 8.55\% | 7.29\% | 1.26\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 8.32\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the $n$ | mber of | birth weight | ies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Randolph, IN | 8.35\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 10.89\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 17 | Knox | 20.90\% | 18.50\% | 2.40\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Guernsey, OH | 29.70\% |
|  |  |  | Get 12 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 23.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk F | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Lawrence, OH | 26.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 47 | Hamilton | 32.20\% | 29.10\% | 3.10\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Guernsey, OH | 36.40\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 10 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 32.80\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Lawrence, OH | 36.30\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 34 | Williamson | 7.40 | 8.9 | 1.5 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Guernsey, OH | 7.20 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 1.5. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Randolph, IN | 6.90 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Lawrence, OH | 7.30 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




WASHINGTON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 125,546 \\ 7.26 \% \\ 31.17 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.79 \% \\ 51.11 \% \\ \$ 41,542 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.40 \% \\ & 48.89 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 26.42 \% \\ 93.17 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Primary Care Physicians | $596: 1$ |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | $345: 1$ |
| Teen Births | 33.13 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $21.70 \%$ |
| Some College | $65.96 \%$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.07 |
| Excessive Drinking | $6.70 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.73 \%$ |
| Injury Deaths | 70.50 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.50 |
| Adult Smoking | $24.10 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.45 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $16.52 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 82.13 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.80 |
| Food Environment Index | 7.30 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $31.17 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $31.48 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 414.82 |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Income Inequality | 5.11 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $86.69 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $15.35 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^89]TN $\begin{gathered}\text { Department of } \\ \text { Health }\end{gathered}$

|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 21 | Lewis | 8402.77 | 7769.75 | 633.02 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Penobscot, ME | 6821.47 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marion, WV | 7448.83 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Genesee, NY | 6561.49 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 20 | Putnam | 18.50\% | 16.60\% | 1.90\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Penobscot, ME | 14.40\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 2 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marion, WV | 17.60\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{U}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Genesee, NY | 12.00\% |
| $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 0 \\ e \end{gathered}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{y}$ |  |  | 33 | Chester | 4.50 | 3.40 | 1.10 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Penobscot, ME | 4.00 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marion, WV | 4.60 |
| F |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Genesee, NY | 4.00 |
| $\underset{\sim}{4}$ |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Henderson | 3.80 | 2.80 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Penobscot, ME | 3.80 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marion, WV | 3.40 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | al Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Genesee, NY | 4.20 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 34 | Lewis | 8.45\% | 7.29\% | 1.16\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Penobscot, ME | 6.68\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | mber of | w birth weight | abies by 2 for | ery 100 live bi |  | Marion, WV | 9.01\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter fo | alth Statistics | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Genesee, NY | 6.07\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 33 | Knox | 24.10\% | 18.50\% | 5.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Penobscot, ME | 20.20\% |
|  |  |  | Get 24 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marion, WV | 21.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Genesee, NY | 18.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 28 | Hamilton | 30.90\% | 29.10\% | 1.80\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Penobscot, ME | 31.70\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 6 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marion, WV | 32.60\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Genesee, NY | 29.20\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 42 | Williamson | 7.30 | 8.9 | 1.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Penobscot, ME | 6.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 | Increase the county's food index score by 1.6. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Marion, WV | 7.60 |
|  |  | orst) to 10 (best) | Source | USDA Foo | Environ | nent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Genesee, NY | 8.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 16,939 \\ 11.47 \% \\ 26.57 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 18.26 \% \\ 44.87 \% \\ \$ 33,318 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ & \text { \% Males: } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.79 \% \\ & 55.13 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \% \\ 92.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Severe Housing Problems | $9.28 \%$ |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 135.30 |
| Violent Crime | 183.28 |
| Low Birthweight | $7.31 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 37.24 |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $26.57 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $22.80 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $9,022.59$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.50 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $32.90 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $22.20 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.80 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2428: 1$ |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 13.69 |
| Injury Deaths | 94.10 |
| Physical Inactivity | $34.30 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $33.70 \%$ |
|  |  |

