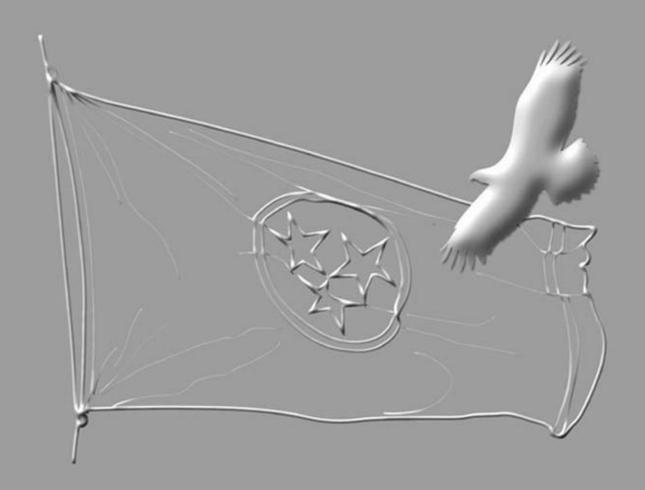
# ENNESSEE



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2002

### Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

DON SUNDQUIST, Governor



DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT
JOHN G. MORGAN, Comptroller of the Treasury
Division of State Audit
ARTHUR A. HAYES, JR., Director

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION
C. WARREN NEEL, Ph.D., Commissioner
Division of Accounts
JAN I. SYLVIS, Chief of Accounts

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Letters of Transmittal	I
Organization Chart	VI
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	VII
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Auditor's Report	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	22
Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	24
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets -	20
Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	32
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets -Fiduciary Funds	33
Index for the Notes	34
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual-Major Governmental Funds	84
Reconciliation of Budget to GAAP - Note to RSI	86
Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach	87
Supplementary Information	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - by Fund Type	90
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds - by Fund Type	91
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	94
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	98
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – All Nonmajor Budgeted	102
Special Revenue Funds	102

		Page
Permanent Funds: Combining Balance Sheet - Permanent Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		118
Permanent Funds		119
General Fund Supplementary Schedules:		
Comparative Schedules of Revenues by Source - General Fund Comparative Schedules of Expenditures by Function and Department - General Fund		122 123
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds: Combining Statement of Net Assets - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		126
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets -		
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		128 130
Internal Service Funds:		
Combining Statement of Net Assets - Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets -		134
Internal Service Funds		136
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds		138
Fiduciary Funds: Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Pension and Other Employee		
Benefit Trust Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Pension and Other		142
Employee Benefit Trust Funds		143
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Private-Purpose Trust Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Private-Purpose Trust Funds		144 145
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Frivate-Furpose Trust Funds  Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds		143
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds		147
Component Units:		
Combining Statement of Net Assets - Component Units		150
Combining Statement of Activities - Component Units Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		154
Governmental Fund Type Component Units		156
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Fund Type Component Units		158
Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Type Component Units		160
	<u>Schedule</u>	Page
Supplementary Schedules		
Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - General Obligation Bonds	1 2	166
Summary of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity Schedule of Outstanding Debt - All Fund Types	3	167 168
Schedule of General Obligation Commercial Paper	3	100
Outstanding-By Purpose - All Fund Types	4	168
Schedule of Outstanding Debt - Component Units	5	169

	<u>Table</u>	Page
STATISTICAL AND ECONOMIC DATA		
Revenues by Source and Transfers In - All Governmental Fund Types	I	171
Expenditures by Function and Transfers Out - All Governmental Fund Types	II	171
Tax Revenues by Source - All Governmental Fund Types	III	172
Description of Tax Sources - All Governmental Fund Types		173
Ratio of Net General Long-Term Debt to Assessed Value and Net Debt Per Capita	IV	174
Computation of Legal Debt Service Margin	V	174
Ratio of Annual Debt Service for General Long-Term Debt to Total Expenditures - All		
Governmental Fund Types	VI	175
Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage - Component Units - Tennessee Housing Development		
Agency and College and University Funds	VII	175
Schedule of Fees/Charges, Legislative Appropriations and Debt Service - Component		
Units - College and University Funds	VIII	176
Student Fees and Charges - For Institutions with Tennessee State School Bond		
Authority Debt - Component Units - College and University Funds	IX	179
Principal Amount of Debt Outstanding by Institution - Component Units -		
College and University Funds	X	179
Economic Characteristics		181
Index to Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Disclosures		187

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





## STATE OF TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION STATE CAPITOL NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0285

C. WARREN NEEL, Ph.D. COMMISSIONER

January 17, 2003

The Honorable Don Sundquist Governor of the State of Tennessee

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of Tennessee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the State. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the State. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the State's financial activities are included.

In developing and modifying the State's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that evaluations occur within the above framework. I believe that the State's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The State of Tennessee was admitted to the union in 1796, as the sixteenth state. Tennessee has 41,219 square miles and a population estimated to be 5.8 million. The State has three branches of government, the Executive, Legislative and Judicial. The Executive branch is headed by the Governor, who appoints commissioners to lead the various departments. The Legislative branch is bicameral, with 99 members of the House of Representatives and 33 Senators. The Representatives serve two-year terms. The Senators serve four-year terms, with about one half being elected every two years. The Judicial branch rules on the constitutionality of laws enacted by the Legislature and the legality of administrative policies and regulations of the Executive branch.

The financial reporting entity of the State includes all the funds of the primary government as well as all its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The government provides a full range of services including education, health and social services, transportation, law, correction, safety, resources and regulation, and business and economic development.

In addition to internal controls, the State maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annually appropriated budget approved by the Legislature. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds (except the Supreme Court Boards, Fraud and Economic Crime, Community Development and the Dairy Promotion Board, accounted for as special revenue funds) and debt service fund are included in the annually appropriated budget. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders which result in an overrun of available balances are not released until budget revisions are approved or additional appropriations are made. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance at June 30, 2002.

State statutes require an annual audit of all financial statements of the State. The accompanying financial statements have been examined by the Office of the Comptroller of the Treasury, Division of State Audit. Their examination was conducted in accordance with government auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and their opinion appears elsewhere herein.

In conjunction with this examination, the Division of State Audit conducted an organization-wide audit as described in the Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended, and Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. The audit included tests of compliance with applicable federal laws and regulations, as well as, a study and evaluation of internal controls, including internal accounting and administrative controls used in administering federal financial assistance programs. The results of this single audit are published under separate cover by the Division of State Audit.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

**Local economy**. The State's economic diversity has improved substantially over the last several years. Investments announced in new and expanding manufacturing businesses exceeded \$1 billion every year since 1983, and exceeded \$3 billion in the last four years. Announced manufacturing capital investments in 2001 were \$4.04 billion. This growth has created 15,804 new jobs in this year alone, and has had a positive effect on employment and the State's economy. Additionally, investments in headquarters, distribution and selected services grew to \$2.0 billion in 2001 and created 12,813 new jobs. For June 2002, the state unemployment rate of 5.2% was under the national average of 6.0%. The financial impact of these events is presented later in this letter. Based on current projections, the State's overall growth is expected to exceed the national average over the next several years. While having a positive impact, this growth also presents significant challenges for the State. If the present level of services is to be maintained and an ambitious program for major improvements in the educational system is to continue to be implemented, the State must continue to conservatively manage its financial resources.

The impressive U.S. economic expansion of the 1990's has ended with the U.S. in a recessionary period. As evidence, the real (inflation-adjusted) gross domestic product increased only .3 percent during the calendar year 2001 and increased 1.3 percent during the second quarter of 2002. Inflation concerns have given way to concerns about a recession; accordingly, the Federal Reserve has sharply reduced interest rates in recent months.

Tennessee's state government will take appropriate steps to ensure that the State is able to successfully manage its finances in the future.

**Financial planning.** The Administration produced a budget to fund the daily operations of State government along with some improvements for education, higher education, rate increases in TennCare, increases for homeland security, child care rate increases and improvements in foster care and adoption services. The budget was presented with a revenue proposal that raised the revenue required to achieve a balanced budget. However, the Administration was very open and willing to work with the Legislature on any other way to raise the necessary funding. The Legislature intensely debated the various revenue proposals, ultimately passing an increase in existing taxes in July 2002. Until the adoption of a complete budget, a significant portion of State employees was furloughed but called back into work on July 5, 2002. As a result, the State's credit rating remained stable at AA since there was no further use of non-recurring revenues to balance the budget.

The Administration continued its strategic planning process to close its term with very few changes from the strategic direction previously adopted. One of the Administration's goals is excellence in education. The Gateway testing program continues, as well as the State's accountability program to identify low performing schools. The Department of Education has identified 98 low-performing schools following the criteria associated with the federal program, "No Child Left Behind." Since that determination was made, the department has assigned an exemplary educator (retired teacher or principal) to each of the schools and by fiscal year-end, 36 of the low-performing schools had made adequate progress.

State government continues to improve its accessibility of services to citizens through the use of its portal. The following portal applications have been initiated: health license renewal, felony offender information lookup, Uniform Commercial Code data base search, registered trademark search, electronic filing of Hall Income Tax, child support payment summary, Tennessee corporation search, Tennessee business name search, and subscriber services for vehicle title and registration and moving violation records. The continued success of the State's portal, TennesseeAnytime, has been recognized on a national level. Brown University rated the portal number one in the nation because of its design and organization.

Another use of technology that improves the effectiveness of government is the development of a financial data warehouse. The Department of Finance and Administration developed a financial data warehouse to improve the reporting and analysis of the State's financial information. Revenue and expenditure information has been loaded and is being successfully summarized and retrieved via the web-based system. The project is beginning its third phase of development by adding more financial information to the warehouse. Subsequent phases will add more data that managers need to make informed decisions.

Due to events of September 11, 2001, the Governor has established an Office of Homeland Security. Despite the State's budget problems, the Governor has provided more than \$8 million in additional resources for the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce and Insurance, General Services, Health, Safety, and Veteran's Affairs. These additional resources will assist these agencies by providing additional equipment and training and in increasing lab-testing capabilities and security.

**Pension and other post-employment benefits**. The State sponsors a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. Biennially, an independent actuary engaged by the State calculates the contribution rate that the State must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the State fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary. As a result of the State's conservative funding policy, as of July 1, 2001, the present value of the projected benefits earned by employees is funded at 99.6%.

The State also provides post-retirement health benefits for employees and retirees. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, there was an average of 4,915 retired employees receiving these benefits, which were financed on a pay-as-you-go-basis. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) do not require governments to report a liability in the financial statements in connection with an employer's obligation to provide these benefits.

Additional information on the State's pension arrangement and post-employment benefits can be found in Notes 6E and G in the notes to the financial statements.

Cash Management. The State Treasurer has pursued an aggressive cash management and investment program. One aspect of this, which we believe is unique to Tennessee, is our direct access into the Federal Reserve wire system. Through the State Trust of Tennessee, wire services in the federal system are available via a terminal located in the State's investment offices. This provides the State flexibility in investing and concentrating cash balances, pension fund assets, and in redeeming warrants and checks issued against the Treasury. During fiscal year 2002, uncommitted State funds were invested in short-term collateralized deposits as follows (averaged): certificates of deposit (29%); repurchase agreements (2%); commercial paper (28%); U.S. Treasuries (40%); and money market accounts (1%). The composite average yield on these investments was 2.67%, down from 5.94% last year.

**Risk Management**. In 1989, the State initiated a loss prevention program. A loss prevention specialist has been employed to assist the State in analyzing the underlying cause of losses and in recommending measures to minimize the reoccurrence of similar losses. The State purchases commercial insurance for real property, flood, earthquake and builder's risk losses. The insurance policy deductibles vary from \$1 million to \$5 million by type of risk coverage. A fund balance designation of \$5 million for deductibles and \$1.356 million for incurred losses has been established in the General Fund.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

Securities and Exchange Commission Disclosures. The State Funding Board, the Tennessee State School Bond Authority, and the Tennessee Local Development Authority have each entered into Continuing Disclosure Undertakings with respect to certain debt issues. These Undertakings were made for the benefit of the holders of the debt pursuant to U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12. The issuers have covenanted to provide certain annual financial information, including audited financial statements, as well as, certain additional financial and operating data. With the exceptions of information related to Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System and of certain local government financial information related to the Tennessee Local Development Authority provided to the Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repositories (NRMSIRs) under separate cover, financial and operating data required pursuant to the Undertakings is located in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The reader should use the index located at the end of this report to identify the specific page where the information is presented.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Tennessee for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2001. This is the twenty-third consecutive year that the State has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System has received this award for fourteen consecutive years for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

**Acknowledgments**. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedication of the entire staff of the Division of Accounts in the Department of Finance and Administration. This report could not have been prepared without the cooperation of all state agencies and branches.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ C. Warren Neel

C. Warren Neel, Ph.D., Commissioner Department of Finance and Administration

CWN/jmc



#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY

STATE CAPITOL NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0260 (615) 741-2501

John G. Morgan Comptroller

January 17, 2003

To the Members of the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee and
The Honorable Don Sundquist, Governor of the State of Tennessee

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In accordance with Section 4-3-304, Tennessee Code Annotated, transmitted herewith is the auditor's report on the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of Tennessee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

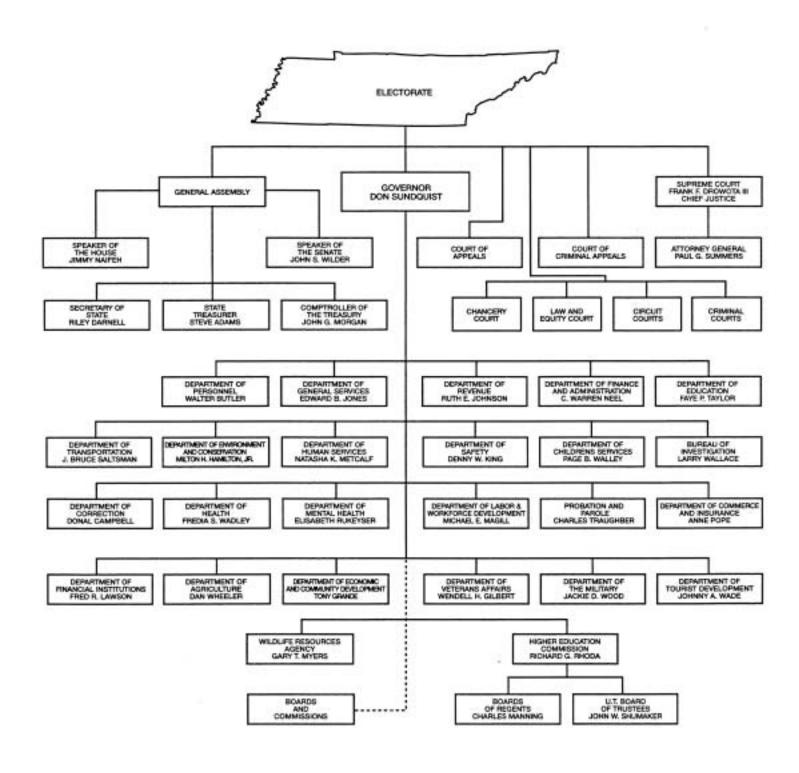
Respectfully,

/s/ John G. Morgan

John G. Morgan Comptroller of the Treasury

JGM/jmc

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE ORGANIZATION CHART As of June 30, 2002



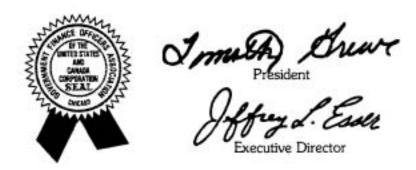
# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### State of Tennessee

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.





# FINANCIAL SECTION



# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

SUITE 1500

JAMES K. POLK STATE OFFICE BUILDING
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0264
PHONE (615) 401-7897
FAX (615) 532-2765

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

January 17, 2003

The Honorable John G. Morgan Comptroller of the Treasury State Capitol Nashville, Tennessee 37243

Dear Mr. Morgan:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Tennessee as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the State of Tennessee's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Tennessee as of June 30, 2002, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Honorable John G. Morgan January 17, 2003 Page 2

As discussed in Note 4 to the basic financial statements, the State of Tennessee adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions; 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments; 35, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for Public Colleges and Universities-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34; 36, Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues, 37, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments: Omnibus-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and No. 34; and 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. This resulted in changes to the format and content of the financial statements.

The management's discussion and analysis, infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach, and the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Tennessee's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical and economic data are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical and economic data have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue our report dated January 17, 2003, on our consideration of the State of Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants in the *Tennessee Single Audit Report*. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of the audit.

Sincerely,

/s/ Arthur A. Hayes, Jr.

Arthur A. Hayes, Jr., CPA, Director Division of State Audit

AAH/jmc



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our management discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the State of Tennessee's (the State's) financial performance provides an overview of the State's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2002. Please read it as a narrative introduction to the financial statements that follow. The information included here should be considered along with the transmittal letter which can be found on pages I-IV of this report. MD&A includes a description of the basic financial statements for government, condensed financial information along with analyses of balances and financial position, descriptions of significant asset and debt activity, discussions of budgetary matters and significant issues affecting financial position.

Because fiscal year ending June 30, 2002, is the first year in which the State implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, this discussion and analysis does not reflect many comparisons with the previous year. Future financial reports will provide more analyses of the current year's financial data compared with the prior year.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### • Government-wide:

Net Assets - The assets of the State exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2002, by \$20.1 billion (reported as net assets). Of this amount, \$100.7 million may be used to meet the State's obligations not funded by restricted net assets. However, \$18.1 billion of this amount represents *invested in capital assets, net of related debt*, which cannot be used to fund ongoing activities of the government.

Changes in Net Assets - The State's net assets increased by \$710.7 million. Most of this increase results from the State's decision to utilize the modified approach for reporting infrastructure capital assets. Because of this decision, the State capitalized infrastructure expenditures of \$1.257 billion and did not record depreciation expense. Other capital assets are depreciated.

Component units - Component units reported net assets of \$3.1 billion, an increase of \$98.5 million.

#### • Fund Level:

At June 30, 2002, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.5 billion, a decrease of \$558 million (see discussion on page 10) in comparison to the prior year. Of the combined fund balance approximately \$196 million is available for spending at management's discretion (unreserved fund balance), however \$178 million of this amount is designated for revenue fluctuations.

#### • Long-Term Debt:

The State's total debt decreased \$57.2 million during the fiscal year to \$1.26 billion. This reduction is due to the tight budget situation faced by the State, in which capital projects have not been authorized in the legislative process.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 17 and 18-19) provide information about the activities of the State as a whole (government-wide statements) and present a longer-term view of the State's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 22. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the State's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the State's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the State acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### Reporting the State as a Whole

#### The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the State as a whole begins on page 7. One of the most important questions asked about the State's finances is, "Is the State as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the State as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report financial information about the entire government except fiduciary activities. The statements distinguish between the primary government and its component units, and also distinguish between governmental activities and business-type activities of the primary government. The Statement of Net Assets displays all the State's financial and capital resources in the format of assets minus liabilities equal net assets. The Statement of Activities reports the State's operations by function to arrive at net revenue (expense). The statement reports what type revenue (either program revenue or tax revenue) funds the government operations. The State functions that are identified on this statement correspond to the functions used for budgetary purposes:

- Governmental activities—general government; education; health and social services; law, justice and public safety; recreation and resource development; regulation of business and professions; transportation; state shared taxes paid to local governments; and interest on long-term debt.
- Business-type activities—employment security, insurance programs, loan programs and other.
- Component units—significant component units include the Tennessee Board of Regents, the University of Tennessee and the Tennessee Housing Development Agency. Although these and other smaller entities are legally separate, these "component units" are important because the State is financially accountable for them.

#### Reporting the State's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund financial statements

Our analysis of the State's major funds begins on page 10. The fund financial statements begin on page 22 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the State as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the State establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like capital projects) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The State's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending. The *modified accrual basis of accounting* is used for these funds, which means that we measure cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. These statements provide a short-term view of the State's basic general government operations. One can determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future. The governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are reconciled to the governmental funds in the fund financial statements in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds report the government services that charge service fees to its customers. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (serving citizens) and internal service funds (serving state agencies). The enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail; whereas the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities.

**Notes to the financial statements.** Notes to the financial statements are also included and provide necessary information to understand the financial statements. They are an integral part of the financial statements and focus on the primary government and its activities. Some information is provided for significant component units.

#### The State as Trustee

#### Reporting the State's Fiduciary Responsibility

Fiduciary funds are used to report resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the State cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Instead, the State is responsible for using the fiduciary assets for the fiduciary fund's intended purposes.

#### THE STATE AS A WHOLE

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the State, combined assets exceeded liabilities by \$20.095 billion as of June 30, 2002.

By far the largest portion of the State's net assets (90%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, structures and improvements, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the State's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### State of Tennessee Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2,916,564 18,644,336	\$ 1,350,984	\$ 4,267,548 <u>18,644,336</u>
Total Assets	21,560,900	1,350,984	22,911,884
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	1,114,414 1,621,111 2,735,525	67,445 14,000 81,445	1,181,859 1,635,111 2,816,970
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,089,294		18,089,294
Restricted net assets	665,673	1,239,236	1,904,909
Unrestricted net assets	70,408	30,303	100,711
Total net assets	\$ 18,825,375	\$ 1,269,539	\$ 20,094,914

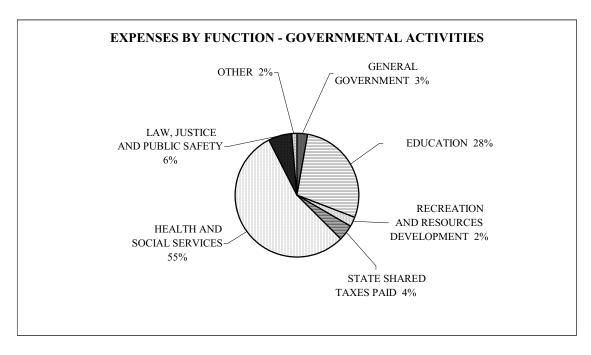
An additional portion of the State's net assets (9.5 percent) is restricted and represents resources that are subject to either external restrictions or legislative restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted net assets (\$100.711 million) and may be used to meet the State's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors not funded by resources that are restricted.

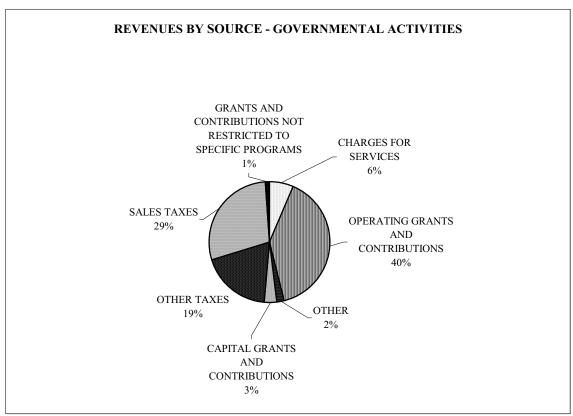
At the end of the current fiscal year, the State was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, for the government as a whole, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The State's net assets increased by \$710.7 million during the year ended June 30, 2002. As previously discussed most of this increase was attributable to the State's decision to adopt the modified approach to infrastructure. Because of this decision, the State capitalized \$1.257 billion in infrastructure expenditures and did not record depreciation expense. Also, Tennessee does not fund highway construction by issuing debt, but it is funded primarily with fuel taxes and federal grants in the Highway Fund. Most of the remaining loss of \$546.3 million resulted from operations in the General Fund, which is discussed later in this MD&A.

#### State of Tennessee Changes in Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,038,265	\$ 688,476	\$ 1,726,741	
Operating grants and contributions	6,455,022	342,374	6,797,396	
Capital grants and contributions	560,074		560,074	
General revenues:				
Sales Taxes	4,656,105		4,656,105	
Other taxes	3,061,576		3,061,576	
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	159,511		159,511	
Other	320,108		320,108	
Total revenues	16,250,661	1,030,850	17,281,511	
Expenses:				
General government	448,608		448,608	
Education	4,326,480		4,326,480	
Health and social services	8,499,713		8,499,713	
Law, justice and public safety	919,007		919,007	
Recreation and resources				
development	362,068		362,068	
Regulation of business and				
professions	59,493		59,493	
Transportation	51,476		51,476	
State shared taxes paid to local				
governments	686,515		686,515	
Interest on long-term debt	120,925		120,925	
Employment security		739,008	739,008	
Insurance programs		353,534	353,534	
Loan programs		2,585	2,585	
Other		1,373	1,373	
Total expenses	15,474,285	1,096,500	16,570,785	
Increase (decrease) in net assets				
before transfers	776,376	(65,650)	710,726	
Transfers	(16,819)	16,819	,	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	759,557	(48,831)	710,726	
Net assets, July 1, 2001	18,065,818	1,318,370	19,384,188	
Net assets, June 30, 2002	<u>\$ 18,825,375</u>	\$ 1,269,539	\$ 20,094,914	





Net assets of the State's business-type activities decreased by \$48.831 million. This decrease was mainly caused by a \$77.7 million decrease in the Employment Security Fund, which resulted from the payment of additional unemployment claims necessitated by the downturn in the national economy.

#### THE STATE'S FUNDS

Tax collections were down for the year and expenditures for the TennCare program increased dramatically. Details are in the following section. As a result, the Legislature formulated a plan to transfer certain reserves to the General Fund and authorized use of Revenue Fluctuation funds to supplant an anticipated shortfall. The following transfers were made:

Special Revenue Funds	
Highway	\$ 30.0 million
Criminal Injuries	76.5 million
Other	12.2 million
Component Units	
Tennessee Housing Development Agency	35.4 million
Total transfer to General Fund	\$154.1 million

The Revenue Fluctuation funds did not have to be used and remain intact at \$178 million or 1.6% of General Fund expenditures. An additional \$63.7 million in General Fund reserves were used to help close the budgetary gap. Tobacco settlement funds totaling \$180.7 million were collected in fiscal year 2002 and were used to fund the fiscal year 2002 budget shortfall.

General Fund revenue collections remained steady; however, some revenue sources varied significantly from the previous year. Franchise and excise tax collections were down 13.6% due to the downturn in the national economy. The Hall Income Tax collections were down 14.2%, which was also attributable to the significantly decreased interest rates paid to individuals. These variations caused an under-collection of \$150 million in tax collections. The State's interest income was half what it was in 2001 due to lower interest rates. The State experienced a 9% increase or \$444 million in federal revenue due to an increase in expenditures within the TennCare program. The overall result of these variations showed little change in total revenues collected from the previous year.

General Fund expenditures increased approximately \$660 million or 6.2%. Most of the increase is due to increased expenditures in the TennCare program. The increase was attributable to a rate increase for the managed care organizations, an increase in the cost of pharmaceuticals and increased costs in the mental retardation and long-term care programs.

The total plan net assets of the pension trust fund were \$23.0 billion, down over \$690 million from the prior year. As a result of the poor performance of the financial markets, the pension trust funds incurred a net investment loss of \$378.8 million.

The decrease in plan net assets, as seen over the past two fiscal years, is the result of net negative investment income due primarily to the depreciation in the fair value of investments, caused by unfavorable equity market conditions. It must be recognized that the losses during the last two years, as compared to the 7.5 percent actuarial earnings assumption, will put upward pressure on the employer contribution rate at the next actuarial valuation set for July 1, 2003, as well as subsequent valuations.

Education Fund federal revenue collections increased approximately \$30 million or 6% from fiscal year 2001. The majority of the increase was due to an increase in federal funds per student for special education programs.

The fund balance increased by \$19 million for the Education Fund. The increase is due to the increased reserves for continuing appropriations for state testing programs, special schools and the Geier Desegregation Settlement. These increases were funded through a transfer from the General Fund.

Federal revenue collections increased in the Highway Fund by approximately \$33 million from fiscal year 2001. The increase occurred in the areas of interstate construction and bridge replacements.

For fiscal year 2002, the Teacher Group Insurance and Local Government Group Insurance Enterprise Fund operations resulted in deficit fund equity at June 30 of \$12.05 million and \$10.674 million, respectively. The Employee Group Insurance Fund, an Internal Service Fund, also resulted in a deficit condition of \$19.158 million. Escalating medical and insurance costs have caused the deficits in each of these self-insured programs. Rate hikes went into effect January 1, 2003, to address this problem.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Federal revenue estimates from original to final budget increased by \$517.505 million primarily due to an increase in federal TennCare participation. In addition, significant variances between original and final budget were noted for TennCare and for Human Services. The TennCare program experienced an increase in funding from original to final budget in the amount of \$499.319 million. This was the result of significant increases in various costs within the program, as discussed on the previous page. The Department of Human Services experienced an increase in funding from original to final budget in the amount of \$85.9 million primarily due to increased federal funding in the food stamps program.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The State's investment in capital assets at June 30, 2002 of \$18.644 billion, net of \$888 million accumulated depreciation, consisted of the following:

Capital Assets—Primary Government Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

	<u>June 30, 2002</u>	June 30, 2001
Land	\$ 703,022	\$ 546,273
Infrastructure	14,555,703	13,816,664
Construction in progress	2,157,964	1,793,174
Structures and improvements	1,637,255	1,578,833
Machinery and equipment	478,008	465,102
Subtotal	19,531,952	18,200,046
Accumulated depreciation	(887,616)	(828,552)
Total	<u>\$ 18,644,336</u>	<u>\$ 17,371,494</u>

Capital assets, including those under construction, changed from fiscal year 2001 to 2002 by approximately 7.3 percent. The change was primarily due to ongoing construction and completion of segments of infrastructure—highways and bridges. Construction in progress for highways and bridges increased by \$1.18 billion and decreased (projects completed and capitalized) by \$782.7 million. Infrastructure right-of-way acreage increased the land classification by \$120.649 million. The structures and improvements increase of \$58.4 million consisted largely of a major renovation at Pickwick Landing State Park (\$13.8 million); additions to prisons (\$23.3 million); renovation at mental health, education, and children's services facilities (\$2.1 million); construction of I-81 Welcome Center and Transportation Management Center (\$5.7 million); and the Wildlife Resources Region 4 Headquarters renovation (\$2.6 million). The net change in machinery and equipment of \$12.9 million resulted primarily from replacing aged equipment.

In accordance with GASB 34, the State is eligible for and has adopted an alternative approach to depreciating its roadways and bridges. Under the *modified approach*, governments are permitted to expense the cost of preserving roadways and bridges rather than to record a periodic charge for depreciation expense. Under the depreciation method, preservation expenses are capitalized. The State is responsible for approximately 14,000 miles of roadway and 8,000 bridges.

The decision to use the modified approach was essentially made because the State has consistently maintained its infrastructure in what it considers to be a good condition. The most recent condition assessment, which is discussed in more detail in the Required Supplementary Information section (Page 87), indicated that bridges were rated at almost 5 points above the State's established condition level and roadways were almost 13 points above the State's benchmark level.

The State's capital outlay budget for the 2002-2003 fiscal year mirrors that of the past few years. Since very few new projects have been approved, the capital outlay budget consists of expenditures for maintenance of existing facilities (state and higher education institutions), projects funded by the Federal Government, and statutory requirements for prisons' physical plant maintenance and additions.

#### **Debt Administration**

In accordance with the Constitution, the State has the authority to issue general obligation debt that is backed by the full faith and credit of the State. The Legislature authorizes a certain amount of debt each year and the State Funding Board has oversight responsibility to issue the debt for capital projects. Capital spending is also authorized by the Legislature and the State Building Commission has oversight responsibility for all capital projects exceeding \$100 thousand (for new construction) and maintenance to existing facilities. The State issues Commercial Paper as a short-term financing mechanism for capital purposes and the Commercial Paper is typically redeemed with long-term bonds. The unissued balance by function (expressed in thousands) follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	_	Unissued June 30, 2002			
Highway	\$	641,500			
Higher Education		19,695			
Environment and Conservation		18,059			
General Government		388,296			
Local Development Authority		23,300			
Other		480			
Total	\$	1,091,330			

More detail of the activity during the fiscal year is presented in Note 5I to the financial statements.

The State's outstanding general obligation debt consists of the following (expressed in thousands):

	Governmen	tal Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
	<u>June 30, 2002</u>	<u>June 30, 2001</u>	June 30, 2002	<u>June 30, 2001</u>				
Bonds, net Commercial Paper	\$ 1,134,881 110,700	\$ 1,049,456 250,000	\$ 13,924	\$ 17,213				
Total	<u>\$ 1,245,581</u>	<u>\$ 1,299,456</u>	<u>\$ 13,924</u>	<u>\$ 17,213</u>				

The State issued \$150.6 million in tax-exempt and \$13.48 million in taxable bonds during the fiscal year. More than half of the outstanding debt has been issued either for capital projects of two of the State's major Component Units—University of Tennessee and Tennessee Board of Regents—or provided to local governments as capital grants; assets acquired with this debt belong to those entities. The State has not issued bonds to fund infrastructure since 1976; infrastructure has been funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. Additional information on long-term obligations is presented in Note 5I to the financial statements.

The State's bond rating has slipped in recent years because the raters perceive an imbalance in the State's revenue producing structure. The State is rated AA, Aa2, and AA by Fitch Investors Service, Moody's Investors Service, and Standard & Poor's Rating Group, respectively. Under current State statutes, the general obligation debt issuances are subject to an annual legal debt service limitation based on a pledged portion of certain current year revenues. As of June 30, 2002, the State's annual debt service limit of \$512.464 million was well above the debt service required \$142.075 million, with a legal debt service margin of \$370.389 million.

#### FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

Factors affecting our State's financial future include new legislation and outcomes from lawsuits. The Tennessee State Legislature passed two bills that will have a significant impact on the State's future.

The Tax Reform Act of 2002 introduced a variety of tax increases to fund State government and is expected to generate an estimated \$938 million in tax revenue. The bill increased the State sales tax on most non-food items from 6% to 7% effective July 15, 2002. The State sales tax rate on food remains at 6%. The bill allowed for a maximum combined state and local sales tax rate of 9.75%. In addition, the tax cap on the sale or use of any single article was raised from \$1,600 to \$3,200. The bill also increased excise tax from 6% to 6.5%. Effective September 2002, the business tax rate was increased by 50% with all increases payable to the State as opposed to local governments. In addition, taxes on alcoholic beverages were increased by 10% and tobacco taxes were increased from 13 cents to 20 cents per pack. Other wholesale tobacco products experienced a 10% tax increase. The coin-amusement tax was repealed and replaced with a new law that greatly broadened the number of machines subject to the tax.

The second bill passed that will have significance in the future was one to initiate a performance based budgeting approach for State departments. The bill requires State departments to develop a strategic plan and use performance measures to determine the efficacy of its programs. This information will be used in the budgeting process and also be used subsequently to evaluate programs.

The State lost an appeal about sufficiency of teacher pay equity provided in the State's funding model for public education. The State Legislature will address the teacher pay funding issue in a future session.

The Legislature authorized a lottery referendum to be placed on the November 2002 ballot. The referendum passed, which gives the Legislature the authority to enact a lottery.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the State of Tennessee's finances for all those with an interest in the State's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Department of Finance and Administration, Division of Accounts, 312 8<sup>th</sup> Avenue North, Suite 1400, Nashville, TN 37243.



\_\_\_\_\_

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



#### STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

		TOTAL			
	GOVERNMENTAL	NT	COMPONENT		
ASSETS	ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	UNITS	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 1,058,707	\$ 178,956	\$ 1,237,663	\$ 693,045	
CASH ON DEPOSIT WITH FISCAL AGENT	1,350	725,788	727,138	37	
INVESTMENTS	200,522		200,522	881,524	
INVESTMENTS WITH FISCAL AGENT				4,442	
RECEIVABLES, net	1,522,089	87,467	1,609,556	426,345	
INTERNAL BALANCES	17,492	(17,492)			
DUE FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				23,915	
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS	41,222	17	41,239		
INVENTORIES, at cost	27,191	3	27,194	16,618	
PREPAYMENTS	554		554	5,384	
LOANS RECEIVABLE	26,710	376,164	402,874	2,066,627	
LEASE RECEIVABLE	4,229		4,229		
DEFERRED CHARGES AND OTHER	1,625	81	1,706	20,372	
RESTRICTED ASSETS:					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	14,873		14,873	390,950	
INVESTMENTS				210,323	
RECEIVABLES, net				2,470	
GARWAY AGGREG					
CAPITAL ASSETS:	702.022		702.022	122.560	
LAND, at cost	703,022		703,022	123,560	
INFRASTRUCTURE	14,555,703		14,555,703	176,818	
STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS, at cost	1,637,255		1,637,255	2,257,805	
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost	478,008		478,008	645,295	
LESS-ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	(887,616)		(887,616)	(1,404,583)	
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	2,157,964		2,157,964	198,090	
TOTAL ASSETS	21,560,900	1,350,984	22,911,884	6,739,037	
LIABILITIES					
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	838,752	62,013	900,765	244,503	
DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	030,732	02,013	700,705	41,239	
DUE TO COMPONENT UNITS	22,165		22,165	11,239	
DEFERRED REVENUE	249,195	5,432	254,627	98,023	
OTHER	4,302	5,.52	4,302	135,800	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:	.,502		1,502	122,000	
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	204,416	2,882	207.298	330,287	
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR	1,416,695	11,118	1,427,813	2,821,387	
	, .,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,735,525	81,445	2,816,970	3,671,239	
NET ASSETS					
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT	18,089,294		18,089,294	1,565,755	
RESTRICTED FOR:					
HIGHWAY	171,552		171,552		
DEBT SERVICE	1,964		1,964	5,939	
CAPITAL PROJECTS	9,859		9,859	26,983	
SINGLE FAMILY BOND PROGRAMS	,,,,,,		.,	348,167	
OTHER	260,241	1,239,236	1,499,477	344,747	
PERMANENT:	200,211	1,257,250	-,,.//	5,	
EXPENDABLE	13,607		13,607		
NONEXPENDABLE	208,450		208,450	296,186	
UNRESTRICTED	70,408	30,303	100,711	480,021	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 18,825,375	\$ 1,269,539	\$ 20,094,914	\$ 3,067,798	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

					PR	OGRAM REVENU	JE:	S
				CHARGES		OPERATING		CAPITAL
				FOR		GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		SERVICES	C	ONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	_		_			,		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$	448,608	\$	281,379	\$	60,130	\$	357
EDUCATION		4,326,480		10,155		531,915		
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES		8,499,713		195,421		5,665,499		
LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY		919,007		341,764		61,516		1,713
RECREATION AND RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT		362,068		110,033		106,968		16,015
REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS		59,493		86,468		1,123		
TRANSPORTATION		51,476		13,045		27,871		541,989
STATE SHARED TAXES PAID TO								
LOCAL GOVERNMENTS		686,515						
INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT	_	120,925	_		_			
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		15,474,285		1,038,265		6,455,022		560,074
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	_		-					
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY		739,008		335,723		325,582		
INSURANCE PROGRAMS		353,534		338,085		1,003		
LOAN PROGRAMS		2,585		13,449		15,789		
OTHER	_	1,373	_	1,219	_			
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	_	1,096,500	_	688,476	_	342,374		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$_	16,570,785	\$_	1,726,741	\$_	6,797,396	\$	560,074
COMPONENT UNITS:								
HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS	\$	2,751,867	\$	878,399	\$	742,194	\$	140,824
LOAN PROGRAMS		362,431		144,661		175,741		
OTHER	_	86,005	_	28,649	_	48,855		
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS	\$_	3,200,303	\$_	1,051,709	\$	966,790	\$	140,824

GENERAL REVENUES:

TAXES:

SALES AND USE

**FUEL** 

BUSINESS

OTHER

PAYMENTS FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS NOT RESTRICTED TO SPECIFIC PROGRAMS

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PERMANENT FUNDS

INVESTMENT EARNINGS MISCELLANEOUS

TRANSFERS

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NET ASSETS, JULY 1

NET ASSETS, JUNE 30

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

PR	CHANGES II IMARY GOVERNM				
GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE		mom . r		COMPONENT
ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	_	TOTAL	-	UNITS
(106,742)		\$	(106,742)		
(3,784,410)		Ф	(3,784,410)		
(2,638,793)			(2,638,793)		
(514,014)			(514,014)		
(129,052)			(129,052)		
28,098			28,098		
531,429			531,429		
(686,515)			(686,515)		
(120,925)		_	(120,925)		
(7,420,924)		_	(7,420,924)		
	\$ (77,703)		(77,703)		
	(14,446)		(14,446)		
	26,653		26,653		
	(154)	_	(154)		
	(65,650)	_	(65,650)		
(7,420,924)	(65,650)	_	(7,486,574)		
				\$	(990,450
					(42,029
				-	(8,501
				_	(1,040,980
4,656,105			4,656,105		
787,132			787,132		
1,783,486			1,783,486		
490,958			490,958		
					1,074,518
159,511			159,511		10,270
354			354		24,035
37,802			37,802		25,982
281,952	16 010		281,952		4,739
(16,819)	16,819	_		-	
8,180,481	16,819	_	8,197,300	-	1,139,544
759,557	(48,831)		710,726		98,564
18,065,818	1,318,370	_	19,384,188	-	2,969,234
18,825,375	\$1,269,539	\$	20,094,914	\$	3,067,798



#### GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is maintained to account for all governmental financial resources and transactions not accounted for in another fund.

<u>Education Fund</u> - This fund is maintained to account for revenues and expenditures associated with programs involving the Departments of Education and Higher Education. Funding for these programs is accomplished primarily from the dedicated sales and services taxes and federal monies received from the U. S. Department of Education.

