Stigma

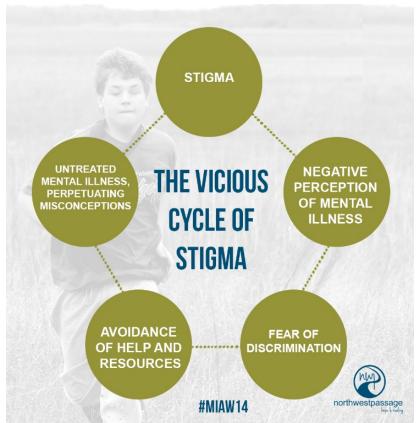
What is Stigma?

A system of **attitudes**, **beliefs**, **behaviors**, and **structures** held by a person or persons, that result in **prejudice**, **discrimination**, and **stereotyping** for individuals in a marginalized group

Stigma marks an individual or a group with *disgrace*, *dishonor*, and *discredit*

(Ending discrimination against people with mental and substance use disorders: the evidence for stigma)

Studies show that **substance use**disorder is one of the
MOST stigmatized conditions and individuals face high levels of social



Northwest Passage. (2014). The vicious cycle of stigma.

Stigma is present at multiple levels

Individuals who experience substance use are more likely to:

SYSTEMIC

SELF

Have negative selfperceptions and identity formation, low selfesteem, and low selfefficacy

Have feelings of shame and fear around social and legal consequences

Have reduced access to health care, housing, and employment

Receive suboptimal treatment and have less time spent with them from medical providers

To not seek treatment, drop out of treatment early, and report feelings of fear around disclosing their condition

SOCIAL

Face negative implicit bias and stereotyping from society

They may be viewed as immoral and lacking self-control

Be viewed as manipulative, violent, unpredictable and poorly motivated by medical providers

(Livingston, Milne, Fang, & Amari, 2012)





Reduce Stigma through Language

Terms to Avoid Why **Preferred Terminology** These terms are demeaning because they label Person with a Addict, Abuser, a person soley by his/her illness or behavior substance Junkie, User and imply a permanency to the condition use disorder These words associate symptoms Clean or Negative, positive, abstinent, (i.e. positive drug tests) with judgement substance-free, actively using Dirty statements about cleanliness. These terms deny the medical nature of the Habit or condition and imply that resolution of the Substance use disorder, problem is simply a matter of willpower in regular substance use **Drug Habit** being able to stop the habitual behavior These words imply that treatment Opioid Replacement Medication-assisted medications are equal to street or Methadone reatment, medicationdrugs and suggests a lateral move Maintenance assisted recovery from illegal to legal addiction

Barnstable County Human Services. (2016) *The words we use matter:* reducing stigma through language.

Additional Resources

Faces and Voices of Recovery http://facesandvoicesofrecovery.org/

The Recovery Research Institute https://www.recoveryanswers.org/

SAMHSA

https://www.samhsa.gov/

TN Treatment & Recovery Services https://www.tn.gov/behavioral-health/topic/treatment-recovery

Strategies to Reduce Stigma

1. Change the language around substance use

- Use person centered speech
- "Substance abuser" or "addict" becomes "person with a substance use disorder"
- The word "abuser" has strong negative connotations and associations with punishment
- Change in terminology reflects the medical condition rather than personal failing and/or choice

2. Increased exposure to individuals in recovery- "putting a face on addiction"

- Demonstrates negative attributes are not specific to or representative of people who use substances
- Increases comfort between different groups
- Decreases feelings of "us" vs. "them"
- Humanizes those with substance use problems

3. Increase education around substance use, treatment, and recovery

Dispels myths, provides factual information and resources

4. Decrease punitive measures while increasing support and treatment resources

 Individuals are more likely to disclose substance use to medical providers, and receive care, if they do not fear legal recourse

References

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