Physical Inactivity


|  | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad 40 \%$


| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Dentists | Value |
| Some College | $16939: 1$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $32.71 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | $82.52 \%$ |
| Mental Health Providers | 136.26 |
| Unemployment | $16939: 1$ |
| Social Associations | $11.47 \%$ |
| Mammography Screening | 7.65 |
| Income Inequality | $53.49 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 4.94 |

[^90]

| Length of Life | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 28 | Lewis | 9022.59 | 7769.75 | 1252.84 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Avery, NC | 7146.02 |
|  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 9843.27 |
|  | adjusted) | Source National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Hyde, NC | 9709.83 |
|  | Poor or Fair Health | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  | Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | 41 | Putnam | 22.20\% | 16.60\% | 5.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Avery, NC | 21.60\% |
|  |  | Improve the health of 6 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 25.50\% |
|  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  | Poor Physical <br> Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 67 | Chester | 5.70 | 3.40 | 2.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Avery, NC | 4.30 |
|  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 3 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 5.40 |
|  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 2.00 |
|  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 42 | Henderson | 3.80 | 2.80 | 1.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Avery, NC | 2.70 |
|  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | NA |
|  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillance | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 11 | Lewis | 7.31\% | 7.29\% | 0.02\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Avery, NC | 7.61\% |
|  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 8.65\% |
|  |  | Source | National | nter for | ealth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | 8.95\% |
|  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 25 | Knox | 22.80\% | 18.50\% | 4.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Avery, NC | 24.50\% |
|  |  | Get 19 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 20.20\% |
|  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Hyde, NC | NA |
|  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 61 | Hamilton | 33.70\% | 29.10\% | 4.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Avery, NC | 25.70\% |
|  | Percentage of adults that | Get 14 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 30.80\% |
|  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Hyde, NC | 29.70\% |
|  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | 69 | Williamson | 6.80 | 8.9 | 2.1 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Avery, NC | 7.50 |
|  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 2.1. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tyler, TX | 4.40 |
|  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Hyde, NC | 4.10 | 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 34,450 \\ 11.56 \% \\ 35.48 \% \end{array}$ | $\text { < } 18 \text { YOA: }$ <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 19.53 \% \\ 51.18 \% \\ \$ 34,809 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.51 \% \\ & 48.82 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 67.01 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 27.98 |
| Social Associations | 17.24 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $24.60 \%$ |
| Excessive Drinking | $7.50 \%$ |
| Some College | $55.68 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $15.59 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $88.25 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $30.40 \%$ |
| Primary Care Physicians | $1582: 1$ |



| MiddleThird |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Mammography Screening | $62.06 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.50 |
| Premature Death | $9,272.92$ |
| Low Birthweight | $8.53 \%$ |
| Violent Crime | 319.05 |
| Physical Inactivity | $33.70 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $25.40 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $23.00 \%$ |
| Dentists | $3445: 1$ |



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Income Inequality | Value |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 5.55 |
| Unemployment | $11.56 \%$ |
| Access to Exercise Opportunities | $34.62 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 6.70 |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.16 |
| Severe Housing Problems | $15.22 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $35.48 \%$ |
| Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | $34.29 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $85.85 \%$ |

[^91] 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 26,244 \\ 11.23 \% \\ 24.90 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 22.19 \% \\ 50.96 \% \\ \$ 34,320 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.80 \% \\ & 49.04 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 78.17 \% \\ 94.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $89.19 \%$ |
| Children in Single-Parent Households | $24.90 \%$ |
| Low Birthweight | $7.35 \%$ |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $26.60 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $94.00 \%$ |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 3.20 |
| Income Inequality | 4.33 |
| Driving Alone to Work | $82.81 \%$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.10 \%$ |
|  |  |

## Adult Obesity



Good

| $-\infty$ TN Average | •US Average |
| :--- | :--- |
| HP 2020 | Top US Performers |

## Physical Inactivity



Good

-     - TN Average - US Average
$\longrightarrow$ HP $2020 \longrightarrow$ Top US Performers