Highway Fund - This fund is maintained to account for revenues and expenditures associated with programs of the Department of Transportation. Funding of these programs is accomplished primarily from dedicated highway user taxes and funds received from the various federal transportation agencies. All federal funds accruing to the Highway Fund are received on a reimbursement basis covering costs incurred. It is the State's practice to appropriate matching dollars for jointly funded projects in the year of federal apportionment. This front-end state funding, together with multi-year disbursements on most projects, results in large cash balances in this fund. Effective July 1, 1986, the Department of Transportation began earning interest on certain unspent monies for a new highway construction program, while the General Fund earns the interest on the other highway program monies.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Nonmajor governmental funds are presented by fund type in the supplementary section.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

194,258		GENERAL	EI	DUCATION	_	HIGHWAY	G	NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS	GC	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
1964_258	ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 230.043	\$	10	•	103 301	ę	380 707	9	813 241
1	INVESTMENTS	\$ 250,045	Φ	10	Φ	173,371	Ψ		φ	
TITS   39,492   349   1,236   41,077   220,209   15,462   6,567   14   22,029   254   2,688   14   268   2,688	RECEIVABLES, net	954,258		408,928		139,113		15,817		1,518,116
15,462   6,567   14   2,688	DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS					8				. ,
THER  254  280  280  2,688  2,686  2,730  2,686  2,730  3,70  3	DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS			349		( 5(7		1,236		
DTHER	INVENTORIES, at cost PREPAYMENTS					6,567		14		
ENTS    14,357	DEFERRED CHARGES AND OTHER	234				2,688		14		
LANCES  ACCRUALS \$ 543,761 \$ 103,757 \$ 71,327 \$ 41,020 \$ 759,865 \$ 12,283 \$ 211,814 \$ 1,255 \$ 307 \$ 22,565,95 \$ 8,682 \$ 13,483 \$ 22,165 \$ 273,088 \$ 55,166 \$ 8,320 \$ 14,789 \$ 351,363 \$ 12,283 \$ 370,737 \$ 85,078 \$ 69,600 \$ 1,363,354 \$ 102,256 \$ 102	LOANS RECEIVABLE, net	280						23,867		
LANCES  ACCRUALS \$ 543,761 \$ 103,757 \$ 71,327 \$ 41,020 \$ 759,865 \$ 12,283 \$ 211,814 \$ 1,255 \$ 307 \$ 22,565,95 \$ 8,682 \$ 13,483 \$ 22,165 \$ 273,088 \$ 55,166 \$ 8,320 \$ 14,789 \$ 351,363 \$ 12,283 \$ 370,737 \$ 85,078 \$ 69,600 \$ 1,363,354 \$ 102,256 \$ 102	RESTRICTED ASSETS:									
ACCRUALS \$ 543,761 \$ 103,757 \$ 71,327 \$ 41,020 \$ 759,865 \$ 12,283 \$ 211,814 \$ 1,255 \$ 307 \$ 225,659 \$ 8,682 \$ 13,483 \$ 22,165 \$ 273,088 \$ 55,166 \$ 8,320 \$ 14,789 \$ 351,363 \$ 125 \$ 125 \$ 50,000 \$ 1,363,354 \$ 1,3483 \$ 2,165 \$ 1,3483 \$ 2,165 \$ 1,255	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				_		_	14,357	_	14,357
ACCRUALS \$ 543,761 \$ 103,757 \$ 71,327 \$ 41,020 \$ 759,865 \$ 12,283 \$ 211,814 \$ 1,255 \$ 307 \$ 225,659 \$ 8,662 \$ 13,483 \$ 22,165 \$ 273,088 \$ 55,166 \$ 8,320 \$ 14,789 \$ 351,363 \$ 125 \$ 4,176 \$ 1 \$ 4,302 \$ 837,939 \$ 370,737 \$ 85,078 \$ 69,600 \$ 1,363,354 \$ 125 \$ 100,000 \$ 1,363,354 \$ 125 \$ 100,000 \$ 13,478 \$ 13,470	TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,469,480_	\$	412,443	\$_	344,330	\$_	645,611	\$	2,871,864
S 8,682 11,814 1,255 307 225,659 8,682 13,483 22,165 273,088 55,166 8,320 14,789 351,363 125 4,176 1 4,302 837,939 370,737 85,078 69,600 1,363,354 1,3600 1,360,355 1,3600 1,360	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
S 8,682 11,814 1,255 307 225,659 8,682 13,483 22,165 273,088 55,166 8,320 14,789 351,363 125 4,176 1 4,302 837,939 370,737 85,078 69,600 1,363,354 1,3600 1,360,355 1,3600 1,360	LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS	¢ 542.761	e	102 757	•	71 227	e	41.020	e	750 965
S	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		3	,	Þ		э		Э	
273,088   55,166   8,320   14,789   351,363   125   4,176   1   4,302   125   4,176   1   4,302   125   4,176   1   4,302   125   4,176   1   4,302   125	DUE TO COMPONENT UNITS			211,014		1,233				
18,384   6,567	DEFERRED REVENUE			55,166		8,320				
18,384 6,567 14 24,965  ONTRACTS 6,426 548 137,800 38,453 183,227  ATIONS 276,575 40,559 50,000  TION SYSTEM 13,470 50,000  TION SYSTEM 13,470 13,470  TER RELIEF 3,864  SION AND REHABILITATION 8,150 8,150  GRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS 6,014 94,658 104,351 199,009  SOURANCE REGULATORY BOARDS 6,014 1,846 1,846  OGRAMS 35,085 35,085 35,085 30,020 30,020  CE 35,692 35,692  PIMENT 60SES 48,692 599 20,177 32,768 102,236  VALUE FLUCTUATIONS 178,000	OTHER	125	_		_	4,176	_	1		4,302
ONTRACTS         6,426         548         137,800         38,453         183,227           NTIONS         276,575         40,559         137,800         38,453         183,227           NT SETTLEMENT         50,000         50,000         13,470         13,470         13,470           TER RELIEF         3,864         3	TOTAL LIABILITIES	837,939		370,737	_	85,078	_	69,600	_	1,363,354
ONTRACTS         6,426         548         137,800         38,453         183,227           ATIONS         276,575         40,559         137,800         38,453         183,227           ATIONS         276,575         40,559         50,000         50,000           AT SETTLEMENT         50,000         13,470         13,470           TER RELIEF         3,864         3,864         3,864           SION AND REHABILITATION         8,150         4,025           JRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS         6,014         6,014           ECTS         94,658         104,351         199,009           SION AND REHABILITATION         32,311         32,311         32,311           SION AND REHABILITATION         4,025         34,658         104,351         199,009           SION AND REHABILITATION         6,014         94,658         104,351         199,009           SION AND REHABILITATION         35,085         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,312         32,992         32,022         <	FUND BALANCES:									
ONTRACTS         6,426         548         137,800         38,453         183,227           ATIONS         276,575         40,559         137,800         38,453         183,227           ATIONS         276,575         40,559         50,000         50,000           AT SETTLEMENT         50,000         13,470         13,470           TER RELIEF         3,864         3,864         3,864           SION AND REHABILITATION         8,150         4,025           JRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS         6,014         6,014           ECTS         94,658         104,351         199,009           SION AND REHABILITATION         32,311         32,311         32,311           SION AND REHABILITATION         4,025         34,658         104,351         199,009           SION AND REHABILITATION         6,014         94,658         104,351         199,009           SION AND REHABILITATION         35,085         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,311         32,312         32,992         32,022         <	RESERVED FOR:	10.201								24065
ATIONS 276,575 40,559 317,134  AT SETTLEMENT 50,000  AT SETTLEMENT 50,000  TION SYSTEM 13,470  TER RELIEF 3,864 SION AND REHABILITATION 8,150 4,025  JRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS 6,014  ECTS 94,658 104,351 199,009  BORAMS 32,311 32,311 BORAMS 35,085 35,085 BORAMS 35	RELATED ASSETS ENCUMBRANCES AND CONTRACTS			5.10						
TION SYSTEM 13,470 TER RELIEF 3,864 SION AND REHABILITATION 8,150 4,025 JRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS 6,014 ECTS 94,658 104,351 199,009 S 32,311 32,311 1,846 1,846 DGRAMS 35,085 35,085 20GRAMS 35,085 35,	CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS					137,800		36,433		
TION SYSTEM 13,470 TER RELIEF 3,864 SION AND REHABILITATION 8,150 4,025 JRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS 6,014 ECTS 94,658 104,351 199,009 S 32,311 32,311 1,846 1,846 DGRAMS 35,085 35,085 20GRAMS 35,085 35,	SPECIFIC PURPOSES:	· ·								,
TER RELIEF 3,864 SION AND REHABILITATION 8,150 4,025 JRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS 6,014 ECTS 94,658 104,351 199,009 S 32,311 32,311 C	NURSING HOME GRANT SETTLEMENT									
SION AND REHABILITATION   8,150   4,025   4,025   4,025     JURANCE REGULATORY BOARDS   6,014   6,014     ECTS   94,658   104,351   199,009     SION AND REHABILITATION   1,846   1,846   1,846     DIRANCE REGULATORY BOARDS   32,311   32,311     SION AND REHABILITATION   35,085   35,085     SION AND REHABILITATION   30,020   30,020     CE   35,692   35,692     SION AND REHABILITATION   30,020   30,020     CE   35,692   35,692     SION AND REHABILITATION   30,020     CE   35,692   35,692     SION AND REHABILITATION   30,417	TITLE AND REGISTRATION SYSTEM									
## 4,025 ## 1,025 ##	CIVIL DEFENSE DISASTER RELIEF PROBATION SUPERVISION AND REHABILITATION									
STANCE REGULATORY BOARDS	ARTS COMMISSION									
SORAMS 32,311 32,311 1,846 1,8	COMMERCE AND INSURANCE REGULATORY BOARDS									
DGRAMS	CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS	· ·				94,658		104,351		
OGRAMS     35,085     35,085       30,020     30,020       CE     35,692     35,692       PPMENT     30,417     30,417       POSES     48,692     599     20,177     32,768     102,236       NUL FLUCTUATIONS     178,000     178,000     178,000       VAY CONSTRUCTION     50     50       R SPECIFIC PURPOSES     17,788     17,788	WILDLIFE RESOURCES									
CE 30,020 30,020 CE 35,692 35,692 35,692 12,997 12,	CRIMINAL INJURIES									
Temperature	ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS									
12,997   12,997   30,417   3	JOB SKILLS ENHANCED 911 SERVICE									
PMENT 30,417 30,417 20SES 48,692 599 20,177 32,768 102,236 13,607 208,450 208,450 208,450 208,450 208,450 208,450 208,450 208,750 208,	PARKS ACQUISITION									
POSES 48,692 599 20,177 32,768 102,236  13,607 13,607 208,450 208,450  NUE FLUCTUATIONS 178,000 WAY CONSTRUCTION 50 50 R SPECIFIC PURPOSES 17,788 17,788	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT									
208,450 208,450  NUE FLUCTUATIONS 178,000  VAY CONSTRUCTION 50 50  R SPECIFIC PURPOSES 17,788 17,788	OTHER SPECIFIC PURPOSES	48,692		599		20,177				
208,450 208,450  NUE FLUCTUATIONS 178,000  VAY CONSTRUCTION 50 50  R SPECIFIC PURPOSES 17,788 17,788	PERMANENT FUNDS:									
NUE FLUCTUATIONS 178,000 178,000 WAY CONSTRUCTION 50 50 R SPECIFIC PURPOSES 17,788 17,788	EXPENDABLE									
VAY CONSTRUCTION         50         50           R SPECIFIC PURPOSES         17,788         17,788								208,450		208,450
VAY CONSTRUCTION         50         50           R SPECIFIC PURPOSES         17,788         17,788		178 000								178 000
	DESIGNATED FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION	1,0,000				50				
	DESIGNATED FOR OTHER SPECIFIC PURPOSES									
631,541 41,706 259,252 576,011 1,508,510				41.706	_	259 252	-	576.011		
			•		•		•			1,500,510
	EXPENDABLE NONEXPENDABLE UNRESERVED: DESIGNATED FOR REVENUE FLUCTUATIONS DESIGNATED FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION DESIGNATED FOR OTHER SPECIFIC PURPOSES UNDESIGNATED TOTAL FUND BALANCES TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	17,788 153 631,541 \$ 1,469,480	\$	412,443	- \$_		259,252 344,330	259,252 344,330 \$	208,450 50 259,252 576,011 344,330 \$ 645,611	208,450 50 259,252 576,011 344,330 \$ 645,611
ID EOD COVEDNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ADE DIFFERENT DECAUSE.	CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTI REPORTED IN THE FUNDS.	VITIES ARE NOT FI	NANCIA	L RESOURCE	ES AN	D THEREFORE	ARE	NOT		18,247,567
ED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE: USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT ITHE FUNDS.  18,247,567	OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS ARE NOT AVAILABLE DEFERRED IN THE FUNDS.	E TO PAY FOR CURF	RENT-PE	ERIOD EXPEN	DITU	IRES AND THEF	REFO	RE ARE		125,400
USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT THE FUNDS.  18,247,567  RM ASSETS ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR CURRENT-PERIOD EXPENDITURES AND THEREFORE ARE		BILITIES OF INTERN							_	324,366
USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT FINE FUNDS.  18,247,567  RM ASSETS ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR CURRENT-PERIOD EXPENDITURES AND THEREFORE ARE FINE FUNDS.  125,400  CE FUNDS ARE USED BY MANAGEMENT TO CHARGE THE COSTS OF VARIOUS INTERNAL OPERATIONS L FUNDS. THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE INCLUDED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS PAY ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS.	YABLE, ARE NOT DU	JE AND	PAYABLE IN	THE	CURRENT PER	IOD A	AND THEREFORE		(1,380,468)
USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT THE FUNDS.  18,247,567  RM ASSETS ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR CURRENT-PERIOD EXPENDITURES AND THEREFORE ARE THE FUNDS.  125,400  CE FUNDS ARE USED BY MANAGEMENT TO CHARGE THE COSTS OF VARIOUS INTERNAL OPERATIONS L FUNDS. THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE INCLUDED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS.  324,366  BILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN THE CURRENT PERIOD AND THEREFORE	NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								\$	18,825,375

# STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

	GENERAL	EDUCATION	HIGHWAY	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAI FUNDS	TOTAL L GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DEVENUES					
REVENUES TAXES:					
SALES \$	1,479,950	\$ 3,109,343	\$ 20,026	\$ 38,449	\$ 4,647,768
FUEL	12,597	\$ 5,107,545	677,668	97,742	788,007
BUSINESS	1,573,589	102,319	5,175	119,025	1,800,108
OTHER	453,499	102,517	5,175	29,060	482,559
LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS	152,083	1,917	194,340	112,580	460,920
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	37,915	-,,	22	(1,319)	36,618
FEDERAL	5,603,008	529,260	537,144	25,236	6,694,648
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES	1,512,759	14,654	40,066	39,772	1,607,251
OTHER	434,014	4,463	4,308	1,665	444,450
TOTAL REVENUES	11,259,414	3,761,956	1,478,749	462,210	16,962,329
EXPENDITURES					
CURRENT:					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	339,254			19,269	358,523
EDUCATION		4,210,650		7,987	4,218,637
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES	9,250,026				9,250,026
LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY	909,480			4,827	914,307
RECREATION AND RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT	,			161,135	446,137
REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS	51,071			13,969	65,040
TRANSPORTATION			1,311,654		1,311,654
STATE SHARED TAXES PAID TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS	416,369		270,146		686,515
DEBT SERVICE:					
PRINCIPAL				68,304	68,304
INTEREST				54,121	54,121
DEBT ISSUANCE COSTS				1,282	1,282
CAPITAL OUTLAY				145,590	145,590
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,251,202	4,210,650	1,581,800	476,484	17,520,136
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	8,212	(448,694)	(103,051)	(14,274)	(557,807)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
BOND AND COMMERCIAL PAPER ISSUED				168,017	168,017
COMMERCIAL PAPER REDEEMED				(152,091)	(152,091)
PREMIUM ON BOND SALES				5,149	5,149
TRANSFERS IN	163,149	467,769	80,013	55,166	766,097
TRANSFERS OUT	(541,536)	(402)	(31,223)		(787,813)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(378,387)	467,367	48,790	(138,411)	(641)
SOURCES (CSES)	(370,307)	107,507	10,770	(150,111)	(011)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(370,175)	18,673	(54,261)	(152,685)	(558,448)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	1,001,716	23,033	313,513	728,696	2,066,958
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 \$	631,541	\$ 41,706	\$ 259,252	\$ 576,011	\$ 1,508,510

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	(558,448)
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT CAPITAL OUTLAYS AS EXPENDITURES. HOWEVER, IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THE COST OF THOSE ASSETS IS ALLOCATED OVER THEIR ESTIMATED USEFUL LIVES AS DEPRECIATION EXPENSE. THIS IS THE AMOUNT BY WHICH CAPITAL OUTLAYS EXCEEDED DEPRECIATION IN THE		
CURRENT YEAR.		1,279,854
REVENUES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THAT DO NOT PROVIDE CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES ARE NOT REPORTED AS REVENUES IN THE FUNDS.		2,020
THE ISSUANCE OF LONG-TERM DEBT (E.G., BONDS, COMMERCIAL PAPER) PROVIDES CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, WHILE THE REPAYMENT OF THE PRINCIPAL OF LONG-TERM DEBT CONSUMES THE CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS. NEITHER TRANSACTION, HOWEVER, HAS ANY EFFECT ON NET ASSETS. ALSO, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT THE EFFECT OF ISSUANCE COSTS, PREMIUMS, DISCOUNTS, AND SIMILAR ITEMS WHEN DEBT IS FIRST ISSUED, WHEREAS THESE AMOUNTS ARE DEFERRED AND AMORTIZED IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES. THIS AMOUNT IS THE NET EFFECT OF THESE DIFFERENCES IN THE TREATMENT OF LONG-		
TERM DEBT AND RELATED ITEMS.		46,361
SOME EXPENSES REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DO NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED AS EXPENDITURES IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS.		29,542
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE USED BY MANAGEMENT TO CHARGE THE COST OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS INSURANCE AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS, TO INDIVIDUAL FUNDS. THE NET REVENUE (EXPENSE) OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS IS REPORTED WITH GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES.		(39,772)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$_	759,557

### PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Sewer Treatment Loan</u> – Created in 1987, this fund provides loans to local governments and utility districts for the construction of sewage treatment facilities. The initial sources of the monies are federal grants and state appropriations.

Employment Security Fund - This fund is maintained to account for the collection of unemployment insurance premiums from employers and the payment of unemployment benefits to eligible claimants. Funds are also received from the federal government for local office building construction, supplemental unemployment programs and work incentive payments. As required by law, all funds not necessary for current benefit payments are placed on deposit with the U.S. Treasury. Interest earned from these moneys is retained in the fund. Administrative and operational expenses incurred by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development are expenditures of the General Fund.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds are presented in the supplementary section.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – Internal Service Funds are presented in the supplementary section.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

		BU	SIN	IESS TYPE ACTIVI	TIE	ES - ENTERPRISE F	UND	S	
ASSETS		SEWER TREATMENT LOAN		EMPLOYMENT SECURITY		NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS		TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES- INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CURRENT ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH WITH FISCAL AGENT RECEIVABLES:	\$	103,871	\$	725,788	\$	75,085	\$	178,956 725,788	\$ 245,466 1,350
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE INTEREST LOANS RECEIVABLE-CURRENT OTHER		7 17,775		3,894 7,178 82,942		620 4 4,988		620 3,905 29,941 82,942	3,973
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS INVENTORY PREPAID EXPENSES	_			290 9		8 3	_	290 17 3	266 145 5,162 286
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	121,653	-	820,101		80,708	_	1,022,462	256,648
NONCURRENT ASSETS: RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DEFERRED CHARGES LOANS RECEIVABLE LEASE RECEIVABLE ADVANCES TO OTHER FUNDS	_	314,857	<u>-</u>			81 31,366	_	81 346,223	516 493 4,229 6,511
CAPITAL ASSETS: LAND, at cost STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS, at cost MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost LESS-ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS									54,384 409,344 219,411 (287,334) 964
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, net of accumulated depreciation									396,769
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	_	314,857	-			31,447	_	346,304	408,518
TOTAL ASSETS	_	436,510	-	820,101		112,155	_	1,368,766	665,166
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS DUE TO OTHER FUNDS LEASE OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE BONDS PAYABLE-CURRENT		3		20,621 17,782		41,422 4 2,845		62,046 17,786 2,845	69,880 644 28 13,007
DEFERRED REVENUE OTHER	_		_	4,298		1,134	_	5,432	23,232 27,983
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	3	-	42,701		45,405	_	88,109	134,774
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: LEASE OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE COMMERCIAL PAPER PAYABLE BONDS PAYABLE, net OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						11,079 39	_	11,079	61 4,131 147,174 54,660
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						11,118	_	11,118	206,026
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	3	-	42,701		56,523	_	99,227	340,800
NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT RESTRICTED		436,507		777,400		25,329		1,239,236	232,368 224
UNRESTRICTED	_	430,307	-	777,400		30,303	_	30,303	91,774
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$_	436,507	\$	777,400	\$	55,632	\$	1,269,539	\$ 324,366

# STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

	BUSIN	ESS TYPE ACTIVIT	ΓΙΕS - EN	ΓERPRISE FUN	NDS	
	SEWER TREATMENT LOAN	EMPLOYMENT SECURITY	EN'	ONMAJOR FERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES- INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES CHARGES FOR SERVICES \$	12,405		\$	2,263	\$ 14,668	\$ 362,031
INVESTMENT INCOME	2,188		J.	820	3,008	\$ 302,031
PREMIUMS		\$ 335,723		338,085	673,808	379,904
OTHER		18_		10	28	22
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	14,593	335,741	-	341,178	691,512	741,957
OPERATING EXPENSES						
PERSONAL SERVICES				723	723	38,499
CONTRACTUAL SERVICES	934			32,358	33,292	215,309
MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES				89 152	89	51,983
RENTALS AND INSURANCE INTEREST				785	152 785	34,502
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION				10	10	28,306
BENEFITS		739,008		319,776	1,058,784	404,248
OTHER		757,000		2,640	2,640	5,531
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	934	739,008		356,533	1,096,475	778,378
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	13,659	(403,267)		(15,355)	(404,963)	(36,421)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
TAXES	4.005	255.000		5.541	200 554	3
OPERATING GRANTS	4,995	277,000		7,761 993	289,756	4.060
INTEREST INCOME INTEREST EXPENSE		48,564		993	49,557	4,068 (12,531)
INTEREST EAFENSE						(12,331)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	4,995	325,564		8,754	339,313	(8,460)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	18,654	(77,703)		(6,601)	(65,650)	(44,881)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS						212
TRANSFERS IN	4,788			12,031	16,819	7,367
TRANSFERS OUT						(2,470)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	23,442	(77,703)		5,430	(48,831)	(39,772)
NET ASSETS, JULY 1	413,065	855,103		50,202	1,318,370	364,138
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	436,507	\$ 777,400	\$	55,632	\$ 1,269,539	\$ 324,366

#### (continued on next page)

## STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

	BUSI	NESS TYPE ACTIVI	TIES - ENTERPRISE	FUNDS	
	SEWER TREATMENT LOAN	EMPLOYMENT SECURITY	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES- INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMERS AND USERS RECEIPTS FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS	\$ (6)	\$ 328,895	\$ 340,700 194 (347,288)	\$ 669,595 194 (347,294)	\$ 171,811 589,417 (662,501)
PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES PAYMENTS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYMENTS FOR INTERFUND SERVICES USED	(928)	(746,271)	(752)	(752) (746,271) (3,838)	(38,385)
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(934)	(417,376)	(10,056)	(428,366)	10,386
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES OPERATING GRANTS RECEIVED NEGATIVE CASH BALANCE IMPLICITLY FINANCED TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS OUT PAYMENTS TO COMPONENT UNITS PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS INTEREST PAID TAX REVENUES RECEIVED SUBSIDY TO BORROWERS	4,994 4,788	273,372 7,868	7,786 (71) 12,031 (25) (3,280) (848)	286,152 7,797 16,819 (25) (3,280) (848)	344 7,367 (2,470)
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	9,782	281,240	15,445	306,467	5,244
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES PURCHASE OF CAPITAL ASSETS BOND AND COMMERCIAL PAPER PROCEEDS PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS BOND ISSUANCE COST PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS INTEREST PAID					(24,770) 26,063 1,781 (83) (33,296) (5,533)
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					(35,838)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES LOANS ISSUED COLLECTION OF LOAN PRINCIPAL INTEREST RECEIVED	(19,371) 26,840 14,597	44,670	(10,801) 4,942 2,873	(30,172) 31,782 62,140	4,068
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	22,066	44,670	(2,986)	63,750	4,068
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	30,914	(91,466)	2,403	(58,149)	(16,140)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1	72,957	817,254	72,682	962,893	263,472
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$ 103,871	\$ 725,788	\$ 75,085	\$ 904,744	\$ 247,332

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

	BUSI	NESS TYPE ACTIVI	TIES - ENTERPRISE F	UNDS	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	SEWER TREATMENT LOAN	EMPLOYMENT SECURITY	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES- INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$13,659	\$ (403,267)	\$(15,355)_\$	(404,963)	\$ (36,421)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)					
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			10	10	20.207
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION PROVISION FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS			10 302	10 302	28,306
LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF CAPITAL ASSETS			302	302	1,729
BOND ISSUANCE COST					84
INVESTMENT INCOME			(820)	(820)	
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	(12,405)		(1,044)	(13,449)	
INTEREST INCOME	(2,188)			(2,188)	
INTEREST EXPENSE SUBSIDY TO BORROWERS			785 61	785 61	
INTEREST CHARGED TO EMPLOYERS		3,895	01	3,895	
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:		3,073		5,075	
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		(19,344)	(266)	(19,610)	(2,728)
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		(84)		(84)	(258)
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS		2	(4)	(2)	52
(INCREASE) DECREASE IN INVENTORIES			13	13	533
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN PREPAID EXPENSES (INCREASE)DECREASE IN ADVANCES TO OTHER FUNDS					141 4.853
INCREASE/DECREASE IN ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		2,838	5,915	8,753	10,066
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		2,030	(1)	(1)	19
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DUE TO COMPONENT UNITS				( )	(4)
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DEFERRED REVENUE		(1,416)	348	(1,068)	4,014
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	(14,593)	(14,109)	5,299	(23,403)	46,807
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES	\$ (934)	\$ (417,376)	\$ (10,056) \$	(428,366) \$	10,386
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL ASSETS					\$ 212
CAPITAL LEASE RECEIVABLE					4,531
CAPITAL ASSET DISPOSED BY CAPITAL LEASE					(4,844)
TOTAL NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING					
ACTIVITIES					\$ (101)



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Pension (and other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds</u> – These are presented by fund in the supplementary section.

<u>Investment Trust Fund</u> – This fund was created in July 1980 to account for local government deposits with the state treasurer and the related interest earnings. Through this program, the participating local governments achieve higher investment income by pooling their funds than they could realize individually.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> – These are presented by fund in the supplementary section.

Agency Funds – These are presented by fund in the supplementary section.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

### PENSION (AND OTHER

		PLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS	Γ)	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	PI	RIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS							
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	1,621,561	\$	653,777	\$	30,846 \$	290,035
RECEIVABLES:							
TAXES							241,849
INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS		147,069		8,658		86	
DUE FROM SALE OF INVESTMENTS		17,336					
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		20,536					
OTHER		19,301				48	
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		3,167				10	7,500
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS		3,372					44
INVESTMENTS, at fair value		21,332,412	_	1,110,225	_	30,658	
TOTAL ASSETS	_	23,164,754	_	1,772,660	_	61,648	539,428
LIABILITIES							
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS		116,387				101	474,667
AMOUNTS HELD IN CUSTODY FOR OTHERS		,					64,761
	_				_	<del></del>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		116,387			_	101	539,428
NET ASSETS							
HELD IN TRUST FOR:							
PENSION BENEFITS		23,048,086					
EMPLOYEES' FLEXIBLE BENEFITS		23,048,080					
POOL PARTICIPANTS		201		1,772,660			
INDIVIDUALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND				1,772,000			
OTHER GOVERNMENTS						61,547	
OTHER GOVERNMENTS			-		_	01,547	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	23,048,367	\$_	1,772,660	\$_	61,547 \$	-

# STATE OF TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

PENSION
(AND OTHER
EMPLOYEE BENI

	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS		INVESTMENT TRUST		PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
ADDITIONS		-		-	
CONTRIBUTIONS:					
MEMBERS	\$ 193,676				
EMPLOYERS	243,498			e.	17.021
FEDERAL POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS	103,374			\$	17,931
PRIVATE	103,374				9,653
OTHERS					85
		•		-	
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	540,548	-		-	27,669
INVESTMENT INCOME:					
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN					
FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS	(1,290,032)				(2,154)
INTEREST	743,784	\$	51,241		1,236
DIVIDENDS	153,711				
REAL ESTATE INCOME	27,152				
SECURITIES LENDING	1,726	-		-	
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)	(363,659)		51,241		(918)
LESS: INVESTMENT EXPENSES	14,094				
SECURITIES LENDING EXPENSES	1,103				
ADMINISTRATIVE FEE			1,189	-	
NET INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)	(378,856)	_	50,052	_	(918)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS:	_			-	_
SHARES SOLD			4,404,050		
LESS SHARES REDEEMED			4,428,395		
2250 Jil Medy Add 22M25			., 120,070		
NET CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS		-	(24,345)	-	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	161,692	-	25,707	-	26,751
DEDUCTIONS					
ANNUITY BENEFITS:					
RETIREMENT BENEFITS	669,388				
COST OF LIVING	145,336				
DEATH BENEFITS	3,368				
OTHER BENEFITS	4,423				7,503
REFUNDS	24,304				4,484
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	5,004	•		-	248
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	851,823	-		-	12,235
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR:					
PENSION BENEFITS	(690,119)				
EMPLOYEES' FLEXIBLE BENEFITS	(12)				
INDIVIDUALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND					
OTHER GOVERNMENTS			25,707		14,516
NET ASSETS, JULY 1	23,738,498	-	1,746,953	-	47,031
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$ 23,048,367	\$	1,772,660	\$	61,547

#### State of Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2002

#### **INDEX FOR THE NOTES**

		<u>Page</u>
NOTE 1 – Si	ummary of significant accounting policies	35
Α.	Financial reporting entity	35
В.	Government-wide and fund financial statements	36
C.	Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial	
	statement presentation	37
D.	Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity	38
NOTE 2 D.	accompliation of accomment wide and fund financial statements	41
	econciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements	41
A.	Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets	41
B.	Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund	71
ъ.	statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	
	and the government-wide statement of activities	41
	and the government-wide statement of activities	41
NOTE 3 – St	ewardship, compliance and accountability	42
A.	Budgetary process	42
B.	Deficit fund equity	43
NOTE 4 – A	ccounting changes	43
NOTE 5 – D	etailed notes on all funds	46
A.	Deposits and investments	46
В.	Accounts and notes receivable	53
C.	Capital assets	54
D.	Interfund balances	55
E.	Advances	57
F.	Transfers	57
G.	Lease obligations	58
Н.	Lease receivables	59
I.	Long term debt	60
J.	Payables	63
K.	Component units – condensed financial statements	63
L.	Major component units – long term debt	66
M.	Nonmajor component units – long term debt	68
N.	Endowments – component units	70
O.	Component Units – changes in long term obligations	71
NOTE 6 - O	ther information	72
A.	Risk management	72
В.	Related organizations	77
C.	Jointly governed organizations	77
D.	Joint ventures	78
Б. Е.	Post employment health insurance benefits	78
F.	Gain contingencies	79
G.	Pension plans	79
Н.	Investment pool	81
I.	Loan guarantees	81
J.	Nashville correctional facilities revenue bonds	81
у. К.	Litigation	81
L.	Federal grants	82
M.	Subsequent events	82

#### NOTE 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies

#### A. Financial reporting entity

<u>Introduction</u> - As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the primary government (the State) and its component units, entities for which the State is considered to be financially accountable. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government.

#### Discretely presented component units

- 1. The <u>Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation</u> (TSAC) (Governmental Fund Type) is responsible for guaranteeing student loans under federal programs and administering federal and state grants and loans to students. The majority of the Board is either appointed by the Governor or are state officials. TSAC's budget is approved by the State.
- 2. The Community Services Agencies (CSAs) (Governmental Fund Types) listed below are to provide a mechanism to facilitate the provision of services for children and other citizens in need of services from state agencies:

Davidson County Community Services Agency
Knox County Community Services Agency
Shelby County Community Services Agency
Hamilton County Community Services Agency
Northeast Community Services Agency
East Tennessee Community Services Agency
Upper Cumberland Community Services Agency
Southeast Community Services Agency
Mid-Cumberland Community Services Agency
South Central Community Services Agency
Northwest Community Services Agency
Southwest Community Services Agency

The Boards for these CSAs are appointed by the Governor and the budget must be approved by the State.

- 3. The <u>Tennessee Housing Development Agency</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) is responsible for making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers and purchasers of low and moderate income family dwellings. The Board of the agency is appointed by the Governor and its budget is approved by the State.
- 4. The <u>Tennessee Board of Regents</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) is responsible for the operation of six universities, twelve community colleges, one technical institute and twenty-seven technology centers. The Board is comprised of state officials and appointees by the Governor and the State provides a substantial amount of funding.
- 5. The <u>University of Tennessee Board of Trustees</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) is responsible for the operation of the University of Tennessee, located primarily on four campuses across the State. The Board is appointed by the Governor and the State provides a substantial amount of the funding.
- 6. The <u>Tennessee Local Development Authority</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) provides financing assistance to local governments through the issuance of bonds and notes. In addition, the Authority assists non-profit corporations in the construction of mental health, mental retardation, or alcohol and drug facilities. The majority of the Board consists of state officials; therefore, the State can impose its will on the Authority.

- 7. The <u>Tennessee State Veterans' Homes Board</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) is responsible for the operation of nursing homes for honorably discharged veterans of the United States armed forces. The Board is appointed by the Governor and its budget is approved by the State. In addition, the issuance of bonds must be approved by the State Funding Board.
- 8. The <u>Child Care Facilities Corporation</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) purpose is to create new child care slots in Tennessee by guaranteeing loans, making direct loans, and making grants. The Board is comprised primarily of state officials. The State must approve the budget of the Corporation.
- 9. The <u>Tennessee State School Bond Authority</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) finances projects for the University of Tennessee, Tennessee Board of Regents and the Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation. The Authority also finances improvement projects for qualifying K-12 schools in the State in conjunction with a federal government program. The Board of the Authority consists primarily of state officials; therefore, the State is able to impose its will on the organization.
- 10. The <u>Tennessee Certified Cotton Growers' Organization</u> (Proprietary Fund Type) was formed to aid in the eradication of the Boll Weevil. The majority of the Board is appointed by the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, and the State provides a substantial amount of funding.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the following addresses:

Tennessee Housing Development Agency 1114 Parkway Towers 404 James Robertson Parkway Nashville, TN 37243

Tennessee State Veterans' Homes Board 345 Compton Road Murfreesboro, TN 37130

University of Tennessee Office of the Treasurer 301 Andy Holt Tower Knoxville, TN 37996-0100

All others may be obtained at the following address:

Finance & Administration
Division of Accounts
14th Floor William R. Snodgrass Tennessee Tower
312 Eighth Avenue North
Nashville, TN 37243-0298

Tennessee Local Development Authority Suite 1600, James K. Polk Building Nashville, TN 37243

Tennessee State School Bond Authority Suite 1600, James K. Polk Building Nashville, TN 37243

Tennessee Board of Regents 1415 Murfreesboro Road, Suite 350 Nashville, TN 37217

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are typically recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, petroleum and vehicular related taxes and fees, and gross receipt taxes are considered to be available if received in the first 60 days of the new fiscal year. Federal grants, departmental services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be available if received in twelve months. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the State.

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *education fund* accounts for the financial resources associated with programs involving the Departments of Education and Higher Education.

The *highway fund* accounts for the financial resources associated with the programs of the Department of Transportation.

The State reports the following major proprietary funds:

The sewer treatment loan fund accounts for loans made to local governments and utility districts for the construction of sewage treatment facilities.

The *employment security fund* accounts for the collection of unemployment insurance premiums from employers and the payment of unemployment benefits to eligible claimants.

Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

*Internal service funds* account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the State, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *fiduciary fund types* are used to account for resources legally held in trust.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The State has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The effect of interfund activity, interdepartmental revenues and expenditures (both direct and indirect expenditures), has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Investment income of certain proprietary funds is classified as operating revenue because those transactions are a part of the funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the State's policy to use restricted resources first, then, unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. <u>Deposits and investments</u> — The State's cash and cash equivalents includes demand accounts, petty cash and monies in cash management pools. The liquidity of the cash management pools is sufficient to cover any withdrawal request by a participant. This classification also includes short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the State. These short-term investments, which are not part of the State Cash Pool, are stated at fair value. Investments in the State Cash Pool are stated at cost or amortized cost as this pool is a 2a7-like pool. Collateral, as required by law, is pledged by the various banks and government securities dealers to guarantee state funds placed with them. It is the State's policy to include cash management pools as cash.

Investments not in the State Cash Pool are stated at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of investments. Interest income is recognized when earned. Securities and security transactions are recorded in the financial statements on trade-date basis.

- 2. <u>Receivables and payables</u> All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."
  - All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Receivables in the State's governmental and fiduciary funds primarily consist of taxes, interest, departmental services and federal revenues, see Note 1C.
- 3. <u>Inventories and prepaid items</u>—Inventories of materials and supplies are determined by physical count and are valued at cost, principally using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The average cost method is used for the Highway Fund (a Special Revenue Fund) and Motor Vehicle Management, Central Stores and General Services Printing (Internal Service Funds). The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.
  - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.
- 4. <u>Restricted assets</u> Proceeds of the State's general obligation commercial paper program that remain unspent at year end are classified as restricted cash on the Statement of Net Assets. The commercial paper program provides short-term financing for the State's capital projects.
  - Component units that issue revenue bonds Tennessee Housing Development Authority, Tennessee State School Bond Authority, Tennessee Local Development Authority, and Veterans' Homes Board report restricted cash and investments to 1) satisfy bond covenant requirements, 2) reflect unspent bond, commercial paper, or note proceeds, and 3) reflect resources set aside to meet future debt service payments.
- 5. <u>Capital assets</u> Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, with the exception of infrastructure, are defined by the State as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Infrastructure assets are capitalized regardless of cost or useful life. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capitalized assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capitalized assets, except for land and infrastructure, are depreciated over their useful lives.

The State holds certain assets such as works of art, historical documents, and artifacts that have not been capitalized or depreciated because the collections are protected and preserved for exhibition, education, or research and are considered to have inexhaustible useful lives.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The State has elected to apply the modified approach to accounting for infrastructure—roadways and bridges. The modified approach is an alternative to depreciation that may be applied to infrastructure capital assets that meet certain requirements. Under the modified approach, depreciation expense is not recorded for these assets. Instead, costs for both maintenance and preservation of these assets should be expensed in the period incurred. Additions and improvements are capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20
Machinery and Equipment	4-20

- 6. <u>Compensated absences</u> It is the State's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the State's policy is to pay this only if the employee is sick or upon death. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.
- 7. Long-term obligations —In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the unamortized bond premium or discount and, when applicable, the deferred amount on refunding. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

- 8. Restricted net assets Restricted net assets consist of net assets in which constraints are placed on the use of those net assets by either external entities, such as creditors (debt covenants), grantors, contributors, and laws or regulations of other governments; or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation of the State. Restrictions imposed by enabling legislation could be changed by future legislative action. Of the \$1.946 billion restricted by the primary government, \$408 million was by enabling legislation.
- 9. <u>Fund equity</u> In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.
- 10. <u>Fiscal year end</u> The fiscal year end of the primary government and component units is June 30, except for the following agencies reported as Special Revenue funds: Supreme Court Boards and Dairy Promotion Board. Both of these organizations have a December 31 year end. Also, the Certified Cotton Growers' Organization, a component unit, has a December 31 year end.
- 11. <u>Comparative data/reclassifications</u> Comparative total data for the prior year have not been presented.

#### NOTE 2 – Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

### A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance—total governmental funds* and *net assets—governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$1,380.468 million difference are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Bonds payable	\$	969,659
Plus: Premium on bonds issued (to be amortized as interest expense)		5,042
Less: Deferred charge for issuance costs (to be amortized over life of debt)		(617)
Commercial paper payable		106,569
Accrued interest payable		7,970
Capital leases payable		394
Claims and judgments		17,254
Compensated absences		162,355
Advances to other funds		6,511
Long-term accounts payable		103,159
Less: Deferred charge for lease payments receivable (to be amortized over life of lease)		(518)
Plus: Deferred charge for revenue refunds	_	2,690
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance—total governmental funds to arrive at		
net assets—governmental activities	<u>\$ 1</u>	1,380,468

### B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of this \$1,279.854 million difference are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Capital outlay	\$ 1,330,506
Depreciation expense	(50,652)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets	
of governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,279,854</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, commercial paper) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$46.361 million difference are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Debt issued or incurred:	
Issuance of general obligations bonds	\$ 148,371
Issuance of commercial paper	19,646
Bond premium capitalized	5,148
Bond cost of issuance capitalized	(631)
Principal repayments:	
General obligation debt	(218,895)
Net adjustment to increase <i>net changes in fund balances</i> –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	<u>\$ 46,361</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$29.542 million difference are as follows (expressed in thousands):

Compensated absences	\$ (4,823)
Claims and judgments	28,896
Accrued interest	522
Advances from other funds	4,853
Amortization of issuance costs	(13)
Amortization of bond premiums	107
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 29,542

#### NOTE 3 – Stewardship, compliance and accountability

#### A. Budgetary process

Legislation requires the Governor to present his proposed budget to the General Assembly at the beginning of each annual session. Annual budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (except the Supreme Court Boards, Fraud and Economic Crime, Community Development and Dairy Promotion Board), and debt service fund. The General Assembly enacts the budget through passage of specific departmental appropriations, the sum of which may not exceed estimated revenues. Before signing the Appropriations Act, the Governor may veto or reduce any specific appropriation, subject to legislative override. Once passed and signed, the budget becomes the State's financial plan for the coming year.

Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level. Budget revisions during the year, reflecting program changes or intradepartmental transfers of an administrative nature, may be affected with certain executive and legislative branch approval. Only the legislature, however, may transfer appropriations between departments.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, with the encumbered appropriations being carried forward to the next year. In order to provide sufficient funding for several programs during the year, supplemental appropriations of \$32.226 million were required.

The State's annual budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting with several exceptions, principally the effect of encumbrance and contract obligations. Because these exceptions represent departures from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), actual amounts, in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule, are presented on the budgetary basis.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized for budgetary control purposes in governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditure.

#### B. Deficit fund equity

The Teacher Group Insurance and Local Government Group Insurance Enterprise Funds, had deficits of \$12.05 million and \$10.674 million, respectively. Also, the Employee Group Insurance, an Internal Service Fund, had a deficit of \$19.158 million. These deficits were caused by escalating insurance costs. Rate hikes are scheduled to go into place effective January 1, 2003, to address these deficits.

The Claims Award Fund, an Internal Service Fund, has a deficit of \$9.125 million. This deficit was caused by a higher level of payment on claims than expected. Additional billings to state agencies will be made during FY 2002-2003 to address this deficit.

#### NOTE 4 – Accounting changes

#### **Changes in Accounting Principle:**

The State has implemented an unprecedented number of accounting changes as a result of standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) with an effective date of July 1, 2001.

GASB Statements 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions and 36, Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues. These statements establish accounting and financial reporting for nonexchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. The principal issue addressed in the statements is when nonexchange transactions should be recognized in the financial statements for both accrual and modified-accrual bases of accounting. Certain provisions of these standards were implemented in fiscal year 2001; however, the provisions to fully accrue nonexchange revenues in the government-wide financial statements are effective with the implementation of GASB Statement 34.

GASB Statements 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments and 37 Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: Omnibus are a phenomenal restructuring of government financial reporting. These accounting standards provide for a new set of financial statements for the state as a whole on the accrual basis of accounting (Government-wide Statements), a new financial narrative entitled Management's Discussion and Analysis as required supplementary information, and considerable changes to fund financial statements which continue to be required on a modified-accrual basis of accounting. In addition, this standard establishes additional note disclosure requirements.

GASB Statement 35, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities, an amendment of GASB Statement 34, is effective this fiscal year for the State's higher education institutions which are reported as discretely presented component units in the accompanying basic financial statements. This standard supercedes reporting using the AICPA College Guide Model by requiring colleges and universities to report as a business-type activity using enterprise fund accounting in accordance with provisions of GASB 34. These institutions continue to use the accrual basis of accounting.

GASB Statement 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, modifies, establishes, and rescinds certain financial statement disclosure requirements. The primary change is to require additional disclosure of the details of receivables, payables, and transfers.

The following schedule enumerates the adjustments necessary to implement the accounting changes discussed by restating the beginning balance of net assets (expressed in thousands):

Government-wide statements: Primary Government	6/30/01 Equity As Previously <u>Reported</u>	Fund Reclassifications	Prior Period Adjustments	6/30/01 Net Assets As Restated
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$ 996,080	\$ (9,829)	\$ 15,465	\$ 1,001,716
Education Fund	23,033			23,033
Highway Fund	313,513			313,513
Nonmajor governmental funds	457,892	222,536	48,268	728,696
Internal Service Funds		361,651	2,487	364,138
GASB Statements 33 and 34 changes: Capital Assets Revenue Recognition Long-term payables		1,667,976	15,299,789 108,460 (326,697)	16,967,765 108,460 (326,697)
Long-term debt			(1,114,806)	(1,114,806)
Total governmental activities	1,790,518	2,242,334	14,032,966	18,065,818
Business-type activities:				
Sewer Treatment	413,065			413,065
Employment Security	Ź	855,103		855,103
Nonmajor business-type	398,391	(348,189)		50,202
Total business-type activities	811,456	506,914		1,318,370
Fiduciary activities:				
Pension	23,738,205			23,738,205
Expendable trust	883,205	(883,205)		-,,
Nonexpendable trust	223,579	(223,579)		
Investment trust	1,746,953	•		1,746,953
Employee benefit			293	293
Private Purpose trust		29,994	17,037	47,031
Total fiduciary activities	26,591,942	(1,076,790)	17,330	25,532,482
Investment in general fixed assets	1,672,458	(1,672,458)		
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 30,866,374	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$ 14,050,296</u>	\$ 44,916,670

	6/30/01 Equity			6/30/01
	As Previously	Fund	Prior Period	Net Assets
	Reported	Reclassifications	<u>Adjustments</u>	As Restated
Government-wide statements: Component Units				
Tennessee Board of Regents GASB Statement 34 changes:	\$ 2,116,927		\$ (124,720)	\$ 1,992,207
Capital asset depreciation			(796,471)	(796,471)
Revenue recognition			7,175	7,175
Loan fund			<u>(20,421</u> )	(20,421)
Total Tennessee Board of Regents	2,116,927		(934,437)	1,182,490
University of Tennessee GASB Statement 34 changes:	2,281,159		(223,819)	2,057,340
Capital asset depreciation			(595,190)	(595,190)
Revenue recognition			(30,731)	(30,731)
Loan fund			(33,764)	(33,764)
Total University of Tennessee	2,281,159		(883,504)	1,397,655
Tennessee Housing Development Authority	374,202			374,202
Total Major Component Units	4,772,288		(1,817,941)	2,954,347
Nonmajor Component Units GASB Statement 34 Changes:	131,490		141	131,631
Elimination of fiduciary activity at the				
Entity-wide level			(89,109)	(89,109)
Capital asset depreciation			(714)	(714)
Long-term payables			(26,921)	(26,921)
Total Nonmajor Component Units	131,490		(116,603)	14,887
Total Component Units	\$ 4,903,778		\$ (1,934,544)	\$ 2,969,234

#### **Fund Reclassifications**

This column on the above schedule includes the changes in fund definition provided by GASB Statement 34 which included a complete restructuring of fiduciary funds, changes to enterprise fund criteria, and eliminating the two account groups—General Fixed Assets Account Group and General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Also, internal service funds are combined with governmental funds to be reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Prior Period Adjustments**

This column on the above schedule includes changes to implement GASB Statements 33 and 34 and corrections of errors. Explanations of adjustments include:

\$15.465 million is a correction to record a number of institutional supply inventories held in various General Fund agencies, such as the Departments of Safety, Correction, Mental Health, and Children's Services.

\$48.268 million represents reclassifying items previously reported as Agency Fund liabilities to governmental funds net assets.

\$2.487 million includes corrections of \$(479) thousand to record Tricor's depreciation on capital assets, inventory, and compensated absences; \$9.24 million increase in Office of Information Resources' receivables; and \$(6.274) million to decrease Facilities Revolving Fund's capital assets.

\$15.3 billion represents capital assets previously not reported in the financial statements, infrastructure (roadways and bridges), land (right-of-way acreage), and accumulated depreciation on structures and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

\$108.46 million results from applying accrual accounting to the State's tax and other revenues previously not accrued beyond 60 days.

\$326.697 million represents long-term obligations of the State which were previously not required to be reported outside of the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Obligations in this category include compensated absences, capital leases, and claims and judgments.

\$1.115 billion represents long-term debt obligations of the State that were previously not required to be reported outside of the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. This debt includes general obligation commercial paper outstanding and net general obligation bonds payable. Bonds are reported net of original issue discount or premium and the deferred amount resulting from refunded bonds.

\$293 thousand is a change to the Employee Benefit Trust to reclassify a liability to net assets.

\$17.037 million represents reclassifying Agency Fund liabilities to private-purpose trust net assets.

#### **Prior Period Adjustments - Component Units**

This column on the above schedule includes changes to implement GASB Statement 34 and 35 and corrections of errors. Explanations of adjustments include:

\$934.437 million for the Tennessee Board of Regents includes \$124.72 million for adjustments resulting primarily from revisions to capitalization policies for buildings and additions, library holdings and correction of errors for capital assets that were expensed. \$809.717 million includes capital assets depreciation, revenue recognition, and accounting changes for the loan fund.

\$883.504 million for the University of Tennessee represents \$223.819 million for adjustments resulting primarily from revisions to capitalization policies for capital assets and library holdings. \$659.685 million includes capital assets depreciation, revenue recognition, and accounting changes for the loan fund.

\$116.603 million for the Nonmajor Component Units represents changes for capital assets depreciation, long-term payables, and elimination of fiduciary activity.

#### NOTE 5 – Detailed notes on all funds

#### A. Deposits and investments

1. Pooled investments – The Pooled Investment Fund, administered by the State Treasurer, is authorized by statute to invest funds in accordance with policy guidelines approved by the State Funding Board. The current resolution of that Board gives the Treasurer approval to invest in collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories; prime commercial paper and prime banker's acceptances; bonds, notes and bills of the United States Treasury or other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States or any of its agencies and in repurchase agreements for obligations of the United States or its agencies which are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States; and in certain obligations of the State. This resolution further states that the dollar weighted average maturity of the State Pooled Investment Fund shall not exceed 90 days and that no investment may be purchased with a remaining maturity of greater than 397 calendar days.

The State Pooled Investment Fund is also authorized by policy to contractually loan securities to investment brokers. The contract for a security loan provides that the fund loan specific securities from its holdings to the broker in return for collateral securities. Statute requires that the loaned securities be collateralized at 102% of their market value. There were no securities on loan from the State Pooled Investment Fund during fiscal year 2002.

Statutes require the state deposits be secured by collateral securities with a market value of 105% of the face of the deposit secured thereby after considering the applicable FDIC coverage, or the depository must be a member of the State Collateral Pool and the pool must have securities pledged which in total equal the required percentage established by the Collateral Pool Board.

Certificates of deposit are not placed or renewed with a financial institution until adequate collateral is pledged. Open accounts maintained for deposit of state revenues are collateralized on an estimate of the average daily balance in the account based on previous balances and monitored for variation to actual balances. The Treasurer is required, by statute, to evaluate the market value of required collateral monthly, and more frequently if market conditions require. Further, statutes provide the Commissioner of Financial Institutions to advise, on a timely basis, the Treasurer and the Commissioner of Finance and Administration of the condition of each state bank and state chartered savings and loan association, including his recommendations regarding its condition and safety as a state depository. Similar provisions apply to federally chartered banks and savings and loan associations designated as state depositories. This process ensures that institutions whose financial status is uncertain are monitored for collateral sufficiency. All repurchases are done with primary dealers in government securities which have executed a master repurchase agreement with the State. The policy guidelines approved by the State Funding Board require that the market value of the securities underlying the repurchase agreement be at least 102% of the cash investment. The policy also requires that collateral securities be marked-to-market daily and be maintained at a value equal to or greater than the cash investment. Prime commercial paper may be acquired from authorized broker dealers or directly from the issuer. There is no collateral requirement for prime commercial paper.

The Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), in addition to the guidelines outlined for the Pooled Investment Fund, may invest in long-term investments. The TCRS may invest in bonds, debentures, preferred stock and common stock, and other good and solvent securities subject to the TCRS Board of Trustees approval. The Board has also authorized limited investments of securities in some foreign countries. TCRS may also invest in multifamily residential real estate through direct equity investment vehicles including, but not limited to, sole proprietorship and joint ventures.

#### 2. Valuation of investments

- a. State Pooled Investment Fund The SPIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company but, through its investment policy adopted by the State Funding Board, operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a7 allows SEC registered mutual funds to use amortized cost to report net assets in computing share prices. Likewise, the SPIF uses amortized cost accounting measures to report investments and share prices. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the State had not obtained or provided any legally binding guarantees to support the value of participant shares.
- b. Other Investments Investments not included in the SPIF are valued at fair value.
- 3. Securities lending The TCRS and the Chairs of Excellence (COE), a permanent fund, are authorized by their investment policies, as adopted by their boards, to enter into collateralized securities lending agreements whereby the TCRS and COE loans its debt and equity securities for a fee to a select few of the highest quality securities firms and banks. Loans must be limited so the total amount on loan does not exceed 30 percent of the TCRS' and COE's assets. The TCRS' and COE's custodian bank manages the lending program and maintains the collateral on behalf of the TCRS and COE. The borrower must deliver collateral to the lending agent in the form of cash or bonds, notes, and treasury bills of the United States or other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States or any of its agencies or by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, Student Loan Marketing Association and other United States government sponsored corporations or enterprises. Cash received as collateral may be reinvested by the

lending agency in accordance with the investment policy, as further restricted under the TCRS and COE securities lending agreement. Collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaults.

The loaned securities are initially collateralized at 102 percent of their fair value for domestic securities and 105 percent for international. Collateral is marked-to-market daily and additional collateral is pledged by the borrower if the fair value of the collateral subsequently falls below 100 percent for domestic securities and 105 percent for international. Although there is no specific policy for matching the maturities of the collateral investments and the securities loans, all securities on loan can be terminated on demand by either the TCRS/COE or the borrower. At year-end, TCRS and COE had no securities on loan.

4. Financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk – The TCRS is party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk used in the normal course of business to generate earnings and reduce its own exposure to fluctuations in market conditions. The TCRS is authorized by statute to engage in forward contracts to exchange different currencies at a specified future date and rate and in domestic stock index futures contracts. These contracts involve elements of custodial credit, market and legal risk in excess of amounts recognized in the statement of fiduciary net assets. The TCRS may purchase or sell domestic stock index futures contracts for the purposes of making asset allocation changes and improving liquidity. The contractual or notional amounts express the extent of the TCRS' involvement in these instruments and do not represent exposure to credit loss. The credit risk on forward and futures contracts is controlled through limits and monitoring procedures. Market risk, the risk that changing market conditions may make a financial instrument less valuable, is controlled through limitations on the use of such instruments. Legal risk is controlled through the use of only authorized instruments and brokers. The allowable currencies for hedging purposes are limited by policy on the Board of Trustees to the currencies of those countries otherwise authorized for investment.

At June 30, 2002, there were forward exchange contracts outstanding at a total net notional amount of \$896,129,128 and a fair value of \$961,336,292.

At June 30, 2002, the notional amount of TCRS futures contract was \$128,868,750 at a fair value of \$123,762,500.

The TCRS invests in collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) which are mortgage-backed securities. These securities are based on cash flows from interest and principal payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates. The CMOs held were issued by quasi-U.S. governmental agencies. At June 30, 2002, TCRS held no CMOs. The TCRS also invests in various asset-backed securities, representing ownership interests in trusts consisting of credit card or auto loan receivables. These securities are issued by organizations with AAA or AA credit ratings. TCRS invests in these securities primarily to enhance returns by taking advantage of opportunities available in this sector of the securities markets.

5. <u>Deposits</u> — Deposits with financial institutions are required to be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the State. Category 1 consists of deposits that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the State or by its agent in the state's name. Category 2 consists of deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the state's name. Category 3 deposits are uncollateralized. This includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the state's name.

At year end, the carrying amount of deposits in all funds was \$1,528.569 million and the bank balance, including accrued interest, was \$1,763.668 million. Of the bank balance, \$1,761.605 million was (category 1) covered by insurance or collateral (valued at market) held in the state's name by independent custodial banks or segregated in the Federal Reserve Bank in the state's account and \$2.063 million was (category 3) uninsured and uncollateralized.

The carrying value of cash and investments includes \$471.176 million of funds reported as component units.

Cash on deposit with fiscal agent includes \$11.068 million of cash held in a custody account by State Street Bank under a contractual arrangement for master custody services. Monies with the custodial agent are not classified by credit risk, as the custody account relationship does not meet the definition for either a deposit with a financial institution or a security.

6. <u>Investments</u> - Investments are also required to be categorized to indicate the level of risk assumed by the State. Category 1 consists of investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the state or its agent in the State's name. Category 2 consists of uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparties' trust department or agent in the State's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparties' trust department or agent but not in the State's name. Investments are categorized below for all funds (expressed in thousands):

#### PENSION TRUST, POOLED INVESTMENT, AND OTHER FUNDS

	Category				Fair
				Carrying	Value
	<u> </u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Amount</u>	6/30/02
Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Investment	nents:				
Commercial Paper	\$ 1,433,296			\$ 1,433,296	\$ 1,433,203
Repurchase Agreements	98,000			98,000	98,000
Government Securities	2,588,495			2,588,495	2,590,171
Corporate Securities	90,489			90,489	90,489
Total Cash Equivalents and					
Short-Term Investments	4,210,280			4,210,280	4,211,863
Long-Term Investments:					
Government Securities - not on loan	8,678,225			8,678,225	8,678,225
Corporate Bonds	2,820,660			2,820,660	2,820,660
Corporate Stocks	9,167,281			9,167,281	9,167,281
Margin deposit on futures contract					
Government bonds			\$ 9,438	9,438	9,438
Total Long-Term Investments	20,666,166		9,438	20,675,604	20,675,604
Total	<u>\$ 24,876,446</u>		<u>\$ 9,438</u>	24,885,884	24,887,467
Investments not subject to categorization:					
Unsettled Investment Acquisitions:					
Government Bonds				101,906	101,906
Corporate Stocks				12,230	12,230
Mutual Funds				102,859	102,859
Real Estate				352,582	352,582
Unemployment Compensation Pool				725,788	725,788
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents				\$ 26,181,249	<u>\$ 26,182,832</u>

7. The various component units are generally governed by the same basic State statutes as the State's investments described above.

#### a. University of Tennessee

At year end, the carrying amount of deposits for the University of Tennessee was \$20.425 million and the bank balance was \$19.839 million. Of this balance, the entire amount was (category 1) insured or collateralized with securities held by the University or by its agent in the University's name. During the year ended June 30, 2002, the University had uncollateralized deposits on several days of amounts up to \$4.908 million.

The investments for the University of Tennessee are categorized below (expressed in thousands):

		Category		Market	
				Carrying	Value
	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>6/30/02</u>
Cash Equivalents:					
Commercial Paper	\$ 90,790			\$ 90,790	\$ 90,790
Repurchase Agreements	16,000	\$ 2,000		18,000	18,000
Government Securities	235,851			235,851	235,851
Total Cash Equivalents	342,641	2,000		344,641	344,641
Investments:					
Government Securities	8,167	37,813		45,980	45,980
Corporate Bonds	4,125	32,269		36,394	36,394
Corporate Stocks	119,975	5,651		125,626	125,626
Assets with Trustees			\$ 4,621	4,621	4,621
Collateralized Mortgage Securities	1,200			1,200	1,200
Other	169			<u> </u>	169
Total Investments	<u>133,636</u>	<u>75,733</u>	4,621	213,990	213,990
Total	<u>\$ 476,277</u>	\$ 77,733	<u>\$ 4,621</u>	558,631	558,631
Investments not subject to categorization:					
Limited Partnership-Venture					
Capital Funds				29,543	29,543
Real Estate Equity				21,794	21,794
Mutual Funds				143,318	143,318
Real Estate Gifts				5,110	5,110
Cash Equivalents - assets with bank as cu	ıstodian			4,591	4,591
Investments in Hedge Funds				35,026	35,026
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents				<u>\$ 798,013</u>	<u>\$ 798,013</u>

#### b. Tennessee Board of Regents

At year end, the carrying amount of deposits for the Tennessee Board of Regents was \$60.770 million and the bank balance was \$74.216 million. Of the bank balance, \$73.747 million was (category 1) covered by insurance or collateral (valued at market) held in the schools' name by independent custodial banks or segregated in the Federal Reserve Bank in the schools' name, and \$469 thousand was (category 3) uninsured and uncollateralized. In addition, at June 30, 2002, the schools had \$294.306 million being held by the State in the Local Government Investment Pool.

The investments for the Tennessee Board of Regents are categorized below (expressed in thousands):

		Category		Fair	
			Carrying	Value	
	<u> </u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	_Amount_	6/30/02
Investments:					
Commercial Paper	\$ 3,987			\$ 3,987	\$ 3,987
Government Securities	11,226	\$ 2,027	\$ 32,698	45,951	45,951
Corporate Bonds	1,050	2,443	2,012	5,505	5,505
Corporate Stocks	11,615	9,654	2,557	23,826	23,826
Other	505		3,054	3,559	3,559
Total Long-Term Investments	\$ 28,383	<u>\$ 14,124</u>	<u>\$ 40,321</u>	82,828	82,828
Investments not subject to categorize	ation:				
Mutual Funds				22,424	22,424
Total Investments and					
Cash Equivalents				\$ 105,252	<u>\$ 105,252</u>

#### c. Tennessee State School Bond Authority

At year end, the carrying amount and bank balance of deposits was \$37 thousand for the Tennessee State School Bond Authority (TSSBA). All bank balances were insured, except during the week of April 25 through April 30, 2002, of which certain funds held by the bond trustee were not insured or collateralized. The amounts not collateralized ranged from \$1,975,734 to \$17,573,978 during this period. In addition, at June 30, 2002, TSSBA had \$56.973 million being held by the State in the State Pooled Investment Fund.

The investments for the Tennessee School Bond Authority are categorized below (expressed in thousands):

	<u>Ca</u>	<u>Category</u>			Fair	
Investments	1	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Value <u>6/30/02</u>	
Investments: Government Securities	<u>\$ 13,699</u>			\$ 13,699	\$ 13,699	
Total Investments	<u>\$ 13,699</u>			<u>\$ 13,699</u>	<u>\$ 13,699</u>	

#### d. Tennessee Housing Development Agency

Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) deposits were in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of custodial credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2002, the carrying amount of THDA's deposits was \$45.129 million, and the bank balance was \$45.516 million. Of the bank balance, \$36.865 million was insured and \$8.651 million was uninsured and uncollateralized. In addition, at June 30, 2002, THDA had \$10.678 million being held by the State in the State Pooled Investment Fund.

The investments for the Tennessee Housing Development Agency are categorized below (expressed in thousands):

_	(	Category			Fair
Cash Equivalents and Short-Term	1	2	3	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Value <u>6/30/02</u>
Investments:					
Repurchase Agreements Government Securities	\$ 147,101 69,084		\$ 21,899	\$ 169,000 69,084	\$ 169,000 <u>69,084</u>
Total Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Investments	216,185		21,899	238,084	238,084
Long-Term Investments Government Securities	485,538			485,538	485,538
Total	<u>\$ 701,723</u>		<u>\$ 21,899</u>	723,622	723,622
Investments not subject to categorizati Unsettled Investment Acquisition	on:				
Government Securities				1,982	1,982
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents				<u>\$ 725,604</u>	<u>\$ 725,604</u>

#### B. Accounts and notes receivable

Receivables at June 30, 2002, for the State's individual major funds and non-major and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, consist of the following (expressed in thousands):

#### **Primary Government**

						Allowance	
					Total	for	Net Total
	<u>Accounts</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	Government	<u>Other</u>	Receivables	<u>Uncollectibles</u>	Receivables
Governmental Activitie	s:						
General	\$ 280,724	\$ 469,870	\$ 281,371	\$ 10,831	\$ 1,042,796	\$ (88,538)	\$ 954,258
Education	16	376,001	64,165		440,182	(31,254)	408,928
Highway	230	138,916	ŕ		139,146	(33)	139,113
Nonmajor							
governmental	286	9,695	4,734	1,475	16,190	(373)	15,817
Internal Service	3,973				3,973		3,973
Total—governmental							
activities	<u>\$ 285,229</u>	<u>\$ 994,482</u>	<u>\$ 350,270</u>	<u>\$ 12,306</u>	<u>\$ 1,642,287</u>	<u>\$ (120,198</u> )	<u>\$ 1,522,089</u>
Amounts not expected to be collected within one year	n	\$ 32,096					<u>\$ 32,096</u>
Business-type Activities		ф. <b>7</b> 0.0 <b>2</b> 0		ф. <b>2</b> .00 <b>7</b>	A 107.030	Φ (20.202)	Φ 06.036
Employment Security		\$ 79,820		\$ 3,895	\$ 107,038	\$ (20,202)	\$ 86,836
Sewer Treatment Loan				7	7		7
Nonmajor proprietary	<u>620</u>			4	<u>624</u>		<u>624</u>
Total—business-type activities	\$ 23,943	\$ 79,820		\$ 3,906	\$ 107,669	\$ (20,202)	\$ 87,467
activities	<u>s 23,943</u>	<u>s 19,820</u>		<u>s 3,900</u>	<u>s 107,009</u>	<u>s (20,202</u> )	<u>v 0/,40/</u>

#### C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2002, was as follows (expressed in thousands):

#### **Primary Government**

Trimary Government				
	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 546,273	\$ 158,150	(\$ 1,401)	\$ 703,022
Infrastructure	13,816,664	782,701	(43,662)	14,555,703
Construction in progress	1,793,174	1,195,999	(831,209)	2,157,964
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,156,111	2,136,850	(876,272)	17,416,689
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	1,578,833	60,180	(1,758)	1,637,255
Machinery and equipment	465,102	46,809	(33,903)	478,008
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,043,935	106,989	(35,661)	2,115,263
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	(537,018)	(38,475)	778	(574,715)
Machinery and equipment	(291,534)	(48,577)	27,210	(312,901)
Total accumulated depreciation	(828,552)	<u>(87,052</u> )	27,988	(887,616)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,215,383	19,937	(7,673)	1,227,647
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 17,371,494</u>	<u>\$ 2,156,787</u>	(\$ 883,945)	<u>\$ 18,644,336</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows (expressed in thousands):

#### Governmental activities:

General Government	\$ 1,385
Education	1,707
Health and Social Services	6,319
Law, Justice and Public Safety	17,738
Recreation and Resource Development	9,904
Regulation of Business and Professions	14
Transportation	13,596
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 28,297
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ <u> 78,960</u>

<u>Highway Construction Commitments</u> — At June 30, 2002, the Department of Transportation had contractual commitments of approximately \$552.3 million for construction of various highway projects. Funding of these future expenditures is expected to be provided from federal grants (\$458.3 million) and general obligation bond proceeds (\$94.0 million).

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2002, for the discretely presented component units are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 104,225	\$ 20,037	\$ (702)	\$ 123,560
Construction in progress	215,834	130,986	(148,730)	198,090
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	320,059	151,023	(149,432)	321,650
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	187,786	8,007	(18,975)	176,818
Structures and improvements	2,075,953	191,026	(9,174)	2,257,805
Machinery and equipment	673,007	72,836	(100,548)	645,295
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,936,746	271,869	(128,697)	3,079,918
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(50,551)	(36,577)	41	(87,087)
Structures and improvements	(783,147)	(154,079)	4,075	(933,151)
Machinery and equipment	(323,020)	(88,604)	27,279	(384,345)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,156,718)	(279,260)	31,395	(1,404,583)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,780,028	(7,391)	(97,302)	1,675,335
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,100,087	<u>\$ 143,632</u>	<u>\$ (246,734)</u>	<u>\$ 1,996,985</u>

#### D. Interfund balances

1. Interfund balances at June 30, 2002, consisted of the following (expressed in thousands):

	D U E F R O M								
		General <u>Fund</u>	Education	<u>Highway</u>	Employment Security	t Nonmajor <u>Governmental</u>	Nonmajor Enterprise <u>Funds</u>	Internal Service <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
D U	General Fund Education Highway	\$ 3,156 8	\$ 211,526	\$ 1	\$ 17,782	\$ 18		\$ 364	\$ 229,691 3,156 8
E	Employment Security Nonmajor	283				7			290
T O	Governmental Internal Service	1							1
	Funds Fiduciary Funds	125 8,710	10 278	128 1,126		282	<u>\$ 4</u>	3 <u>277</u>	266 10,677
	Total	<u>\$ 12,283</u>	<u>\$ 211,814</u>	<u>\$ 1,255</u>	<u>\$ 17,782</u>	\$ 307	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 644</u>	<u>\$ 244,089</u>

Of the \$211,526 due to the General Fund from the Education Fund, \$211,316 resulted from a time lag between the dates that payments to local education agencies occur and taxes are received in the Education Fund. The \$17,782 due to the General Fund from Employment Security resulted from a time lag between the dates the funds are drawn and received from the Federal government. The amounts due to Fiduciary Funds resulted from a time lag in payment of payroll tax liabilities.

#### 2. COMPONENT UNITS PAYABLES

Component Units accounts payable to the Primary Government at June 30, 2002, consisted of the following (expressed in thousands):

### PAYABLE FROM COMPONENT UNITS

	Τ	Tennessee Housing Development Agency		Tennessee Board of <u>Regents</u>		University of Tennessee		Nonmajor Component <u>Units</u>		<u>Total</u>	
P	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
A	General Fund	\$	35,367	\$	62	\$	92	\$	3,971	\$	39,492
Y	Education Fund				251		98				349
A	Employment Security								9		9
В	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	S			70		1,166				1,236
L	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds				7		1				8
$\mathbf{E}$	Internal Service Funds				80		37		28		145
	Fiduciary Funds		53		1,710		1,533	_	120	_	3,416
T											
O	Total	\$	35,420	\$	2,180	\$	2,927	\$	4,128	\$	44,655

#### 3. COMPONENT UNITS RECEIVABLES

Component Units accounts receivable from the Primary Government at June 30, 2002, consisted of the following (expressed in thousands):

### RECEIVABLE F ROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

R E		General Fund	Nonmajor <u>Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
C	COMPONENT UNITS:			
E I V A B L	Tennessee Board of Regents University of Tennessee Nonmajor Component Units Total	\$ 8,682 \$ 8,682	\$ 1,118 12,365 	\$ 1,118 12,365 <u>8,682</u> \$ 22,165
T O				

The Certified Cotton Growers' has a year end of December 31. At that date, the State owed \$2.25 million, of which \$1.75 million was paid by June 30. Therefore, the amount reported above, and the amount on the Statement of Net Assets, disagree by \$1.75 million.

#### E. Advances

The Office for Information Resources, an internal service fund, has advances of \$6.511 million to various general fund agencies for computer systems development. These loans are considered long term and are not expected to be repaid within one year.

#### F. Transfers

Transfers between the various primary government funds for fiscal year 2001-2002 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

#### Transfers In

		3						Nonmajor Enterprise	Internal Service		
<b>Transfers Out</b>	<u>General</u>	Education	High	_		unds		eatment	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
General		\$ 467,769	\$	13	\$	49,661	\$	4,788	\$ 12,031	\$ 7,274	\$ 541,536
Education						402					402
Highway	\$ 31,223										31,223
Nonmajor											
Governmental Funds	129,476		80	,000		5,083				93	214,652
Internal Service Funds	2,450				-	20	_				2,470
Totals	<u>\$ 163,149</u>	<u>\$ 467,769</u>	<u>\$ 80</u>	,013	\$	55,166	\$	4,788	<u>\$ 12,031</u>	<u>\$ 7,367</u>	\$ 790,283

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due and (3) use unrestricted resources from the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with statute or budgetary authorizations.

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002, the general fund transferred \$541.5 million to other funds in accordance with statute or budgetary authorizations for the following purposes: \$456.2 million to subsidize the activities of the education fund, \$39.8 million for capital outlay expenditures, \$40.9 million to provide appropriations to finance various programs in other funds and \$4.6 million to provide for debt service payments that were due.

The highway fund received a transfer from the debt service fund for \$80.0 million to cancel authorized and unissued highway bonds. These authorizations were originally recorded in the highway fund to fund a portion of their budget.

Of the \$163.1 million transferred into the general fund, the following transfers were considered nonroutine and inconsistent with the activities of the funds making the transfers: the highway fund transferred \$30.0 million and special revenue funds transferred \$88.8 million to the general fund for the purpose of funding the requirements of state government operations. These transfers were made in accordance with budgetary authority granted by the Legislature.

### G. Lease obligations

Operating Lease Obligations — The State has entered into various operating leases for land, buildings and equipment. Most leases contain termination clauses providing for cancellation after 30, 60 or 90 days' written notice to lessors. In addition, most leases contain appropriation clauses indicating that continuation of the lease is subject to funding by the legislature. It is expected that in the normal course of business most of these leases will be replaced by similar leases. The State has also entered into various operating leases, which have non-cancelable lease terms. Below is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under these leases (expressed in thousands).

For the Year(s)	Noncancelable
Ended June 30	Operating Leases
2003	\$ 13,595
2004	11,844
2005	8,947
2006	6,663
2007	4,254
2008-2012	10,288
2013	<u>2</u>
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 55,593

Expenditures for rent under leases for the years ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, amounted to \$31.9 million and \$32.6 million, respectively.

<u>Capital Lease Obligations</u> – The State leases a building for a vocational training center. The lease provides an option to purchase the building within the twelve-year lease period. This capital lease obligation is payable from resources of the General Fund. The effective interest rate is 5.1%. In addition, Records Management (an internal service fund) leased an imaging system with an option to purchase within the five-year lease period. The effective interest rate is 2.65%. These capital lease obligations are reported in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets. The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital leases (expressed in thousands).

		Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Land		\$ 56,000
Building	605,000	
Less: Accumulated		
Depreciation	<u>61</u>	604,939
Equipment	140	
Less: Accumulated		
Depreciation	<u>26</u>	<u> 114</u>
		<u>\$ 661,053</u>

At June 30, 2002, minimum annual lease payments are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the Year(s)	Governmental Activities Lease
Ended June 30	Obligation Payable
2003	\$ 104
2004	104
2005	104
2006	76
2007	74
2008-2009	<u>92</u>
Total	554
<u>Less</u> - Interest	<u>71</u>
Present value of net minimum	
lease payments	<u>\$483</u>

#### H. Lease receivables

Operating Lease Receivables — The State, as the lessor, entered into an operating lease with Tennessee Golf, LLC for four golf courses built by the State to be operated by the lessee. The 21-year lease agreement, dated January 20, 1995, that required lease payments begin in January 2001 was amended on February 11, 2002, to extend the lease period to 30 years. In accordance with GASB Statement 13, this lease qualifies as lease with scheduled rent increases. The golf courses are recorded as a governmental activities capital asset.

The following is a schedule by years of minimum future rentals on noncancelable leases as of June 30, 2002 (expressed in thousands):

Year ending June 30	
2003	\$ 240
2004	261
2005	283
2006	1,272
2007	2,250
2008-2012	11,250
2013-2017	12,508
2018-2022	12,647
2023-2027	12,647
2028-2031	8,853
Total minimum future rentals	<u>\$ 62,211</u>

<u>Capital Lease Receivable</u> — The State, as the lessor, entered into a lease agreement with the Nashville/Davidson County Metropolitan Government (lessee) for the Farmers' Market Facility. The lease term is 20 years with an option to renew the lease for an unlimited period of time. The agreement was signed in June 1995; an initial cash payment was made and the first of 19 payments began in fiscal year 1997. The State is subsidizing a part of the cost of this building.

The State, as lessor, entered into a lease agreement with the Nashville/Davidson County Metropolitan Government (lessee) for the Post-Mortem Facility. The lease term is 20 years beginning July 15, 2001, with an option to renew the lease for an unlimited period of time for a nominal amount. The State is subsidizing a part of the cost of this building.

Minimum future lease payments to be received as of June 30, 2002 (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended June 30	<u>Total</u>
2003	\$ 560
2004	559
2005	562
2006	560
2007	461
2008-2012	2,291
2013-2017	1,783
2018-2021	805
Total minimum future lease payments	<u>\$7,581</u>
Net investment in direct financing leases at June 30:	
Minimum lease payments receivable	\$ 7,581
Plus: deferred charges	816
Net investment in direct financing lease	<u>\$ 8,397</u>

### I. Long term debt

1. General Obligation Bonds – Bonds Payable at June 30, 2002, are shown below (expressed in thousands):

	_Amount_
Business-type Activities:	
General obligation bonds, 5.0%, due in generally decreasing amounts	
of principal and interest ranging from \$1.71 million in 2003 to \$685 thousand in 2006	\$ 5,810
General obligation refunding bonds, 1996 Series C, 4.6% to 5.0%, principal and	
interest due in amounts ranging from \$1.135 million in 2003 to \$940 thousand in 2010	8,267
	14,077
Less: Unamortized bond refunding costs	(153)
Total Business-type Activities	13,924
Total Business-type Activities	13,724
Governmental Activities:	
General obligation bonds, 4.0% to 7.4%, due in generally decreasing amounts of principal	
and interest from \$63.33 million in 2003 to \$3.72 million in 2029	813,240
General obligation refunding bonds, 1996 Series B, 4.6% to 6%, principal and	013,210
interest due in amounts ranging from \$17.22 million in 2003 to \$3.73 million in 2011	95,070
	93,070
General obligation refunding bonds, 1999 Series A, 3.5% to 5%, principal and	220 225
interest due in amounts ranging from \$6.61 million in 2003 to \$5.145 million in 2015	229,337
Total General Long-Term Debt	1,137,647
Less: Unamortized bond refunding costs	(2,766)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,134,881</u>

General Obligation bonds issued during the year ended June 30, 2002:

January 2002 – Series 2002A in the amount of \$150.6 million Series 2002B in the amount of \$13.48 million

The \$150.6 million general obligation bond issue represents tax exempt bonds maturing serially through 2022 at interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.25%. The bonds were sold at a premium of \$5,599,760. The \$13.48 million general obligation bond issue represents taxable bonds maturing serially through 2014 and term maturities in 2017 and 2022 at interest rates ranging from 6.0% to 6.5%. The bonds were sold at a premium of \$132,840. Proceeds of \$164.1 million were used to redeem commercial paper.

2. <u>General Obligation Commercial Paper</u> – Governmental Activities Commercial Paper Payable at June 30, 2002, is shown below (expressed in thousands).

General obligation commercial paper, interest rates ranging from 1.4% to 2.65% for tax exempt and 1.75% to 3.74% for taxable, varying maturities

Commercial Paper \$ 110,700

The full faith and credit of the State, together with certain tax revenues, are pledged to secure all general obligation bonds and commercial paper listed above.

In March 2000, the State instituted a general obligation commercial paper program to provide interim or short-term financing of various authorized capital projects. Commercial paper may be issued as federally taxable or tax exempt and constitute bond anticipation notes. The commercial paper is sold at par as interest-bearing obligations in minimum denominations of \$100 thousand and integral multiples of one thousand in excess of such amount, with interest payable at maturity. The commercial paper has varying maturities of not more than 270 days from their respective dates of issuance. Interest rates vary depending on the market. The amount of principal outstanding may not exceed \$250 million.

The State has entered into a Standby Commercial Paper Purchase Agreement with the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System under which TCRS is obligated to purchase newly issued commercial paper issued to pay the principal of other commercial paper. The Program expires and the Standby Purchase Agreement terminates on April 1, 2005. At June 30, 2002, \$110.7 million of commercial paper was outstanding (\$93.4 million tax exempt and \$17.3 million federally taxable). Commercial paper payable under this Program qualifies for reporting as a non-current liability because provisions in the Commercial Paper Resolution permit refinancing the paper on a long-term basis.

3. <u>Debt Service Requirements to Maturity</u> - Debt Service requirements to maturity for all general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2002, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the Year(s) <a href="Ended June 30">Ended June 30</a>	<u>General Obl</u> <u>Principal</u>	igation Bonds Interest	Total <u>Requirements</u>
2003	\$ 90,454	\$ 57,626	\$ 148,080
2004	90,274	53,428	143,702
2005	89,909	48,754	138,663
2006	88,564	43,963	132,527
2007	77,719	39,414	117,133
2008-2012	344,587	143,819	488,406
2013-2017	256,131	65,111	321,242
2018-2022	92,466	17,784	110,250
2023-2027	14,435	5,542	19,977
2028-2029	7,185	807	7,992
	\$1,151,724	<u>\$476,248</u>	\$ 1,627,972

The above principal for bonds does not reflect a \$2.919 million deduction from bonds payable for the deferred amount on refunding.

4. <u>General Obligation Bonds Authorized and Unissued</u> - A summary of general obligation bonds authorized and unissued at June 30, 2002, is shown below (expressed in thousands). It is anticipated that a significant amount of these bonds will not be issued but will be canceled because of sufficient fund balances.

	Unissued			Unissued
<u>Purpose</u>	July 1, 2001	<u>Authorized</u>	<u>Canceled</u>	June 30, 2002
Highway	\$ 641,500	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 641,500
Higher Education	23,152		3,457	19,695
<b>Environment and Conservation</b>	36,270	2,000	20,211	18,059
General Government	464,299	80,600	156,603	388,296
Local Development Authority	24,800		1,500	23,300
Other	480			<u>480</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 1,190,501</u>	<u>\$ 162,600</u>	<u>\$ 261,771</u>	<u>\$ 1,091,330</u>

5. <u>Changes in Long-Term Obligations</u> - A summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2002, follows (expressed in thousands).

#### **Changes In Long-Term Liabilities**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Bonds and Commercial Paper					
Payable:	e 1 202 452	¢ 100 013	¢ (252 017)	¢ 1 249 247	¢ 97.160
General Obligation Debt Less Deferred Amount on	\$ 1,302,452	\$ 199,812	\$ (253,917)	\$ 1,248,347	\$ 87,160
Refundings	(2,996)		230	(2,766)	
Total Bonds and Commercial	(2,550)			(2,700)	
Paper Payable	1,299,456	199,812	(253,687)	1,245,581	87,160
Capital Leases	562		(79)	483	83
Compensated Absences	160,837	98,270	(93,352)	165,755	81,220
Bond interest accrual		7,970		7,970	7,970
Claims and Judgments	171,928	<u>58,290</u>	(28,896)	201,322	27,983
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,632,783</u>	<u>\$ 364,342</u>	<u>\$ (376,014)</u>	<u>\$1,621,111</u>	<u>\$ 204,416</u>
DUGDUGG TUDE A CTU ITUG					
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	e 17.20 <i>C</i>		e (2.200)	¢ 14.077	e 2.045
Bonds Payable Less Deferred Amount on	\$ 17,386		\$ (3,309)	\$ 14,077	\$ 2,845
	(172)		20	(152)	
Refundings	<u>(173</u> )		(2.280)	(153)	2,845
Total Bonds Payable	17,213	¢ 10	(3,289)	13,924	
Compensated Absences Business-Type Activities	88	<u>\$ 48</u>	(60)	<u>76</u>	37
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 17,301	<u>\$ 48</u>	\$ (3,349)	\$ 14,000	\$ 2,882
5					

Governmental activities include all governmental funds and internal service funds. Typically, agencies accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds liquidate compensated absences liabilities. Claims and judgments are obligations of Underground Storage Tanks and Highway, Special Revenue Funds and the General Fund.

### J. Payables

Payables as of June 30, 2002, were as follows (expressed in thousands):

		Salaries and	Accrued		Total
	Vendors	<b>Benefits</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Payables</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General	\$ 444,764	\$ 52,788		\$ 54,919	\$ 552,471
Education	92,044	2,591		9,400	104,035
Highway	65,868	6,585			72,453
Other governmental	37,185	685	\$ 3,239	193	41,302
Internal Service	66,864	1,627			68,491
Total—					
governmental activities	<u>\$ 706,725</u>	<u>\$ 64,276</u>	<u>\$ 3,239</u>	<u>\$ 64,512</u>	<u>\$ 838,752</u>
Business-Type Activities:					
Employment Security	\$ 12			\$ 20,609	\$ 20,621
Sewer Treatment Loan				3	3
Other proprietary	40,653	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>\$ 228</u>	484	41,389
Total—business-type					
activities	<u>\$ 40,665</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>\$ 228</u>	<u>\$ 21,096</u>	<u>\$ 62,013</u>

### K. Component units – condensed financial statements

Below is the condensed financial statements of the component units for the State of Tennessee as of June 30, 2002 (expressed in thousands):

### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS

ACCETC	Housing Development Agency	Board of <u>Regents</u>	University of Tennessee	Nonmajor Component <u>Units</u>	Total Component <u>Units</u>
ASSETS  Cook Investments and Other Assets	\$ 2,172,173	\$ 423,556	\$ 883,990	\$ 214,354	\$ 3,694,073
Cash, Investments, and Other Assets Due from Primary Government	\$ 2,1/2,1/3	1,118	\$ 883,990 12,365	\$ 214,354 10,432	23,915
Due from Other Component Units		1,110	12,303	420,321	420,321
Restricted Assets	198,928	170,219	211,176	23,420	603,743
Capital Assets, Net	190,920	1,151,905	835,133	9,942	1,996,985
Total Assets	2,371,106	1,746,798	1,942,664	678,469	6,739,037
Total Assets	2,3/1,100	1,740,798	1,942,004	070,409	0,739,037
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Other					
Current Liabilities	232,627	250,195	199,203	96,743	778,768
Due to Primary Government	35,420	2,180	2,927	4,128	44,655
Due to Other Component Units		216,000	204,321		420,321
Long-Term Liabilities	1,733,060	45,362	86,268	562,805	2,427,495
Total Liabilities	2,001,107	513,737	492,719	663,676	3,671,239
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital,					
Net of Related Debt	5	924,242	636,282	5,226	1,565,755
Restricted	359,618	81,471	579,244	1,689	1,022,022
Unrestricted	10,376	227,348	234,419	7,878	480,021
Total Net Assets	\$ 369,999	\$ 1,233,061	\$ 1,449,945	\$ 14,793	\$ 3,067,798
	62				

### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

		PROGRAM REVENUES  CHARGES OPERATING CAPITAL			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u>EXPENSES</u>	FOR SERVICES	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	
COMPONENT UNITS: HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY BOARD OF REGENTS UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 293,987 1,440,499 1,311,368 154,449	\$ 117,042 439,878 438,521 56,268	\$ 172,443 319,250 422,944 52,153	\$ 97,863 42,961	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 3,200,303</u>	<u>\$ 1,051,709</u>	<u>\$ 966,790</u>	<u>\$ 140,824</u>	
	GENERAL F		RIMARY GOVERNM	1FNT	

PAYMENTS FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT
UNRESTRICTED GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS
CONTRIBUTIONS TO PERMANENT FUNDS
UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT EARNINGS
MISCELLANEOUS
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NET ASSETS – JULY 1 NET ASSETS – JUNE 30

Significant transactions between the major component units-Tennessee Board of Regents (TBR), University of Tennessee (UT), and Tennessee Housing Development Authority (THDA)-and the primary government consist of the following:

State appropriations from the Education Fund in the amount of \$612.9 million were made to the TBR and \$415.921 million to the UT.

Capital expenditures in the amount of \$54.905 million were made for the TBR and \$34.102 million to the UT in the form of capital assets acquired or constructed.

The TBR paid the primary government \$11.636 million to manage construction projects that were not a part of the capital appropriations.

The THDA paid to the General Fund \$35.367 million that consisted of tax revenues previously directed to the THDA.

The most significant transaction among component units is that in which the Tennessee State School Bond Authority, a nonmajor component unit, makes loans to the University of Tennessee and the Tennessee Board of Regents to finance certain capital projects. At June 30, 2002, the Authority's loan receivable (expressed in thousands) consisted of:

	Current	Noncurrent
Tennessee Board of Regents	\$ 11,099	\$ 204,901
University of Tennessee	<u>15,330</u>	<u>188,991</u>
Total	<u>\$ 26,429</u>	<u>\$ 393,892</u>

NET (EXPI	ENSE) REVENUE AN	D CHANGES IN NET AS	SSETS	
HOUSING	BOARD	UNIVERSITY	NONMAJOR	
DEVELOPMENT	OF	OF	COMPONENT	
<u>AGENCY</u>	<u>REGENTS</u>	<u>TENNESSEE</u>	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
\$ (4,502)				\$ (4,502)
	\$ (583,508)	Φ (40.6.0.4 <b>0</b> )		(583,508)
		\$ (406,942)	Φ (46.020)	(406,942)
			<u>\$ (46,028)</u>	(46,028)
<u>\$ (4,502)</u>	<u>\$ (583,508)</u>	<u>\$ (406,942)</u>	<u>\$ (46,028)</u>	<u>\$ (1,040,980</u> )
	612,900	415,921	45,697	1,074,518
	4,971	5,274	25	10,270
	96	23,939		24,035
299	11,548	13,923	212	25,982
	<u>4,564</u>	<u> </u>		4,739
<u>299</u>	634,079	459,232	45,934	1,139,544
(4,203)	50,571	52,290	(94)	98,564
374,202	1,182,490	1,397,655	14,887	2,969,234
<u>\$ 369,999</u>	<u>\$ 1,233,061</u>	<u>\$ 1,449,945</u>	<u>\$ 14,793</u>	<u>\$ 3,067,798</u>

#### L. Major component units – long term debt

Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA)

Bonds Payable and Notes Payable at June 30, 2002, are shown below (expressed in thousands):

Mortgage finance program revenue bonds, various Series, 1.85% to 8.125%, due in amounts of principal and interest ranging from \$105.6 million in 2003 to \$2.71 million in 2034

\$1,828,621

Less: Unamortized bond refunding costs Net Bonds Payable

\$ 1,820,394

Homeownership Program Convertible Drawdown Notes, at 1.608% interest rate due

67,909

The revenue bonds and notes listed above are not obligations of the State. They are secured by pledge from the facilities to which they relate and by certain other revenues, fees and assets of the THDA.

Bond sales during the year ended June 30, 2002, included the following issues:

August 2001 – Program bonds of \$60 million December 2001 – Program bonds of \$64.58 million April 2002 – Program bonds of \$85 million

On December 13, 2001, the agency issued \$64.580 million in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2001–3 A & B to redeem notes.

On April 18, 2002, the agency issued \$85 million in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2002–1 A and B. On June 13, 2002, the agency used \$42.055 million of these bonds to redeem notes.

#### **Current Refundings**

During the year ended June 30, 2002, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Mortgage Finance Program in the amount of \$2.455 million and in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$20.758 million. The respective carrying values of these bonds were \$2.435 million and \$20.62 million. This resulted in a loss to the Mortgage Finance Program of \$20 thousand and the Homeownership Program of \$138 thousand.

On July 1, 2001, the agency used \$127.542 million of Bond Issue 2001-1 A, B, C and D to refund certain bonds previously issued in the Mortgage Finance Program and the Homeownership Program. The agency's funds were used for the \$1.929 million call premium. The carrying amount of those bonds was \$126.587 million. The refunding resulted in a difference of \$2.884 million between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2032. The refunding decreased the agency's debt service over the next 31 years by \$5.258 million and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$18.486 million. Also, on this date, the agency used \$8.98 million of Single Family Mortgage Program Notes to refund bonds previously issued in the Mortgage Finance Program and the Homeownership Program. The carrying amount of these bonds was \$8.973 million. The refunding resulted in a difference of \$7 thousand between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference is charged to operations in the current and following year. Because short-term notes were used to refund long-term bonds, the change in debt service nor the economic gain disclosures are appropriate.

On August 30, 2001, the agency issued \$60 million in Homeownership Program Bonds, Issue 2001-2 A and B. On October 1, 2001, the agency used \$33.74 million of these bonds to refund certain bonds previously issued in the Mortgage Finance Program and the Homeownership Program. The carrying amount of these bonds was \$33.489 million. The refunding resulted in a difference of \$251 thousand between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2031. The refunding decreased the agency's debt service by \$6.876 million over the next 31 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5.095 million.

On December 13, 2001, the agency issued (short-term) notes to refund \$32.295 million of bonds previously issued in the Mortgage Finance Program and the Homeownership Program. The carrying amount of these bonds was \$32.142 million. The refunding resulted in a difference of \$153 thousand between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This difference is charged to operations in the current and following year. Because short-term notes were used to refund long-term bonds, the change in debt service nor the economic gain disclosures are appropriate.

Debt Service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2002, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the Year(s)	Revenu	Revenue Bonds	
Ended June 30_	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Requirements</u>
2003	\$ 105,625	\$ 96,155	\$ 201,780
2004	44,127	93,052	137,179
2005	49,700	92,496	142,196
2006	55,047	92,012	147,059
2007	57,221	89,976	147,197
2008-2012	214,663	400,288	614,951
2013-2017	226,402	370,100	596,502
2018-2022	310,146	266,131	576,277
2023-2027	330,105	174,288	504,393
2028-2032	370,370	79,707	450,077
2033-2034	47,825	1,518	49,343
	<u>\$ 1,811,231</u>	<u>\$1,755,723</u>	<u>\$ 3,566,954</u>

The above principal for revenue bonds is less than that presented on the accompanying financial statements by \$9.163 million. Of this amount, \$17.39 million represents accretion to date of interest on deep discount bonds in those years preceding the first principal payment on these bonds. This accretion has been reported above as interest in the years on which the bonds mature (2002-2017). In addition, \$8.227 million, which is a deduction from bonds payable for the deferred amount on refundings, is not reflected in the above presentation.