[^92]|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 81 | Lewis | 11526.11 | 7769.75 | 3756.36 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | usted) | Source $\quad$ National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 50 | Putnam | 23.30\% | 16.60\% | 6.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 7 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | or Surveilla | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
|  |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 45 | Chester | 4.80 | 3.40 | 1.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beh | al Risk | tor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
|  |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Henderson | 3.20 | 2.80 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk | actor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 12 | Lewis | 7.35\% | 7.29\% | 0.06\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | ter for | ealth Statistics - | lity files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  | Health Behaviors | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 73 | Knox | 29.20\% | 18.50\% | 10.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 37 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | al Risk | actor Surveillanc | tem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 30 | Hamilton | 31.10\% | 29.10\% | 2.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 7 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | es Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Williamson | 7.00 | 8.9 | 1.9 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that <br> contribute to a healthy <br> $\frac{\text { food environment, } 0}{\text { (worst) to } 10 \text { (best) }}$ ( | Increase the county's food index score by 1.9 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 |


|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 81 | Lewis | 11526.11 | 7769.75 | 3756.36 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Tyler, WV | 9696.90 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8472.77 |
|  |  | adjusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8715.41 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | 50 | Putnam | 23.30\% | 16.60\% | 6.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Tyler, WV | 15.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 7 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 17.10\% |
| 0 |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 17.60\% |
| $0$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 45 | Chester | 4.80 | 3.40 | 1.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Tyler, WV | NA |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 4.40 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.80 |
| 王 |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 25 | Henderson | 3.20 | 2.80 | 0.40 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Tyler, WV | 3.00 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 6.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 3.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 12 | Lewis | 7.35\% | 7.29\% | 0.06\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Tyler, WV | 8.43\% |
|  |  | Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 1 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 7.09\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 8.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 73 | Knox | 29.20\% | 18.50\% | 10.70\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Tyler, WV | 29.40\% |
|  |  |  | Get 37 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk | actor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Harrison, OH | 34.20\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 30 | Hamilton | 31.10\% | 29.10\% | 2.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Tyler, WV | 35.90\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 7 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 27.50\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | CDC Diab | es Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Harrison, OH | 28.50\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 62 | Williamson | 7.00 | 8.9 | 1.9 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Tyler, WV | 7.90 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | Increase the county's food index score by 1.9 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | White, GA | 8.10 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Harrison, OH | 7.70 | 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




WILLIAMSON COUNTY: Overview 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 198,901 \\ 5.59 \% \\ 15.25 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 28.32 \% \\ 51.25 \% \\ \$ 93,241 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.16 \% \\ & 48.75 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 19.39 \% \\ 92.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Premature Death | $3,862.24$ |
| Poor or Fair Health | $6.90 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 2.00 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | 1.90 |
| Adult Smoking | $10.90 \%$ |
| Food Environment Index | 8.90 |
| Physical Inactivity | $23.20 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 11.62 |
| Uninsured | $8.17 \%$ |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | 46.67 |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Excessive Drinking | $13.90 \%$ |
| High School Graduation | $92.00 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Physical Inactivity



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.52 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $41.30 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^93]
## TN <br> Department of

WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE 2015 Drive Your County to the Top Ten

|  |  | Premature Death | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | Williamson | 3862.24 | 3862.24 | 0.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Wright, MN | 4248.39 |
|  |  | Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age- | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 4353.69 |
|  |  | djusted) | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Ascension, LA | 7054.15 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 1 | Williamson | 6.90\% | 6.90\% | 0.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Wright, MN | 9.40\% |
|  |  |  | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 10.00\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Ascension, LA | 17.80\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & E \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 1st Ranked } \\ \text { Value } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{5}$ |  |  | 1 | Williamson | 2.00 | 2.00 | 0.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Wright, MN | 2.80 |
|  |  |  | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 3.00 |
| $8$ |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Ascension, LA | 3.60 |
| $\underset{\sim}{\sim}$ |  | Poor Mental Health Days | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 1 | Williamson | 1.90 | 1.90 | 0.00 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Wright, MN | 2.10 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 2.50 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | ctor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Ascension, LA | 3.20 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 3 | Houston | 6.85\% | 5.83\% | 1.02\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Wright, MN | 5.87\% |
|  |  |  | Reduce the number of low birth weight babies by 2 for every 100 live births. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 6.53\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for H | alth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Ascension, LA | 8.75\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 1 | Williamson | 10.90\% | 10.90\% | 0.00\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Wright, MN | 16.00\% |
|  |  |  | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 16.70\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Beha | oral Risk F | tor Surveillanc | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Ascension, LA | 19.40\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 2 | Cumberland | 27.00\% | 26.50\% | 0.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Wright, MN | 27.50\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 2 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 28.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diabe | S Interactive A |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Ascension, LA | 33.20\% |
|  |  | Food Environment Index | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 1 | Williamson | 8.90 | 8.9 | 0 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Wright, MN | 9.30 |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | No action required. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sarpy, NE | 8.20 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Fo | Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Ascension, LA | 7.70 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