#### Notes Program

The Single Family Mortgage Notes Trust Indenture, dated December 1, 1997 (the "Trust Indenture"), provides for the issuance of agency drawdown notes with a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$65 million. On April 1, 1999 the Trust Indenture was supplemented providing for the maximum aggregate principal amount to be \$200 million. The notes bear interest, payable on the second Thursday of each succeeding month with respect to the principal amount drawn down by the agency. The interest rate is equal to ninety percent (90%) of the bond equivalent yield as determined on the related rate date.

The following table is a summary of the note activity for the year ended June 30, 2002 (expressed in thousands).

Beginning Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance
\$84,865	\$109,881	\$126,837	\$67,909

### M. Nonmajor component units – long term debt

Tennessee Local Development Authority (TLDA)

Bonds Payable and Notes Payable at June 30, 2002, are shown below (expressed in thousands):

Revenue bonds, 4.75% to 5.75%, due in generally decreasing amounts of principal and interest from \$7 million in 2003 to \$16 thousand in 2022	\$ 52,137
Less: Unamortized bond refunding costs Net Bonds Payable	(1,473) \$ 50,664
Revenue bond anticipation notes, \$51.513 million at 2.75% due June 2003	<u>\$ 51,513</u>

The revenue bonds and revenue bond anticipation notes listed above are not obligations of the State. They are secured by pledge of resources from the facilities to which they relate and by certain other revenues, fees and assets of the TLDA.

<u>Prior Year Defeasance of Debt.</u> In prior years, the authority defeased certain revenue bonds of the Community Provider Programs by placing the proceeds of general obligation notes in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the authority's financial statements. On June 30, 2002, \$19.19 million of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Debt Service requirements to maturity for TLDA's revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2002, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the Year(s)		Revenue Bonds			Total	
Ended June 30_	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	<u>I1</u>	<u>nterest</u>	Rec	uirements
2003	\$	4,174	\$	2,784	\$	6,958
2004		4,064		2,571		6,635
2005		4,204		2,358		6,562
2006		3,494		2,138		5,632
2007		3,213		1,956		5,169
2008-2012		18,015		7,012		25,027
2013-2017		13,278		2,542		15,820
2018-2022		1,695		204		1,899
	<u>\$</u>	52,137	\$	21,565	\$	73,702

The above principal for revenue bonds does not reflect a \$1.473 million deduction from bonds payable for the deferred amount on refunding.

#### Tennessee State School Bond Authority (TSSBA)

Bonds and Commercial Paper Payable at June 30, 2002, are shown below (expressed in thousands):

Revenue bonds, various Series, 3% to 7.75%, due in decreasing amounts of principal and interest from \$45.615 million in 2003 to \$5.615 million in 2032	\$ 473,572
Less: Unamortized bond refunding costs Net Bonds Payable	(2,436) \$ 471,136
Commercial paper, variable rate	<u>\$ 13,757</u>

The revenue bonds and commercial paper listed above are not obligations of the State. They are secured by pledge of resources from the facilities to which they relate and by certain other revenues, fees and assets of the TSSBA.

On April 18, 2002, the authority issued the 2002 Series A tax-exempt bonds in the amount of \$119.135 million to redeem \$73.42 million of the Authority's tax-exempt commercial paper. The balance of the proceeds was used to pay for new construction projects and various costs of issuance.

On December 18, 2001, the authority issued \$11.33 million of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZABs) to finance improvement loans for qualifying primary and secondary (K-12) schools in the State. The bonds are part of a federal government program administered by the Tennessee Department of Education in which a federal tax credit is given to investors in lieu of interest on the bonds. On each December 18, the 2001 QZAB borrowers make annual principal payment into a bond fund held by the State Treasurer to pay the bonds at maturity on December 18, 2015.

<u>Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt.</u> In prior years, the authority defeased certain revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the authority's financial statements. On June 30, 2002, \$77.615 million of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Debt Service requirements to maturity for TSSBA's revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2002, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the Year(s)	Reve	enue Bonds	Total
Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Requirements
2002	<b>4.20.00</b>	<b>*</b> 24 621	<b>A.</b> 61.6
2003	\$ 20,985	\$ 24,631	\$ 45,616
2004	22,105	23,529	45,634
2005	19,760	22,545	42,305
2006	17,811	21,668	39,479
2007	18,048	20,905	38,953
2008-2012	103,764	87,664	191,428
2013-2017	89,227	59,522	148,749
2018-2022	71,964	38,840	110,804
2023-2027	62,136	20,556	82,692
2028-2032	38,272	5,474	43,746
	\$464,072	\$325,334	\$ 789.406
	<u>\$404,072</u>	<u> </u>	<u>3 /89,400</u>

The above principal for revenue bonds is less than that presented on the accompanying financial statements by \$7.064 million. Of this amount, \$9.5 million represents accretion to date of interest on deep discount bonds in those years preceding the first principal payment on these bonds. This accretion has been reported above as interest in the years on which the bonds mature (2003-2010). In addition, \$2.436 million, which is a deduction from bonds payable for the deferred amount on refunding, is not reflected in above presentation.

<u>Commercial Paper Program.</u> The Tennessee State School Bond Authority issues short-term debt to finance certain capital projects for the State of Tennessee's higher education institutions. The maximum amount of principal may not exceed \$150 million. At June 30, 2002, \$13.757 million of tax-exempt commercial paper was outstanding.

The commercial paper is a special obligation of the Authority. The commercial paper dealer is J. P. Morgan. Commercial paper principal and interest may be paid from: (i) the proceeds of draws on the Liquidity Facility, (ii) Available Revenues, (iii) the moneys and securities (if any) on deposit in the commercial paper and reimbursement account and in the Debt Service Fund, (iv) the moneys and securities (if any) on deposit in the Project Construction Account for such projects, and (v) the proceeds of bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness to the extent set aside to make such payments. The maturity of the paper may not exceed 270 days and the maximum interest rate may not exceed 12%. Upon maturity, the paper is remarketed by the commercial paper dealer, redeemed, or extinguished with long-term debt. The Commercial Paper bears interest at a variable rate that is paid upon maturity. The Commercial Paper liquidity provider, under an Advance Agreement, is *Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale*, New York branch. The total available commitment is \$152.25 million. The obligation of *Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale* is to purchase unremarketed Commercial Paper. Commercial paper payable under this Program qualifies for reporting as a non-current liability because provisions in the Commercial Paper Resolution permit refinancing the paper on a long-term basis.

### N. Endowments – component units

If a donor has not provided specific instructions to the University of Tennessee, state law permits the University to authorize for expenditure the net appreciation (realized and unrealized) of the investments of endowment funds. When administering its power to spend net appreciation, the University is required to consider the University's long- and short-term needs, present and anticipated financial requirements, expected total return on its investments, price-level trends, and general economic conditions. Any net appreciation that is spent is required to be spent for the purposes for which the endowment was established.

The University chooses to spend only a portion of the investment income (including changes in the value of investments) each year. Under the spending plan established by the University, 5 percent of a three-year moving average of the fair value of endowment investments has been authorized for expenditure. The remaining amount, if any, is retained to be used in future years when the amount computed using the spending plan exceeds the investment income. At June 30, 2002, net appreciation of \$117.997 million is available to be spent, of which \$113.007 million is restricted to specific purposes.

### O. Component units – changes in long term obligations

A summary of changes in long term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2002, follows (expressed in thousands). **Changes In Long Term Liabilities** 

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds, Notes and Loans					
Payable:					
University of Tennessee Loans	Ф 101 2 <b>77</b>	Φ (5.060	Φ (54.070)	Ф 202.274	Ф 20.072
Payable	\$ 191,377	\$ 65,969	\$ (54,972)	\$ 202,374	\$ 20,973
Tennessee Board of Regents Loans	105.012	56 670	(24.296)	210 106	11 460
and Notes Payable	195,812	56,670	(34,286)	218,196	11,468
Tennessee Housing Development	1.056.226	447.501	(475.206)	1 020 (21	106 210
Agency Bonds Payable	1,856,326	447,591	(475,296)	1,828,621	106,310
Less Deferred Amount	(5.021)	(2.124)	720	(0.227)	
on Refunding	(5,831)	(3,134)	738	(8,227)	
Tennessee Housing Development	04.065	110.040	(12( 020)	(7.005	67,000
Agency Notes Payable	84,865	110,040	(126,920)	67,985	67,909
Less Deferred Amount		(150)	0.2	(7.0)	
On Refunding		(159)	83	(76)	
Nonmajor component units Bonds,	565 621	220 772	(156,002)	640.211	01 210
Notes, and Loans Payable	565,631	230,773	(156,093)	640,311	81,318
Less Deferred Amount	(4.1.41)		222	(2.000)	
on Refunding	(4,141)		232	(3,909)	
Total Revenue Bonds,	Ф 2 004 020	Ф 007.750	Φ (046.514)	Ф 2 045 275	Ф <b>2</b> 0 <b>7</b> 0 <b>7</b> 0
Notes and Loans Payable	\$ 2,884,039	\$ 907,750	\$ (846,514)	\$ 2,945,275	\$ 287,978
University of Tennessee					
Compensated Absences	54,722	28,386	(23,918)	59,190	23,918
University of Tennessee Due to	34,722	26,360	(23,918)	39,190	23,916
Grantors, Deferred Revenue, and					
	57 700	1,367	(580)	50 506	
Annuities Payable	57,799	1,307	(380)	58,586	
Tennessee Board of Regents	20 124	20,996	(17.940)	41 201	17 152
Compensated Absences	38,134	20,990	(17,849)	41,281	17,152
Tennessee Board of Regents Due to Grantors and Deferred Revenue		70 226	(72 222)	10.407	
	12,403	79,326	(72,322)	19,407	
Tennessee Housing Development					
Agency Escrow Deposits, Arbitrag Rebate Payable, and Deferred	ge .				
Revenue	21.604	7 714	(10,699)	18 700	
Tennessee Housing Development	21,694	7,714	(10,099)	18,709	
Agency Compensated Absences	468	449	(394)	523	256
Nonmajor component units	400	449	(394)	323	230
Compensated absences	1,398	1,304	(1,182)	1,520	942
Nonmajor component units	1,396	1,304	(1,162)	1,320	942
Capital Leases	88	92	(30)	150	41
Nonmajor component units	00	92	(30)	130	41
Deferred Revenue	10,061	41,147	(11 175)	7.022	
Defetted Revenue	10,001	41,14/	<u>(44,175</u> )	7,033	
Component units					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,080,806	<u>\$ 1,088,531</u>	\$ (1,017,663)	\$ 3,151,674	<u>\$ 330,287</u>
0		<del></del>	<del>/</del>	<del> , ,</del>	<del></del>

The Tennessee State School Bond Authority, a nonmajor component unit, issues revenue bonds to make loans to higher education institutions in the State. The nonmajor component units bonds payable includes the indebtedness on which the University of Tennessee and the Tennessee Board of Regents loans payable are based.

### NOTE 6 – Other information

#### A. Risk management

1. <u>Teacher Group Insurance</u> - The Teacher Group Insurance Fund, a public entity risk pool, was established in January 1986 to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the teachers and other education system employees of the political subdivisions of the State. In accordance with Tennessee Code Annotated 8-27-302 all local education agencies are eligible to participate. Fund members at June 30, 2002, included 122 local education agencies and two education cooperatives, with 41,161 teachers and support personnel, and 3,037 retirees enrolled in one of three health care options: preferred provider organization plan (PPO), point of service plan (POS), or a health maintenance organization (HMO). The State does not retain any risk for losses by this fund.

The Teacher Group Insurance Fund assumes responsibility for: determining plan benefits and eligibility, establishing premiums sufficient to fund plan obligations, recording and reporting financial transactions accurately, reporting enrollment to vendors, processing of claims submitted for services provided to plan participants, communicating with plan participants, and complying with appropriate state and federal law and regulation. Plan participants are required to: pay premiums on time, file claims for services received, report changes in eligibility of themselves or their dependents, and insure that only eligible expenses are paid by the plan. Individuals who cancel coverage may be required to demonstrate a qualifying event to rejoin the plan. Employers must wait twenty-four months before rejoining the plan should the employer elect to withdraw from the plan. In the case of individuals or groups rejoining the plan, a preexisting condition exclusion currently applies.

The Teacher Group Insurance Fund establishes claims liabilities for self-insured options based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Teachers and providers have 13 months to file medical claims. The process used to compute claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates. At June 30, 2002, the Local Education Insurance Committee had established a reserve requirement, based upon claims payments for the prior 12 months, of: 12% for the PPO, POS and HMO options. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made. The Teacher Group Insurance Fund considers investment income in determining if a premium deficiency exists.

The Teacher Group Insurance Fund issues separate financial statements that may be obtained by writing the Department of Finance and Administration, Division of Accounts, 312 Eighth Avenue North, 14th Floor William R. Snodgrass Tennessee Tower, Nashville, TN 37243-0298 or by calling (615) 741-0431.

As discussed above, the Teacher Group Insurance Fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities during the past two years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Unpaid Claims at Beginning of Year	\$ 23,284	\$ 17,516
Incurred Claims:		
Provision for insured events of the current year	199,521	167,447
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years	(6,362)	(4,131)
Total Incurred Claims Expenses	216,443	180,832
Payments:		
Claims attributable to insured events of the current year Claims attributable to insured events	175,578	144,163
of prior years	16,922	13,385
Total Payments	192,500	157,548
Total Unpaid Claims at End of the Year	<u>\$ 23,943</u>	<u>\$ 23,284</u>

2. Local Government Group Insurance - The Local Government Group Insurance Fund, a public entity risk pool, was established in July 1991 to provide a program of health insurance coverage for employees of local governments and quasi-governmental organizations that were established for the primary purpose of providing services for or on the behalf of state and local governments. In accordance with Tennessee Code Annotated 8-27-207 all local governments and quasi-governmental organizations described above are eligible to participate. Fund members at June 30, 2002, included 48 counties, 100 municipalities and 229 quasi-governmental organizations, with 21,317 employees and 651 retirees maintaining coverage through one of three options: preferred provider plan, point of service plan, or a health maintenance organization. The State does not retain any risk for losses by this fund.

The Local Government Group Insurance Fund assumes responsibility for: determining plan benefits and eligibility, establishing premiums sufficient to fund plan obligations, recording and reporting financial transactions accurately, reporting enrollment to vendors, the processing of claims submitted for services provided to plan participants, communicating with plan participants, and complying with appropriate state and federal law and regulation. Plan participants are required to: pay premiums on time, file claims for services received, report changes in eligibility of themselves or their dependents, and insure that only eligible expenses are paid by the plan. Individuals who cancel coverage may be required to demonstrate a qualifying event to rejoin the plan. Employers must wait twenty-four months before rejoining the plan should the employer elect to withdraw from the plan. In the case of individuals or groups rejoining the plan, a preexisting condition exclusion currently applies.

The Local Government Group Insurance Fund establishes claims liabilities for self-insured options based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims. The process used to compute claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates. At June 30, 2002, the Local Government Insurance Committee had established a reserve requirement, based upon claims payments for the prior 12 months, of: 12% for the PPO, POS and HMO options. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made. The Local Government Group Insurance Fund considers investment income in determining if a premium deficiency exists.

The Local Government Group Insurance Fund issues separate financial statements that may be obtained by writing the Department of Finance and Administration, Division of Accounts, 312 Eighth Avenue North, 14th Floor William R. Snodgrass Tennessee Tower, Nashville, TN 37243-0298 or by calling (615) 741-0431.

As discussed above, the Local Government Group Insurance Fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities during the past two years (expressed in thousands):

H '16l' (D '	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	
Unpaid Claims at Beginning of Year	\$ 8,302	\$ 3,910	
Incurred Claims:			
Provision for insured events of the current year	98,389	61,264	
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years	_(1,102)	60	
Total Incurred Claims Expenses	105,589	65,234	
Payments:			
Claims attributable to insured events of the current year Claims attributable to insured events	86,582	52,962	
of prior years	<u>7,200</u>	3,970	
Total Payments	93,782	56,932	
Total Unpaid Claims at End of the Year	<u>\$ 11,807</u>	<u>\$ 8,302</u>	

3. Risk Management - It is the policy of the State not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional malpractice and workers' compensation. The State management believes it is more economical to manage its risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Claims Award Fund (CAF). CAF services claims for risk of loss to which the State is exposed, including general liability, automobile liability, professional malpractice, and workers' compensation. All agencies and authorities of the State participate in CAF, except for the Supreme Court Boards, The Dairy Promotion Board, and Certified Cotton Growers' Organization (a component unit). CAF allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to each agency based on a percentage of each organization's expected loss costs which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the State as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of each fiscal year end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation.

CAF liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process does not result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated annually to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. At June 30, 2002, the amount of these liabilities was \$80.9 million, which are discounted at 3.25%. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during fiscal years 2001 and 2002 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Beginning of Fiscal Year <u>Liability</u>	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance at Fiscal <u>Year-End</u>
2000-2001	\$ 63,107	\$ 30,040	\$ ( 23,308)	\$ 69,839
2001-2002	\$ 69,839	\$ 39,187	\$ ( 28,116)	\$ 80,910

At June 30, 2002, CAF held \$72.7 million in cash and cash equivalents designated for payment of these claims.

The State purchases commercial insurance for real property, flood, earthquake, and builder's risk losses and surety bond coverage on the state's officials and employees. The insurance policy deductibles vary from \$1 million to \$5 million by type of risk coverage. Based on past experience, a designation of \$5 million for deductibles and \$1.356 million for incurred losses has been established in the General Fund.

In fiscal year 2000, the cost to repair tornado damage at Austin Peay State University exceeded insurance coverage by \$6.196 million.

4. Employee Group Insurance - The Employee Group Insurance Fund, an entity other than a pool, was established in 1979 to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the State with the risk retained by the State, therefore it is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund. In accordance with Tennessee Code Annotated 8-27-201 all state employees, retirees, and former employees with work related injuries are eligible to participate. Fund members at June 30, 2002, included 65,581 employees and 6,121 retirees enrolled in one of three options: preferred provider organization plan (PPO), point of service plan (POS), or health maintenance organization (HMO).

The Employee Group Insurance Fund establishes claims liabilities for self-insured options based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims. The process used to compute claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates. At June 30, 2002, the State Insurance Committee had established a reserve requirement, based upon claims payments for the prior 12 months, of: 12% for the PPO, POS and HMO options. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made. The Employee Group Insurance Fund considers investment income in determining if a premium deficiency exists.

As discussed above, the Employee Group Insurance Fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities during the past two years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Unpaid Claims at Beginning of Year	\$ 39,641	\$ 34,391
Incurred Claims:		
Provision for insured events of the current year	379,474	291,580
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years	(7,233)	(11,618)
Total Incurred Claims Expenses	411,882	314,353
Payments:		
Claims attributable to insured events of the current year Claims attributable to insured events	333,937	251,939
of prior years	32,408	22,773
Total Payments	366,345	274,712
Total Unpaid Claims at End of the Year	<u>\$ 45,537</u>	<u>\$ 39,641</u>

5. Medicare Supplement Insurance – In 1988, the State of Tennessee adopted legislation authorizing the provision of Medicare Supplement coverage for qualified retired state employees and teachers. Instituted in January 1989, the coverage was offered on a fully insured basis through December 2000. On January 1, 2001, the financial arrangement was converted to self-insured and a third plan option offered to participants.

In accordance with Tennessee Code Annotated 8-27-701, et. seq, the State Insurance Committee established a Medicare Supplement Insurance Fund, a public entity risk pool, on January 1, 2001. Fund members at June 30, 2002, include 20,869 retirees and dependents who selected one of three plan offerings; Plan One (NAIC Plan D), Plan Two (NAIC Plan H) and Plan Three (a PPO maintenance of benefit option).

The Medicare Supplement Insurance Fund assumes responsibility for determining plan benefits and eligibility, establishing premiums sufficient for fund plan obligations, recording and reporting financial transactions accurately, reporting enrollment to vendors, processing of claims submitted for services provided to plan participants, communicating with plan participants and complying with appropriate state and federal law and regulation. Plan participants are required to: pay premiums on time, provide for the filing of claims for services received, and report changes in eligibility of themselves and their dependents.

The Medicare Supplement Insurance Fund establishes claims liabilities for the self-insured coverage based on estimates of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates. At June 30, 2002, reserve requirements were established of 16%, based upon claim payments for the prior 12 months. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made. The Medicare Supplement Insurance Fund considers investment income in determining if a premium deficiency exists.

The Medicare Supplement Insurance Fund issues separate financial statements that may be obtained by writing the Department of Finance and Administration, Division of Accounts, 312 Eighth Avenue North, 14th Floor William R. Snodgrass Tennessee Tower, Nashville, TN 37243-0298 or by calling (615) 741-0431.

As discussed above, the Medicare Supplement Insurance Fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities during the past two years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Unpaid Claims at Beginning of Year	\$ 1,027	
Incurred Claims:		
Provision for insured events of the current year	30,417	\$ 10,292
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years	3,103	
Total Incurred Claims Expenses	34,547	10,292
Payments:		
Claims attributable to insured events of the current year Claims attributable to insured events	25,550	9,265
of prior years	4,130	
Total Payments	29,680	9,265
Total Unpaid Claims at End of the Year	<u>\$ 4,867</u>	<u>\$ 1,027</u>

### **B.** Related organizations

The State's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the State's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making appointments. The State appoints the board members of the Beech River Watershed Development Authority, Carroll County Watershed Authority, Goodwyn Institute Commission, Watkins Institute Commission, Tennessee Alliance for Fitness and Health, Tennessee Competitive Export Corporation, Insurance Guaranty Association, Tennessee Sports Hall of Fame, Local Neighborhood Development Corporations, Tennessee Holocaust Commission, Inc., and Sports Festival, Inc.

#### C. Jointly governed organizations

The State in conjunction with 32 other states and Puerto Rico are members of the Pest Control Compact.

The State in conjunction with 12 other states and Puerto Rico are members of the Southern Growth Policies Board. Tennessee paid \$40,000 in fiscal year 2002 for membership dues.

The Southern Regional Education Compact was entered into with 15 other states. Tennessee paid \$8,500 in fiscal year 2002 for membership dues.

The Compact for Education was entered into with 49 other states, plus Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa and District of Columbia. Tennessee paid \$63,600 in fiscal year 2002 for membership dues.

The Interstate Mining Compact has 17 member states, including Tennessee. Tennessee paid \$13,909 in fiscal year 2002 for membership dues.

The Southern States Energy Board is comprised of 16 member states, including Tennessee, plus Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

The Southeast Interstate Low Level Radioactive Waste Compact has 7 member states, including Tennessee.

The Chickasaw Trail Economic Development Compact has two member states in conjunction with one county in each State.

#### D. Joint ventures

The State is a participant in a joint venture, the Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway Development Compact, with the states of Alabama, Kentucky and Mississippi. The purpose of this compact is to promote the development of a navigable waterway connecting the Tennessee and Tombigbee Rivers and provide a nine foot navigable channel. The fiscal year end of the Tennessee Tombigbee Waterway is December 31. Financial statements for the Tennessee Tombigbee Waterway may be obtained at: P. O. Drawer 671, Columbus, MS 39703.

Presented below is summary financial data for this joint venture (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2001</u>	2000
Current Assets	\$ 268	\$ 278
Capital Assets	33	29
Total Assets	301	307
Invested in General Fixed Assets	33	29
Fund Balance	<u>268</u>	<u>278</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>301</u>	<u>307</u>
Revenues	315	339
Expenditures	<u>325</u>	_332
Excess of Revenues over (under)		·
Expenditures	(10)	7
Beginning Fund Balance	_278	<u>271</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 268</u>	<u>\$ 278</u>

### E. Post employment health insurance benefits

- 1. General The State offers an opportunity to its employees and eligible retirees to participate in a self-insured indemnity policy (preferred provider plan), a point of service plan, or health maintenance organizations. This post employment benefit is authorized under Tennessee Code Annotated 8-27-205. The indemnity policy provides benefits to plan participants in a comprehensive, major medical format involving a \$250 calendar year deductible and a \$1,250 per individual out-of-pocket limit. The plan incorporates typical provisions relating to utilization review, medical necessity, pre-existing conditions, coordination of benefits and subrogation of expenses. The plan offers benefit incentives for the use of designated providers and the plan maintains limitations on benefits provided for the treatment of mental illness and substance abuse.
- 2. <u>Retirees</u> Retirees who are not yet eligible for Medicare benefits may continue participation in the plan subject to certain length of service and participation requirements. Upon Medicare eligibility, the retiree is afforded the opportunity to participate in a self-insured supplement policy not associated with the plan. The State pays a service determined amount for retirees who participate in the state sponsored Medicare supplement policy.

The funds collected for the plan's operation are recorded in the employee group insurance account. The plan's premiums are intended to fund benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis and no specified reserves have been established to fund retiree health benefits. Current retiree premium rates are based upon the retiree's length of service and range from 20 percent to 40 percent of the plan's total premium. The State provides no direct funding of retiree health benefits.

During the 2001-2002 fiscal year, the Preferred Provider Plan provided approximately \$32.6 million in benefits to an average of 4,915 retired employee participants.

3. <u>Cobra</u> - Federal law requires large employers to continue health insurance benefits to employees who have terminated employment for up to 18 months. The former employees must pay 102 percent of the total premium (employee plus employer share), funded on a pay as you go basis. Insurance coverage is not mandatory if the former employee is eligible for Medicare or has coverage with another group medical plan. The State covered an average of 114 former employees during fiscal year 2001-2002, and the Preferred Provider Plan paid approximately \$689,696 in benefits to this group.

### F. Gain contingencies

In November 1998, Tennessee joined 45 other states, the District of Columbia and five territories in a settlement agreement against the nation's largest tobacco manufacturers, to seek redress against the tobacco companies for violations of state consumer and antitrust laws. The Master Settlement Agreement includes base payments to all states and territories totaling \$206 billion from 1998 through 2023, and continues in perpetuity. Tennessee's share of the settlement is expected to be \$4.8 billion through the year 2025. Third party lawsuits may affect future payments to Tennessee. Although Tennessee's share of the base payments may not change over time, the amount of the annual payment is subject to a number of modifications including adjustments for inflation and usage volumes. Some of the adjustments may result in increases in the payments (inflation, for example), while other adjustments will likely cause decreases in the payments (volume adjustments, for example). The net effect of these adjustments on future payments is unclear.

### G. Pension plans

1. State Defined Benefit Plan - The State of Tennessee contributes to the State Employees, Teachers, and Higher Education Employees Pension Plan (SETHEEPP), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and consisting of 140 participating employers. The TCRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's high five-year average salary and years of service. Members become eligible to retire at the age of 60 with five years of service or at any age with 30 years of service. A reduced retirement benefit is available to vested members who are at least 55 years of age or have 25 years of service. Disability benefits are available to active members with five years of service who become disabled and cannot engage in gainful employment. There is no service requirement for disability that is the result of an accident or injury occurring while the member was in the performance of duty. Members joining the plan on or after July 1, 1979 are vested after five years of service. Members joining prior to July 1, 1979 are vested after four years of service. Benefit provisions are established by state statute found in Title 8, Chapters 34-37 of the Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA). State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. Cost of living adjustments (COLA) are provided each July based on the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) during the previous calendar year. No COLA is granted if the CPI increases less than one-half percent; a COLA of one percent will be granted if the CPI increases between one-half percent and one percent; the maximum annual COLA is capped at three percent.

The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SETHEEPP. That report may be obtained by writing to the Tennessee Treasury Department, Consolidated Retirement System, 10th Floor Andrew Jackson Building, Nashville, TN 37243-0230 or by calling (615) 741-7063.

Plan members are noncontributory. The State of Tennessee is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 6.19% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the State of Tennessee are established and may be amended by the TCRS Board of Trustees. The State's contributions to TCRS for the years ending June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, were \$243.498 million, \$232.149 million and \$252.162 million respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

2. Political Subdivision Defined Benefits Plan - TCRS administers the Political Subdivision Pension Plan (PSPP), which is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers employees of 404 participating political subdivisions. The PSPP provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's high five-year average salary and years of service. Members become eligible to retire at the age of 60 with five years of service or at any age with 30 years of service. A reduced retirement benefit is available to vested members who are at least 55 years of age or have 25 years of service. Disability benefits are available to active members with five years of service who become disabled and cannot engage in gainful employment. There is no service requirement for disability that is the result of an accident or injury occurring while the member was in the performance of duty. Members joining the plan prior to July 1, 1979, are vested after four years of service. Members joining on or after July 1, 1979, are vested upon completion of 10 years of service, unless five years vesting is authorized by resolution of the chief governing body. Benefit provisions are established and amended by state statute. Cost of living adjustments (COLA) are the same as provided by SETHEEPP except that the local government may elect (a) to provide no COLA benefits or (b) to provide COLA benefits under a non-compounding basis rather than the compounded basis applicable under SETHEEPP. Pursuant to Article Two, Section 24 of the Constitution of the State of Tennessee, the State cannot mandate costs on local governments. Any benefit improvement may be adopted by the governing body of a governmental entity participating in the TCRS.

The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPP. The PSPP report may be obtained by writing to the Tennessee Treasury Department, Consolidated Retirement System, 10th Floor Andrew Jackson Building, Nashville, TN 37243-0230 or by calling (615) 741-7063.

3. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u> - The Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) as administered by the Tennessee Treasury Department is a defined contribution plan. The ORP was established by state statute in Title 8, Chapter 35, Part 4 of the TCA. This statute also sets out the plan provisions. State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. The ORP was designed to provide benefits at retirement to faculty and staff of the Tennessee Board of Regents institutions and the University of Tennessee system who are exempt from the overtime provision of the Fair Labor Standards Act and who waive membership in the TCRS. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Plan members are noncontributory. The State of Tennessee contributes 10% of the employee's base salary up to the social security wage base and 11% above the social security wage base. The required contributions made by the State of Tennessee to the ORP were \$69.2 million for the year ending June 30, 2002.

Members are immediately 100 percent vested in the employer contributions made pursuant to the ORP. The Treasury Department has selected three investment vendors who offer a variety of investment products in which members are responsible for selecting how the contributions are invested. Each member makes the decision when to reallocate future contributions or when to transfer funds from one investment product to another. Funds are held by the investment vendor in the name of the member, not in the name of the State of Tennessee. The State of Tennessee has no discretion over these funds other than to make the initial contributions. Accordingly, the State of Tennessee is not acting in a trustee capacity nor does it have a fiduciary responsibility for the funds held by the investment vendors.

4. <u>Deferred Compensation</u> - The State offers its employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to IRC Section 457 and the other pursuant to IRC Section 401 (k). All costs of administering and funding these programs are the responsibility of plan participants.

The Section 401(k) and Section 457 plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees, they are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 401(k) and 457 establish participation, contribution and withdrawal provisions for the plans. During the year ended June 30, 2002, contributions totaling \$61.1 million were made by employees participating in the plans. Another \$5.8 million was contributed by the State as matching contributions up to \$20 per employee per month for the 401(k) plan match.

### H. Investment pool

The State Pooled Investment Fund (SPIF) is an external investment pool sponsored by the State of Tennessee. The external portion of SPIF is the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and is reported as a separate investment trust fund. The internal portion, consisting of funds belonging to the State and its component units, has been included in the various funds and component units.

A copy of the SPIF report can be obtained by writing Tennessee Treasury Department, Accounting Division, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor Andrew Jackson Building, Nashville, TN 37243-0231 or by calling (615) 741-1337.

#### I. Loan guarantees

The Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation (TSAC), a component unit, operates the Guaranteed Student Loans Program. The U. S. Department of Education (USDE) reinsures the student loans up to 100% of their principal amounts. At June 30, 2002, TSAC was guaranter of \$2.834 billion in student loans, substantially all of which were reinsured by the USDE. The State has no obligation under these student loan guarantees in the event of default.

#### J. Nashville correctional facilities revenue bonds

In June 1991, revenue bonds were issued by the Metropolitan Government of Nashville which were refunded in February 2002. The refunding bonds have an outstanding balance at June 30, 2002, of \$16.265 million. These bonds are obligations of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville. The State is committed to pay Nashville for the housing of locally sentenced inmates, including debt service on the bonds.

### K. Litigation

A class action suit has been brought against the State, alleging that the State has failed to provide services to individuals with mental retardation and other developmental disabilities, which they are entitled to under Medicaid. Presently the State limits the number of individuals served under the Home and Community-Based Services Waiver and the plaintiffs assert that this is a violation of the Medicaid Act.

The small school systems in the State have previously filed suit against the State challenging the constitutionality of the funding formula for elementary and secondary education. In declaring the State's K-12 Better Education Program and its funding formula constitutional, the State Supreme Court also stated that the State must equalize teachers' salaries according to the BEP formula. In response, the General Assembly enacted the Teachers Salary Equity Plan, which plaintiff small school systems have challenged as inadequate. The Supreme Court ruled in the plaintiffs' favor and the Legislature must now address this issue during the 2003 legislative session.

A lawsuit has been filed which challenges the constitutionality of certain deductions used in the calculation of the franchise tax base, as being a violation of the interstate commerce clause. Should the State lose this case, the State could be exposed to significant refunds of franchise tax collections.

The State is also party to numerous other legal proceedings, many of which normally recur in governmental operations. Some of these lawsuits, including the three enumerated above may have a future budgetary programmatic impact, they will be addressed in future budgets.

### L. Federal grants

The State receives significant financial assistance from the federal government in the form of grants and entitlements. The receipt of federal grants is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations. Substantially, all federal grants are subject to either federal single audits or financial and compliance audits by grantor agencies or their representatives. Questioned costs as a result of these audits may become disallowances after the appropriate review of federal agencies. Material disallowances are recognized as fund liabilities when the loss becomes probable and reasonably estimable.

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), formerly the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) performed a review of the provider taxes collected for the period beginning fiscal year 1992 through September 2000. The purpose of the review was to determine whether there was a positive correlation between the nursing home provider taxes and a state grant program for private pay patients of nursing homes (Grant Assistance Program). Because CMS believes there is a positive correlation between the nursing home provider taxes and the nursing home grant assistance program, it concluded that the provider taxes are impermissible resulting in a reduction in federal financial participation. On January 19, 2001, the State received a notice of disallowance for this tax for the period October 1, 1992 through September 30, 2000. On February 16, 2001, the State appealed the disallowance. On June 11, 2001, the State received a second notice of disallowance for the period October 1, 2000 through March 31, 2001. On July 6, 2001, the State appealed the second disallowance and the two disallowances have been consolidated for appeal. If the disallowances were ultimately upheld, then CMS would offset the disallowed amounts against future federal participation in TennCare.

The State eliminated the Grant Assistance Program effective August 1, 2001, and does not believe that the collection of provider taxes after that date will be challenged by CMS. The State has reserved \$50 million in the General Fund toward any potential settlement or return of the disallowance amounts.

Other audits of the Medical Assistance Program (TennCare) have resulted in significant amounts of known and likely questioned costs that could be determined to be disallowances by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). These questioned costs relate to expenditure of resources for ineligible TennCare enrollees and for unauthorized services. The ultimate liability to the federal government, if any, cannot presently be determined. If HHS were to impose a liability, the State would appeal the decision.

Inconsistencies in the rate setting process for residential treatment services provided to children in state custody may have created over-billings to the TennCare Program. Any potential overpayment by HHS because of these inconsistencies cannot be quantified.

### M. Subsequent events

#### **Primary Government**

Subsequent to June 30, the State issued \$41 million in general obligation commercial paper.

#### Component Units

Subsequent to June 30, Tennessee Housing Development Authority (THDA) issued \$85 million of revenue bonds in July 2002. THDA called revenue bonds in the amount of \$65.251 million in July.

Subsequent to June 30, the Tennessee State School Bond Authority issued \$15.3 million in commercial paper.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

			FUND					
	_	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	ED AN		AL	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES:	_		_				•	(NEGITIVE)
FUND BALANCES (BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD:	\$	993,240	\$	993,240	\$	993,240		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES REAPPROPRIATED CONTRACT RESERVES REAPPROPRIATED	_	8,476	_	8,476	_	8,476		
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES (BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1		1,001,716		1,001,716		1,001,716		
REVENUES:								
TAXES		3,767,484		3,767,484		3,519,635	\$	
LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS		135,807		135,807		152,083		16,276
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL		43,500 5,437,475		43,500 5,954,980		37,915 5,603,008		(5,585) (351,972)
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES		1,437,054		1,479,801		1,512,759		32,958
OTHER		15,703		51,070		434,014		382,944
OTHER EDIANCHIC COURCES.								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: TRANSFER IN		163,149		163,149		163,149		
BOND AUTHORIZATIONS		105,145		105,149		105,145		
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES		12,001,888	_	12,597,507		12,424,279		(173,228)
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES:								
EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES:								
GENERAL GOVERNMENT								
LEGISLATIVE		37,683		37,694		25,711		11,983
SECRETARY OF STATE		36,882		37,487		27,742		9,745
COMPTROLLER TREASURER		51,654 28,028		52,137 31,408		48,537 27,938		3,600 3,470
GOVERNOR		3,972		4,284		3,585		699
COMMISSIONS		61,461		62,648		56,337		6,311
FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION		73,335		73,623		52,683		20,940
PERSONNEL		9,416		11,717		9,588		2,129
GENERAL SERVICES		18,211		18,211		16,825		1,386
REVENUE MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS		62,096 19,483		62,096 32,351		58,314 12,580		3,782 19,771
EDUCATION		19,463		32,331		12,360		19,771
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES		2.005		2.015		2.744		271
VETERANS AFFAIRS LABOR AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT		2,905 197,028		3,015 197,009		2,744 169,640		271 27,369
TENNCARE		5,881,721		6,381,040		6,107,073		273,967
MENTAL HEALTH AND MENTAL RETARDATION		736,097		756,492		709,798		46,694
HEALTH		388,770		402,346		373,957		28,389
HUMAN SERVICES		1,359,699		1,445,626		1,396,721		48,905
CHILDREN'S SERVICES		526,295		537,186		492,388		44,798
LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY								
JUDICIAL		189,840		196,370		185,357		11,013
CORRECTION		510,715		488,417		451,170		37,247
PROBATION AND PAROLE MILITARY		55,600		55,597 50,806		52,983 42,683		2,614 8,123
BUREAU OF CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION		41,628 42,950		43,579		41,949		1,630
SAFETY		157,103		152,974		138,080		14,894
DECREATION AND DECOLDED DEVELOPMENT								
RECREATION AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AGRICULTURE		59,463		62,548		57,575		4,973
TOURIST DEVELOPMENT		12,630		12,630		12,132		498
ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION		193,170		194,261		143,655		50,606
ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		99,339		105,998		72,421		33,577
REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS								
COMMERCE AND INSURANCE		53,138		53,243		42,820		10,423
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		8,385		8,755		8,273		482
TRANSPORTATION								
STATE SHARED TAXES PAID TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS		416,369		416,369		416,369		
OTHER FINANCING USES: TRANSFER OUT	_	504,995	_	541,536		541,536		
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES		11,840,061	_	12,529,453	-	11,799,164		730,289
FUND BALANCES (BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$	161,827	\$	68,054	\$	625,115	\$	557,061
	<b>—</b>	-01,027	Ť-	00,054	-	025,115	. *	557,001

	EDUCATION FUND								HIGHWAY FUND							
_ _ _	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	ED AM	MOUNTS FINAL	-	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	-	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	ED AMOUNTS FINAL		-	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
\$	21,956	\$	21,956	\$	21,956			\$	6,571	\$	6,571	\$	6,571			
_	1,077	_	1,077	_	1,077			_	5,223 301,719	_	5,223 301,719	_	5,223 301,719			
	23,033		23,033		23,033				313,513		313,513		313,513			
	3,306,700 1,700		3,306,700 1,700		3,211,662 1,917	\$	(95,038) 217		704,000 181,300		704,000 181,300		702,869 194,340 22	\$	(1,131) 13,040 22	
	543,355 17,955		573,079 17,955		529,260 14,654 4,463		(43,819) (3,301) 4,463		664,125 35,267		2,486,575 31,996		537,144 40,066 4,308		(1,949,431) 8,070 4,308	
_	456,200		467,769	_	467,769			_	80,000	_	80,013	_	80,013			
_	4,348,943	_	4,390,236	-	4,252,758		(137,478)	_	1,978,205	_	3,797,397	-	1,872,275		(1,925,122)	

4,297,837 4,339,424 4,211,198 128,226

							1,753,553	3,541,357		1,50	64,289	1,977,068
							270,146	270,146		2	70,146	
 252	_	402	402	_			1,223	31,223			31,223	
 4,298,089	_	4,339,826	4,211,600	_	128,226	_	2,024,922	3,842,726		1,86	65,658	1,977,068
\$ 50,854	\$	50,410	\$ 41,158	\$	(9,252)	\$ <u> </u>	(46,717)	\$ (45,329)	5	·	6,617	\$ 51,946

# STATE OF TENNESSEE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO GAAP NOTE TO RSI

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

### EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BUDGETARY INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS AND GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENDITUES

		GENERAL FUND		EDUCATION FUND		HIGHWAY FUND
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES			_			,
ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$	12,424,279	\$	4,252,758	\$	1,872,275
DIFFERENCES- BUDGET TO GAAP: THE FUND BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FISCAL YEAR IS A BUDGETARY RESOURCE BUT IS NOT A CURRENT-YEAR REVENUE FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENT PURPOSES.		(1,001,716)		(23,033)		(313,513)
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS ARE INFLOWS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES, BUT ARE NOT REVENUES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENT PURPOSES.	_	(163,149)	_	(467,769)	_	(80,013)
TOTAL REVENUES AS REPORTED ON THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$_	11,259,414	\$_	3,761,956	\$_	1,478,749
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES						
ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$	11,799,164	\$	4,211,600	\$	1,865,658
DIFFERENCES- BUDGET TO GAAP: ENCUMBRANCES FOR SUPPLIES, EQUIPMENT, AND CONSTRUCTION ARE REPORTED IN THE YEAR THE ORDER IS PLACED FOR BUDGETARY PURPOSES, BUT IN THE YEAR THE GOODS OR SERVICES ARE RECEIVED FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING PURPOSES.		(6,426)		(548)		(252,635)
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS ARE OUTFLOWS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES, BUT ARE NOT EXPENDITURES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENT PURPOSES.	_	(541,536)	_	(402)	_	(31,223)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AS REPORTED ON THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	11,251,202	\$_	4,210,650	\$_	1,581,800

### STATE OF TENNESSEE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI) Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach

#### ROADWAYS

#### Measurement Scale

The State uses a Maintenance Rating Index (MRI) that addresses all elements of the roadway system. A statistical sample of randomly selected highway segments, representative of the entire subsystem, are inspected annually and rated in accordance with the MRI criteria. (For the year ended June 30, 2002, 6,691 segments were inspected.) The following elements are rated: traveled pavement; shoulders; various roadside elements such as debris, grass height, slope erosion, and fencing; drainage elements such as culverts, crossdrain pipes, and drain inlets; and traffic services such as signage, pavement markings, and guardrails. The MRI is a numerical score from 1 to 100, with 100 being a perfect score. The average MRI of all the rated segments is the reported condition level.

#### Established Condition Level

The State intends to maintain roadways so that the reported condition level each year does not fall below 75.

#### **Assessed Conditions**

The condition assessment for roadways for the year ended June 30, 2002 was 87.75.

#### **BRIDGES**

#### Measurement Scale

The State maintains information on its 8,028 bridges in compliance with the National Bridge Inventory (NBI) guidelines established by the Federal Highway Administration. Bridges are inspected at least once every two years and the results are coded on a 0 to 9 scale (with 9 being the most desirable). A bridge coded 4 or less for its deck, superstructure, or substructure, or coded 2 or less for its structural evaluation or waterway adequacy is classified as "structurally deficient." A structurally deficient bridge is inadequate to carry legal loads, whether caused by structural deterioration, obsolete design standards, or an insufficient waterway opening. A bridge coded 3 or less for its structural evaluation, deck geometry, vertical or horizontal underclearance, water adequacy, or approach roadway alignment is classified as "functionally obsolete." A functionally obsolete bridge cannot properly accommodate the current traffic.

#### Established Condition Level

The State intends to maintain bridges so that 75 percent or more of the total deck area is not classified as structurally deficient or functionally obsolete.

#### **Assessed Conditions**

The following table presents the percentage of deck area whose condition assessment did not meet the criteria of structurally deficient or functionally obsolete according to the NBI.

For the Two-Year Period Ended	Percentage of Deck Area Not Structurally Deficient or Functionally Obsolete
June 30, 2002	79.86%
June 30, 2000	82.35%
June 30, 1998	79.39%

#### ESTIMATED AND ACTUAL COSTS TO MAINTAIN

The following table presents the State's estimate of spending to preserve and maintain the roadways and bridges at, or above, the "Established Condition Level" cited above, and the actual amount spent (in thousands) for the year ended June 30, 2002.

	Roadways	<u>Bridges</u>			
Estimated	\$ 290,583	\$ 28,830			
Actual	\$ 278,683	\$ 20,527			

Actual and estimated maintenance/preservation expenses are determined using the accrual basis of accounting. Additional years will be reported when data is available.



### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Description of these funds is found later in this section.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is maintained to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is maintained to account for the acquisition or construction of major governmental general fixed assets financed principally by long-term bonds.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> – Description of these funds is found later in this section.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE JUNE 30, 2002

#### (Expressed in Thousands)

		(Expressed	in The	ousands)						
ACCETTS		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		DEBT SERVICE FUND	_	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	_	PERMANENT FUNDS	GG	TOTAL NONMAJOR OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INVESTMENTS RECEIVABLES:	\$	219,275 1,112	\$	90	\$	148,101	\$	22,331 199,410	\$	389,797 200,522
TAXES DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS INTEREST OTHER DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		5,181 3,340 281		4,116		1,393		25 1,476 5		9,322 4,733 1,476 286
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS PREPAYMENTS LOANS RECEIVABLE		14 11,567		12,300		70		1,166		1,236 14 23,867
RESTRICTED ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				4,498	_	9,859	_		_	14,357
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	240,771	\$	21,004	\$	159,423	\$_	224,413	\$	645,611
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS	s	28.926	\$	3,549	\$	8,545			\$	41,020
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS DUE TO COMPONENT UNITS DEFERRED REVENUE	φ	307 1,860	Þ	12,928	Ф	11,127	\$	2,356	Þ	307 13,483 14,789
DEPOSITS PAYABLE		1,800	_	12,926	_		_		_	14,789
TOTAL LIABILITIES		31,094	_	16,477	_	19,673	-	2,356	_	69,600
FUND BALANCES: RESERVED FOR: RELATED ASSETS ENCUMBRANCES AND CONTRACTS		14 3,054				35,399				14 38,453
SPECIFIC PURPOSES: WILDLIFE RESOURCES CRIMINAL INJURIES ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS JOB SKILLS ENHANCED 911 SERVICE		32,311 1,846 35,085 30,020 35,692				33,377				32,311 1,846 35,085 30,020 35,692
PARKS ACQUISITION COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS OTHER SPECIFIC PURPOSES PERMANENT FUNDS: NONEXPENDABLE		12,997 30,417 28,241		4,527		104,351		208,450		12,997 30,417 104,351 32,768 208,450
EXPENDABLE TOTAL FUND BALANCES		209,677		4,527	_	139,750	-	13,607 222,057		13,607 576,011
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	240,771	\$	21,004	\$_	159,423	\$_	224,413	\$	645,611

# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		DEBT SERVICE FUND	_	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	PERMANENT FUNDS	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES							
TAXES:							
SALES		\$	38,449				\$ 38,449
FUEL	\$ 17,742		80,000				97,742
BUSINESS	3,992		115,033				119,025
OTHER	29,060						29,060
LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS	108,539		2,518			\$ 1,523	112,580
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	8,131					(9,450)	(1,319)
FEDERAL	18,643			\$	6,593		25,236
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES	14,851		1,500		23,421		39,772
OTHER	1,592					73	1,665
TOTAL REVENUES	202,550	٠	237,500	_	30,014	(7,854)	462,210
		•		_			
EXPENDITURES							
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	19,269						19,269
EDUCATION						7,987	7,987
LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY	4,827						4,827
RECREATION AND RESOURCES							
DEVELOPMENT	160,991					144	161,135
REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND							
PROFESSIONS	13,969						13,969
DEBT SERVICE:							
BOND PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT			66,804				66,804
COMMERCIAL PAPER RETIREMENT			1,500				1,500
BOND INTEREST			50,563				50,563
COMMERCIAL PAPER INTEREST			3,558				3,558
DEBT ISSUANCE COSTS			1,282				1,282
CAPITAL OUTLAY			1,202		145,590		145,590
0.11.11.12.00.12.11		•		-	1.0,000		110,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	199,056		123,707	_	145,590	8,131	476,484
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,494		113,793		(115,576)	(15,985)	(14,274)
OVER (ONDER) EXI ENDITORES	3,77		113,773	-	(113,370)	(13,763)	(14,2/4)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)							
BOND AND COMMERCIAL PAPER PROC	EEDS				168,017		168,017
COMMERCIAL PAPER REDEEMED	LLDS				(152,091)		(152,091)
PREMIUM ON BOND SALES			5,149		(102,0)1)		5,149
TRANSFERS IN	2,573		5,998		46,343	252	55,166
TRANSFERS OUT	(88,858)		(123,820)		(1,974)	202	(214,652)
THE WOLLING OF T	(66,656)	•	(123,020)	-	(1,571)		(211,032)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES(USES)	(86,285)		(112,673)		60,295	252	(138,411)
	(==,===)	•	( -=,-,0)	-	,		(,)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(82,791)		1,120		(55,281)	(15,733)	(152,685)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	292,468		3,407	_	195,031	237,790	728,696
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$ 209,677	\$	4,527	\$_	139,750	\$ 222,057	\$ 576,011

### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

\_\_\_\_\_

Specific revenues, earmarked to finance particular activities of government, are accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds. A brief description of each fund follows.

<u>Wildlife Resources Agency</u> - This agency is responsible for the preservation, management, enhancement and protection of the state's wildlife resources and their environs. An additional responsibility is the enforcement of boating safety on state lakes and streams. Revenues are derived principally from hunting and fishing licenses, fees and permits.

<u>Criminal Injuries Compensation</u> - The Treasury Department administers this fund for the award of compensation to victims (or their dependents) who suffer personal injury or death as a result of a criminal act. The primary revenue source is the privilege tax levied by the courts at the time of conviction of the offender.

<u>Solid Waste</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Revenues collected for a tipping fee on solid waste are used to provide grants to local governments to reduce the solid waste going into landfills.

<u>Job Skills</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Economic and Community Development. Revenues are collected from a tax on employer's wages. The revenues will be used to enhance employment opportunites and to meet the needs of existing and new industries in the state.

<u>Environmental Protection</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Revenues collected from the various fees under the environmental protection fund are used to offset the cost of administering regulatory environmental programs.

<u>Hazardous Waste</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Revenues collected from applicants and holders of storage, treatment or disposal permits of hazardous waste are used to supervise the construction, operation, maintenance, closure and, where necessary, the post-closure care of hazardous waste facilities.

<u>Parks Acquisition</u> - This program is administered jointly by the Departments of Environment and Conservation, Agriculture and Wildlife Resources. Revenues collected from the transfer of real property are used to acquire parks by both local and state governments.

<u>Supreme Court Boards</u> - This organization was formed by the Tennessee Supreme Court to consider and investigate any alleged ground for discipline or alleged incapacity of any attorney, to provide continuing legal education for attorneys and to protect clients from dishonest conduct by attorneys. Revenues are collected from attorneys.

<u>Underground Storage Tanks</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Revenues are collected primarily from a tax of four tenths of a cent per gallon on petroleum products and an annual fee on owners and operators of underground storage tanks containing petroleum substances.

<u>Enhanced Emergency 911 Service</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Commerce and Insurance. Revenues are collected from a monthly fee on users of cellular telephone services. This fee is used to enhance the effectiveness of response times when a cellular user calls 911.

<u>Community Development</u> – This fund is used to account for the federal monies received under the Community Development Block Grant Program.

<u>Driver Education</u> - This program is designed and coordinated by the Department of Safety. Highway safety is promoted by providing driver education, instruction and training in schools, colleges and community organizations. The \$2 fee for moving traffic violations is the source of funding for this program.

Abandoned Land Program - This program is administered by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Revenues collected from surface mining permit fees and forfeited performance bonds are used to reclaim and restore lands affected by abandoned mining operations.

<u>Agricultural Non-Point Water Pollution</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Agriculture. Revenues collected from the transfer of real property are used to abate pollution from agricultural sources.

Regulatory Boards - This program is administered by the Department of Commerce and Insurance. Revenues are collected from fees assessed on licenses to real estate brokers, affiliate real estate brokers or auctioneers. These revenues are used to pay court judgments for violations by brokers, contractors or auctioneers of the applicable acts or of any rules promulgated by the appropriate officials.

<u>Salvage Title Enforcement</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Safety. Revenues are collected on the titlement of salvage vehicles and are used to enforce motor vehicle title and salvage laws and inspection of rebuilt vehicles.

<u>Dairy Promotion Board</u> - This Board was formed to promote the consumption of milk and milk products. Revenue is derived from an assessment against commercial milk and milk product producers.

<u>Drycleaner's Environmental Response</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Environment and Conservation. Revenues collected from drycleaners are an annual registration fee and a fee for the various drycleaning solvents used.

<u>Agricultural Regulatory Fund</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Agriculture. Revenues are collected from fees on the various agricultural related industries regulated by the department. These fees are then used in the administration of this regulatory function.

<u>Tennessee Regulatory Authority</u> - The authority is responsible for executing and enforcing all statutes governing utilities. Revenues are derived principally from inspection and supervision fees.

<u>Small and Minority Telecommunication</u> - This program provides loan guarantees and technical assistance to small and minority-owned telecommunication companies. Revenues collected during fiscal years 1997-2001, were derived from a fee on telecommunication service providers.

<u>Sex Offender Treatment Program</u> - This program was formed to standardize the evaluation, identification, treatment and continued monitoring of sex-offenders. Revenue is derived from a fine on those convicted of a sex-offense.

<u>Fraud and Economic Crime</u> - This program is administered by the District Attorneys General of the State. Revenues are collected from individuals prosecuted for bad checks. These monies are used to increase resources available to prosecute bad check cases

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

	_	WILDLIFE RESOURCES AGENCY	CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION		SOLID WASTE	JOB SKILLS		ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INVESTMENTS	\$	34,060	\$ 6,760	\$	13,179	\$ 34,801	\$	10,411
RECEIVABLES: TAXES DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS OTHER DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		739 3,009 8 1	391		1,388	8		
PREPAYMENTS LOANS RECEIVABLE	_						-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	37,817	\$ 7,151	\$	14,568	\$ 34,809	\$	10,411
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS DUE TO OTHER FUNDS DEFERRED REVENUE DEPOSITS PAYABLE	\$	2,271 192 2	\$ 5,305	\$	2,258	\$ 4,781 8	\$	13
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	2,465	5,305		2,264	4,789	-	13
FUND BALANCES: RESERVED FOR: RELATED ASSETS ENCUMBRANCES AND CONTRACTS SPECIFIC PURPOSES: WILDLIFE RESOURCES CRIMINAL INJURIES ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS JOB SKILLS ENHANCED 911 SERVICE PARKS ACQUISITION COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OTHER SPECIFIC PURPOSES	_	3,041 32,311	1,846		12,304	30,020	-	10,398
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	35,352	1,846	,	12,304	30,020	-	10,398
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	37,817	\$ 7,151	\$	14,568	\$ 34,809	\$	10,411

-	HAZARDOUS WASTE	PARKS ACQUISITION	_	SUPREME COURT BOARDS	UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS	-	ENHANCED EMERGENCY 911 SERVICE	•	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	_	DRIVER EDUCATION	•	ABANDONED LAND PROGRAM
\$	9,041	\$ 13,213	\$	1,707 1,112	\$ 7,358	\$	36,741	\$	18,850	\$	414	\$	844
	105	689			1,583 92						42		
	1			23			243						
			_	14		_			11,567	_			
\$	9,147	\$ 13,902	\$_	2,856	\$ 9,033	\$	36,984	\$	30,417	\$	456	\$	844
\$	1,586 19 1,282	\$ 905	\$	94 39	\$ 8,402 22 537	\$	1,289			\$	11 19		
-	2,887	905	_	133	8,961	-	1,292				30		
				14									
	6,260				72							\$	844
		12,997					35,692						
_			_	2,709		_		\$	30,417	_	426		
_	6,260	12,997	_	2,723	72	_	35,692	i	30,417	-	426		844
\$	9,147	\$ 13,902	\$_	2,856	\$ 9,033	\$	36,984	\$	30,417	\$	456	\$	844

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued) JUNE 30, 2002

	_	AGRICULTURAL NON-POINT WATER POLLUTION	REGULATORY BOARDS	SALVAGE TITLE ENFORCEMENT	DAIRY PROMOTION BOARD	_	DRYCLEANER'S ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	802	\$ 3,331	\$ 380	\$ 138	\$	5,761
INVESTMENTS RECEIVABLES:							
TAXES DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS OTHER		316		8			
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS							
PREPAYMENTS LOANS RECEIVABLE	_					_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	1,118	\$ 3,331	\$ 388	\$ 138	\$_	5,761
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:							
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS DUE TO OTHER FUNDS DEFERRED REVENUE	\$	1,118	\$ 9	\$ 26 4	\$ 131	\$	550 1
DEPOSITS PAYABLE	_					_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	1,118	9	30	131	_	551
FUND BALANCES: RESERVED FOR: RELATED ASSETS							
ENCUMBRANCES AND CONTRACTS SPECIFIC PURPOSES: WILDLIFE RESOURCES							3
CRIMINAL INJURIES ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS JOB SKILLS ENHANCED 911 SERVICE							5,207
PARKS ACQUISITION							
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OTHER SPECIFIC PURPOSES			3,322	358	7	_	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES			3,322	358	7	_	5,210
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	1,118	\$ 3,331	\$ 388	\$ 138	\$_	5,761

AGRICULTURAL REGULATORY FUND	-	TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY		SMALL AND MINORITY TELECOM- MUNICATION	-	SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT PROGRAM	=	FRAUD AND ECONOMIC CRIME	_	TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
\$ 3,953	\$	3,864	\$	11,315	\$	212	\$	2,140	\$	219,275 1,112
		126 5				25				5,181 3,340 281 1 14 11,567
\$ 3,953	\$	3,995	\$	11,315	\$	237	\$_	2,140	\$_	240,771
	\$	165 33	\$	5	\$	7			\$	28,926 307 1,860
	-	199	-	5	-	7			-	31,094
		10								14 3,054
										32,311 1,846 35,085 30,020 35,692 12,997 30,417
\$ 3,953	-	3,786	-	11,310	-	230	\$_	2,140	_	28,241
3,953	-	3,796	-	11,310		230	_	2,140	_	209,677
\$ 3,953	\$	3,995	\$	11,315	\$	237	\$_	2,140	\$_	240,771

## STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	-	WILDLIFE RESOURCES AGENCY	. <u>(</u>	CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION	_	SOLID WASTE	_	JOB SKILLS	_	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
REVENUES TAXES:										
FUEL BUSINESS	\$	496					•	2.002		
OTHER		7,094	\$	4,635	\$	5,542	\$	3,992		
LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS		29,622	Ψ	2,683	Ψ	4,962			\$	28,218
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		878		2,162		316		958		256
FEDERAL		13,621		2,070						
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER		11,111		608		143				
OTHER	-			008	-		_		-	
TOTAL REVENUES	_	62,822		12,158	_	10,963		4,950	_	28,474
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY				12,502						
RECREATION AND RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS	_	63,987	. <u>.</u>		_	9,709		9,617	_	27,421
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	63,987		12,502	_	9,709	_	9,617	_	27,421
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	(1,165)		(344)	_	1,254	_	(4,667)	_	1,053
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)										
TRANSFERS IN		1,521								
TRANSFERS OUT	-	(757)		(76,524)						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	<u>-</u>	764		(76,524)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(401)		(76,868)		1,254		(4,667)		1,053
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	_	35,753		78,714	_	11,050	_	34,687	_	9,345
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	35,352	\$	1,846	\$_	12,304	\$_	30,020	\$_	10,398

-	HAZARDOUS WASTE	PARKS ACQUISITION	_	SUPREME COURT BOARDS	1	UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS	-	ENHANCED EMERGENCY 911 SERVICE	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	_	DRIVER EDUCATION		ABANDONED LAND PROGRAM
					\$	17,246							
\$	230 847	\$ 52 481 498	\$	2,287 197		207 1,301	\$	26,798 716	\$ 983	\$	546	\$	13 22
_	3,333	52	_	84	_	176	_		466	_		_	
-	4,410	8,177	_	2,568	-	21,226	-	27,514	1,449	-	546	_	35
				2,417							339		
	7,022	8,229				22,088			4,046				
-			_		-		-	13,699		_			
-	7,022	8,229	_	2,417	-	22,088	-	13,699	4,046	_	339		
-	(2,612)	(52)	_	151	-	(862)	-	13,815	(2,597)	-	207	-	35
-	1,052	(7,946)								_	(1,335)		
_	1,052	(7,946)								_	(1,335)		
	(1,560)	(7,998)		151		(862)		13,815	(2,597)		(1,128)		35
-	7,820	20,995	_	2,572	_	934	_	21,877	33,014	_	1,554	_	809
\$	6,260	\$ 12,997	\$	2,723	\$	72	\$	35,692	\$ 30,417	\$_	426	\$_	844

# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		GRICULTURAL NON-POINT WATER POLLUTION		REGULATORY BOARDS		SALVAGE TITLE ENFORCEMENT	_	DAIRY PROMOTION BOARD	-	DRYCLEANER'S ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE
REVENUES TAXES: FUEL BUSINESS										
OTHER LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS	\$	3,274	\$	208	\$	542	\$	1,309	\$	1,208
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		73	Ф	87	φ	342		2	Φ	161
FEDERAL						10				5
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER	_		_	9	-		_		-	
TOTAL REVENUES		3,347	_	304	-	552	_	1,311	=	1,374
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY RECREATION AND RESOURCES						651				
DEVELOPMENT REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS		3,539		270				1,311		1,885
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	3,539	_	270	-	651	_	1,311	-	1,885
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(192)	_	34	-	(99)			-	(511)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES) TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS OUT		(2,296)								
TRANSPERS OUT	_	(2,290)								
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	_	(2,296)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(2,488)		34		(99)				(511)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	_	2,488	_	3,288	-	457	_	7	-	5,721
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	-	\$_	3,322	\$	358	\$	7	\$	5,210

-	AGRICULTURAL REGULATORY FUND	TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY	SMALL AND MINORITY TELECOM- MUNICATION	-	SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT PROGRAM	=	FRAUD AND ECONOMIC CRIME	=	TOTAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
\$	2,016 109	\$ 6,170 291	\$ 292	\$	112	\$	918 1	\$	17,742 3,992 29,060 108,539 8,131 18,643
-		4		_	23	_	434	_	14,851 1,592
-	2,125	6,465	292	-	135	-	1,353	_	202,550
		6,687	80		110		1,310		19,269 4,827
	2,137								160,991
-				-		-		_	13,969
-	2,137	6,687	80	-	110	-	1,310	_	199,056
-	(12)	(222)	212	-	25	_	43	_	3,494
								_	2,573 (88,858)
								_	(86,285)
	(12)	(222)	212		25		43		(82,791)
_	3,965	4,018	11,098	-	205	_	2,097	_	292,468
\$	3,953	\$ 3,796	\$ 11,310	\$	230	\$_	2,140	\$_	209,677

# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ALL NONMAJOR BUDGETED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		WIL	DLII	FE RESOURCES A	GENCY	
		BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	FAVO	IANCE- ORABLE /ORABLE)
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES:			_	, and the second		
FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD:	\$	32,750	\$	32,750		
PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES LIQUIDATED	_	713	_	713		
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1		33,463		33,463		
REVENUES:						
TAXES		6,700		7,590	\$	890
LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS		31,400		29,622		(1,778)
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS				878		878
FEDERAL		13,715		13,621		(94)
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER		16,010		11,111		(4,899)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-TRANSFERS IN	_	1,521	_	1,521		
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	_	102,809	_	97,806		(5,003)
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES: TREASURER COMMISSIONS CORRECTION SAFETY AGRICULTURE ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION WILDLIFE RESOURCES		80,315		64,738		15,577
ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMERCE AND INSURANCE						
OTHER FINANCING USES-TRANSFERS OUT	_	757	-	757		
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	_	81,072	_	65,495		15,577
FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$	21,737	\$	32,311	\$	10,574

	CRIMIN	NAL	INJURIES COMP	ENS	SATION				SOLID WASTE		
	BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	_	BUDGET	_	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	_	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
\$	78,714	\$	78,714			\$	11,050	\$	11,050		
	78,714		78,714			_	11,050	-	11,050		
	2,070		4,635 2,683 2,162 2,070	\$	4,635 2,683 2,162		6,083 4,723		5,542 4,962 316	\$	(541) 239 316 (91)
			608		608	_		=		_	
	80,784	-	90,872		10,088		22,090	-	22,013	-	(77)
	12,537		12,502		35						
							11,040		9,709		1,331
	76,524	-	76,524					=		_	
<u>\$</u>	89,061 (8,277)	\$	89,026 1,846	\$	35 10,123	<u> </u>	11,040 11,050	\$	9,709 12,304	\$	1,331 1,254

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		JOB SKILLS		
	BUDGET	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	7	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD: PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES LIQUIDATED	\$ 34,687	\$ 34,68	7	
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1	34,687	34,68	:7	
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER	900	3,99 95	92 \$	3,992 958 (900)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-TRANSFERS IN	 			
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	 35,587	39,63	7	4,050
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES: TREASURER COMMISSIONS CORRECTION SAFETY AGRICULTURE ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION WILDLIFE RESOURCES ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMERCE AND INSURANCE	19,122	9,61	7	9,505
OTHER FINANCING USES-TRANSFERS OUT	 			
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$ 19,122 16,465	9,61 \$ 30,02		9,505 13,555

	ENV	IRO	NMENTAL PROT	ECT	ION			H	AZARDOUS WAST	ГΕ	
	BUDGET	_	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	_	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
\$	9,345	\$	9,345			\$	7,820	\$	7,820		
	9,345	-	9,345			_	7,820		7,820		
	29,185		28,218 256	\$	(967) 256		2,564 3,732		230 847 3,333	\$	230 (1,717) (399)
_		_		_			1,052	. <u>-</u>	1,052		
	38,530	-	37,819	=	(711)	_	15,168		13,282		(1,886)
	32,144		27,421		4,723		10,838		7,022		3,816
<u> </u>	32,144 6,386	\$	27,421 10,398	\$	4,723 4,012	_ s	10,838 4,330	\$	7,022 6,260	\$	3,816 1,930

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	PARKS ACQUISITION					
		BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD: PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES LIQUIDATED	\$	20,995	\$	20,995		
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1		20,995		20,995		
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER		10,500		7,094 5 52 481 498 52	\$ (3,406) 52 481 498 52	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-TRANSFERS IN			_			
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	_	31,495	_	29,172	(2,323)	
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES: TREASURER COMMISSIONS CORRECTION SAFETY AGRICULTURE ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION WILDLIFE RESOURCES ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMERCE AND INSURANCE		10,557		8,229	2,328	
OTHER FINANCING USES-TRANSFERS OUT	_	7,946	_	7,946		
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$	18,503 12,992	\$_	16,175 12,997	2,328	

BUDGET 934	\$	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	FA	ARIANCE- VORABLE AVORABLE)				ACTUAL (BUDGETARY		VARIANCE-
934	\$	034				BUDGET	_	BASIS)	_	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
		934			\$	21,872	\$	21,872		
	_					2	_	2		
934		934				21,874		21,874		
17,000			\$	246				26,798	\$	26,798
2,301		2,290 207 1,301 176		207 (1,000) 176				716		716
22,835	_	22,160		(675)		21,874	_	49,388	-	27,514
23,517		22,088		1,429						
						13,696		13,696		
23,517	_	22,088		1,429		13,696	_	13,696		27,514
	2,600 2,301 22,835 23,517	2,600 2,301 22,835 23,517	2,600 2,296 207 2,301 1,301 176  22,835 22,160  23,517 22,088	2,600 2,296 207 2,301 1,301 176  22,835 22,160  23,517 22,088	2,600     2,296     (304)       207     207       2,301     1,301     (1,000)       176     176       22,835     22,160     (675)       23,517     22,088     1,429	2,600     2,296     (304)       207     207       2,301     1,301     (1,000)       176     176         22,835     22,160     (675)         23,517     22,088     1,429	2,600     2,296     (304)       207     207       2,301     1,301     (1,000)       176     176    22,835  22,160  (675)  21,874  23,517  22,088  1,429  13,696	2,600     2,296     (304)       207     207       2,301     1,301     (1,000)       176     176    22,835  22,160  (675)  21,874  23,517  22,088  1,429  13,696	2,600     2,296     (304)       2,301     1,301     (1,000)       176     176       22,835     22,160     (675)       23,517     22,088     1,429       13,696     13,696       23,517     22,088     1,429       13,696     13,696	2,600     2,296     (304)       2,301     1,301     (1,000)       176     176       22,835     22,160     (675)       23,517     22,088     1,429       13,696     13,696       23,517     22,088     1,429       13,696     13,696

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		DRIVE	R EDUCATION	I	
	 BUDGET	(BU	ACTUAL DGETARY BASIS)	FAV	RIANCE- /ORABLE AVORABLE)
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD: PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES LIQUIDATED	\$ 1,490	\$	1,490		
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1	1,490		1,490		
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER	459		546	\$	87
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-TRANSFERS IN	 				
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	 1,949		2,036		87_
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES: TREASURER COMMISSIONS CORRECTION SAFETY AGRICULTURE ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION WILDLIFE RESOURCES ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMERCE AND INSURANCE	459		275		184
OTHER FINANCING USES-TRANSFERS OUT	 1,335		1,335		
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$ 1,794 155	\$	1,610 426	\$	184 271

	ABA	١ND	ONED LAND PRO	OGR.			AGRICULTUE	TEF	R POLLUTION		
]	BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
\$	809	\$	809	-		\$	2,488	\$	2,488	•	
	809	-	809				2,488	-	2,488		
	500		13	\$	(487)		2,905		3,274	\$	369
	300		22	Þ	22		100		73		(27)
	1,309	-	844	-	(465)		5,493	-	5,835		342
							3,567		3,539		28
	500				500		3,307		3,337		20
				_			2,296	_	2,296		
<u> </u>	500 809	\$	844	<b>\$</b>	500 35	s	5,863	\$	5,835	\$	28 370

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	REGULATORY BOARDS								
		BUDGET	(I	ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS)	F	/ARIANCE- AVORABLE (FAVORABLE)			
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD: PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES LIQUIDATED	\$	3,288	\$	3,288		,			
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1		3,288		3,288					
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER				208 87 9	\$	208 87 9			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-TRANSFERS IN									
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES		3,288		3,592		304			
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES: TREASURER COMMISSIONS CORRECTION SAFETY AGRICULTURE ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION WILDLIFE RESOURCES ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMERCE AND INSURANCE		364		270		94			
OTHER FINANCING USES-TRANSFERS OUT									
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$	364 2,924	\$	270 3,322	\$	94 398			

	SALV	ΆG	E TITLE ENFOR	CEN	MENT	DRYCLEANER'S ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE									
	BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	J)	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE JNFAVORABLE)	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	<u>.</u>	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)				
\$	457	\$	457			\$	5,718	\$	5,718						
-	457	-	457				5,718		5,718						
	693		542 10	\$	(151) 10		2,384		1,208 161 5	\$	(1,176) 161 5				
-	1,150	-	1,009	-	(141)	_	8,102		7,092	-	(1,010)				
	693		651		42		2,384		1,885		499				
\$_	693 457	\$	651 358	\$	42 (99)	- s_	2,384 5,718	\$	1,885 5,207	\$	499 (511)				

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	AGRICU	JLTURA	L REGULATO	RY FUND	
	 BUDGET		ACTUAL JDGETARY BASIS)	FAVO	IANCE- ORABLE /ORABLE)
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD: PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES LIQUIDATED	\$ 3,965	\$	3,965		
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1	3,965		3,965		
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER	1,739 120		2,016 109	\$	277 (11)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-TRANSFERS IN	 				
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	 5,824		6,090		266
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES: TREASURER COMMISSIONS CORRECTION SAFETY AGRICULTURE ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION WILDLIFE RESOURCES ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMERCE AND INSURANCE	2,214		2,137		77
OTHER FINANCING USES-TRANSFERS OUT	 		_		
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$ 2,214 3,610	\$	2,137 3,953	\$	77 343

	TENNESS	THORITY	SMALL AND MINORITY TELECOMMUNICATIONS									
			ACTUAL		VARIANCE-	_				ACTUAL		VARIANCE-
			(BUDGETARY		FAVORABLE					(BUDGETARY		FAVORABLE
	BUDGET		BASIS)	π	JNFAVORABLE)		В	UDGET		BASIS)		(UNFAVORABLE)
_		•		`.		_						
\$	4,018	\$	4,018			\$		11,098	\$	11,098		
_		_										
	4,018		4,018					11,098		11,098		
	7,400		6,170	\$	(1,230)							
	7,400		0,170	Ψ	(1,230)					292	\$	292
	283		291		8					-/-	Ψ	2,2
	42		4		(38)							
_		-				_						
	11.742		10.402		(1.260)			11.000		11.200		202
_	11,743	-	10,483		(1,260)	-		11,098		11,390		292
	7,739		6,697		1,042							
								80		80		
								80		80		
_		•				_						
_	7,739	-	6,697		1,042	_		80		80		
\$	4,004	\$	3,786	\$	(218)	\$_		11,018	\$	11,310	\$	292

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	SEX OFF	ENDEF	R TREATMENT	PROGI	RAM
	BUDGET	(В	ACTUAL UDGETARY BASIS)	F	ARIANCE- AVORABLE FAVORABLE)
SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1 ADD: PRIOR YEAR ENCUMBRANCES LIQUIDATED	\$ 205	\$	205		
ADJUSTED FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JULY 1	205		205		
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL			112	\$	112
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER			23		23
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES-TRANSFERS IN					
TOTAL SOURCES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES	 205	_	340		135
USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES: EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES: TREASURER COMMISSIONS CORRECTION SAFETY AGRICULTURE	110		110		
ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION WILDLIFE RESOURCES ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMERCE AND INSURANCE					
OTHER FINANCING USES-TRANSFERS OUT		_			
TOTAL USES OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FUND BALANCES(BUDGETARY BASIS), JUNE 30	\$ 110 95	\$	110 230	\$	135

	TOTAL NON	MAJ(	OR SPECIAL RI	ΕV	ENUE FUNDS	
			ACTUAL		VARIANCE-	
		(.	BUDGETARY		FAVORABLE	
_	BUDGET	_	BASIS)		(UNFAVORABLE)	
\$	251,703	\$	251,703			
-	715	_	715			
	252,418		252,418			
	43,188		76,283	\$	33,095	
	81,083		78,536		(2,547)	
	220		6,948		6,728	
	20,933		18,643		(2,290)	
	20,918		14,851		(6,067)	
			608		608	
-	2,573	_	2,573			
_	421,333	_	450,860		29,527	
	12,537		12,502		35	
	7,739		6,697		1,042	
	110		110			
	1,152		926		226	
	5,781		5,676		105	
	90,980		76,354		14,626	
	80,315		64,738		15,577	
	19,202		9,697		9,505	
	14,060		13,966		94	
_	88,858		88,858			
	320,734		279,524		41,210	
\$	100,599	s —	171,336	\$	70,737	
Ψ	100,399	<b>—</b>	1/1,330	Ф	70,737	



## PERMANENT FUNDS

<u>Chairs of Excellence Fund</u> – This fund was created by the General Assembly in 1986. Its purpose is to endow faculty chairs at the Tennessee Board of Regents and University of Tennessee campuses in order to attract more highly qualified professors. For a chair to be established, private contributions which a school collects are matched by monies the state has appropriated to fund this program. The chair also receives the interest earned from investment of these matched monies.

<u>Academic Scholars Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the academic scholars program administered by TSAC. An endowment was established in 1986 to provide scholarships to superior students from the interest earnings.

<u>Other</u> – Various smaller funds that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal can be spent.

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

ASSETS	_	CHAIRS OF EXCELLENCE	_	ACADEMIC SCHOLARS	_	OTHER	-	TOTAL PERMANENT FUNDS
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	5,235	\$	4	\$	17,092	\$	22,331
INVESTMENTS	Ψ	196.090	Ψ	3,320	Ψ	17,092	Ψ	199,410
RECEIVABLES:		,		Ź				,
TAXES						25		25
INTEREST		1,476						1,476
OTHER						5		5
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS	_	1,166	_		_			1,166
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	203,967	\$	3,324	\$_	17,122	\$	224,413
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
DUE TO COMPONENT UNITS	\$	2,356					\$	2,356
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	2,356						2,356
FUND BALANCES:								
RESERVED FOR:								
NONEXPENDABLE		190,001	\$	2,705	\$	15,744		208,450
EXPENDABLE		11,610	•	619	•	1,378		13,607
	-	,	_			,		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	201,611	_	3,324	_	17,122		222,057
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	ø	202.077	¢.	2 224	e.	17 122	ď	224 412
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	203,967	\$_	3,324	\$_	17,122	\$	224,413

## STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2002

		CHAIRS OF EXCELLENCE		ACADEMIC SCHOLARS		OTHER		TOTAL PERMANENT FUNDS
REVENUES								
LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS					\$	1,523	\$	1,523
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	\$	(10,074)	\$	208		416		(9,450)
OTHER	_		_			73		73
TOTAL REVENUES	-	(10,074)	-	208	_	2,012		(7,854)
EXPENDITURES								
EDUCATION		7,421		566				7,987
RECREATION AND RESOURCES								
DEVELOPMENT	-		-		_	144		144_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7 401		500		1.4.4		0.121
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	7,421	-	566	_	144		8,131
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(17,495)		(358)		1,868		(15,985)
OVER (UNDER) EXI ENDITORES	-	(17,493)	-	(338)	_	1,000		(13,963)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)								
TRANSFERS IN				252				252
THE HOLD IN			-				•	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES(USES)				252				252
,			-					-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(17,495)		(106)		1,868		(15,733)
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	_	219,106		3,430	_	15,254		237,790
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	201,611	\$	3,324	\$	17,122	\$	222,057



# GENERAL FUND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES BY SOURCE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2001

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED			
REVENUES BY SOURCE	JUNE 30, 2002	JUNE 30, 2001		
TAXES:				
SALES AND USE	\$ 1,479,950	\$ 1,464,011		
GASOLINE	9,084	9,918		
MOTOR FUEL	2,866	3,191		
GASOLINE INSPECTION	647_	646		
TOTAL PURE TANES	12.505	10.555		
TOTAL FUEL TAXES	12,597	13,755		
FRANCHISE	410,590	449,900		
EXCISE	440,678	535,781		
GROSS RECEIPTS	227,339	226,778		
BEER				
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE	13,416	13,530 30,043		
	30,032	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
MIXED DRINK TOBACCO	18,891	17,634		
	622	588		
BUSINESS  DISTURBANCE COMPANIES PREMIUM	21,115	21,509		
INSURANCE COMPANIES PREMIUM	265,473	280,561		
RETALIATORY WORKERS COMPENSATION PREMIUM	4,944	6,214		
WORKERS COMPENSATION PREMIUM	38,402	36,225		
MEDICAID PROVIDER	100,976	115,910		
OTHER	1,111_	6,930		
TOTAL BUSINESS TAXES	1 572 590	1.741.602		
TOTAL BUSINESS TAXES	1,573,589	1,741,603		
INCOME	171,072	199,397		
PRIVILEGE	171,072	160,766		
INHERITANCE AND ESTATE		89,676		
OTHER	104,481 556			
OTHER		603		
TOTAL OTHER TAXES	453,499	450,442		
TOTAL OTHER TAXES	433,499	430,442		
TOTAL TAXES	3,519,635	3,669,811		
		3,007,011		
LICENSES, FINES, FEES AND PERMITS:				
MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION	36,133	34,227		
MOTOR VEHICLE TITLE REGISTRATION FEES	8,128	8,120		
DRIVERS LICENSES	22,175	21,052		
ARRESTS, FINES AND FEES	9,166	8,945		
REGULATORY BOARD FEES	25,757	26,330		
OTHER	50,724	36,404		
		20,101		
TOTAL LICENSES, FINES, FEES AND PERMITS	152,083	135,078		
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	37,915	77,488		
FEDERAL-EARNED BY STATE DEPARTMENTS	5,603,008	5,159,378		
		·		
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES:				
CHARGES TO THE PUBLIC	346,308	320,417		
INTERDEPARTMENTAL CHARGES	900,011	840,707		
CHARGES TO CITIES, COUNTIES, ETC.	266,440	523,494		
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES	1,512,759	1,684,618		
OTHER	434,014	344,334		
TOTAL DEVENIES BY SOURCE				
TOTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE	\$ 11,259,414	\$ 11,070,707		

# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND DEPARTMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2002 AND 2001

	FOR THE YEAR ENDE				
	JUNE 30, 2002	JUNE 30, 2001			
EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND DEPARTMENT					
GENERAL COMERNIATIVE					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:	\$ 25.711	\$ 25.031			
LEGISLATIVE SECRETARY OF STATE	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* .,			
SECRETARY OF STATE	27,621	27,575			
COMPTROLLER	48,457	47,367			
TREASURER	27,934	23,976			
GOVERNOR	3,585	3,613			
COMMISSIONS	56,297	49,957			
FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION	52,592	55,897			
PERSONNEL	9,588	9,215			
GENERAL SERVICES	16,825	16,115			
REVENUE	58,282	58,637			
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	12,362	15,607			
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	339,254	332,990			
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES:					
VETERANS AFFAIRS	2,744	2,704			
LABOR AND WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	169,621	163,280			
TENNCARE	6,107,073	5,488,798			
MENTAL HEALTH AND MENTAL RETARDATION	709,171	632,831			
HEALTH	372,563	352,096			
HUMAN SERVICES	1,396,714	1,585,515			
CHILDREN'S SERVICES	492,140	416,553			
TOTAL HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES	9,250,026	8,641,777			
LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY:					
JUDICIAL	185,200	178,788			
CORRECTION	450,532	443,917			
PROBATION AND PAROLES	52,925	52,187			
MILITARY	42,441	50,246			
BUREAU OF CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION	41,819				
SAFETY	136,563	37,452 131,096			
SALLI		131,070			
TOTAL LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY	909,480	893,686			
RECREATION AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT:					
AGRICULTURE	57,468	44,695			
TOURIST DEVELOPMENT	12,126	11,986			
ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION	142,987	145,032			
ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	72,421	65,747			
TOTAL RECREATION AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT	285,002	267,460			
REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS:					
COMMERCE AND INSURANCE	42,798	41,623			
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	8,273	7,754			
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	6,273				
TOTAL REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS	51,071	49,377			
STATE SHARED TAXES PAID TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS	416,369	406,312			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND DEPARTMENT	\$ 11,251,202	\$ 10,591,602			



\_\_\_\_\_

## NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for the operations of state agencies that provide goods or services to the general public on a user charge basis. The state's nonmajor enterprise operations are described below.

State Loan Program - Operated since the early 1970's through the Department of Environment and Conservation, this program has provided financial assistance to local governments and utility districts for the construction of sewage treatment, solid waste recovery and waterworks facilities. In order for these borrowing entities to generate funds necessary to repay the loans, the imposition of a user's fee by the local systems was authorized. In order to finance this program, general obligation bonds were sold which, although remaining full faith and credit obligations of the state, are being retired from resources of this fund. Future financing for this program will be generated from the sale of revenue bonds or notes by the Local Development Authority.

<u>Energy Loan Program</u> - Created in 1988, this program makes loans to small businesses and local governments to improve energy efficiency.

<u>Teacher Group Insurance</u> - Established in January 1986, this fund is used to account for revenues received and claims paid on behalf of teachers of political subdivisions of the state who have elected coverage under a group medical plan similar to that offered state employees.

Local Government Group Insurance - Established in July 1991, this fund is used to account for revenues received and claims paid on behalf of employees of local governments and quasi-governmental organizations established for the primary purpose of providing services for or on the behalf of state and local governments. This plan is similar to the plan offered to state employees.

<u>Drinking Water Loan</u> – Created in 1998, this fund provides loans to local governments and utility districts for the improvement of drinking water systems. The initial sources of the monies are federal grants and state appropriations.

<u>Grain Indemnity</u> - This program is administered by the Department of Agriculture. Revenues are collected from fees on grain sold by producers. These revenues are to be used to protect commodity producers in the event of the financial failure of a commodity dealer or warehouseman.

<u>Property Utilization</u>, a division of the Department of General Services - This agency receives surplus federal property and redistributes it to civil defense units, health and educational institutions and other eligible donees within the state. The agency collects fees from the donees to offset operating costs. In addition, this agency handles surplus property by the various State agencies.

<u>Medicare Supplement Insurance</u> – Established in January 2001, this fund is used to account for revenues received and claims paid on behalf of retirees who are eligible for medicare coverage and elect coverage under the Medicare Supplement Insurance Plan.