| 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Population: <br> Unemployment: <br> Single parent households: | $\begin{array}{r} 121,945 \\ 6.53 \% \\ 26.51 \% \end{array}$ | <18 YOA: <br> \% Females: <br> MHI: | $\begin{gathered} 24.36 \% \\ 51.03 \% \\ \$ 59,655 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 65+ YOA: } \\ \text { \% Males: } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.06 \% \\ & 48.97 \% \end{aligned}$ | \% Rural: <br> Graduation Rate: | $\begin{array}{r} 38.47 \% \\ 96.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Top Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Drinking Water Violations | $0.00 \%$ |
| Uninsured | $12.87 \%$ |
| Children in Poverty | $15.00 \%$ |
| Premature Death | $6,824.31$ |
| Food Environment Index | 8.30 |
| Injury Deaths | 60.45 |
| Unemployment | $6.53 \%$ |
| Teen Births | 33.66 |
| High School Graduation | $96.00 \%$ |
| Some College | $63.29 \%$ |



| Middle Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure |  |
| Preventable Hosiptial Stays | Value |
| Mental Health Providers | 79.19 |
| Poor Mental Health Days | $3.676: 1$ |
| Adult Obesity | $31.70 \%$ |
| Poor Physical Health Days | 4.70 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | 271.50 |
| Mammography Screening | $60.09 \%$ |
| Social Associations | 10.93 |
| Violent Crime | 388.64 |
| Primary Care Physicians | $2832: 1$ |

## Physical Inactivity



| Bottom Third |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Measure | Value |
| Air Pollution - Particulate Matter | 14.25 |
| Long Commute - Driving Alone | $46.30 \%$ |
| Driving Alone to Work | $86.21 \%$ |
| Adult Smoking | $29.00 \%$ |
| Diabetic Monitoring | $84.52 \%$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

[^94]|  |  | Premature Death <br> Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (ageadjusted) | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Ranked } \\ & \text { Value } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 3 | Williamson | 6824.31 | 3862.24 | 2962.07 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 6,811.00 | Le Sueur, MN | 4243.33 |
|  |  |  | For every 100 people in the county, 1 people in the county need to live one year closer to age 75. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 4859.84 |
|  |  |  | Source | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2010-2012 | Benton, IA | 4886.45 |
|  |  | Poor or Fair Health <br> Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 14 | Putnam | 16.90\% | 16.60\% | 0.30\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 12.40\% | Le Sueur, MN | 12.80\% |
|  |  |  | Improve the health of 1 out of every 100 people in the county who, in general, report being in poor or fair health. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 11.20\% |
| $\underset{\sim}{0}$ |  |  | Source | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System |  |  |  | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 12.40\% |
| E |  | Poor Physical Health Days* <br> Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
| $\underset{y}{\underset{y}{2}}$ |  |  | 41 | Chester | 4.70 | 3.40 | 1.30 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.70 | Le Sueur, MN | 3.30 |
|  |  |  | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 2 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 3.60 |
| 8 |  |  | Source | Beh | ral Risk | ctor Surveillan | ystem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 2.50 |
| $\underset{\text { 足 }}{ }$ |  | Poor Mental HealthDays | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 37 | Henderson | 3.60 | 2.80 | 0.80 | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 3.50 | Le Sueur, MN | 1.70 |
|  |  | Average number of mentally unhealthy davs reported in past 30 days | Engage people in the county on ways to reduce number of poor physical health days reported by residents by 1 days per month. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 3.30 |
|  |  | (age-adjusted) | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillance | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 2.10 |
|  |  | Low Birthweight <br> Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2500 grams) | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 21 | Lewis | 8.05\% | 7.29\% | 0.76\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 8.10\% | Le Sueur, MN | 5.28\% |
|  |  |  |  | Reduce the n | umber of | birth weight | bies by 1 for | ery 100 live bir |  | Clinton, MI | 6.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source | National | enter for | ealth Statistics - | tality files | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 6.38\% |
|  |  | Adult Smoking <br> Percentage of adults who are current smokers | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 72 | Knox | 29.00\% | 18.50\% | 10.50\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 18.10\% | Le Sueur, MN | 13.10\% |
|  |  |  | Get 37 out of every 100 current adult smokers in the county to quit smoking. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 16.40\% |
|  |  |  | Source | Behav | oral Risk | ctor Surveillanc | stem | Year(s) | 2006-2012 | Benton, IA | 22.30\% |
|  |  | Adult Obesity | Rank | 10th Ranked | Value | 10th Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  |  | 40 | Hamilton | 31.70\% | 29.10\% | 2.60\% | $\uparrow$ Bad $\downarrow$ Good | 28.00\% | Le Sueur, MN | 29.80\% |
|  |  | Percentage of adults that | Get 9 out of every 100 current obese adults in the county to reduce their BMI below 30. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 34.90\% |
|  |  |  | Source |  | DC Diab | Ses Interactive At |  | Year(s) | 2011 | Benton, IA | 30.00\% |
|  |  | Food Environment | Rank | 1st Ranked | Value | 1st Ranked Value | Difference | Shift in Value | US Average | Peer County | Peer Value |
|  |  | Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst) to 10 (best) | 3 | Williamson | 8.30 | 8.9 | 0.6 | $\uparrow$ Good $\downarrow$ Bad | 7.60 | Le Sueur, MN | 9.10 |
|  |  |  | Increase the county's food index score by 0.6 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | Clinton, MI | 8.50 |
|  |  |  | Source | USDA Food | d Environ | ent Atlas, Map | Meal Gap | Year(s) | 2012 | Benton, IA | 8.50 |

Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. April 2015. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001. The full report can be accessed at: http://health.tn.gov/statistics/specialprojects.htm. All data is from the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute and Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's, 2015 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Difference statements represent the absolute value using the following formula: ["Value" - "10th Ranked Value"]. The action statements are based on the assumption that no new additional cases occur. All rankings and action statements presented in this report must be interpreted with caution due to various limitations of each measurement. Further information with regards to the strengths and limitations of each measurement may be found by clicking the hyperlink found in the description of each measurement.




## SOURCES OF DATA

The Tennessee Department of Health (TDH) would like to acknowledge and express gratitude for the data collection efforts of the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute (UWPHI) and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's (RWJF) County Health Rankings and Roadmaps. The County Health Rankings and Roadmaps serves to build upon the work of America's Health Rankings and the rankings done within the states of Kansas, New Mexico, Tennessee, and Wisconsin. Tennessee's Drive Your County to the Top Ten report continues this synergy of building upon previous assessments by providing individual rankings and custom action statements for each of the thirty four health measures.

The County Health Rankings and Roadmaps data is representative of both single year values, averaged measures, and multi-year values. There are 34 health measures represented in RWJF \& UWPHI's county health rankings data set. Of the 34 health measures presented, 21 health measures have values representative of multiple years of data. Although, each year, new county health rankings are released, the data presented often does not reflect the current year data for the year of the report's release. As a result, for any given health measure, the same multi-year data value may end up being used across more than one annual release of the County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report. Multiple years of data are often combined to provide a sufficient sample size. The oldest multi-year data value used in the 2014 County Health Rankings and Roadmaps report comes from 2006-2012 data; conversely, the most current data available reflects fiscal year 2013-2014. RWJF \& UWPHI's County Health Rankings and Roadmaps strategy is to use the lowest common denominator data available so that source and years of datasets used to rank the counties' health measures are common across all states.

To maintain consistency and preserve the integrity of the data, the Tennessee's 2015 county health ranking data the aforementioned RWJF \& UWPHI data sets are used rather than more current data available at the state level. Thus, the same assumptions and limitations apply.

## K-MEANS CLUSTERING MODEL

Each Tennessee county is assigned three comparative counties from around the United States. The selection of comparative counties was conducted using the K-Means clustering model using the FASTCLUS Procedure in SAS. Clustering was based on the following ten county-level demographics:

- Population size
- Unemployment
- Single Parent Households
- Percentage Children (<18)
- Percent Females (Sex Ratio)
- Percent Males (Sex Ratio)
- Median Household Income
- Percent Elderly (65+)
- Percent Rural
- Graduation Rate

Non-Tennessee comparative counties were selected for each Tennessee county based on the similarity of the county-level demographics.