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

	(Ex	pressed in Thousand	ds)					
ASSETS	_	STATE LOAN PROGRAM	· -	ENERGY LOAN PROGRAM		TEACHER GROUP INSURANCE		LOCAL OVERNMENT GROUP INSURANCE
CURRENT ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RECEIVABLES:	\$	3,625	\$	17,112	\$	12,268	\$	911
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE INTEREST LOANS RECEIVABLE-CURRENT DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS INVENTORY	_	1 2,845	. <u>-</u>	1,867		247		317
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	=	6,471	. <u>-</u>	18,979	_	12,515	_	1,228
NONCURRENT ASSETS: DEFERRED CHARGES LOANS RECEIVABLE	_	81 11,427	. <u>-</u>	6,010				
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	<del>-</del>	11,508	. <u>-</u>	6,010				
TOTAL ASSETS	<del>-</del>	17,979	-	24,989	. <u>-</u>	12,515	_	1,228
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS		609		100		23,943		11,807
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS BONDS PAYABLE-CURRENT DEFERRED REVENUE	_	2,845	. <u>-</u>			622		95
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<del>-</del>	3,454	. <u>-</u>	100	_	24,565	_	11,902
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: BONDS PAYABLE, net OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	-	11,079						
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	<del>-</del>	11,079						
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<del>-</del>	14,533	-	100	_	24,565	_	11,902
NET ASSETS RESTRICTED								
UNRESTRICTED (DEFICIT)	=	3,446	-	24,889	_	(12,050)	_	(10,674)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ <u></u>	3,446	\$	24,889	\$_	(12,050)	\$	(10,674)

_	DRINKING WATER	_	GRAIN INDEMNITY		PROPERTY UTILIZATION	MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE		TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
\$	11,124	\$	3,683	\$	419	\$ 25,943	\$	75,085
	3				56			620 4
_	276	_			8 3			4,988 8 3
=	11,403	_	3,683		486	25,943	-	80,708
_	13,929							81 31,366
_	13,929							31,447
-	25,332	_	3,683		486	25,943		112,155
	3				93 4	4,867		41,422 4
_						417		2,845 1,134
-	3				97	5,284	-	45,405
					39			11,079 39
				•	39			11,118
-	3			,	136	5,284		56,523
_	25,329	_	3,683		350	20,659		25,329 30,303
\$	25,329	\$_	3,683	\$	350	\$ 20,659	\$	55,632

## STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	_	STATE LOAN PROGRAM	ENERGY LOAN PROGRAM	TEACHER GROUP INSURANCE	LOC GOVERI GRO INSUR	NMENT DUP
OPERATING REVENUES						
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$	623	\$ 192			
INVESTMENT INCOME		114	440			
PREMIUMS				\$ 203,362	\$ 3	91,104
OTHER				8		2
	_					
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	_	737	632	203,370		91,106
OPERATING EXPENSES						
PERSONAL SERVICES						
CONTRACTUAL SERVICES		9		17,932		8,730
MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES						
RENTALS AND INSURANCE						
INTEREST		785				
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		10				
BENEFITS				190,959		94,996
OTHER		61	302	1,448		666
	_					
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	_	865	302	210,339	1	04,392
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(128)	330	(6,969)	(	13,286)
OF ERATING INCOME (LOSS)	_	(126)	330	(0,909)		13,280)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
OPERATING GRANTS		(25)	910			
INTEREST INCOME	_			307		193
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	_	(25)	910	307		193
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(153)	1,240	(6,662)	(	13,093)
INCOME (BOSS) BEFORE THE MOTERIE		(100)	1,2.0	(0,002)	(	10,000)
TRANSFERS IN	_			4,639		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(153)	1,240	(2,023)	(	13,093)
NET ASSETS, JULY 1	_	3,599	23,649	(10,027)		2,419
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$_	3,446	\$ 24,889	\$ (12,050)	\$ S(	10,674)

_	DRINKING WATER	GRAIN INDEMNITY	PROPERTY UTILIZATION	MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
\$	229 266		\$ 1,219	\$ 43,619	\$ 2,263 820 338,085
-					10
-	495		1,219	43,619	341,178
	459		723 346 89 152	4,882	723 32,358 89 152 785
_	9	§95_	63	33,821	10 319,776 2,640
_	459	95	1,373	38,708	356,533
-	36	(95)	(154)	4,911	(15,355)
-	6,876	97		396	7,761 993
_	6,876	97		396	8,754
	6,912	2	(154)	5,307	(6,601)
_	1,629		500	5,263	12,031
	8,541	2	346	10,570	5,430
_	16,788	3,681	4	10,089	50,202
\$	25,329	\$ 3,683	\$ 350	\$ 20,659	\$ 55,632

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	_	STATE LOAN PROGRAM	ERGY LOAN ROGRAM	_	TEACHER GROUP INSURANCE		LOCAL VERNMENT GROUP NSURANCE
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMERS AND USERS RECEIPTS FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED				\$	204,395	\$	91,364
PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES					(210,414)		(101,645)
PAYMENTS FOR INTERFUND SERVICES USED	\$_	(9)		-	(1,448)	_	(666)
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	(9)		-	(7,467)		(10,947)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES OPERATING GRANTS RECEIVED NEGATIVE CASH BALANCE IMPLICITLY REPAID TRANSFERS IN PAYMENTS TO COMPONENT UNITS PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS INTEREST PAID SUBSIDY TO BORROWERS	_	(25) (3,280) (848) (148)	\$ 910	_	4,639		
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	(4,301)	 910	-	4,639		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES LOANS ISSUED COLLECTION OF LOAN PRINCIPAL INTEREST RECEIVED		3,439 757	(2,641) 1,332 632		307		193
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	4,196	(677)	_	307		193
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(114)	233		(2,521)		(10,754)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1	_	3,739	 16,879	_	14,789	_	11,665
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$_	3,625	\$ 17,112	\$_	12,268	\$	911
RECONCILITATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$_	(128)	\$ 330	\$_	(6,969)	\$	(13,286)
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION PROVISION FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS INVESTMENT INCOME CHARGES FOR SERVICES INTEREST EXPENSE SUBSIDY TO BORROWERS		10 (114) (623) 785 61	302 (440) (192)				
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES: (INCREASE)DECREASE IN ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (INCREASE)DECREASE IN DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS (INCREASE)DECREASE IN INVENTORIES					(148)		(237)
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN INVENTURIES INCREASE(DECREASE) IN ACCOUNTS PAYABLE INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DUE TO OTHER FUNDS					(491)		2,550
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DEFERRED REVENUE	_		 	-	141_	_	26
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	_	119	 (330)	-	(498)		2,339
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(9)	\$ -	\$_	(7,467)	\$	(10,947)

S         1,141         S         43,800         S         340,700         194         195         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (7780         (7780         (7780         (7780         (7780         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (7780         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752)         (752) <th< th=""><th>_</th><th>DRINKING WATER</th><th>_</th><th>GRAIN INDEMNITY</th><th></th><th>PROPERTY FILIZATION</th><th>_</th><th>MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE</th><th>-</th><th>TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS</th></th<>	_	DRINKING WATER	_	GRAIN INDEMNITY		PROPERTY FILIZATION	_	MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE	-	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
\$ (111) \$ (95) (160) (34,863) (347,288) (752) (7					\$		\$	43,800	\$	
(348)         (433)         (6)         (2,910)           (459)         (95)         (10)         8,931         (10,056)           6,876         7,786         (71)         (71)         (71)           1,629         500         5,263         12,031         (25)         (28)         (848)         (148)           8,505         429         5,263         15,445         (148)         (149) <t< td=""><td>\$</td><td>(111)</td><td>\$</td><td>(95)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(34,863)</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	\$	(111)	\$	(95)				(34,863)		
(459)         (95)         (10)         8,931         (10,056)           6,876         7,786         7,786         7,786         7,786         7,786         7,786         7,786         7,786         12,031         12,031         12,031         12,031         (25)         (3,280)         (32,280)         (848)         (148)         14,942         2,263         15,445         15,445         15,445         15,445         15,445         16,445         16,445         17,498         16,445         17,498         17,498         17,498         17,498         17,498         11,353         17,682         11,353         17,682         11,353         17,682         11,124         11,353         17,682         11,124         11,353         17,682         11,124         11,		(348)				(752)				(752)
6,876	-		-	(0.5)	_		-		•	
1,629       500       5,263       12,031         (25)       (3,280)       (848)         (848)       (148)         (8,160)       429       5,263       15,445         (8,160)       (10,801)       4,942         491       97       396       2,873         (7,498)       97       396       (2,986)         548       2       419       14,590       2,403         10,576       3,681       -       11,353       72,682         \$       11,124       \$       3,683       \$       419       \$       25,943       \$       75,085         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95	-	(459)	-	(95)	_	(10)	=	8,931	•	(10,056)
1,629       500       5,263       12,031 (25) (3,280) (848) (148)         8,505       429       5,263       15,445         (8,160) 171 491 97       396 2,873       4,942 (4,942) (2,986)         548 2 419 14,590 2,403       2,873         10,576 3,681 - 11,353 72,682       11,353 72,682         \$ 11,124 \$ 3,683 \$ 419 \$ 25,943 \$ 75,085         \$ 36 \$ (95) \$ (154) \$ 4,911 \$ (15,355)         \$ 10 (266) (229) (1,044) 785         \$ 119 (266) (4) (4) (4) 13 13 13 13 13 17 17 3,839 5,915 (1) (1) 181 348		6,876								7,786
\$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c								5 262		(71)
8,505       429       5,263       15,445         (8,160)       (10,801)       4,942         171       491       97       396       2,873         (7,498)       97       396       (2,986)         548       2       419       14,590       2,403         10,576       3,681       -       11,353       72,682         \$       11,124       \$       3,683       \$       419       \$       25,943       \$       75,085         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36 \$       (95)       \$       (154) \$		1,029				300		3,203		(25)
8,505       429       5,263       15,445         (8,160)       (10,801)       4,942       4,942         491       97       396       2,873         (7,498)       97       396       (2,986)         548       2       419       14,590       2,403         10,576       3,681       -       11,353       72,682         \$       11,124       \$       3,683       \$       419       \$       25,943       \$       75,085         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$										
(8,160)       (10,801)         171       494         491       97       396       2,873         (7,498)       97       396       (2,986)         548       2       419       14,590       2,403         10,576       3,681       -       11,353       72,682         \$       11,124       \$       3,683       \$       419       \$       25,943       \$       75,085         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       10       302	-						-			
(8,160)       (10,801)         171       494         491       97       396       2,873         (7,498)       97       396       (2,986)         548       2       419       14,590       2,403         10,576       3,681       -       11,353       72,682         \$       11,124       \$       3,683       \$       419       \$       25,943       \$       75,085         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       36       (95)       \$       (154)       \$       4,911       \$       (15,355)         \$       10       302										
171	-	8,505			_	429	-	5,263		15,445
171		(8.160)								(10.801)
(7,498)         97         396         (2,986)           548         2         419         14,590         2,403           10,576         3,681         -         11,353         72,682           \$ 11,124         \$ 3,683         \$ 419         \$ 25,943         \$ 75,085           \$ 36         \$ (95)         \$ (154)         \$ 4,911         \$ (15,355)           \$ (266)         \$ (229)         (1,044)         785         61           \$ (19         \$ (266)         (4)         (4)         (4)         (4)         (4)         (4)         (13)         13         14         14         14         14         14         14		171		07				206		4,942
548       2       419       14,590       2,403         10,576       3,681       -       11,353       72,682         \$ 11,124       \$ 3,683       \$ 419       \$ 25,943       \$ 75,085         \$ 36       (95)       \$ (154)       \$ 4,911       \$ (15,355)         (266)       (229)       (1,044)         (229)       (119       (266)         (4)       (4)       (4)         13       13       13         17       3,839       5,915         (1)       (11)       181       348	-		-				-		•	
10,576   3,681   -   11,353   72,682	-		-				-		•	(2,986)
\$ 11,124 \$ 3,683 \$ 419 \$ 25,943 \$ 75,085 \$ 36 \$ (95) \$ (154) \$ 4,911 \$ (15,355) 10 302 (266) (820) (1,044) 785 61 219 (266) (4) (4) (4) 13 13 13 13 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) (1) 181 348		548		2		419		14,590		2,403
\$ 36 \$ (95) \$ (154) \$ 4,911 \$ (15,355)  10 302 (266) (229) (229) (1,044) 785 61  119 (266) (4) 13 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) 181 348	-	10,576	-	3,681	<u>-</u>		-	11,353		72,682
10 302 (266) (229) (229) (1,044) 785 61  119 (266) (4) (4) (4) 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) 181 348	\$	11,124	\$_	3,683	\$	419	\$	25,943	\$	75,085
(266) (229) (266) (229) (1,044) 785 61  119 (266) (4) 13 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) 181 348	\$_	<u>36</u> \$	_	(95)	\$	(154) \$	-	4,911	\$_	(15,355)
(266) (229)  (229)  (1,044)  785  61  119 (266) (4) (4) (4) 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) 181 348										
(229) (1,044) 785 61  119 (266) (4) (4) 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) (1) 181 348		(266)								
119 (266) (4) (4) 13 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) 181 348										(1,044)
(4) (4) (4) 13 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) (1) 181 348										
(4) (4) (4) 13 13 17 3,839 5,915 (1) (1) 181 348						119				(266)
17 3,839 5,915 (1) (1) (1) (1) 348						(4)				(4)
						17		3,839		
						(1)				(1)
1,020	-	(495)			_	144	-		•	
\$ (459) \$ (95) \$ (10) \$ 8,931 \$ (10,056)	\$		\$	(95)	\$		\$		\$	



### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the operations of state agencies that provide goods or services to other state agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The following operations are included in these funds:

Office for Information Resources, a division of the Department of Finance and Administration - This division functions as the data and voice service bureau for state government.

<u>Claims Award</u> - This fund was created in 1985 to pay awards for claims made against the state once validity of the claims has been determined by the Tennessee Claims Commission.

<u>Motor Vehicle Management</u>, a division of the Department of General Services - This division is responsible for administering a uniform program for the operation and maintenance of all state vehicles.

General Services Printing, a division of the Department of General Services - This agency operates a printing facility to provide such services as general printing, typesetting and binding for state agencies located in Nashville. In addition, this division provides photographic services to the various state agencies.

<u>Facilities Revolving Fund</u> - This fund was created in 1989 to provide for the maintenance, repair and total housing needs of state government. This fund was phased in. The first year it included only downtown Nashville office space. In fiscal year 90-91, the fund expanded to include all office and warehouse space in Davidson, Knox, Madison, Shelby, Washington, Hamilton, and Sullivan Counties. In fiscal year 91-92, the fund encompassed all office and warehouse space in the State, except institutional space.

Employee Group Insurance Fund - Established in January 1978, this fund is used to account for transactions pertaining to the state's self-insured group medical plan. Prior to 1978, medical insurance was provided by a private carrier. Group life and accident insurance premiums paid to a private insurance company are also recorded in this fund.

<u>Food Services</u>, a division of the Department of General Services - This division is responsible for the preparation and distribution of certain food to the various state institutions. This consists of food that is cooked and then immediately frozen and is then reheated at the institution.

<u>Postal Services</u>, a division of the Department of General Services - This agency processes and distributes incoming, outgoing and interdepartmental mail for state agencies located in Nashville.

<u>Capitol Print Shop</u>, a division of the Office of the Comptroller -This facility is responsible for providing printing, mailing and other office services for the state agencies located in the Capitol.

<u>Purchasing</u>, a division of the Department of General Services -This agency is responsible for the procurement of supplies, equipment and certain specialized services.

<u>Central Stores</u>, a division of the Department of General Services -This agency is responsible for the purchasing and distribution of office supplies to the Department of Health, Labor and Workforce Development, Human Services, and General Services.

<u>Records Management</u>, a division of the Department of General Services - This division is responsible for the retention and disposal of official records.

<u>Division of Accounts</u>, a division of the Department of Finance and Administration – This division is responsible for the centralized accounting function for the state.

TRICOR - Tennessee Rehabilitative Initiative in Correction manages correctional industry, agriculture, and service operations. Its purpose is to employ and train inmates and provide products and services to state agencies, local governments, and not-for profit organizations.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

ASSETS	OFFICE FOR INFORMATION RESOURCES	CLAIMS AWARD	MOTOR VEHICLE MANAGEMENT	GENERAL SERVICES PRINTING	FACILITIES REVOLVING FUND	EMPLOYEE GROUP INSURANCE
CURRENT ASSETS:	e 72.202	£ 72.722	0 7051 0	122	e 20.546	e 47.562
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH ON DEPOSIT WITH FISCAL AGENT	\$ 72,302	\$ 72,722	\$ 7,051 \$	132	\$ 29,546 1,350	\$ 47,563
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	631		491	3	303	2,026
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	266					_,
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS	142		1			
INVENTORIES, at cost	920		11	82		
PREPAID EXPENSES	216					
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	74,477	72,722	7,554	217	31,199	49,589
NONCURRENT ASSETS: RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DEFERRED CHARGE LEASE RECEIVABLE ADVANCES TO OTHER FUNDS	6,511				516 493 4,229	
CAPITAL ASSETS:					*****	
LAND, at cost STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS, at cost					54,169 393,592	
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost	80,396		125,312	1,572	393,392	
LESS-ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	(64,917)		(65,717)	(1,189)	(145,329)	
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS				(,,	964	
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, net of	15.450		50.505	202	202.704	
accumulated depreciation	15,479		59,595	383	303,794	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	21,990		59,595	383	309,032	
TOTAL ASSETS	96,467	72,722	67,149	600	340,231	49,589
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE ACCRUED PAYROLL AND RELATED DEDUCTIONS DUE TO OTHER FUNDS LEASE OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE	11,186 1,653 150	933	1,939 103 9	67 140 13	4,880	46,224
BONDS PAYABLE-CURRENT DEFERRED REVENUE	705	4			13,007	22,523
OTHER	703	27,983				22,323
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	13,694	28,920	2,051	220	17,887	68,747
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: LEASE OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE COMMERCIAL PAPER PAYABLE BONDS PAYABLE, net					4,131 147,174	
OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	937	52,927	62	80		
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	937	52,927	62	80	151,305	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,631	81,847	2,113	300	169,192	68,747
NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT	15,479		59,595	383	139,482	
RESTRICTED FOR DEBT SERVICE					224	
UNRESTRICTED (DEFICIT)	66,357	(9,125)	5,441	(83)	31,333	(19,158)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 81,836	\$ (9,125)	\$ 65,036 \$	300	\$ 171,039	\$ (19,158)

_	FOOD SERVICES	POSTAL SERVICES	_	CAPITOL PRINT SHOP	Pl	URCHASING	_	CENTRAL STORES	ECORDS NAGEMENT	_	DIVISION OF ACCOUNTS	_	TRICOR	SI	TOTAL INTERNAL ERVICE FUNDS
\$	1,204		\$	509	\$	395			\$ 148	\$	3,997	\$	9,897	\$	245,466
		\$ 1											518		1,350 3,973 266
		484		37			\$	2 704					2,924		145 5,162
_		47	_	23	_		_		 	-		_	2,72.	_	286
_	1,204	532	_	569	_	395	_	706	 148	-	3,997	_	13,339	_	256,648
															516 493 4,229 6,511
	215														54,384
	15,752 3,686	2,310		728				7	328		46		4,628		409,344 219,411
	(4,475)	(2,041)	_	(507)			_	(7)	 (193)	_	(9)	_	(2,950)	_	(287,334) 964
	15,178	269	_	221			_	-	 135	_	37	_	1,678		396,769
	15,178	269	_	221_					 135	_	37_	_	1,678		408,518
	16,382	801	_	790	_	395	_	706	 283	_	4,034	_	15,017	_	665,166
	557	11		30		16		179	8		1		834		66,865
	12 1	138 52		23		126 13		41 329	49 5		263 32		467 40		3,015 644
	•	52						32)	28		32		10		28
															13,007 23,232
_			_		_		_		 	_		_		_	27,983
_	570	201	_	53	_	155	_	549	 90	-	296	_	1,341	_	134,774
									61						61
															4,131 147,174
_	8	85	_	21	_	68	_	19	 26	_	138	_	289	_	54,660
_	8	85	_	21	_	68	_	19	 87	_	138	_	289	_	206,026
_	578	286	_	74		223	_	568	 177_	-	434	_	1,630	_	340,800
	15,178	269		221					46		37		1,678		232,368 224
_	626	246	_	495	_	172	_	138	 60	_	3,563	_	11,709	_	91,774
\$	15,804	\$ 515	\$_	716	\$	172	\$_	138	\$ 106	\$_	3,600	\$	13,387	\$_	324,366

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	OFFICE FOR INFORMATION RESOURCES	. <u>.</u>	CLAIMS AWARD		MOTOR VEHICLE MANAGEMENT	_	GENERAL SERVICES PRINTING	-	FACILITIES REVOLVING FUND		EMPLOYEE GROUP INSURANCE
OPERATING REVENUES		_		_		_		_			
	\$ 141,467	\$	30,382	\$	25,851	\$	3,681	\$	99,154		
PREMIUMS										\$	379,904
OTHER						_		-		_	22
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	141,467	_	30,382		25,851	_	3,681	-	99,154	_	379,926
OPERATING EXPENSES											
PERSONAL SERVICES	19,256				1,298		1,900				
CONTRACTUAL SERVICES	104,986		7,944		1,628		799		50,272		33,979
MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	8,250		,		11,605		910		4,927		, in the second
RENTALS AND INSURANCE	4,224				315		368		20,827		6,290
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	7,935				10,862		104		8,291		.,
BENEFITS	.,		39,188		.,				-,-		365,060
OTHER	879				524		20		396	_	3,055
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	145,530		47,132		26,232		4,101		84,713		408,384
TOTAL OFERATING EXPENSES	143,330		47,132		20,232	-	4,101	-	64,/13	-	408,364
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(4,063)	_	(16,750)		(381)	_	(420)	-	14,441	_	(28,458)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
TAXES			3								
INTEREST INCOME			1,807						869		1,392
INTEREST EXPENSE			-,						(12,528)		-,
		_						-		_	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		_	1,810						(11,659)	_	1,392
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFE	R (4,063)		(14,940)		(381)		(420)		2,782		(27,066)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS					1				208		
TRANSFERS IN	3,105				3,222		200		368		450
TRANSFERS OUT	(2,450)				(20)		200		200		150
		_			<u> </u>			-		_	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(3,408)		(14,940)		2,822		(220)		3,358		(26,616)
NET ASSETS, JULY 1	85,244		5,815		62,214		520	_	167,681	_	7,458
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$ 81,836	\$	(9,125)	\$	65,036	\$	300	\$	171,039	s	(19,158)
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	01,830	· <sup>3</sup> =	(9,123)	Ф	05,030	» —	300	Φ.	1/1,039	٠ =	(19,138)

FOOD ERVICES	_	POSTAL SERVICES		CAPITOL PRINT SHOP	_	PURCHASING	_	CENTRAL STORES	RECORDS MANAGEMENT	DIVISION OF ACCOUNTS	_	TRICOR		TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	;
\$ 4,062	\$	15,107	\$	877	\$	3,580	\$	5,902	\$ 1,320	\$ 10,191	\$	20,457	\$	362,031 379,904 22	
 4,062	-	15,107		877	-	3,580	-	5,902	1,320	10,191	_	20,457		741,957	
132 3,938 6 1 641		1,835 704 11,799 794 106		490 290 127 27 76		1,844 1,625 30 276		723 789 4,635 176	751 311 39 197 23	3,764 5,372 69 363		6,506 2,672 9,586 644 261		38,499 215,309 51,983 34,502 28,306	
 165	_	32	_		_	25	_	40		4_	_	384	-	404,248 5,531	
 4,883	-	15,270	-	1,010	-	3,800	_	6,363	1,328	9,579	_	20,053		778,378	
 (821)	-	(163)	-	(133)	-	(220)	_	(461)	(8)	612	_	404		(36,421)	
									(3)					3 4,068 (12,531) (8,460)	
(821)		(163)		(133)		(220)		(461)	(11)	612		404	•	(44,881)	
	_	3	_		_	22	_				_			212 7,367 (2,470)	
(821)		(160)		(133)		(198)		(461)	(11)	612		404		(39,772)	
 16,625	_	675	-	849	_	370	_	599	117	2,988	_	12,983		364,138	
\$ 15,804	\$_	515	\$	716	\$	172	\$_	138	\$ 106	\$ 3,600	\$_	13,387	\$	324,366	

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	OFFICE FOR INFORMATION	CLAIMS		MOTOR VEHICLE	GENERAL SERVICES	FACILITIES REVOLVING	EMPLOYEE GROUP
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	RESOURCES	AWARD	M	MANAGEMENT	PRINTING	FUND	INSURANCE
RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMERS AND USERS	\$ 3,980	\$ 7,91	12 \$	507	\$ 59	\$ 1,305	\$ 153,245
RECEIPTS FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED	140,865	22,47		25,049	3,620	97,850	242,998
PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS	(112,190)	(30,28	80)	(8,515)	(1,359)	(59,814)	(415,799)
PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES PAYMENTS FOR INTERFUND SERVICES USED	(19,119) (10,193)	(5,39	91)	(1,297) (4,769)	(1,884) (724)	(15,796)	(3,055)
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,343	(5,28		10,975	(288)	23,545	(22,611)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					(===)		(==,==)
NEGATIVE CASH BALANCE IMPLICITLY FINANCED							
TRANSFERS IN	3,105			3,222	200	368	450
TRANSFERS OUT	(2,450)			(20)			
TAX REVENUES RECEIVED			3				
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	655		3	3,202	200	368	450
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND							
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
PURCHASE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(4,720)			(13,429)	(9)	(6,204)	
BOND AND COMMERCIAL PAPER PROCEEDS						26,063	
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS BOND ISSUANCE COST				1,781		(83)	
PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS						(33,269)	
INTEREST PAID			_			(5,530)	
NET GLOW (VOED FOR) GLOWILL LAND							
NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4,720)			(11,648)	(9)	(19,023)	
	(-,,-=/		_	(==,===)		(,)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1.00	17			9/0	1 202
INTEREST RECEIVED		1,80	<u> </u>			869	1,392
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,80	)7			869	1,392
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(722)	(3,47	78)	2,529	(97)	5,759	(20,769)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1	73,024	76,20	00	4,522	229	25,653	68,332
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$ 72,302	\$ 72,72	22 \$	7,051	\$ 132	\$ 31,412	\$ 47,563
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (4,063)	\$ (16.75	50) \$	(381)	\$ (420)	\$ 14,441	\$ (28,458)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ ( <del>1,003)</del>	3 (10,72	<u>,,,,                                 </u>	(381)	ψ ( <del>1</del> 20)	Ψ 17,771	(20,430)
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	7,935			10,862	104	8,291	
LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF CAPITAL ASSETS BOND ISSUANCE COST	741			519		311	
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:						84	
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	(454)			(317)	(2)		(1,820)
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	(265)						
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS (INCREASE)DECREASE IN INVENTORIES	30 291			22	36		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN PREPAID EXPENSES	147				30		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN ADVANCES TO OTHER FUNDS	4,853						
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	(5,098)	11,46	51	269	(7)	418	2,869
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	15			1	1		
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DUE TO COMPONENT UNITS INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DEFERRED REVENUE	(4) (785)		1				4,798
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DEFERRED REVENUE	(783)						4,798
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	7,406	11,46	52	11,356	132	9,104	5,847
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,343	\$ (5,28	88) \$	10,975	\$ (288)	\$ 23,545	\$ (22,611)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	8		_				
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL ASSETS			\$	1		\$ 208	
CAPITAL LEASE RECEIVABLE CAPITAL ASSET DISPOSED BY CAPITAL LEASE						4,531 (4,844)	
			_	_			
TOTAL NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIV	ITIES		\$	1		\$ (105)	

FOOD SERVICES	POSTAL SERVICES	CAPITOL PRINT SHOP	PURCHASING	CENTRAL STORES	RECORDS MANAGEMENT	DIVISION OF ACCOUNTS	TRICOR	TOTAL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
\$ 59 4,006 (3,796) (137) (111)	\$ 136 14,971 (12,314) (1,826) (1,038)	\$ 9 868 (386) (487) (33)	\$ 18 3,561 (360) (1,843) (1,580)	\$ 45 5,857 (4,722) (727) (758)	\$ 15 1,305 (87) (748) (461)	\$ 311 9,887 (987) (3,721) (4,880)	\$ 4,210 16,109 (11,892) (6,596) (1,167)	\$ 171,811 589,417 (662,501) (38,385) (49,956)
21	(71)	(29)	(204)	(305)	24	610	664	10,386
	39		22	305				344 7,367 (2,470) 3
	39		22	305				5,244
	(40)	(22)			(27)	(33)	(313)	(24,770) 26,063 1,781 (83) (33,296)
					(3)			(5,533)
	(40)	(22)			(30)	(33)	(313)	(35,838)
								4,068
								4,068
21	(72)	(51)	(182)		(6)	577	351	(16,140)
1,183	72	560	577		154	3,420	9,546	263,472
\$ 1,204	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 509	\$ 395	\$	\$148_	\$ 3,997	\$ 9,897	\$ 247,332
\$(821)	\$(163)	\$ (133)	\$ (220)	\$ (461)	\$(8)	\$ 612	\$ 404	\$(36,421)
641 158	106	76			23	7	261	28,306 1,729 84
2						7	(137)	(2,728) (258)
	56 2	13 (8)		137				52 533 141
41	(72)	23	15	19	9	(19)	138 (2)	4,853 10,066 19 (4) 4,014
842	92	104	16	156	32	(2)	260	46,807
\$ 21	\$ (71)	\$ (29)	\$ (204)	\$ (305)	\$ 24	\$ 610	\$ 664	\$ 10,386
	\$ 3							\$ 212 4,531 (4,844)
	\$3							\$ (101)



### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the state in a fiduciary capacity.

#### Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust:

Pension Trust Fund - The Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System was established in July 1972 superseding seven former retirement systems. The accounts of each superseded system were transferred to the new system wherein separate accounting is maintained for assets and liabilities attributable to the various classes of members and beneficiaries. Benefits under the system are funded by contributions of members and employers. Effective July 1981, contributions of up to 5% of the retirement credible compensation of most classes of state employees, formerly paid by those employees, were assumed by the state pursuant to non-contributory legislation. The level of contributions is determined by actuarial valuation, the latest having been performed as of July 1, 2001. As of that date there were 194,725 active members and 77,742 retired members representing a 3.5% and 8.5% increase, respectively, since the previous actuarial valuation in 1999.

Employee Flexible Benefits - Established in January 1988, this fund is used to account for monies contributed by employees under the IRC Section 125 cafeteria plan.

#### Private-Purpose Trust Funds:

<u>Baccalaureate Education</u> - This fund was created by the General Assembly in 1996, to account for the collection of monies from individuals to purchase tuition units. These tuition units allow for a purchaser to prepay for college tuition.

<u>Children in State Custody</u> – This fund accounts for monies held and used for the benefit of children in the custody of the State. Monies held are from various sources including the Social Security Administration.

Oak Ridge Monitoring – Created in 2000 through a consent order with the United States Department of Energy (DOE), this fund is used to account for monies paid to the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC) for surveillance and maintenance expenses related to the Environmental Management Waste Management Facility at Oak Ridge. After the facility has been closed, TDEC will assume responsibility for monitoring and maintenance, using the income generated from the corpus as of the date of the last installment.

<u>Duck River Water Supply</u> – This fund accounts for monies received from the Tennessee Valley Authority to be held for the various Duck River utility districts.

Other – Other trust arrangements under which the principal and income benefit individuals or private organizations.

#### Agency Funds:

<u>Local Government Fund</u> - The purpose of the Local Government Fund is to serve as a clearing mechanism for state-shared taxes and other funds distributed to the various counties and cities of the state.

<u>Contingent Revenue Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for refundable deposits and other receipts held in trust until the state has the right to transfer them to operating funds or until there is proper authorization to disburse them directly to others.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

	STATE EMPLOYEES, TEACHERS, HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYE PENSION PLAN (SETHEEPP)	POLITICAL ES SUBDIVISIONS PENSION PLAN (PSPP)	TOTAL PENSION	OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST	TOTAL PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$1,400,985	\$ 220,375	\$ 1,621,360	\$ 201	\$1,621,561_
RECEIVABLES: MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ACCRUED INTEREST ACCRUED DIVIDENDS INVESTMENTS SOLD	15,251 11,789 116,555 10,524 14,980	4,050 8,747 18,334 1,656 2,356	19,301 20,536 134,889 12,180 17,336		19,301 20,536 134,889 12,180 17,336
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	169,099	35,143	204,242		204,242
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS	3,032 3,370	-	3,032 3,370	135	3,167 3,372
INVESTMENTS: SHORT TERM SECURITIES GOVERNMENT BONDS CORPORATE BONDS CORPORATE STOCKS REAL ESTATE	274,249 7,517,686 2,404,489 7,931,835 304,659	43,139 1,182,530 378,226 1,247,676 47,923	317,388 8,700,216 2,782,715 9,179,511 352,582		317,388 8,700,216 2,782,715 9,179,511 352,582
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	18,432,918	2,899,494	21,332,412		21,332,412
TOTAL ASSETS	20,009,404	3,155,012	23,164,416	338	23,164,754
LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS TOTAL LIABILITIES	100,029 100,029	<u>16,301</u> 16,301	116,330 116,330	57 57	116,387 116,387
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR: PENSION BENEFITS EMPLOYEES' FLEXIBLE BENEFITS	19,909,375	3,138,711	23,048,086	281	23,048,086
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 19,909,375	\$ 3,138,711	\$ 23,048,086	\$ 281	\$ 23,048,367

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	T	TATE EMPLOYEES, EACHERS,HIGHER CATION EMPLOYEI PENSION PLAN (SETHEEPP)	ES _	POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS PENSION PLAN (PSPP)	-	TOTAL PENSION	OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUND	TOTAL PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS
ADDITIONS								
CONTRIBUTIONS:								
MEMBERS	\$	142,126	\$	47,139	\$	189,265	\$ 4,411	\$ 
EMPLOYERS		243,498				243,498		243,498
POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS			_	103,374	-	103,374		103,374
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	_	385,624	_	150,513		536,137	4,411	540,548
INVESTMENT INCOME:								
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN								
FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS		(1,114,236)		(175,796)		(1,290,032)		(1,290,032)
INTEREST		642,393		101,391		743,784		743,784
DIVIDENDS		132,758		20,953		153,711		153,711
REAL ESTATE INCOME		23,451		3,701		27,152		27,152
SECURITIES LENDING		1,491		235		1,726		1,726
SECORTIES EENDING	_	1,171	_		-	1,720		1,720
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)		(314,143)		(49,516)		(363,659)		(363,659)
LESS: INVESTMENT EXPENSES		12,190		1,904		14,094		14,094
SECURITIES LENDING EXPENSES		953	_	150	-	1,103		1,103
NET INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)	_	(327,286)	_	(51,570)	-	(378,856)		(378,856)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	_	58,338	_	98,943		157,281	4,411	161,692
DEDUCTIONS								
ANNUITY BENEFITS:								
RETIREMENT BENEFITS		579,394		89,994		669,388		669,388
COST OF LIVING		129,919		15,417		145,336		145,336
DEATH BENEFITS		2,225		1,143		3,368		3,368
OTHER BENEFITS							4,423	4,423
REFUNDS		12,688		11,616		24,304		24,304
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		2,714	_	2,290	-	5,004		5,004
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	_	726,940	_	120,460	-	847,400	4,423	851,823
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST F	FOR:							
PENSION BENEFITS		(668,602)		(21,517)		(690,119)		(690,119)
EMPLOYEES' FLEXIBLE BENEFITS							(12)	(12)
NET ASSETS, JULY 1	_	20,577,977	_	3,160,228	-	23,738,205	293	23,738,498
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$	19,909,375	\$_	3,138,711	\$	23,048,086	\$ 281	\$ 23,048,367

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

				CHILDREN							TOTAL
	BACC	CALAUREAT	Έ	IN STATE		OAK RIDGE		DUCK RIVER			PRIVATE-PURPOSE
	EI	UCATION		CUSTODY	N	MONITORING	V	VATER SUPPLY		OTHER	TRUST FUNDS
ASSETS											
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	3,960	\$	14,071	\$	2,086	\$	9,517	\$	1,212	\$ 30,846
RECEIVABLES:											
INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS		86									86
OTHER										48	48
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		10									10
INVESTMENTS		30,658	_						_		30,658
TOTAL ASSETS		34,714		14,071		2,086		9,517		1,260	61,648
LIABILITIES											
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS			_	101							101
TOTAL LIABILITIES			_	101							101
NET ASSETS											
HELD IN TRUST FOR:											
INDIVIDUALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND											
OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$	34,714	\$_	13,970	\$	2,086	\$	9,517	\$_	1,260	\$ 61,547

# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	BA	ACCALAUREATE EDUCATION	CHILDREN IN STATE CUSTODY		OAK RIDGE MONITORING		DUCK RIVER WATER SUPPLY		OTHER	TOTAL PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
ADDITIONS	-							-		
CONTRIBUTIONS:										
FEDERAL			\$ 7,600		\$ 1,000	5	\$ 9,331			\$ 
PRIVATE	\$	9,158						\$	495	9,653
OTHER	-			-				-	85	85
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	-	9,158	7,600	_	1,000		9,331	-	580	27,669
INVESTMENT INCOME:										
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN										
FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS		(2,154)								(2,154)
INTEREST	_	744	212	_	43		198	_	39	1,236
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME (LOSS)		(1,410)	212		43		198		39	(918)
,	-	( ) //	•					-		( )
TOTAL ADDITIONS	-	7,748	7,812	_	1,043		9,529	-	619	26,751
DEDUCTIONS										
BENEFITS		702	5,694						1,107	7,503
REFUNDS		104	4,380							4,484
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	-	236		_			12	-		248
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	_	1,042	10,074	_			12	-	1,107	12,235
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST	FOR	:								
INDIVIDUALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND										
OTHER GOVERNMENTS		6,706	(2,262	)	1,043		9,517		(488)	14,516
NET ASSETS, JULY 1	_	28,008	16,232	_	1,043			-	1,748	47,031
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$	34,714	\$ 13,970	=	\$ 2,086	5	\$ 9,517	\$	1,260	\$ 61,547

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2002

						TOTAL
		LOCAL		CONTINGENT		AGENCY
		GOVERNMENT		REVENUE		FUNDS
ASSETS	_					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	215,610	\$	74,425	\$	290,035
RECEIVABLES:						
TAXES		241,849				241,849
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS				7,500		7,500
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS				44		44
	_					
TOTAL ASSETS		457,459		81,969		539,428
	_					
LIABILITIES						
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS		457,459		17,208		474,667
AMOUNTS HELD IN CUSTODY FOR OTHERS				64,761		64,761
	-		_		_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	457,459	\$_	81,969	\$	539,428

# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FUND	BALANCE JLY 1, 2001	 ADDITIONS	D	EDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2002			
<u>ASSETS</u>								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES	\$ 233,273 196,307	\$ 2,357,321 245,004	\$	2,374,984 199,462	\$ 215,610 241,849			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 429,580	\$ 2,602,325	\$	2,574,446	\$ 457,459			
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS	\$ 429,580	\$ 2,468,669	\$	2,440,790	\$ 457,459			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 429,580	\$ 2,468,669	\$	2,440,790	\$ 457,459			
CONTINGENT REVENUE FUND								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 103,579 7,375 39	\$ 1,658,635 7,581 44	\$	1,687,789 7,456 39	\$ 74,425 7,500 44			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 110,993	\$ 1,666,260	\$	1,695,284	\$ 81,969			
LIABILITIES								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS AMOUNT HELD IN CUSTODY FOR OTHERS	\$ 22,945 88,048	\$ 335,722 631,768	\$	341,459 655,055	\$ 17,208 64,761			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 110,993	\$ 967,490	\$	996,514	\$ 81,969			
TOTALS-ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
<u>ASSETS</u>								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS	\$ 336,852 196,307 7,375 39	\$ 4,015,956 245,004 7,581 44	\$	4,062,773 199,462 7,456 39	\$ 290,035 241,849 7,500 44			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 540,573	\$ 4,268,585	\$	4,269,730	\$ 539,428			
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS AMOUNT HELD IN CUSTODY FOR OTHERS	\$ 452,525 88,048	\$ 2,804,391 631,768	\$	2,782,249 655,055	\$ 474,667 64,761			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 540,573	\$ 3,436,159	\$	3,437,304	\$ 539,428			

**COMPONENT UNITS** 

<u>Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation</u> - This fund is used to account for the guaranteed loans program administered by Tennessee Student Assistance Corporation (TSAC).

<u>Community Services Agencies</u> - In 1989, the Legislature created twelve Community Services Agencies which are to provide a mechanism to coordinate health care for indigents. In 1996, the title and focus of these agencies changed to that of facilitating the providing of services to children and other citizens from state agencies. The State has significant oversight responsibilities for these agencies, therefore, they have been incorporated into the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The twelve Community Services Agencies are:

Northeast Community Services Agency
East Tennessee Community Services Agency
Upper Cumberland Community Services Agency
Southeast Community Services Agency
Mid-Cumberland Community Services Agency
South Central Community Services Agency
Northwest Community Services Agency
Southwest Community Services Agency
Davidson County Community Services Agency
Knox County Community Services Agency
Shelby County Community Services Agency
Hamilton County Community Services Agency

Housing Development Agency - Created by the legislature in 1973, the purpose of this agency is to improve the quality of housing available to lower and moderate income Tennesseans. This objective is accomplished in part by (1) making funds available for loans for residential construction or rehabilitation, (2) making or participating in the making of insured mortgage loans and (3) purchasing existing mortgages from lending institutions. These programs are funded primarily from the sale of revenue bonds or notes.

Tennessee Board of Regents - The Tennessee University and Community College System was created by the General Assembly in 1972. Its member institutions (six universities, twelve community colleges, one technical institute, and twenty-seven technology centers) serve the state and its citizenry by providing education opportunities, research, continuing education and public activities. As a system, the institutions span the state and operate as a coordinated network of public education with each campus offering unique characteristics and services. The system consists of the following institutions:

#### UNIVERSITIES

Austin Peay State University
East Tennessee State University
Middle Tennessee State University
Tennessee State University
Tennessee Technological University
University of Memphis

Clarksville Johnson City Murfreesboro Nashville Cookeville Memphis

#### **COMMUNITY COLLEGES**

Chattanooga State Technical	
Community College	Chattanooga
Cleveland State Community College	Cleveland
Columbia State Community College	Columbia
Dyersburg State Community College	Dyersburg
Jackson State Community College	Jackson
Motlow State Community College	Tullahoma
Northeast State Technical Community	
College	Blountville
Pellissippi State Technical	
Community College	Knoxville
Roane State Community College	Harriman
Southwest Tennessee Community College	Memphis
Volunteer State Community College	Gallatin
Walters State Community College	Morristown

#### STATE TECHNICAL INSTITUTES

Nashville State Technical Institute

Nashville

Various two-year associate degree programs are available at the technical institutes. In addition, special industrial and community service courses are offered as the demand arises from interested groups.

#### TECHNOLOGY CENTERS

A 41	M-1/
Athens	McKenzie
Chattanooga	McMinnville
Covington	Memphis
Crossville	Morristown
Crump	Murfreesboro
Dickson	Nashville
Elizabethton	Newbern
Harriman	Oneida
Hartsville	Paris
Hohenwald	Pulaski
Jacksboro	Ripley
Jackson	Shelbyville
Knoxville	Whiteville
Livingston	

The purpose of the technology centers is to provide occupational and technical training for current and future employees of existing and prospective industries and businesses of this state.

The University of Tennessee Board of Trustees - The University of Tennessee was first established in 1794 by the Legislature of the Federal Territory. Since that time, it has grown into an institution of twenty-four different colleges and schools. The locations of its four primary campuses, various experimental stations and extension services have made the university state-wide in physical presence as well as in services. The main campus is located in Knoxville. The other primary campuses are located in Memphis, Martin and Chattanooga.

Local Development Authority - This authority was created in 1978 for the purpose of providing to local governments, through the issuing of revenue bonds or notes, the financing assistance previously provided by the State Loan Program. The Authority has also issued bonds to assist non-profit corporations in the construction of mental health, mental retardation, or alcohol and drug facilities. In addition, the Authority may assist small business concerns in financing pollution control facilities, farmers in financing certain capital improvements and airport authorities and municipal airports in financing improvements.

<u>Veterans' Homes Board</u> - Created in 1988, the primary purpose of the homes is to provide support and care for honorably discharged veterans of the United States Armed Forces. The revenue sources are the Veterans' Administration, Medicaid, and a user fee.

<u>Child Care Facilities</u> - This organization was formed to create new child care slots in Tennessee by guaranteeing loans, making direct loans, and making grants. The sources of revenues are interest on loans made and grants from the federal government.

Tennessee State School Bond Authority (TSSBA) - Established in 1965, the TSSBA provides a mechanism for financing building projects for the state's universities. Agreements are executed between the governing boards of the institutions and the TSSBA, and revenue bonds are issued using the constructed facilities as collateral. Charges levied on the universities provide the funds necessary for payment of principal and interest on bonds. In addition, the Authority issues Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, which are part of a federal government program to finance loans to qualifying K-12 schools in the state.

<u>Certified Cotton Growers' Organization</u> - This organization was formed to aid in the eradication of the boll weevil. Revenues are collected from assessments on cotton growers and from state appropriations.