## RANKING METHODOLOGY

For each of the thirty four health measures, the raw data was obtained using Tennessee's 2015 county health ranking data provided by RWJF \& UWPHI. This data was both collected from variety of data resources and age adjusted as appropriate by RWJF \& UWPHI, and will henceforth be referred to as the "health measure value."

To construct Tennessee's Drive Your County to the Top Ten report, the health measure value and corresponding "standardized score" provided by RWJF \& UWPHI's county health ranking data was used for our comparative analysis.

$$
\text { STANDARDIZED (Z-score) VALUE }=\frac{\text { COUNTY VALUE - STATE MEAN VALUE }}{\text { STANDARD DEVIATION OF ALL COUNTY VALUES IN THE STATE }}
$$

In the above equation, the health measure value is represented as the "county value." The "mean value" is the average value of all the health measure values for Tennessee's 95 counties. The "standard deviation" of all county values in the state describes the amount of variation from the mean value exists. For each health measure value, the calculated Z-score conveys the number of standard deviations that a county's value is above or below the average value for all counties in Tennessee. This provides each health measure with a score relative to the mean:

- If County A's health measure value is the same as the state mean value (the average health measure value across all 95 counties), then County A's $z$-score would equal " 0 " because there is no variation in the value for County $A$ versus the statewide mean (average) value.
- If County A's health measure value is higher than the state mean value, then County A's z-score would be a positive value, because County A's value is higher than the statewide mean value.
- If County A's health measure value is lower than the state mean value, then County A's z-score would be a negative value, because County A's value is lower than the statewide mean value.

Z-score values for each of the county's thirty-four health measures were rounded to two decimal places, and then ranked. The county's actual value for each health measure was also rounded to two decimal places.

## ADDRESSING TIES AMONG THE RANKING

For each health measure, the counties were then ranked from first to last ranking using each county's zscore value. In the event of a tie between county z-scores, they received the same rank. For example, if Anderson and Scott counties had the z-score of -1.30 , they would receive the same rank. When two or more counties tie, the next rank assigned would "skip" as appropriate. For example, if Anderson and Scott counties were tied for $5^{\text {th }}$, there would be no assignment of $6^{\text {th }}$, but rather the next county based on the z-score would be $7^{\text {th }}$. A second example would be for "Low Birthweight," if Chester, Bledsoe, and Jackson counties were to tie for $10^{\text {th }}$, then the next assigned rank for a county would be $13^{\text {th }}$.

The following logic applies for the target for improvement relative to the county's ranking for each health measure:

- For the counties that were ranked tenth through sixth, the fifth ranked county was provided for comparison
- In the event that there was not a fifth ranked county for those counties ranked tenth through sixth, the first ranked county was provide for comparison
- For the counties that were ranked fifth through first, the first ranked county was provided for comparison
- In the event that there was not a county ranked tenth or fifth for a health measure, the first ranked county was provided for comparison
- In the event that the respective county was ranked first, the respective county's action statement reads "no action required" to indicate that no change is necessary in order to receive a higher rank within the state


## COUNTY VALUES REPRESENTED WITH "NA"

For any health measures where RWJF \& UWPHI did not record a value due to insufficient data or incomplete data, "NA" was inserted for the county's health measure value and no z-score was provided for that specific health measure. In the event that a county receives an "NA" for its rank because data for that health measure was not captured, three areas were deliberately left blank using a "black square." Those three areas that are "blacked out" are:

- respective county's health measure value
- respective county's difference cell
- respective county's action statement


## UNDERSTANDING THE Z-SCORE

For the majority (28 out of 34) of health measures, the lower a county's z-score is (the lower the negative value), then the better that the county is performing with respect to that health measure. For these health measures, to have a health measure value that is at or exceeds the state average is actually a negative outcome; the goal would be to have a $z$-score that is lower than the state mean value (z-score = 0.00). An example would be the health measure of "Adult Smoking"; to have a positive $z$-score would be a negative outcome because it means that the county's adult smoking rate is higher than the state average adult smoking rate and having higher smoking rates would be considered a negative outcome.

## USE OF REVERSE CODING

For certain health measures ( 6 out of 34 health measures), the higher a county's $z$-score is (the higher the positive value), then the better that the county's performance would be with respect to that health measure. An example would be the health measure of "Access to Exercise Opportunities"; without reverse coding, for a county to have a negative z-score would be a negative health outcome because it means that the county's percentage of population that has access to exercise facilities is actually lower than the state average percentage of population that has access to exercise facilities. Increased access to exercise facilities is considered to be a positive health outcome. Therefore, to preserve consistency and
to avoid confusion within the rankings of the $z$-scores for the counties, the aforementioned six health measures were reverse coded (multiplying the $z$-score value by -1 ) so that for the $z$-scores corresponding to all thirty-four health measures, the lower a county's z-score is (the lower the negative value), then the better that the county is performing with respect to that health measure.

The six health measures that were reverse coded are:

- Food environment index
- Access to exercise opportunities
- Diabetic screening
- Mammography
- High school graduation
- Some college (post-secondary education)

RWJF \& UWPHI did note that "for counties with a population of 20,000 or less, any z-score that is either greater than 3.0 or less than -3.0 is truncated to either 3.0 or -3.0 respectively."

## THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE ACTION STATEMENTS

Tennessee's respective county health ranking tables include an action statement for each health measure. The statements provided are standardized language that employs the difference between the $10^{\text {th }}$ ranked county's value subtracted by the respective county's value. In the calculation to estimate the actual amount of change necessary to reach the top ten (or also in the summary pages to reach from $95^{\text {th }}$ to $1^{\text {st }}$ ), the action statement value is rounded to two decimal places where if the decimal was 0.0 to 0.4 the value is rounded down; if the value was 0.5 to 0.9 , the value was rounded up. As a reminder, close attention must be paid to the description of the measure. Some measures are presented as rates per 100,000, per 1,000, and some presented as percentages (per 100). For several of the action statements, we applied conversions to convey the rates in a more meaningful manner for the general reader.

Most of the action statements use absolute values to convey the difference between the county's respective value and the target of the $10^{\text {th }}$ ranked county. However, the action statements for certain health measures are constructed using relative percentages rather than absolute percentages. The health measures that utilize relative percentages are those in which a subgroup is being evaluated out of the total group, which include the following health measures:

- Adult Smoking
- Adult Obesity
- Physical Inactivity
- Excessive Drinking
- Sexually Transmitted Infections
- Uninsured
- Children in Poverty
- Social Associations
- Children Living in

Single-Parent
Households

- Severe Housing Problems
- Driving Alone to Work
- Long-Commute Driving Alone to Work

For example in the health measure "Percent of the workforce that drives alone to work," the subgroup is the workforce that drives alone which is a part of the larger group of workforce that drives to work. To determine what has to happen in order to reach top ten health status for health measures using relative percentages, the difference between the respective county's value and the $10^{\text {th }}$ ranked county's value must be divided by the respective county's value in order to determine the change necessary to impact
the subgroup. In this scenario, if $13.36 \%$ of Pickett County's drivers currently drive alone to work, then 15 out of every 100 persons (15\%) that currently drive alone to work must carpool or take mass transportation. The aforementioned $15 \%$ was calculate by dividing the value in Pickett County's difference column (13.36\%) for this health measure by Pickett County's respective value (90.27\%) and multiplying by 100.

## DRIVE YOUR COUNTY TO THE TOP TEN REPORT: NO USE OF WEIGHTING SYSTEM

There is no weight assigned within Tennessee's health ranking of each of the thirty-four health measures. Any "weighting" reflects the RWJF \& UWPHI weight assignments using their County Health Rankings model.

For our purposes, each health measure stands alone and should be evaluated individually. In all health measure cases, there was not always a $95^{\text {th }}$ ranking county due to some counties having NA values. In those scenarios, the lowest ranking county and its corresponding value was provided in the table. In the case of multiple ties, the counties that tied for the rank and value were provided. In one scenario, involving many counties tied for a certain rank, the specific counties were not named due to the volume of county names to provide. The major goal of Tennessee's Drive Your County to the Top Ten rankings is to raise awareness about how health varies from place to place across the state and to demonstrate for each county, regardless of their RWJF overall ranking, where they share success and have opportunities for improvement.