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2002

				GOVERNMEN'	TAL FUND TYPES				
	TENNESSEE								
	STUDENT ASSISTANCE			EAST	UPPER				MID-
	CORPORATION	NORTHEAST		TENNESSEE	CUMBERLAND		SOUTHEAST	C	UMBERLAND
ASSETS			_					_	
•	\$ 71,759	\$ 713	\$	1,619	\$ 801	\$	673	\$	893
CASH ON DEPOSIT WITH FISCAL AGENT INVESTMENTS									
INVESTMENTS WITH FISCAL AGENT									
RECEIVABLES, net	26,844	8			7		7		
DUE FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		340		1,885	154		671		277
INVENTORIES, at cost				-					17
PREPAYMENTS LOANS RECEIVABLE	5,934			5			1		17
DEFERRED CHARGES AND OTHER	3,934								
RESTRICTED ASSETS:									
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS									
INVESTMENTS									
RECEIVABLES, net									
CAPITAL ASSETS:									
LAND, at cost									
INFRASTRUCTURE									
STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS, at cos	t								
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost		25		167	47		80		218
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS		(19)		(96)	(10)		(65)		(179)
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS			-					_	
TOTAL ASSETS	104,537	1,067	_	3,580	999		1,367		1,226
LIABILITIES	25.052	256		250			102		50.5
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	25,972 10	256 63		370 1,733	151 342		192 242		525 429
DEFERRED REVENUE	108	03		1,/33	5		242		429
ADVANCE FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	695				5				
OTHER									
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:									
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	50	150		98	48		41		67
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR	52	39	-	44	30		30	_	64
TOTAL LIABILITIES	26,887	508		2,245	576		505		1,085
			-	, -		•			7
NET ASSETS									
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF									
RELATED DEBT RESTRICTED FOR:		6		71	37		15		12
DEBT SERVICE									
CAPITAL PROJECTS									
SINGLE FAMILY BOND PROGRAMS									
OTHER									
PERMANENT AND ENDOWMENT:									
NONEXPENDABLE							a		
UNRESTRICTED	77,650	553	-	1,264	386		847	-	129
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 77,650	\$ 559	\$_	1,335	\$ 423	\$	862	\$	141

GOVERNMENTAL F	FUND TYPES
----------------	------------

					901	EKI	MENTAL FUND	111	ES				
_	SOUTH CENTRAL	NORTHWEST		-	SOUTHWEST	_	DAVIDSON COUNTY	-	KNOX COUNTY	-	SHELBY COUNTY	_	HAMILTON COUNTY
\$	639	\$	380	\$	398	\$	52	\$	45	\$	898	\$	232
	166		1 572		788		274 1,154		427		18 1,487		26 261
	1		2		6		, .		2		22		3
	21 (18)		23 (15)		31 (25)				55 (36)		338 (162)		23 (15)
_	809	_	963	•	1,198	-	1,480	-	493	-	2,601	-	530
_	227	_	153	•	420	_	1,197	=	206	=	600	-	150
	130		253		185		,		22		632		26
	47		67		98				21		177		23
_	11	_	60	-	82	-	1 107	-	72	-	80	-	25
_	415	_	533	-	785	_	1,197	-	321	-	1,489	-	224_
	3		9		6						72		8
	391		421		407		283_		172		1,040		298_
\$_	394	\$	430	\$	413	s_	283	\$	172	\$_	1,112	\$_	306
				-		_		_		-		_	

(continued on next page)

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2002

	_							
	Ι	HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY	_	BOARD OF REGENTS	_	UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE	_	LOCAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	258,413	\$	179,637	\$	158,661	\$	27,483
CASH ON DEPOSIT WITH FISCAL AGENT INVESTMENTS		326,540		110,472		444,159		299
INVESTMENTS WITH FISCAL AGENT RECEIVABLES, net		35,453		123,010		4,442 261,377		202
DUE FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				1,118		12,365		
INVENTORIES, at cost PREPAYMENTS				6,450 1,800		10,118 3,444		
LOANS RECEIVABLE		1,539,844		1,800		3,444		95,046
DEFERRED CHARGES AND OTHER		11,923		2,187		1,789		324
RESTRICTED ASSETS:								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		6,468 189,990		170,219		211,176		6,634
INVESTMENTS RECEIVABLES, net		2,470						0,034
CAPITAL ASSETS:								
LAND, at cost				78,263		45,103		
INFRASTRUCTURE				124,553		52,265		
STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS, at cost MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost	Ī.	71		1,292,487 306,308		954,253 336,104		
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		(66)		(748,573)		(651,815)		
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS		(00)	_	98,867	_	99,223	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	_	2,371,106	_	1,746,798	_	1,942,664	_	129,988
LIABILITIES								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS		55,134		79,100		94,037		1,660
DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		35,420		2,180		2,927		
DEFERRED REVENUE ADVANCE FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT		1,589		32,379		63,148		
OTHER		1,429		121,194		12,457		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		1,427		121,174		12,437		
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		174,475		28,621		44,891		55,738
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR	_	1,733,060	_	250,263	-	275,259	-	58,739
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	2,001,107	_	513,737	_	492,719	-	116,137
NET ASSETS								
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF		-		021212				
RELATED DEBT RESTRICTED FOR:		5		924,242		636,282		
DEBT SERVICE				4,008		593		
CAPITAL PROJECTS				23,519		3,464		
SINGLE FAMILY BOND PROGRAMS		348,167		44 015		200 120		251
OTHER PERMANENT AND ENDOWMENT:		11,451		44,815		288,130		351
NONEXPENDABLE				9,129		287,057		
UNRESTRICTED	_	10,376	_	227,348	-	234,419	-	13,500
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	369,999	\$	1,233,061	\$_	1,449,945	\$	13,851

_			PROPRIETAE	Y FU					
_	VETERANS' HOMES BOARD	S CHILD CARE		-	STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY	_	CERTIFIED COTTON GROWERS'	=	TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS
\$	2,221	\$	374	\$	55,224	\$	2,542	\$	763,657
					37				37
	54								881,524
	985		186		4,065		221		4,442 452,684
	963		160		4,003		2,250		23,915
	50						2,230		16,618
	81								5,384
			54		425,749				2,066,627
	105				4,014		30		20,372
	1,338				1,749				390,950
					13,699				210,323
									2,470
	194								123,560
									176,818
	11,065								2,257,805
	1,784 (3,489)								645,295 (1,404,583)
_	(3,469)	_		_		_		_	198,090
_	14,388	-	614	_	504,537	_	5,043	-	6,835,988
	1,475		93		3,866		257		266,041
	60		1						44,655
					794				98,023
									695
			25						135,105
	269		5		22,372		3,029		330,287
_	4,640	-	6	-	469,554	-	29,277	-	2,821,387
-	6,444	-	130	-	496,586	_	32,563	-	3,696,193
	4,987								1,565,755
	1,338								5,939 26,983
									348,167
									344,747
									296,186
_	1,619	-	484	-	7,951	_	(27,520)	-	552,018
\$_	7,944	\$	484	\$	7,951	\$	(27,520)	\$	3,139,795

# STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		(Expressed	l in Thousands)	
				NET (EXPENSE)
		CILL D CEC	PROGRAM REVENUES	REVENUE
		CHARGES	OPERATING CAPITAL	AND CHANGES
W. W. C. W. C. W. C. C. W. C.		FOR	GRANTS AND GRANTS AND	IN
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS CONTRIBUTIONS	NET ASSETS
COMPONENT UNITS:				
HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS:				
BOARD OF REGENTS	\$ 1,440,499	\$ 439,878		\$ (583,508)
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE	1,311,368	438,521	422,944 42,961	(406,942)
TOTAL HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS	2,751,867	878,399	742,194 140,824	(990,450)
LOAN PROGRAMS:				
TENNESSEE STUDENT ASSISTANCE CORPORATION	78,167	739	22,086	(55,342)
HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY	293,987	117,042	172,443	(4,502)
LOCAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	5,383	5,321	870	808
CHILD CARE FACILITIES	453	6	198	(249)
STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY	22,685	21,553	1,056	(76)
TOTAL LOAN PROGRAMS	400,675	144,661	196,653	(59,361)
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
NORTHEAST	5,068	415	4,310	(343)
EAST TENNESSEE	6,190	751	5,283	(156)
UPPER CUMBERLAND	3,406	369	2,855	(182)
SOUTHEAST	3,085	486	2,455	(144)
MID-CUMBERLAND	6,103	329	5,770	(4)
SOUTH CENTRAL	2,981	386	2,634	39
NORTHWEST	3,920	147	3,431	(342)
SOUTHWEST	6,156	217	5,417	(522)
DAVIDSON COUNTY	5,056		5,056	
KNOX COUNTY	2,722		2,532	(190)
SHELBY COUNTY	7,372	798	6,604	30
HAMILTON COUNTY	2,622		2,451	(171)
VETERANS' HOMES BOARD	11,603	11,512	57	(34)
CERTIFIED COTTON GROWERS'	19,721	13,239	·	(6,482)
TOTAL OTHER PROGRAMS	86,005	28,649	48,855	(8,501)
TOTAL	\$ 3,238,547	\$ 1,051,709	\$ 987,702 \$ 140,824	\$ (1,058,312)

	GENERAL	RI	EVENUES										
PAYMENTS		(	CONTRIBUTIONS	3									
FROM	UNRESTRICTED		TO	U	NRESTRICTE	D			CHANGE		NET		NET
PRIMARY	GRANTS AND		PERMANENT		INVESTMENT	,			IN NET		ASSETS		ASSETS
GOVERNMENT	CONTRIBUTIONS	,	FUNDS		EARNINGS	Μ	ISCELLANEOU	S	ASSETS		JULY 1		JUNE 30
								-		-		-	
\$ 612,900 415,921	\$ 4,971 5,274	\$	96 23,939	\$	11,548 13,923	\$	4,564 175	\$	50,571 52,290	\$	1,182,490 1,397,655	\$	1,233,061 1,449,945
1,028,821	10,245		24,035		25,471	-	4,739	-	102,861	_	2,580,145	_	2,683,006
38,724					•••				(16,618)		94,268		77,650
					299				(4,203)		374,202		369,999
25									833		13,018		13,851
									(249)		733		484
								-	(76)	-	8,027	-	7,951
38,749					299			-	(20,313)	_	490,248	_	469,935
341					27				25		534		559
359					31				234		1,101		1,335
266					18				102		321		423
251					13				120		742		862
					16				12		129		141
14									53		341		394
292					15				(35)		465		430
377					14				(131)		544		413
					5				5		278		283
212					6				28		144		172
344					12				386		726		1,112
213					8				50		256		306
	25								(9)		7,953		7,944
4,500					47			-	(1,935)	_	(25,585)	_	(27,520)
7,169	25				212			-	(1,095)	_	(12,051)	_	(13,146)
\$ 1,074,739	\$10,270_	\$	24,035	\$	25,982	\$	4,739	\$	81,453	\$	3,058,342	\$	3,139,795

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

		TENNESSEE STUDENT ASSISTANCE ORPORATION	-	NORTHEAST	-	EAST TENNESSEE	•	UPPER CUMBERLAND	_	SOUTHEAST	_	MID- CUMBERLAND
REVENUES LICENSES, FINES, FEES, AND PERMITS INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS FEDERAL DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES OTHER	\$	1,956 20,111 39,463 19	\$	28 5,066	\$	31 6,387 6	\$	18 493 2,932 66	\$	13 3,172 20	\$	16 6,096 2
TOTAL REVENUES	_	61,549	-	5,094	_	6,424		3,509	_	3,205	_	6,114
EXPENDITURES EDUCATION HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES	_	78,156	_	5,056	_	6,171		3,433	_	3,082	_	6,109
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	78,156	-	5,056	-	6,171		3,433	_	3,082	_	6,109
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(16,607)		38		253		76		123		5
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1	_	94,359	-	704	-	1,153		388	_	795	_	228
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	77,752	\$	742	\$	1,406	\$	464	\$_	918	\$_	233
RECONCILIATION TO NET ASSETS:												
FUND BALANCES PER ABOVE	\$	77,752	\$	742	\$	1,406	\$	464	\$	918	\$	233
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS.				6		71		37		15		39
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN THE CURRENT PERIOD AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS.	_	(102)	-	(189)	-	(142)		(78)	=	(71)	=	(131)
NET ASSETS ON STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	<b>\$</b>	77,650	\$	559	\$	1,335	\$	423	\$_	862	\$_	141

_	SOUTH CENTRAL	NORT	HWEST_	SO	DUTHWEST	<del>-</del>	DAVIDSON COUNTY	<del>-</del>	KNOX COUNTY	_	SHELBY COUNTY	_	HAMILTON COUNTY	_	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS
\$	13	\$	15	\$	14	\$	5	\$	6	\$	12	\$	8	\$	2,135
	3,011 10		3,870		6,010		5,055	_	2,744		7,746		2,652 13		20,604 94,204 136
_	3,034		3,885		6,024	_	5,060	_	2,750	_	7,758	_	2,673	_	117,079
	2,976		3,908		6,140		5,055		2,712		7,384		2,615		78,156 54,641
_	2,976		3,908		6,140	_	5,055	_	2,712	_	7,384	_	2,615	_	132,797
	58		(23)		(116)		5		38		374		58		(15,718)
_	391		572	_	703	_	278	_	208	_	819	_	288	_	100,886
\$_	449	\$	549	\$	587	\$_	283	\$_	246	\$_	1,193	\$_	346	\$_	85,168
\$	449	\$	549	\$	587	\$	283	\$	246	\$	1,193	\$	346	\$	85,168
	3		8		6				19		176		8		388
_	(58)		(127)	_	(180)	_		_	(93)	_	(257)	_	(48)	_	(1,476)
\$	394	\$	430	\$	413	\$_	283	\$_	172	\$_	1,112	\$	306	\$_	84,080

### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY	BOARD OF REGENTS	UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE	LOCAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
OPERATING REVENUES				
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ 115,591	\$ 708,474	\$ 762,521	\$ 5,321
INVESTMENT INCOME	45,131			870
OTHER	1,451	8,909	19,616	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	162,173	717,383	782,137	6,191
OPERATING EXPENSES				
PERSONAL SERVICES	7,368	893,838	896,676	
CONTRACTUAL SERVICES	1,402	0,5,050	0,0,0,0	140
MORTGAGE SERVICE FEES	5,424			1.0
MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	319	356,640	315,333	
RENTALS AND INSURANCE	771	330,010	313,333	
INTEREST	102,413			4,563
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	830	61,936	71,397	25
NURSING HOME SERVICES	630	01,550	71,377	23
SCHOLARSHIPS AND FELLOWSHIPS		76,402	7,816	
OTHER	2,455	70,402	7,810	655
OTHER	2,433			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	120,982	1,388,816	1,291,222	5,383
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	41,191	(671,433)	(509,085)	808
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
GRANT INCOME	127,611	14,688	46,905	
GRANT EXPENSE	(137,638)	11,000	10,502	
INTEREST EXPENSE	(157,050)	(10,356)	(9,757)	
INTEREST INCOME		11,924	(3,104)	
PAYMENTS FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		612,771	415,921	25
GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		012,771	3,872	23
GIFTS		34,570	50,852	
PAYMENTS TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	(35,367)	31,370	30,032	
OTHER EXPENSES	(33,307)	(31,743)	(10,389)	
OTHER EST ENDES		(31,713)	(10,50)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(45,394)	631,854	494,300	25
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS AND				
CONTRIBUTIONS	(4.202)	(20.570)	(14.795)	833
CONTRIBUTIONS	(4,203)	(39,579)	(14,785)	633
CAPITAL PAYMENTS FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		54,905	34,102	
CAPITAL GRANTS AND GIFTS		43,075	8,859	
		43,073		
ADDITIONS TO PERMANENT ENDOWMENTS OTHER			23,128 986	
OTHER		(7,926)	986	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(4,203)	50,571	52,290	833
NET ASSETS, JULY 1	374,202	1,182,490	1,397,655	13,018
NET ASSETS, JUNE 30	\$ 369,999	\$ 1,233,061	\$ 1,449,945	\$ 13,851

_	VETERANS' HOMES BOARD	_	CHILD CARE FACILITIES	<del>-</del>	STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY	_	CERTIFIED COTTON GROWERS'	<u>-</u>	TOTAL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS
\$	11,508	\$	6	\$	21,553	\$	13,237	\$	1,638,211
	4		15		1,056		2		47,072 29,982
-	11,512		21	-	22,609		13,239	-	1,715,265
-	11,512	_		_	22,000	_	13,239	-	1,715,205
			85						1,797,967
			38		545		17,781		19,906
			1						5,424 672,293
			1						771
					21,165				128,141
	432				164				134,784
	10,801								10,801
			144		011		40		84,218
-		_	144	-	811	-	42	-	4,107
-	11,233	_	268	-	22,685	_	17,823	-	2,858,412
-	279	_	(247)	-	(76)	_	(4,584)	-	(1,143,147)
	(327) 57		183 (185)				(1,898) 47 4,500		189,387 (137,823) (22,338) 8,924 1,033,217 3,872 85,448
	(44)								(35,367)
-	(44)	_				_		-	(42,176)
-	(288)	_	(2)			_	2,649	-	1,083,144
	(9)		(249)		(76)		(1,935)		(60,003)
									89,007
									51,934
									23,224
-		_		_		_		-	(6,940)
	(9)		(249)		(76)		(1,935)		97,222
_	7,953	_	733	_	8,027	_	(25,585)	-	2,958,493
\$	7,944	\$	484	\$	7,951	\$_	(27,520)	\$	3,055,715

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY		BOARD OF REGENTS		UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE		LOCAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  RECEIPTS FROM CUSTOMERS AND USERS OTHER MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES PAYMENTS FOR ACQUISITION OF MORTGAGE LOANS	302,198 1,454 (3,429) (7,481) (224,842)	\$	702,818 10,937 (344,573) (879,349)	\$	762,878 33,200 (325,460) (883,958)	\$	(140)
PAYMENTS TO SERVICE MORTGAGES PAYMENTS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS AND FELLOWSHIPS PAYMENTS TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	(5,424) (6,382)		(76,139)		(21,285)		
OTHER MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS	(	_	(4,120)	_	(5,632)	-	
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	56,094	_	(590,426)	_	(440,257)	-	(140)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES OPERATING GRANTS RECEIVED OPERATING GRANTS PAID NEGATIVE CASH BALANCE IMPLICITLY FINANCED PROCEEDS FROM SALES OF BONDS, NOTES AND COMMERCIAL PAPER BOND ISSUANCE COST CALL PREMIUMS PAID ADVANCE ON BOND SALE	124,656 (138,431) 26 277,565 (1,939) (1,929) 850				(29,326)		51,541
STATE APPROPRIATIONS RECEIVED GIFTS AND GRANTS			607,753 37,306		411,372 94,063		
SUBSIDY TO BORROWERS PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS FEDERAL STUDENT LOAN RECEIPTS	(326,260)		15,306		117,824		(892) (50,025)
FEDERAL STUDENT LOAN PAYMENTS INTEREST PAID OTHER RECEIPTS OTHER PAYMENTS	(98,057)		(15,310)	_	(117,824) 7,666 (6,757)		(5,209) 25
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(163,519)	_	640,205	_	477,018	_	(4,560)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES PURCHASE OF CAPITAL ASSETS RECEIPTS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS CAPITAL DEBT PROCEEDS STATE APPROPRIATIONS RECEIVED FOR CAPITAL PURPOSES BOND ISSUANCE COST GIFTS AND GRANTS RECEIVED PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS INTEREST PAID OTHER PAYMENTS NET CASH (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	S	_	(103,011) 38 58,564 54,533 (276) 4,102 (36,177) (9,478) (3,284) (34,989)	<del>-</del>	(101,297) 1,086 21,594 29,884 4,871 (17,919) (8,849) (1,644)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES LOANS ISSUED							(8,976)
COLLECTION OF LOAN PRINCIPAL PURCHASE OF INVESTMENTS PROCEEDS FROM INVESTMENTS INTEREST RECEIVED OTHER RECEIPTS	(490,207) 472,674 31,647		(6,575) 13,400 12,459 349	_	(112,450) 90,349 38,705	-	6,296
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	14,114	_	19,633	_	16,604	-	7,572
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(93,311)		34,423		(18,909)		2,872
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1	358,192	_	315,433	_	388,746	_	24,611
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30 \$	264,881	\$	349,856	\$_	369,837	\$	27,483

_	VETERANS' HOMES BOARD	-	CHILD CARE FACILITIES	-	STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY	CERTIFIED COTTON GROWERS'		TOTAL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS
\$	11,625	\$	2	\$	193	\$ 12,571	\$	1,792,285
	25		(0.7)		176	(10.005)		45,792
	(4,111) (6,164)		(87) (89)		(572)	(19,085)		(697,457) (1,777,041)
	(-,)		(42)					(224,842)
								(5,424)
								(97,424) (6,382)
_	(44)	-		-	(29)	(41)		(9,866)
	1,331	_	(174)	_	(232)	(6,555)		(980,359)
			40.5					124,656
			(185)					(138,616) (29,300)
					162,772	14,116		505,994
					(324)			(2,263)
								(1,929) 850
						2,250		1,021,375
								131,369
					(953) (99,838)	(5,514)		(1,845) (481,637)
					(33,636)	(3,314)		133,130
								(133,134)
					(19,117)	(2,105)		(124,488)
								7,691 (11,607)
		-	(105)	-	42,540	9.747	•	
		-	(185)	-	42,340	8,747	•	1,000,246
	(136)							(204,444)
								1,124
								80,158 84,417
								(276)
	(175)							8,973
	(175) (330)							(54,271) (18,657)
_	1							(4,927)
_	(640)						•	(107,903)
					(61,257)			(70,233)
			29		25,881			36,162
					(30,921)			(640,153)
	52		19		32,915 19,658	47		609,338 108,883
_		-		-	17,036			349
_	52	-	48	-	(13,724)	47		44,346
	743		(311)		28,584	2,239		(43,670)
_	2,816	-	685	-	28,426	303		1,119,212
\$	3,559	\$	374	\$	57,010	\$ 2,542	\$	1,075,542

(continued on next page)

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

	HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY			BOARD OF REGENTS	UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE		LOCAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_		_			_	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	41,191	\$_	(671,433) \$	(509,085)	\$_	808
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)							
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		830		61,936	71,397		25
INVESTMENT INCOME		(45,131)					(870)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES							(5,321)
INTEREST INCOME		102 412					4.562
INTEREST EXPENSE		102,413					4,563
SUBSIDY TO BORROWERS				12 202			655
IN-KIND GIFTS MISCELLANEOUS				12,303 1,024	473		
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:				1,024	4/3		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		(40,254)		(11,393)	(10,066)		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (INCREASE)DECREASE IN DUE FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		(40,234)		(138)	(4,390)		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN INVENTORIES				504	(707)		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN PREPAID EXPENSES				369	(802)		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN DEFERRED CHARGES		152		507	(002)		
(INCREASE)DECREASE IN OTHER ASSETS		132		2,279			
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		(2,974)		13,559	6,779		
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		4		(568)	460		
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN DEFERRED REVENUE		(137)		(6,923)	5,152		
INCREASE(DECREASE) IN OTHER	_		_	8,055	532	_	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	_	14,903	_	81,007	68,828	_	(948)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$_	56,094	\$_	(590,426)	\$ (440,257)	\$_	(140)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
IN-KIND GIFTS			\$	32,587			
CAPITALIZED LEASE				16,222			
BOND ISSUANCE COST							
INCREASE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS	\$	22,653					
DECREASE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS						\$	(115)
ACCRETION OF BONDS	_	4,111	-			-	
TOTAL NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	26,764	\$_	48,809		\$_	(115)

_	VETERANS' HOMES BOARD	_	CHILD CARE FACILITIES	-	STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY	_	CERTIFIED COTTON GROWERS'	·	TOTAL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE COMPONENT UNITS
\$	279	\$_	(247)	\$_	(76)	\$_	(4,584)	\$	(1,143,147)
	432				164				134,784
	432				(1,056)				(47,057)
			(4)		(1,030)				(5,325)
			(15)		(21,221)				(21,236)
			(15)		21,165				128,141
					811				1,466
									12,303
	(18)						38		1,517
	296				(152)		(152)		(61,721)
	11								(4,528)
	10								(192) (423)
	10						(30)		122
	(8)						(50)		2,271
	540		92		(26)		(1,827)		16,143
	(211)				( ')		( ), ( )		(315)
	( )				159				(1,749)
_		_		-		_			8,587
_	1,052	_	73	_	(156)	_	(1,971)		162,788
\$	1,331	\$_	(174)	\$	(232)	\$_	(6,555)	\$	(980,359)
								\$	22 507
								Þ	32,587 16,222
				\$	792				792
				Ψ	53				22,706
					55				(115)
				-	1,233				5,344
				\$	2,078			\$	77,536



### SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

## STATE OF TENNESSEE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS JUNE 30, 2002

		GEN.	ER.A	AL LONG-TER	M D	EBT	ST	ATE LOAN	l Pl	ROGRAM FUN	ID D	EBT (Note 1)	FACILITIES	REV	OLVING FUN	D D	EBT (Note 2)
FOR THE						TOTAL						TOTAL					TOTAL
YEAR ENDED						REQUIRE-						REQUIRE-					REQUIRE-
JUNE 30	P	RINCIPAL		INTEREST	_	MENTS	PR	INCIPAL		INTEREST		MENTS	PRINCIPAL	_	INTEREST	_	MENTS
2002		<b>7</b> .4.10		40.065		100 455		2054				2.520	12.150		<b>7</b> 000		21.052
2003	\$	74,410	\$	49,067	\$	123,477	\$	2,874	\$	655	\$	3,529	\$ 	\$	7,903	\$	21,073
2004		74,104		45,661		119,765		3,019		513		3,532	13,150		7,254		20,404
2005		73,922		41,818		115,740		2,859		363		3,222	13,128		6,573		19,701
2006		73,783		37,861		111,644		1,674		222		1,896	13,107		5,881		18,988
2007		65,163		34,055		99,218		864		140		1,004	11,691		5,219		16,910
2008		59,917		30,845		90,762		899		101		1,000	11,258		4,658		15,916
2009		59,486		27,945		87,431		929		60		989	11,219		4,122		15,341
2010		57,905		25,102		83,007		959		27		986	10,150		3,604		13,754
2011		57,713		22,252		79,965							10,117		3,117		13,234
2012		53,954		19,366		73,320							10,081		2,620		12,701
2013		54,173		16,639		70,812							10,052		2,124		12,176
2014		48,253		13,900		62,153							9,792		1,627		11,419
2015		43,724		11,467		55,191							6,205		1,167		7,372
2016		39,547		9,255		48,802							5,205		965		6,170
2017		35,098		7,263		42,361							4,084		704		4,788
2018		27,682		5,483		33,165							3,355		497		3,852
2019		18,955		4,064		23,019							2,862		326		3,188
2020		15,409		3,070		18,479							2,704		183		2,887
2021		9,922		2,253		12,175							815		49		864
2022		9,960		1,837		11,797							802		22		824
2023		2,540		1,454		3,994											
2024		2,705		1,292		3,997											
2025		2,875		1,120		3,995											
2026		3,060		936		3,996											
2027		3,255		740		3,995											
2028		3,465		532		3,997											
2029		3,720		275		3,995											
	_				-						-			_		-	
TOTALS	\$	974,700	\$	415,552	\$_	1,390,252	\$	14,077	\$	2,081	\$	16,158	\$ 162,947	\$_	58,615	\$	221,562

Note 1: Tennessee State Loan Program principal is more than that presented in the accompanying financial statements by \$153 thousand, which is a deduction from bonds payable for the deferred amount on refunding.

Note 2: Facilities Revolving Fund principal is more than that presented in the accompanying financial statements by \$2.766 million, which is a deduction from bonds payable for the deferred amount on refunding.

## STATE OF TENNESSEE SUMMARY OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY JUNE 30, 2002

		GENERAL OBLIGATION BON	DS
FOR THE	GENERAL	STATE LOAN	FACILITIES
YEAR ENDED	LONG-TERM	PROGRAM	REVOLVING FUND
JUNE 30	DEBT	DEBT	DEBT
2003	\$ 123,477	\$ 3,529	\$ 21,073
2004	119,765	3,532	20,404
2005	115,740	3,222	19,701
2006	111,644	1,896	18,988
2007	99,218	1,004	16,910
2008	90,762	1,000	15,916
2009	87,431	989	15,341
2010	83,007	986	13,754
2011	79,965		13,234
2012	73,320		12,701
2013	70,812		12,176
2014	62,153		11,419
2015	55,191		7,372
2016	48,802		6,170
2017	42,361		4,788
2018	33,165		3,852
2019	23,019		3,188
2020	18,479		2,887
2021	12,175		864
2022	11,797		824
2023	3,994		
2024	3,997		
2025	3,995		
2026	3,996		
2027	3,995		
2028	3,997		
2029	3,995		
TOTALS	\$1,390,252_	\$16,158_	\$ 221,562

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF OUTSTANDING DEBT ALL FUND TYPES FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

(Expressed in Thousands)

						JUNE 30				
	19	98		1999		2000		2001		2002
ENTERPRISE FUNDS: STATE LOAN PROGRAM GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	\$	26,605	\$	23,551	\$	20,347	\$	17,213	\$_	13,924
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS: GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES GENERAL OBLIGATION COMMERCIAL PAPER		46,250		31,772		38,754		0.485		4,131
FACILITIES REVOLVING FUND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS		139,384	_	135,281	_	125,448		9,485 150,747	_	160,181
		185,634	_	167,053		164,202		160,232	_	164,312
GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT: GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES	;	826,820 92,850		927,569 145,528		858,273		898,709		974,700
GENERAL OBLIGATION COMMERCIAL PAPER			_		_	209,746	_	240,515	_	106,569
		919,670	_	1,073,097	_	1,068,019		1,139,224	_	1,081,269
TOTALS FOR PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$1,	131,909	\$	1,263,701	\$	1,252,568	\$	1,316,669	\$	1,259,505

STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION COMMERCIAL PAPER OUTSTANDING-BY PURPOSE ALL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2002

SCHEDULE 4

(Expressed in Thousands)

GENERAL OBLIGATION COMMERCIAL PAPER-TAX EXEMPT

PURPOSE: TO FINANCE THE CONSTRUCTION, IMPROVEMENTS, REPAIRS,

AND REPLACEMENTS OF BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES AND THE ACQUISITION OF LAND, EQUIPMENT AND OTHER PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

GENERAL OBLIGATION COMMERCIAL PAPER-TAXABLE PURPOSE: TO FINANCE IMPROVEMENTS TO VARIOUS STATE PARKS AND TO FINANCE MENTAL HEALTH AND MENTAL RETARDATION FACILITIES TOTAL OUTSTANDING

17,300 110,700

93,400

## STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF OUTSTANDING DEBT COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

						JUNE 30				
	_	1998	_	1999	_	2000	_	2001		2002
COMPONENT UNITS:										
CERTIFIED COTTON GROWERS' NOTES					\$	7,530	\$	23,704	\$	32,306
LOCAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NOTES	\$	26,059	\$	33,100		37,631		45,025		51,513
LOCAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY BONDS		90,703		62,813		58,263		54,559		50,664
TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY BONDS		1,662,955		1,634,858		1,872,661		1,850,495		1,820,394
TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY NOTES		47,755		65,235		31,180		84,865		67,909
VETERANS' HOMES BOARD BONDS		5,187		5,040		4,887		4,730		4,567
TENNESSEE STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY BONDS		318,696		329,562		271,814		359,225		471,136
TENNESSEE STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY NOTES		91,750								
TENNESSEE STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY										
COMMERCIAL PAPER				162,050		102,700		60,277		13,757
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE NOTES		89		70		51		31		10
BOARD OF REGENTS NOTES		3,923		5,551		1,778		798		1,284
BOARD OF REGENTS BONDS	_	1,877		1,467	_	1,175		872	_	551
	\$	2,248,994	\$	2,299,746	\$	2,389,670	\$	2,484,581	\$	2,514,091

# STATISTICAL AND ECONOMIC DATA

The Statistical Data are presented to give report users a better historical perspective and assist in assessing current financial status and trends of the governmental unit. Economic Data are presented to allow a broader understanding of the economic and social environment in which State government operates.

## STATE OF TENNESSEE REVENUES BY SOURCE AND TRANSFERS IN ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

### (Expressed in Thousands)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30										
SOURCES	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
TAXES	\$ 5,490,210	\$ 5,624,158 \$	5,970,140	\$ 6,237,102 \$	6,604,037 \$	6,967,790 \$	7,212,642 \$	7,778,475 \$	7,900,810 \$	7,718,442
LICENSES, FINES, FEES AND PERMITS	290,511	308,797	333,097	345,148	353,516	370,419	392,261	423,614	435,886	460,920
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	45,132	43,829	36,580	24,183	19,296	35,977	47,683	53,819	92,127	36,618
FEDERAL	3,867,457	3,976,016	4,209,340	4,335,071	4,636,905	4,831,199	5,124,273	5,537,353	6,184,126	6,694,648
DEPARTMENTAL SERVICES	742,552	921,221	1,198,117	1,258,672	1,034,678	1,129,859	1,282,634	1,512,483	1,748,165	1,607,251
OTHER	17,296	27,794	37,725	21,113	22,624	47,537	40,155	352,183	356,029	444,450
TRANSFERS IN	539,831	510,289	495,467	485,767	580,618	545,432	565,885	472,275	567,901	766,097
TOTAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS IN- ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	\$ <u>10,992,989</u>	\$ <u>11,412,104</u> \$	12,280,466	§ <u>12,707,056</u> \$	13,251,674_\$	13,928,213 \$	14,665,533 \$	16,130,202 \$	17,285,044 \$	17,728,426

TABLE II

## STATE OF TENNESSEE EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION AND TRANSFERS OUT ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

### (Expressed in Thousands)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30													
<u>FUNCTION</u>		1993	1994	1995		1996	1997		1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$	242,239	\$ 267,918 \$	290,305	\$	282,149 \$	287,635	\$	289,194 \$	345,746 \$	330,255 \$	349,278 \$	358,523
EDUCATION		1,916,196	2,087,013	2,283,546		2,368,196	2,535,513	2	,731,599	2,859,303	2,947,577	3,059,538	4,218,637
HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES		4,937,396	5,090,588	5,615,339		5,790,343	5,829,651	6	,094,595	6,596,034	7,446,923	8,641,777	9,250,026
LAW, JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY		591,615	670,738	717,364		729,663	694,610		742,714	825,010	872,353	897,805	914,307
RECREATION AND RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT		274,829	335,484	355,166		365,586	385,673		372,119	382,614	429,389	419,423	446,137
REGULATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS		29,917	31,149	34,922		36,919	41,598		41,402	46,346	49,325	57,988	65,040
TRANSPORTATION		871,901	878,547	1,003,796		1,023,381	1,079,683	1	,145,536	1,164,776	1,271,170	1,269,773	1,311,654
STATE SHARED TAXES PAID TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS		465,841	504,547	534,641		550,633	572,821		607,070	629,904	653,989	681,151	686,515
DEBT SERVICE		81,872	89,174	93,400		94,575	92,286		100,556	111,530	123,783	122,221	123,707
CAPITAL OUTLAY		53,258	124,978	164,059		98,335	79,769		121,651	105,889	70,866	55,679	145,590
TRANSFERS OUT	_	1,353,442	1,367,157	1,471,327		1,518,869	1,651,160	_1	,563,095	1,693,625	1,619,425	1,748,989	787,813
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OUT - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	\$ \$ <u>1</u>	0,818,506	\$ <u>11,447,293</u> \$	3 12,563,865	\$	12,858,649 \$	13,250,399	\$ 13	,809,531 \$	14,760,777_\$	15,815,055 \$	17,303,622 \$	18,307,949

Note: The Governmental Fund Types include General, Education, Highway, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects and Permanent Funds.

## STATE OF TENNESSEE TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30										
TAX REVENUE	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
SALES AND USE	5 2,734,802	\$ 3,070,109 \$	3,475,229 \$	3,681,461 \$	3,904,964	\$ 4,099,928 \$	4,346,209 \$	4,600,658 \$	4,643,337 \$	4,647,768
SERVICES	562,971	299,232	513	424						
GASOLINE	504,441	537,419	543,170	551,347	558,629	579,162	584,249	576,640	569,422	575,349
MOTOR FUEL	104,320	109,003	120,876	125,177	125,397	131,632	140,887	152,771	173,418	151,034
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	34,354	37,586	39,384	39,209	39,132	40,289	41,614	60,432	61,487	61,624
INCOME	95,085	100,513	101,285	114,750	128,273	161,304	160,352	179,904	199,397	171,073
PRIVILEGE	98,525	117,083	115,122	130,135	139,019	150,564	166,074	177,244	181,175	205,029
GROSS RECEIPTS	166,657	165,600	180,012	175,878	188,202	188,808	197,542	213,147	229,210	230,582
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE	64,128	65,470	66,201	67,595	69,869	71,522	74,736	77,221	79,854	81,616
FRANCHISE	229,322	249,974	273,519	280,056	399,482	313,342	318,666	519,879	467,900	428,590
EXCISE	376,184	418,809	516,052	537,597	493,785	592,848	572,567	563,163	634,902	537,711
INHERITANCE AND ESTATE	58,885	44,476	55,665	60,356	58,970	121,847	83,198	94,704	89,676	104,481
TOBACCO	78,939	79,992	85,160	85,371	85,449	86,093	84,492	82,540	82,814	85,596
INSURANCE COMPANIES PREMIUMS	144,705	159,855	211,302	204,557	224,099	243,355	242,849	271,194	280,561	265,473
MEDICAID PROVIDER	177,055	105,833	115,263	110,853	115,755	118,885	117,366	116,190	115,909	100,976
OTHER	59,837	63,204	71,387	72,336	73,012	68,211	81,841	92,788	91,748	71,540
TOTAL TAX REVENUES- ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	S 5,490,210	\$ <u>5,624,158</u> \$	5,970,140 \$	6,237,102 \$	6,604,037	§ <u>6,967,790</u> \$	7,212,642	<u>7,778,475</u> \$	7,900,810 \$	7,718,442

## STATE OF TENNESSEE DESCRIPTION OF TAX SOURCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2002

Presented below is a brief description of the state's principal tax sources as shown in the preceding table.

SALES AND USE TAX – The retail sales and use tax, imposed in 1947, is the state's leading source of revenue. The current rate of 6.0% was made effective April 1992. The tax is applied to the sale, use, consumption, distribution, lease or rental of tangible personal property and certain services and, effective June 1, 1985, was extended to include most admission and amusement charges. Political subdivisions, governmental agencies, charitable and religious groups, non-profit organizations and certain items of tangible personal property, including drugs, are exempt.

<u>SERVICES TAX</u> – The services tax was enacted as of July 1, 1992. Vendors are taxed at a rate of 6.75% for services provided such as repairs to equipment, installation of equipment and certain other specific services. This act repeals the state and local use tax on services and amusements as well as exempting certain services from the tax altogether. The services tax expired December 31, 1993.

GASOLINE TAX – The gasoline tax was first enacted in 1923. The tax was increased to 20 cents per gallon on July 1, 1989, and is charged on each gallon of gasoline or distillate refined, manufactured, sold, stored or distributed in Tennessee, as well as gasoline or distillate imported into the state. Refunds are granted on gasoline used for agricultural purposes, while political subdivisions and governmental agencies are exempt.

MOTOR FUEL TAX – The motor fuel tax was enacted in 1941. The tax was imposed on the sale of diesel fuel and as of April 1, 1990 the current rate is 17 cents per gallon. Effective July 1, 1984, a tax was levied on motor vehicles powered by liquified gas at rates ranging from \$70 for passenger cars to \$114 for the largest trucks. Owners of commercial vehicles may be charged additional tax based on number of miles driven in Tennessee. Effective April 1, 1989, out of state residents are taxed at a rate of 14 cents per gallon of liquified gas.

SPECIAL PETROLEUM PRODUCTS TAX – The special Petroleum Products Tax (formerly Gasoline Inspection Fee) was first enacted in 1899 for the purpose of assuring that gasoline and oil sold in the state met certain minimum standards. The rate was 1 cent per gallon in 1989 and went to 1.4 cents per gallon on May 1, 1990 on volatile substances having certain gravity levels which are produced from petroleum, natural gas, oil shales, or coal.

INCOME TAX – Although Tennessee does not levy a general personal income tax, income derived from dividends and interest on stocks and bonds has been subject to tax since 1929. The tax rate is 6% on dividends from stocks, and interest on bonds, subject to an exemption of \$1,250 for individuals and \$2,500 for joint tax returns. Blind persons, pension trusts, profit-sharing trusts and qualifying low income persons 65 years of age or older are exempt from the tax.

<u>PRIVILEGE TAX</u> – The first state privilege tax in Tennessee was levied in 1799. During the ensuing 150 years, 132 business activities were made subject to the tax. Virtually all of these business-related privilege taxes were abolished in 1971 and re-enacted as part of other taxes. Currently, the privilege tax base is provided from litigation taxes, realty transfer, mortgage taxes, marriage license fees, professional taxes, tire taxes, auto rental taxes, bail bond fees, and auto oil tax.

<u>GROSS RECEIPTS TAXES</u> – There have been numerous additions, deletions and alterations in the group of taxable privileges comprising the gross receipts tax since it was first imposed in 1937. Currently, the tax covers bottlers, mixing bars, utilities, firearms, and vending machines. TVA payments "in lieu of taxes" based on power sales in Tennessee make up over 75% of collections.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE TAX – The alcoholic beverage tax was enacted in 1939, authorizing the sale of alcoholic beverages in counties and municipalities in Tennessee if approved by local referendum. It provided for a system of state licensing fees and established a gallonage tax on wines and liquors sold in the state. Currently, the tax is levied at the rate of \$4.00 per gallon on distilled spirits and \$1.10 per gallon on wines, with additional fees for regulatory purposes and for the insurance of licenses and permits.

<u>FRANCHISE TAX</u> – The franchise tax, first collected in 1937, imposes an annual tax for the privilege of engaging in business in the form of a corporation, Limited Liability Corporation and Limited Liability Partnership in the state. The tax is levied at the rate of \$.25 per \$100 of corporate stock, surplus and undivided profits of domestic and foreign corporations operating in Tennessee.

EXCISE TAX – The excise tax originated in 1923 and has always been a major revenue source. The tax is presently applied at the rate of 6% on annual net earnings or the larger of stock or real and tangible property from business corporations, co-operatives conducted for profit, joint stock associations, business trusts, state banks, national banks and savings and loan associations.

<u>INHERITANCE</u>, <u>ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES</u> – The inheritance tax was first enacted in 1891. Originally, the tax was applicable only to property going to collateral heirs, but was extended to direct heirs in 1909. The tax applies to all property, real and personal, with certain exemptions.

<u>TOBACCO TAXES</u> – Tobacco taxes were first levied in 1925. The present tax equates to 13 cents per pack of 20 cigarettes and 6% of the wholesale cost for all other tobacco products.

<u>INSURANCE COMPANY PREMIUM TAX</u> – This tax, first enacted in 1945, is applied to gross premiums paid by or for policyholders residing in this state or on property located in the state. The rate is 1.75% for domestic life insurance companies, 2% for foreign life insurance companies, 2.5% for property and casualty insurance companies and 4% workers compensation premiums.

MEDICAID PROVIDER TAX – The Hospital Medicaid Provider Tax has been in effect since July 1, 1989. The tax is directly proportional to the hospital's Medicaid utilization rate, low income utilization rate, or large volume of Medicaid days per year. The Nursing Home Medicaid Provider Tax, which has been in effect since July 1, 1990, is based on the number of licensed beds physically located in the state.

## STATE OF TENNESSEE RATIO OF NET GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET DEBT PER CAPITA FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

(Expressed in Thousands except Ratio and Per Capita Data)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	POPULATION	_	ASSESSED VALUE	_	TOTAL (NOTE)	LI	LONG-TERM I ESS DEBT VICE FUND	<u>DEBT</u>	NET	NET GENERAL I RATIO TO ASSESSED VALUE	ONG-	PER CAPITA
1993	5,094	\$	49,593,000	\$	599,653	\$	5,399	\$	594,254	1.20%	\$	116.66
1994	5,176		51,686,000		632,506		4,336		628,170	1.22%		121.36
1995	5,256		53,915,000		669,061		5,217		663,844	1.23%		126.30
1996	5,327		56,072,000		712,020		961		711,059	1.27%		133.48
1997	5,398		61,648,000		881,983		4,531		877,452	1.42%		162.55
1998	5,470		71,292,000		919,670		4,356		915,314	1.28%		167.33
1999	5,524		75,561,000		1,073,097		1,335		1,071,762	1.42%		194.02
2000	5,750		78,568,000		1,068,019		2,750		1,065,269	1.36%		185.26
2001	5,776		89,194,000		1,139,224		3,407		1,135,817	1.27%		196.64
2002	5,802 (E	EST)	96,561,000 (	(EST)	1,081,269		4,527		1,076,742	1.12%		185.58

NOTE: Total General Long-term debt does not include State Loan Program and Facilities Revolving Fund General Obligation Bonds, Notes and Commercial Paper as follows:

YEAR	BONDS, NOTES AND COMMERCIAL PAPER
1993	\$ 120,422
1994	209,422
1995	232,276
1996	210,684
1997	208,006
1998	212,239
1999	190,604
2000	184,549
2001	177,445
2002	178,236

These obligations are reported as debt of those enterprises in the accompanying financial statements.