## 2015 Measures \& Data Sources

|  | Measure | Data Source | Years of Data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HEALTH OUTCOMES |  |  |  |
| Length of Life | Premature death | National Center for Health Statistics - Mortality files | 2010-2012 |
| Quality of Life | Poor or fair health | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System | 2006-2012 |
|  | Poor physical health days | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System | 2006-2012 |
|  | Poor mental health days | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System | 2006-2012 |
|  | Low birthweight | National Center for Health Statistics - Natality files | 2006-2012 |
| HEALTH FACTORS |  |  |  |
| HEALTH BEHAVIORS |  |  |  |
| Tobacco Use | Adult smoking | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System | 2006-2012 |
| Diet and Exercise | Adult obesity | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas | 2011 |
|  | Food environment index | USDA Food Environment Atlas, Map the Meal Gap | 2012 |
|  | Physical inactivity | CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas | 2011 |
|  | Access to exercise opportunities | Business Analyst, Delorme map data, ESRI, \& US Census Tigerline Files | 2010 \& 2013 |
| Alcohol and Drug Use | Excessive drinking | Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System | 2006-2012 |
|  | Alcohol-impaired driving deaths | Fatality Analysis Reporting System | 2009-2013 |
| Sexual Activity | Sexually transmitted infections | National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB prevention | 2012 |
|  | Teen births | National Center for Health Statistics - Natality files | 2006-2012 |
| CLINICAL CARE |  |  |  |
| Access to Care | Uninsured | Small Area Health Insurance Estimates | 2012 |
|  | Primary care physicians | Area Health Resource File/American Medical Association | 2012 |
|  | Dentists | Area Health Resource File/National Provider Identification file | 2013 |
|  | Mental health providers | CMS, National Provider Identification file | 2014 |
| Quality of Care | Preventable hospital stays | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care | 2012 |
|  | Diabetic monitoring | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care | 2012 |
|  | Mammography screening | Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care | 2012 |
| SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC FACTORS |  |  |  |
| Education | High school graduation | data.gov, supplemented w/ National Center for Education Statistics | 2011-2012 |
|  | Some college | American Community Survey | 2009-2013 |
| Employment | Unemployment | Bureau of Labor Statistics | 2013 |
| Income | Children in poverty | Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates | 2013 |
|  | Income inequality | American Community Survey | 2009-2013 |
| Family and Social Support | Children in single-parent households | American Community Survey | 2009-2013 |
|  | Social associations | County Business Patterns | 2012 |
| Community Safety | Violent crime | Uniform Crime Reporting - FBI | 2010-2012 |
|  | Injury deaths | CDC WONDER mortality data | 2008-2012 |
| PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT |  |  |  |
| Air and Water Quality | Air pollution - particulate matter ${ }^{1}$ | CDC WONDER environmental data | 2011 |
|  | Drinking water violations | Safe Drinking Water Information System | FY 2013-14 |
| Housing and Transit | Severe housing problems | Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data | 2007-2011 |
|  | Driving alone to work | American Community Survey | 2009-2013 |
|  | Long commute - driving alone | American Community Survey | 2009-2013 |

[^95]Support
provided by

Robert Wood Johnson Foundation


[^0]:    YOA: Years of Age. MHI: Median Household Income. HP 2020: Healthy People 2020 Goal. Adult Smoking: Percentage of adults who are current smokers. Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System; 2006-2012. Adult Obesity: Percentage of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more. Source: CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas; 2011. Physical Inactivity: Percentage of adults aged 20 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity. Source: CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas; 2011. Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001.

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[^12]:    YOA: Years of Age. MHI: Median Household Income. HP 2020: Healthy People 2020 Goal. Adult Smoking: Percentage of adults who are current smokers. Source: Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System; 2006-2012. Adult Obesity: Percentage of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more. Source: CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas; 2011. Physical Inactivity: Percentage of adults aged 20 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity. Source: CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas; 2011. Prepared by the Division of Policy, Planning and Assessment, Office of Performance Management, Tennessee Department of Health. Nashville, TN. opm.health@tn.gov or 615-741-5001.

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