TABLE V

#### STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT SERVICE MARGIN JUNE 30, 2002

(Expressed in Thousands)

LEGAL DEBT SERVICE LIMIT (2002 PLEDGED REVENUES OF \$768,696/150%)	\$ 512,464
LESS - 2002 DEBT SERVICE REQUIRED ON ALL GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT, INCLUDING STATE LOAN PROGRAM AND FACILITIES REVOLVING FUND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	142,075
LEGAL DEBT SERVICE MARGIN	\$ 370,389

9	COLLECTIONS F	OR FISO	CAL YEAR 2002 ALL		
	PORTION	GO'	VERNMENTAL		PLEDGED
	PLEDGED	F	UND TYPES		AMOUNT
CALCULATION OF 2002 PLEDGED		_			
REVENUES AS ABOVE:					
GASOLINE TAX	29.3 %	\$	575,349	\$	168,577
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS FEE	ALL		61,624		61,624
MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION FEE	ONE-HALF		219,809		109,905
FRANCHISE TAX	ALL	_	428,590	_	428,590
TOTALS		\$	1,285,372	\$	768,696

NOTE: Pledged revenues for the last five years are shown below:

PLEDGED	PERCENT
REVENUES	INCREASE (DECREASE)
\$ 621,159	(10.5)
632,040	1.8
870,302	37.7
802,023	(7.8)
768,696	(4.2)
	\$\frac{\text{REVENUES}}{621,159} \\ 632,040 \\ 870,302 \\ 802,023

# STATE OF TENNESSEE RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT TO TOTAL EXPENDITURES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Expressed in Thousands except for Ratio Data)

FOR THE YEAR						
ENDED JUNE 30	DEBT SERVICE		TOTA	L EXPENDITURES	RATIO	
1993	\$	81,872	\$	8,999,223	0.91	
1994		89,174		9,575,589	0.93	
1995		93,400		10,557,897	0.88	
1996		94,575		10,789,147	0.88	
1997		92,286		11,026,418	0.84	
1998		100,556		11,639,366	0.86	
1999		111,530		12,437,248	0.90	
2000		123,783		13,541,641	0.91	
2001		122,221		15,554,633	0.79	
2002		123,707		17,520,136	0.71	

TABLE VII

# STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE COMPONENT UNITS TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

(Expressed in Thousands except for Coverage)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	EDICATED REVENUES	ELATED KPENSES	AVAILABLE DEBT SERVICE	BT SERVICE QUIREMENTS	COVERAGE
1993	\$ 163,360	\$ 4,908	\$ 158,452	\$ 147,888	1.07
1994	137,447	4,567	132,880	115,380	1.15
1995	133,765	4,518	129,247	106,750	1.21
1996	141,056	4,779	136,277	113,969	1.20
1997	197,309	5,041	192,268	162,327	1.18
1998	332,821	4,784	328,037	294,861	1.11
1999	308,454	4,843	303,611	271,574	1.12
2000	248,647	5,836	242,811	208,377	1.17
2001	257,258	6,070	251,188	218,726	1.15
2002	180,894	7,360	173,534	138,870	1.25

# STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE COMPONENT UNITS COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

(Expressed in Thousands except for Coverage)

FOR THE VEAR	EEEG AND	ENNESSEE	OTI	IED THAN		
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	FEES AND CHARGES	TE SCHOOL AUTHORITY		IER THAN THORITY	 TOTAL	COVERAGE
1993	\$ 744,791	\$ 30,294	\$	568	\$ 30,862	24.1
1994	782,382	30,385		512	30,897	25.3
1995	790,912	30,894		504	31,398	25.2
1996	817,675	30,858		503	31,361	26.1
1997	857,538	30,526		275	30,801	27.8
1998	892,609	38,166		272	38,438	23.2
1999	957,451	38,155		201	38,356	25.0
2000	767,749	35,470		784	36,254	21.2
2001	827,686	33,454		498	33,952	24.4
2002	886,804	45,616		488	46,104	19.2

# STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FEES/CHARGES, LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS AND DEBT SERVICE COMPONENT UNITS COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

## (Expressed in Thousands)

UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE

UNIVERSITY OF	ΓENNESSEE			
FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL FEES AND CHARGES	LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS	PRIOR AND SUBORDINATE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (NON-AUTHORITY)	DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (AUTHORITY BONDS)
1993	\$ 469,932	\$ 304,279	\$ 58	\$ 24,560
1994	497,370	322,443	21	21,245
1995	555,363	359,941	21	21,692
1996	563,302	369,853	21	21,749
1997	587,138	374,249	21	26,891
1998	592,661	367,938	21	28,657
1999	622,109	373,207	21	24,431
2000	410,086	375,872	21	16,872
			21	
2001	401,918 438,956	408,671		18,628
2002	438,956	406,146	21	24,804
AUSTIN PEAY ST	ATE UNIVERSITY			
			PRIOR AND SUBORDINATE	DEBT SERVICE
FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL FEES AND CHARGES	LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS	DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (NON-AUTHORITY)	REQUIREMENTS (AUTHORITY BONDS)
1993	\$ 16,776	\$ 19,791	\$ 27	\$ 540
1994	17,785	22,064	41	540
1995	17,722	24,610	48	535
1996	18,235	25,209	48	535
1997	19,178	25,733	48	641
1998	20,420	25,559	48	672
1999	23,188	27,444	48	651
2000	24,288	28,001	48	649
2001	26,555	28,051	48	649
2002	22,130	29,602	48	1,516
EAST TENNESSE	E STATE UNIVERSITY			
			PRIOR AND SUBORDINATE	DEDT CEDVICE
FIGGAI	TOTAL PERG	LEGIGLATINE		DEBT SERVICE
FISCAL	TOTAL FEES	LEGISLATIVE	DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREMENTS
YEAR	AND CHARGES	APPROPRIATIONS	(NON-AUTHORITY)	(AUTHORITY BONDS)
1993	\$ 29,830	\$ 55,568		\$ 1,659
1994	30,825	59,911		1,661
1995	46,563	65,530		1,636
1996	49,502	67,549		1,636
1997	53,232	68,469		1,597
1998	57,826	67,202		1,588
1999	64,652	70,814		1,743
2000	64,386	72,837	\$ 258	1,954
2001	59,516	75,937	261	1,916
2002	65,342	77,965	261	2,608
UNIVERSITY OF	MEMPHIS			
			PRIOR AND SUBORDINATE	DEBT SERVICE
FISCAL	TOTAL FEES	LEGISLATIVE	DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREMENTS
YEAR	AND CHARGES	APPROPRIATIONS	(NON-AUTHORITY)	(AUTHORITY BONDS)
TLATIC		AIT ROLLATIONS	(NOW METHORITY)	
1993	\$ 60,375	\$ 77,614		\$ 2,369
1994	60,537	82,765		2,450
1995	67,576	88,120		2,444
1995				2,444
	72,587	90,400		
1997	75,167	91,212		2,889
1998	80,625	89,924		2,991
1999	93,593	93,576		3,054
2000	102,186	94,289		2,353
2001	114,031	97,499		3,777
2002	120,196	99,786		6,334
MIDDLE TENNES	SEE STATE UNIVERSITY			
			PRIOR AND SUBORDINATE	DEBT SERVICE
FISCAL	TOTAL FEES	LEGISLATIVE	DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREMENTS
YEAR	AND CHARGES	APPROPRIATIONS	(NON-AUTHORITY)	(AUTHORITY BONDS)
1993	\$ 38,140	\$ 48,948		\$ 1,177
1994	41,194	54,830		1,177
1995	49,083	60,371		1,164
1996	54,128	61,920		1,166
1997	57,341	63,529		1,668
1998	62,814	64,469		1,872
	02,017			3,357
	70.520	70 576		
1999	70,530	70,576		
1999 2000	78,317	73,273		4,886
1999				
1999 2000	78,317	73,273		4,886

TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY

FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL FEES AND CHARGES		GISLATIVE COPRIATIONS	DEBT SER	AND SUBORDINATE RVICE REQUIREMENTS DN-AUTHORITY)	DEBT SERV REQUIREME (AUTHORITY E	ENTS
1993	\$ 19,973	\$	26,280	\$	137	\$	1,111
1994	21,084		28,067		135		1,111
1995	26,481		30,567		135		1,015
1996	31,231		31,477		135		1,100
1997	34,352		32,227		135		1,157
1998	39,141		32,052		135		1,257
1999	46,423		35,597		66		1,470
2000	52,156		36,337		66		2,056
2001	54,979		34,843		66		2,193
2002	45,119		35,067				3,137
TENNESSEE TECH	HNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY			BRIOR	AND SUBORDINATE	DEBT SERV	ICE
FISCAL	TOTAL FEES	IF	GISLATIVE		RVICE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREME	
YEAR	AND CHARGES		OPRIATIONS		ON-AUTHORITY)	(AUTHORITY E	
				(140	on-Acmokm)		
1993	\$ 23,747	\$	33,142			\$	1,162
1994	24,288		35,358				1,181
1995	26,204		37,473				1,178
1996	26,110		38,452				1,173
1997	27,208		38,164				1,150
1998	28,831		37,699				1,145
1999	31,616		39,259				1,075
2000	33,791		38,938				844
2001	37,065		43,568				639
2002	41,311		40,392				415
ROANE STATE CO	DMMUNITY COLLEGE						
Trac. r	moment poppa		arar . mrr m		AND SUBORDINATE	DEBT SERV	
FISCAL	TOTAL FEES		GISLATIVE COPRIATIONS		RVICE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREME	
YEAR	AND CHARGES	APPE	OPRIATIONS	(NC	ON-AUTHORITY)	(AUTHORITY E	(ONDS)
1993	\$ 4,423	\$	10,956				
1994	4,744		12,076				
1995	5,418		13,177				
1996	5,349		13,509				
1997	5,878		13,649				
1998	6,268		13,441				
1999	6,940		14,254				
2000	7,565		14,879	\$	33		
2001	7,697		15,524		33		
2002	8,589		15,771				
WALTERS STATE	COMMUNITY COLLEGE			PRIOR	AND SUBORDINATE	DEBT SERV	ICE
FISCAL	TOTAL FEES	IE	GISLATIVE		RVICE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREME	
YEAR	AND CHARGES		OPRIATIONS		ON-AUTHORITY)	(AUTHORITY E	
IEAK			OFRIATIONS	(INC	DN-AUTHORITT)	(AUTHORITT E	ONDS)
1993	\$ 3,955	\$	9,841				
1994	4,091		10,921				
1995	6,420		12,018				
1996	6,595		12,308				
1997	7,236		12,658				
1998	8,073		13,132				
1999	8,408		14,265				
2000	8,983		14,767	\$	286		
2001	10,170		15,173				
2002	7,474		15,595		88		
CHATTANOOGA	STATE TECHNICAL COMMUNITY	COLLEGE		<b>D</b> D10D		D.D.T. 0771	
FIGG.	TOTAL PERS		CICI ATTUE		AND SUBORDINATE	DEBT SERV	
FISCAL	TOTAL FEES		GISLATIVE		RVICE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREME	
YEAR	AND CHARGES	APPF	ROPRIATIONS	(NC	ON-AUTHORITY)	(AUTHORITY E	ONDS)
1993	\$ 7,186	\$	14,961	\$	37		
1994	7,222	-	16,435		74		
1995	7,961		17,822		71		
1996	8,701		18,284		74		
1997	9,032		18,514		71		
1998	9,818		18,589		68		
1999	10,453		19,602		69		
2000	10,453		20,234		72		
						\$	2.4
2001	11,650		20,684		69	Ф	34
2002	12,380		21,233		70		73

(continued on next page)

# STATE OF TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FEES/CHARGES, LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS AND DEBT SERVICE (continued) COMPONENT UNITS COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

## (Expressed in Thousands)

## SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

FISCAL YEAR		TAL FEES CHARGES	GISLATIVE COPRIATIONS	PRIOR AND SUBORDINATE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (NON-AUTHORITY)	REQ	BT SERVICE UIREMENTS ORITY BONDS)
1993	\$	7,428	\$ 14,947			
1994		7,967	16,289			
1995		8,334	17,549			
1996		8,641	17,988			
1997		8,876	18,174			
1998		9,368	17,898			
1999		9,991	18,527		\$	56
2000		10,838	18,464			146
2001		17,777	34,451			146
2002		19,022	35,175			179
NASHVILLE STA FISCAL YEAR	TO	INSTITUTE OTAL FEES O CHARGES	GISLATIVE COPRIATIONS	PRIOR AND SUBORDINATE DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (NON-AUTHORITY)	REQ	BT SERVICE UIREMENTS ORITY BONDS)
1993	\$	3,350	\$ 8,602			
1994		3,456	9,010			
1995		4,019	9,585			
1996		4,300	9,716			
1997		4,777	9,677			
1998		5,455	9,864			
1999		6,040	11,092			
2000		6,609	11,749			
2001		7,135	12,168			
2002		8,254	12,525		\$	13

## TABLE IX

### STATE OF TENNESSEE STUDENT FEES AND CHARGES

## FOR INSTITUTIONS WITH TENNESSEE STATE SCHOOL BOND AUTHORITY DEBT COMPONENT UNITS

## COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS

INSTITUTION	_	DEBT SERVICE FEES	_	IN-STATE STUDENT TUITION	. <u>-</u>	NON-RESIDENT STUDENT TUITION	_	AVERAGE BOARD CHARGE	_	AVERAGE ROOM CHARGE
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE- KNOXVILLE	\$	74	\$	3,784	\$	11,570	\$	2,152	\$	2,350
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE- CHATTANOOGA		120		3,236		9,766				4,400
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE- MARTIN		174		3,280		9,810		1,890		1,880
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE- MEMPHIS		54		5,158		15,026				360
AUSTIN PEAY STATE UNIVERSITY		218		2,556		6,472		2,120		3,840
EAST TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY		160		2,556		6,472		1,840		3,300
UNIVERSITY OF MEMPHIS		120		2,556		6,472		3,000		3,820
MIDDLE TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY		190		2,556		6,472		2,140		4,080
TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY		130		2,556		6,472		2,142		4,280
TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY		68		2,556		6,472		1,980		3,740
ROANE STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE				1,488		4,458				
WALTERS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE				1,488		4,458				
CHATTANOOGA STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE				1,488		4,458				
SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE COMMUNITY COLLEGE				1,488		4,458				
NASHVILLE STATE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE				1,488		4,458				

## STATE OF TENNESSEE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF DEBT OUTSTANDING BY INSTITUTION COMPONENT UNITS COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FUNDS

TABLE X

INSTITUTION	_	FIRST PROGRAM BONDS	-	SECOND PROGRAM BONDS	. ,	COMMERCIAL PAPER	NO	ON-AUTHORIT DEBT	Y _	TOTAL DEBT
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE	\$	87,153	\$	136,734	\$	7,457	\$	21	\$	231,365
AUSTIN PEAY STATE UNIVERSITY		2,860		15,186		1,040		147		19,233
EAST TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY		375		26,081				2,354		28,810
UNIVERSITY OF MEMPHIS		2,761		58,764		118				61,643
MIDDLE TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY		11,649		67,400		1,750				80,799
TENNESSEE STATE UNIVERSITY		7,257		27,618						34,875
TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY		101		2,473		1,010				3,584
ROANE STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE						175				175
WALTERS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE						686				686
CHATTANOOGA STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE				686				70		756
SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE COMMUNITY COLLEGE				1,880						1,880
NASHVILLE STATE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE	_		_	98			_		_	98
	\$_	112,156	\$_	336,920	\$	12,236	\$_	2,592	\$	463,904



## STATE OF TENNESSEE ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS\*

## TENNESSEE'S ECONOMIC GROWTH

The economic future for Tennessee remains bright. Characteristics of the state which have been identified as important reasons why firms have chosen Tennessee sites include work-force related factors such as worker productivity, right-to-work laws and low unionization, as well as access to markets and pro-business attitude of the state. Other factors include relatively inexpensive energy, plentiful natural resources and sun-belt location. Tennessee's gross state product as a percentage of gross domestic product increased from 1.77% in 1992 to 1.83% in 2001, and personal income was 1.75% in 1992 and 1.77% in 2001.

## (Expressed in Millions)

YEAR	GROSS STATE PRODUCT	PERSONAL INCOME	DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME
1992	\$111,844	\$94,465	\$85,500
1993	119,758	100,394	90,814
1994	129,671	106,855	96,329
1995	136,821	114,260	102,796
1996	142,050	119,287	106,568
1997	151,738	125,456	111,632
1998	161,835	134,282	119,346
1999	170,085	139,434	123,888
2000	180,438	147,753	131,073
2001	186,945 (EST)	154,678 (EST)	136,721 (EST)

## TENNESSEE GROSS STATE PRODUCT BY SECTOR

	(Expressed i		SECTOR AS PERCENTAGE		
_	1991	1996	2001 (EST)	OF 2001 TOTAL	
MANUFACTURING	\$24,977	\$30,822	\$35,527	19.0%	
CONSTRUCTION	3,562	5,921	8,645	4.6%	
MINING	389	427	566	0.3%	
TRADE	18,195	26,266	34,191	18.3%	
SERVICES	18,548	28,986	40,201	21.5%	
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	12,945	19,436	27,561	14.7%	
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND					
PUBLIC UTILITIES	8,221	11,427	16,172	8.7%	
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	5,178	5,575	6,991	3.7%	
STATE & LOCAL GOVERNMENT	8,584	11,619	15,355	8.2%	
AGRICULTURE	1,449	1,571	1,736	0.9%	
TOTAL GROSS STATE PRODUCT	\$102,048	\$142,050	\$186,945	100.0%	

<sup>\*</sup> Except as otherwise noted, the source for all economic information presented is <u>An Economic Report to the Governor of the State of Tennessee on the State's Economic Outlook</u> (January 2002) developed by the Center for Business and Economic Research, College of Business Administration, The University of Tennessee, Knoxville. The source for disposable personal income is the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

## TENNESSEE AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGE BY SECTOR

	1991	1996	2001 (EST)	PERCENTAGE CHANGE (From 1991 to 2001)
MANUFACTURING	\$25,481	\$31,024	\$37,957	49.0%
CONSTRUCTION	24,159	28,754	34,272	41.9%
MINING	28,414	37,960	45,168	59.0%
TRADE	16,621	20,086	24,570	47.8%
SERVICES	21,481	25,068	31,022	44.4%
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	26,404	34,368	45,171	71.1%
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND				
PUBLIC UTILITIES	29,957	33,110	38,801	29.5%
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	33,972	42,451	48,962	44.1%
STATE & LOCAL GOVERNMENT	19,913	23,495	27,746	39.3%
AGRICULTURE	8,778	10,979	12,863	46.5%
AVERAGE ALL SECTORS	\$23,518	\$28,730	\$34,653	47.3%

## TENNESSEE EMPLOYMENT BY SECTOR

	(Enpressed III	i iio abairab)		
				PERCENTAGE
				CHANGE
	1991	1996	2001 (EST)	(From 1991 to 2001)
MANUFACTURING	502.7	519.3	488.7	-2.8%
CONSTRUCTION	86.5	113.1	129.6	49.8%
MINING	5.5	4.6	4.0	-27.3%
TRADE	511.6	594.4	656.2	28.3%
SERVICES	505.2	658.7	762.3	50.9%
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	101.6	116.5	130.8	28.7%
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND				
PUBLIC UTILITIES	117.4	145.2	180.8	54.0%
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	61.7	54.1	54.4	-11.8%
STATE & LOCAL GOVERNMENT	291.5	327.5	346.8	19.0%
AGRICULTURE	13.2	11.3	11.0	-16.7%
TOTAL ALL SECTORS	2,196.9	2,544.7	2,764.6	25.8%

## MANUFACTURING

Manufacturing investment in Tennessee totaled \$4.0 billion in 2001, marking the nineteenth consecutive billion dollar year for the state. The combined new plant and expansion projects announced are expected to create 15,804 new job opportunities. The tables which follow indicate the state's manufacturing gross product, employment and industrial expansion.

## TENNESSEE MANUFACTURING GROSS PRODUCT

(Expressed in Millions)

	_	1991		1996		2001 (EST)	PERCENTAGE CHANGE (FROM 1991 TO 2001)
DURABLES:							
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	\$	785	\$	979	\$	1,286	63.8%
FABRICATED METALS		2,171		2,785		3,580	64.9%
NONELECTRICAL MACHINERY		1,749		2,386		3,546	102.7%
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY		1,878		2,050		2,396	27.6%
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT		2,005		4,691		4,802	139.5%
OTHER		3,508	-	4,650	_	5,866	67.2%
TOTAL DURABLES		12,096	-	17,541	_	21,476	77.5%
NONDURABLES:							
FOOD		3,030		2,700		3,313	9.3%
TEXTILES		574		728		722	25.8%
APPAREL		1,422		1,019		473	-66.7%
PAPER		1,355		1,454		1,632	20.4%
PRINTING & PUBLISHING		1,417		1,533		1,772	25.1%
CHEMICALS		3,285		3,854		3,455	5.2%
RUBBER & PLASTICS		1,308		1,584		1,966	50.3%
OTHER	_	490	-	410	_	718	46.5%
TOTAL NONDURABLES		12,881		13,282	_	14,051	9.1%
TOTALS	\$	24,977	\$	30,823	\$_	35,527	42.2%

## TENNESSEE MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

	1991	1996	2001 (EST)	PERCENTAGE CHANGE (FROM 1991 TO 2001)
DURABLES:				
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	26.1	28.5	24.7	-5.4%
FABRICATED METALS	41.7	43.7	45.4	8.9%
NONELECTRICAL MACHINERY	35.4	43.0	49.0	38.4%
ELECTRICAL MACHINERY	35.5	40.3	37.7	6.2%
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	41.3	52.2	53.8	30.3%
OTHER	68.7	77.2	77.4	12.7%
TOTAL DURABLES	248.7	284.9	288.0	15.8%
NONDURABLES:				
FOOD	37.3	35.5	40.3	8.0%
TEXTILES	20.2	19.4	14.4	-28.7%
APPAREL	60.6	41.9	19.5	-67.8%
PAPER	21.6	21.6	21.4	-0.9%
PRINTING & PUBLISHING	37.0	38.8	37.9	2.4%
CHEMICALS	39.2	37.1	28.1	-28.3%
RUBBER & PLASTICS	27.7	33.6	33.9	22.4%
OTHER	10.6	6.5	5.2	-50.9%
TOTAL NONDURABLES	254.2	234.4	200.7	-21.0%
TOTALS	502.9	519.3	488.7	-2.8%

## INDUSTRIAL GROWTH IN TENNESSEE

## NEW PLANTS AND EXPANSIONS

-	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
NUMBER:										
NEW	72	60	81	80	105	80	63	80	66	56
EXPANSIONS	957	1,013	886	864	703	961	1,290	1,041	1,065	825
-	1,029	1,073	967	944	808	1,041	1,353	1,121	1,131	881
INVESTMENT										
(In Thousands):										
NEW	\$210,362	\$178,234	\$694,517	\$1,005,577	\$571,098	\$463,844	\$270,164	\$754,807	\$539,320	\$527,879
EXPANSION	1,917,229	1,875,672	1,787,295	2,254,233	3,232,541	2,400,932	3,035,618	2,960,216	4,413,085	3,508,749
	\$2,127,591	\$2,053,906	\$2,481,812	\$3,259,810	\$3,803,639	\$2,864,776	\$3,305,782	\$3,715,023	\$4,952,405	\$4,036,628
JOB OPPORTUNITIES:										
NEW	4,534	5,515	9,538	4,862	8,588	4,904	3,310	6,410	5,636	3,964
EXPANSIONS	20,030	18,306	16,779	12,485	14,321	14,639	19,793	20,256	21,377	11,840
_	24,564	23,821	26,317	17,347	22,909	19,543	23,103	26,666	27,013	15,804

## TOP FIFTY TENNESSEE COMPANIES

(Ranked by Number of Employees in Tennessee)

		NUMBER OF		NUMBER OF
(	COMPANY	EMPLOYEES	<u>COMPANY</u>	<b>EMPLOYEES</b>
1.	WAL-MART ASSOCIATES, INC.	32,000	26. BLUE CROSS BLUE SHIELD OF TN	4,300
2.	FEDERAL EXPRESS INC.	30,000	27. UT-BATTELLE (RESEARCH)	4,200
3.	KROGER LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, INC.	15,500	28. NATIONAL HEALTH CORP.	4,100
4.	VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY /HOSPITAL	13,700	29. GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY	4,100
5.	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	11,100	30. CENTENNIAL MEDICAL CENTER (HCA)	4,032
6.	UNITED PARCEL SERVICE	8,600	31. THE GAP, INC.	4,000
7.	SATURN CORPORATION	8,400	32. FOOD LION, INC	3,900
8.	METHODIST HEALTH CARE MEMPHIS	7,900	33. BI-LO LP	3,700
9.	U. S. XPRESS, INC.	7,300	34. BRIDGESTONE/FIRESTONE CORPORATION	3,700
10.	NISSAN MOTOR MFG. CORP. USA	6,300	35. UNION PLANTERS BANK NATIONAL ASSOC.	3,700
11.	SEARS ROEBUCK AND COMPANY	6,200	36. M S CARRIERS INC.	3,600
12.	GAYLORD ENTERTAINMENT CO	6,100	37. WELLMONT HEALTH SYSTEM	3,600
13.	K-MART CORPORATION	5,900	38. WALGREEN CO.	3,600
14.	RANDSTAD STAFFING SVCS, USA INC.	5,900	39. CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE	3,600
15.	BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS INC.	5,800	40. LOWE'S HOME CENTERS INC.	3,600
16.	FIRST TENNESSEE BANK	5,700	41. TN LIMITED PARTNERS	3,400
17.	UT-BATTELLE (FACILITIES SUPPORT SERVICES	5,500	42. INTERNATIONAL PAPER CO.	3,400
18.	HCA - THE HEALTHCARE CO	4,998	43. HOME DEPOT CO.	3,400
19.	J. C. PENNEY CO. INC.	4,900	44. ST. THOMAS HOSPITAL	3,300
20.	BAPTIST MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	4,900	45. MCKEE FOODS CORP.	3,300
21.	CARSON PIRIE HOLDINGS (SAKS)	4,900	46. STAFFMARK INCNASHVILLE	3,300
22.	CRACKER BARREL OLD COUNTRY STORES	4,700	47. MAYTAG CORPORATION	3,300
23.	AMSOUTH BANCORP	4,600	48. E. I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO.	3,300
24.	COVENANT TRANSPORT INC.	4,400	49. CARRIER CORP. (COLLIERVILLE)	3,200
25.	K-VA-T FOOD STORES INC.	4,400	50. HARDEE'S FOOD SYSTEMS, INC.	3,200

SOURCE: Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development.

#### AGRICULTURE

Important export commodities such as soybeans, tobacco, feed grains, cotton, and greenhouse and nursery products are among the top income earners for Tennessee farmers.

### CASH RECEIPTS

#### (Expressed in Millions)

1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 (EST)
						*****	****	** ***	
\$1,092.0	\$1,063.9	\$1,199.9	\$1,227.8	\$1,374.1	\$1,245.2	\$1,166.1	\$956.5	\$1,006.9	\$1,033.9
542.5	482.3	498.4	420.2	463.0	485.4	435.7	423.1	477.4	455.5
260.8	250.2	247.4	239.4	253.6	225.6	236.9	222.8	193.2	215.5
166.2	199.8	197.0	203.4	251.7	256.8	306.1	294.5	258.4	395.3
\$2,061.5	\$1,996.2	\$2 142 7	\$2,090.8	\$2 342 4	\$2 213 0	\$2 144 8	\$1.896.9	\$1 935 9	\$2,100.2
	\$1,092.0 542.5 260.8	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 542.5 482.3 260.8 250.2 166.2 199.8	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 \$1,199.9 542.5 482.3 498.4 260.8 250.2 247.4 166.2 199.8 197.0	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 \$1,199.9 \$1,227.8 542.5 482.3 498.4 420.2 260.8 250.2 247.4 239.4 166.2 199.8 197.0 203.4	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 \$1,199.9 \$1,227.8 \$1,374.1 542.5 482.3 498.4 420.2 463.0 260.8 250.2 247.4 239.4 253.6 166.2 199.8 197.0 203.4 251.7	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 \$1,199.9 \$1,227.8 \$1,374.1 \$1,245.2 542.5 482.3 498.4 420.2 463.0 485.4 260.8 250.2 247.4 239.4 253.6 225.6 166.2 199.8 197.0 203.4 251.7 256.8	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 \$1,199.9 \$1,227.8 \$1,374.1 \$1,245.2 \$1,166.1 542.5 482.3 498.4 420.2 463.0 485.4 435.7 260.8 250.2 247.4 239.4 253.6 225.6 236.9 166.2 199.8 197.0 203.4 251.7 256.8 306.1	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 \$1,199.9 \$1,227.8 \$1,374.1 \$1,245.2 \$1,166.1 \$956.5 542.5 482.3 498.4 420.2 463.0 485.4 435.7 423.1 260.8 250.2 247.4 239.4 253.6 225.6 236.9 222.8 166.2 199.8 197.0 203.4 251.7 256.8 306.1 294.5	\$1,092.0 \$1,063.9 \$1,199.9 \$1,227.8 \$1,374.1 \$1,245.2 \$1,166.1 \$956.5 \$1,006.9 542.5 482.3 498.4 420.2 463.0 485.4 435.7 423.1 477.4 260.8 250.2 247.4 239.4 253.6 225.6 236.9 222.8 193.2 166.2 199.8 197.0 203.4 251.7 256.8 306.1 294.5 258.4

## POPULATION AND EMPLOYMENT TREND

The state's population has grown steadily in recent history by over one-half of 1% per year.

### (Expressed in Thousands except Unemployment Rates)

_	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 (EST)
POPULATION	5,020	5,094	5,176	5,256	5,327	5,398	5,470	5,524	5,750	5,776
AVERAGE LABOR FORCE	2,455	2,500	2,663	2,712	2,759	2,708	2,760	2,819	2,798	2,818
AVERAGE TOTAL EMPLOYMEN	2,298	2,357	2,536	2,571	2,623	2,562	2,644	2,705	2,688	2,692
AVERAGE UNEMPLOYMENT	158	144	127	141	136	146	116	114	110	126
TN UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	6.4%	5.7%	4.8%	5.2%	5.2%	5.4%	4.2%	4.0%	3.9%	4.5%
U.S. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE	7.5%	6.9%	6.1%	5.6%	5.4%	5.0%	4.5%	4.2%	4.0%	4.8%

### BANK DEPOSITS, SALES AND EFFECTIVE BUYING INCOME

	(Expressed
(Expressed in Millions)	in Thousands)

<u>YEAR</u>	BANK <u>DEPOSITS</u>	SALES	EFFECTIVE BUYING INCOME MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD
1992	44,105	45,473	28.5
1993	46,596	49,112	30.1
1994	48,531	53,778	31.8
1995	52,321	57,943	29.1
1996	57,219	60,689	39.4
1997	54,302	66,079	31.5
1998	76,542	66,389	32.0
1999	64,966	72,341	33.6
2000	62,113	74,595	34.6
2001	73,051	74,492	34.0

## NEW PRIVATELY OWNED HOUSING UNITS AUTHORIZED IN PERMIT-ISSUING PLACES $\underline{VALUATION\ OF\ BUILDING\ PERMITS\ ISSUED}$

## (Expressed in Thousands)

<u>YEAR</u>	VALUATION	YEAR	VALUATION
1992	1,779,702	1997	3,103,939
1993	2,171,097	1998	3,613,835
1994	2,538,773	1999	3,835,303
1995	2,838,290	2000	3,377,629
1996	3,334,419	2001	3,540,178

SOURCE: The Tennessee Econometric Model, Tennessee Department of Labor and Workforce Development Labor Summary, Sales and Marketing Management, Center for Business and Economic Research, College of Business Administration, The University of Tennessee, Tennessee Agricultural Statistics Service Cash Receipts Estimates and Tennessee Department of Financial Institutions Annual Report.

## POPULATION, TAX BASE AND PERSONAL INCOME

(Expressed in Thousands)

APPRAISED/

Year   POPELATION   VALUE   VALUE   POPELATION   18.500   19.00			ASSESSED		EST	APPRAISED/ IMATED CURRENT	г		PERSONAL		PER CAPITA
1992   5,020	YEAR POPULATION				LST						
1993   5,944   49,59,1000   170,264,000   103,344,000   206, 1998   5,276   33,315,000   19,1993,000   114,260,000   217, 1998   5,277   36,772,000   223, 127, 1998   5,277   36,772,000   223, 127, 1998   5,277   36,772,000   223, 127, 1998   5,277   36,772,000   223, 127, 1998   5,277   36,772,000   223, 127, 1998   5,470   71,272,000   200, 200, 200, 5750   78,560,000   200,000,000   31,444,000   252, 2000   5,750   78,560,000   200,000,000   31,444,000   325, 2000   3,750   37,560,000   37											
1994   5,176   5,158,500   116,855,000   116,257,000   12,17   1996   5,227   56,077,200   20,752,500   119,257,000   21,7   1996   5,227   56,077,200   22,085,000   119,247,000   23,2   23,000   23,	1992 5,020		44,672,000			162,609,000			94,465,000		18.8
1995   5.256   5.3915,000   114,269,000   114,269,000   22,469,000   22,469,000   22,469,000   22,469,000   23,47   23,400   2	1993 5,094		49,593,000			170,264,000			100,394,000		19.7
1996   5.327   5.677.200   19.07.52.000   11.92.57.000   22.4     1997   5.398   6.66.6800   22.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998   5.470   71.592.000   24.4     1998	1994 5,176		51,686,000			176,895,000			106,855,000		20.6
1997   5.398   5.658,000   228,081,000   123,450,000   242,5	1995 5,256		53,915,000			191,993,000			114,260,000		21.7
1998   5,370   71,232,000   229,875,000   131,822,000   252,500   2000   5,750   75,568,000   290,833,000   CST   147,753,000   CST   25,700   2000   25,7	1996 5,327		56,072,000			207,352,000			119,287,000		22.4
1999   5,54   7,5,61   00	1997 5,398		61,648,000			228,083,000			125,456,000		23.2
1999   5,544   75,561,000   270,007,000   139,448,000   252   2000   5,750   5,756,000   253   2000   5,750   5,756,000   253   2000   5,750   5,750   5,750   5,750   253   2000   2000   2	1998 5,470		71,292,000			249,897,000			134,282,000		24.5
2000   5,750   75,508   75,508   290,833   200   ES   147,753,000   ES   25.7   26.8											25.2
PUBLIC SCHOOL   STATE   STAT											25.7
CACADEMIC YEAR   CRADES   CR			89,194,000 (I	EST)		313,276,000 (I	EST)		154,678,000	(EST)	26.8
Page			PUBI	LIC SCHOOL I	ENROLLMEN	Γ GRADES K-12					
Page		CDADEC				_		CD A DEG		TOTAL	
1992-93	ACADEMIC VEAR										
1993-94   294,876   212,082   219,886   177,743   904,977     1994-95   306,404   212,579   225,154   180,969   929,708     1995-96   308,006   217,823   226,287   181,172   95,704     1995-97   316,094   221,823   226,287   183,852   944,956     1995-98   312,781   221,913   266,859   187,172   956,704     1998-99   314,781   221,913   226,859   187,172   956,704     1998-90   317,830   232,230   232,616   191,050   973,726     2000-2001   311,184   234,407   230,094   109,849   96,534     2001-2002   297,072   228,790   225,930   187,110   938,902	ACADEMIC TEAR	K-3	_	4-0	_	7-9		10-12	-	K-12	-
1993-94   294,876   212,082   219,886   177,743   904,977     1994-95   306,404   212,579   225,154   180,969   929,708     1995-96   308,006   217,823   226,287   181,172   95,704     1995-97   316,094   221,823   226,287   183,852   944,956     1995-98   312,781   221,913   266,859   187,172   956,704     1998-99   314,781   221,913   226,859   187,172   956,704     1998-90   317,830   232,230   232,616   191,050   973,726     2000-2001   311,184   234,407   230,094   109,849   96,534     2001-2002   297,072   228,790   225,930   187,110   938,902	1992-93	287 687		210 204		213 561		174 000		886 451	
1994-95   300,440											
1995-96   310,000   215,579   225,154   180,000   929,708   1996-97   316,004   217,823   226,287   183,852   944,056   1997-98   320,734   221,651   227,007   187,172   95,6704   1998-99   314,781   221,913   226,859   187,313   39,90,866   2000-20001   311,184   234,407   230,004   190,849   965,534   2001-2002   297,072   228,790   228,790   187,110   938,902   2001-2002   297,072   298,790   298,000   2001-2002   299,072   298,790   298,000   2001-2002   299,000   2001-2002											
1996-97   316.094											
1997-98   320,784   221,651   227,077   187,172   956,704     1998-99   314,781   223,2230   223,616   191,050   973,726     1999-2000   311,184   234,407   223,094   190,849   966,534     2001-2002   297,072   228,790   225,930   187,110   938,902											
1998-99											
1999-2000   311,84   234,407   230,004   190,849   96,5234   2001-2002   297,072   228,790   225,930   187,110   96,5234   96,5234   2001-2002   297,072   228,790   225,930   187,110   98,902   2001-2002   297,072   228,790   225,930   187,110   98,902   2001-2002   297,072   298,902											
Total Community Colleges   1997   1998   1997   1998   1999   1998   1998   1999   1998   1999   1998   1999   1998   1999   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1999   1998   1999   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1999   1998   1999   1998   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1998   1999   1998   1998   1998   1998   1999   1998   1											
NUMERSITIES:   1992   1993   1994   1995   1996   1997   1998   1999   2000   2001											
UNIVERSITIES:  AUSTIN PEAY STATE 5,709 5,992 5,740 5,763 6,072 5,968 5,816 5,721 5,671 5,769 EAST TENNESSEE STATE 9,667 9,321 9,312 9,355 9,450 9,549 9,792 9,638 9,364 9,507 MIDDLE TENNESSEE STATE 14,239 14,629 14,226 14,504 14,1916 15,455 15,655 16,173 16,339 17,125 TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,629 7,431 7,425 TENNESSEE STATE 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE STATE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,188 MARTIN 5,333 5,333 5,333 5,330 3,467 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 7,3112 7,227 7,212 7,327 7,330	2001-2002	297,072		228,790		225,930		187,110		938,902	
UNIVERSITIES:  AUSTIN PEAY STATE  5,709 5,992 5,740 5,763 6,072 5,968 5,816 5,721 5,671 5,769 EAST TENNESSEE STATE 9,667 9,321 9,312 9,315 1,4504 1,4504 1,4504 1,4506 1,4555 1,5655 1,61,73 1,6339 1,71,25 TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 UNIVERISTY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,101 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,839 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE  CHATTANOGGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,204 2,104 2,105 2,205 2,318 2,204 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,176 2,178 2,188 2,184 2,185 2,187 2,1				HIGHER EDU	CATION ENR	<u>OLLMENT</u>					
UNIVERSITIES:  AUSTIN PEAY STATE  5,709 5,992 5,740 5,763 6,072 5,968 5,816 5,721 5,671 5,769 EAST TENNESSEE STATE 9,667 9,321 9,312 9,315 1,4504 1,4504 1,4504 1,4506 1,4555 1,5655 1,61,73 1,6339 1,71,25 TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 UNIVERISTY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,101 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,839 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE  CHATTANOGGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,204 2,104 2,105 2,205 2,318 2,204 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,176 2,178 2,188 2,184 2,185 2,187 2,1		1002	1002	1004	1005	1007	1007	1000	1000	2000	2001
AUSTIN PEAY STATE 5.709 5.992 5.740 5.763 6.072 5.968 5.816 5.721 5.671 5.769 EAST TENNESSEE STATE 9,667 9,321 9,312 9,355 9,450 9,549 9,792 9,638 9,364 9,507 MIDDLE TENNESSEE STATE 14,239 14,629 14,226 14,504 14,916 15,455 15,655 16,173 16,339 17,125 TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,629 7,431 7,425 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,353 7,303 7,230 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,372 UNIVERISTY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE: CHATTANOOGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379  TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560  COMMUNITY COLLEGES: CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH 5,369 5,214 5,144 4,982 5,427 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,455 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,455 1,658 2,984 MORILOW STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,238 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MORLOW STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MORLOW STATE 1,289 3,371 3,361 3,391 3,604 3,991 PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH 5,998 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROARLEST TECH 5,998 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROARLEST TECH 5,998 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROARLEST TECH 3,369 3,311 3,301 3,602 3,509 3,50		1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
AUSTIN PEAY STATE 5.709 5.992 5.740 5.763 6.072 5.968 5.816 5.721 5.671 5.769 EAST TENNESSEE STATE 9,667 9,321 9,312 9,355 9,450 9,549 9,792 9,638 9,364 9,507 MIDDLE TENNESSEE STATE 14,239 14,629 14,226 14,504 14,916 15,455 15,655 16,173 16,339 17,125 TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,629 7,431 7,425 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,353 7,303 7,230 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,372 UNIVERISTY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE: CHATTANOOGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379  TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560  COMMUNITY COLLEGES: CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH 5,369 5,214 5,144 4,982 5,427 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,455 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,455 1,658 2,984 MORILOW STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,238 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MORLOW STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MORLOW STATE 1,289 3,371 3,361 3,391 3,604 3,991 PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH 5,998 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROARLEST TECH 5,998 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROARLEST TECH 5,998 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROARLEST TECH 3,369 3,311 3,301 3,602 3,509 3,50	UNIVERSITIES:										
EAST TENNESSEE STATE 9,667 9,321 9,312 9,355 9,450 9,549 9,792 9,638 9,364 9,507 MIDDLE TENNESSEE STATE 14,239 14,629 14,226 14,504 14,916 15,455 15,655 16,173 16,339 17,125 TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,629 7,431 7,425 TENNESSEE STATE 1,737 7,472 7,533 7,303 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,533 7,303 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,533 7,303 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,533 7,303 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,533 7,503 7,201 15,455 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE: CHATTANOOGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379 TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560 CLEVELAND STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,435 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MOTLOW STATE 1,150 2,117 2,133 2,007 2,116 2,287 2,273 2,221 2,199 2,441 NORTHERST STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROANESTATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,004 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 4,100 MID STATE 3,425 43,255 42,658 42,355 42,658 42,395 43,607 43,825 43,143 42,823 42,001 44,871 VOLUNTEER STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,004 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 4,100 MID STATE 3,542 43,255 42,658 42,355 42,658 42,395 43,607 43,807 3,666 3,594 3,665 3,594 3,665 3,909 ADD STATE 3,542 42,255 42,355 42,658 42,395 44,658		5.709	5.992	5.740	5.763	6.072	5.968	5.816	5.721	5.671	5.769
MIDDLE TENNESSEE STATE 14239 14,629 14,226 14,504 14,916 15,455 15,655 16,173 16,339 17,125 TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,629 7,431 7,425 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,353 7,303 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 UNIVERISTY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE: CHATTANOGGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379 TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560 CLEVELAND STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,2361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,532 1,435 1,563 1,577 1,4CKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,548 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,351 1,533 1,532 2,416 2,548 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MOTLOW STATE 1,218 2,149 3,661 3,699 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,228 5,080 5,079 5,151 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,228 5,080 5,079 5,151 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,228 5,080 5,079 5,151 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,228 5,080 5,079 5,151 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,228 5,080 5,079 5,151 NORTHEER STATE TECH 5,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,369 3,661 3,590 3,665 3,909											
TENNESSEE STATE 5,957 6,110 6,438 6,787 7,007 7,168 7,383 7,629 7,431 7,425 TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,353 7,303 7,230 7,287 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 UNIVERSITY OF MEMPHIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,999 15,613 15,899 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE:  CHATTANOGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379 TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560 CLEVELAND STATE TECH 5,369 5,214 5,144 4,982 5,427 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 12,89 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,552 1,435 1,563 1,577 1,574											
TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL 7,473 7,472 7,353 7,303 7,230 7,227 7,112 7,227 7,212 7,327 UNIVERISTY OF MEMPHIIS* 15,254 15,317 15,177 15,495 15,001 15,452 15,771 15,909 15,613 15,890 UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE:  CHATTANOOGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379 TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560 CLEVELAND STATE 2,341 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIAS TATE 2,341 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,435 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,688 MOTLOW STATE 1,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,688 MOTLOW STATE 1,189 3,848 3,713 3,614 3,591 3,684 3,720 3,675 3,797 3,474 3,647 SOUTHWEST TENHESSEE** 9,755 9,945 9,416 9,019 8,640 7,882 7,359 7,338 7,059 7,743 VOLUMEST STATE 3,542 3,520 3,602 3,500 3,602 3,500											
UNIVERSITY OF MEMPHIS* UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE: CHATTANOOGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379  TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560  COMMUNITY COLLEGES: CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH 5,369 5,214 5,144 4,982 5,427 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,435 1,563 1,577 1,580 1,577 1,											
UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE: CHATTANOOGA 6,375 6,515 6,438 6,540 6,608 6,816 7,040 7,019 6,832 6,955 KNOXVILLE 22,065 21,696 21,575 21,454 21,528 21,819 22,476 23,277 22,960 23,183 MARTIN 5,333 5,313 5,308 5,497 5,376 5,607 5,480 5,278 5,324 5,379 TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560 COMMUNITY COLLEGES: CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH 5,369 5,214 5,144 4,982 5,427 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,361 2,254 2,351 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,435 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MOTLOW STATE 2,150 2,117 2,133 2,077 2,116 2,287 2,273 2,221 2,199 2,441 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 2,222 2,288 2,372 2,314 2,459 2,422 2,513 2,601 2,607 2,879 PLLISSIPPI STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROAND STATE 3,848 3,713 3,614 3,591 3,688 3,720 3,675 3,797 3,474 3,647 SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE** 9,755 9,945 9,416 9,019 8,640 7,852 7,359 7,338 7,059 7,743 VOLUNTEER STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,425 43,425 43,255 42,658 42,395 43,697 43,825 43,143 42,823 42,001 44,871											
CHATTANOOGA  (A) 6,375 (A) 6,515 (A) 6,438 (A) 6,540 (A) 6,608 (A) 6,616 (A) 7,040 (A) 7,019 (A) 22,077 (A) 22,060 (A) 21,575 (A) 21,454 (A) 21,528 (A) 1,528 (A) 1,528 (A) 1,528 (A) 1,540 (A) 2,476 (A) 2,277 (A) 2,296 (A) 2,318 (A) 3,333 (A) 3,308 (A) 4,972 (A) 5,480 (A) 5,480 (A) 5,278 (A) 5,427 (A) 5,480 (A) 5,278 (A) 5,480 (A) 5,48		13,234	13,317	13,177	13,493	15,001	13,432	13,771	13,909	13,013	13,690
KNOXVILLE   22,065   21,696   21,575   21,454   21,528   21,819   22,476   23,277   22,960   23,183   5,333   5,313   5,308   5,497   5,376   5,607   5,480   5,278   5,324   5,379   TOTAL UNIVERSITIES   92,072   92,365   91,567   92,698   93,188   95,121   96,525   97,871   96,746   98,560   98,560   98,560   99,56		6 275	6.515	6 129	6.540	6 600	6 916	7.040	7.010	6 922	6.055
MARTIN         5,333         5,313         5,308         5,497         5,376         5,607         5,480         5,278         5,324         5,379           TOTAL UNIVERSITIES         92,072         92,365         91,567         92,698         93,188         95,121         96,525         97,871         96,746         98,560           COMMUNITY COLLEGES:           CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH         5,369         5,214         5,144         4,982         5,427         5,227         5,140         5,038         4,832         5,269           CLEVELAND STATE         2,234         2,151         1,929         2,204         2,111         2,376         2,176         2,158         2,083         2,318           COLUMBIA STATE         2,361         2,255         2,331         2,501         2,639         2,820         2,947         2,906         2,788         2,984           DYERSBURG STATE         1,289         1,357         1,330         1,531         1,533         1,522         1,435         1,658         1,577           JACKSON STATE         2,188         2,143         2,088         2,155         2,223         2,328         2,416         2,548         2,514         2,658      <											
TOTAL UNIVERSITIES 92,072 92,365 91,567 92,698 93,188 95,121 96,525 97,871 96,746 98,560 COMMUNITY COLLEGES:  CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH 5,369 5,214 5,144 4,982 5,427 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,435 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MOTLOW STATE 2,150 2,117 2,133 2,077 2,116 2,287 2,273 2,221 2,199 2,441 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 2,222 2,288 2,372 2,314 2,459 2,422 2,513 2,601 2,607 2,879 PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROANE STATE 3,848 3,713 3,614 3,591 3,688 3,720 3,675 3,797 3,474 3,647 SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE** 9,755 9,945 9,416 9,019 8,640 7,852 7,359 7,338 7,059 7,743 VOLUNTEER STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,542 3,520 3,602 3,507 3,731 3,807 3,666 3,594 3,665 3,909 TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES 43,425											
COMMUNITY COLLEGES: CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH 5,369 5,214 5,144 4,982 5,427 5,227 5,140 5,038 4,832 5,269 CLEVELAND STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,435 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MOTLOW STATE 2,150 2,117 2,133 2,077 2,116 2,287 2,273 2,221 2,199 2,441 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 2,222 2,288 2,372 2,314 2,459 2,422 2,513 2,601 2,607 2,879 PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROANE STATE 3,848 3,713 3,614 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROANE STATE 3,848 3,713 3,614 3,591 3,688 3,720 3,675 3,797 3,474 3,647 SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE** 9,755 9,945 9,416 9,019 8,640 7,852 7,359 7,338 7,059 7,743 VOLUNTEER STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,542 3,520 3,602 3,507 3,731 3,807 3,666 3,594 3,665 3,909				-,	-,	2,2,2	-,,	-,	-,-/-	-,	-,-,-
CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH CLEVELAND STATE CLEVELA	TOTAL UNIVERSITIES	92,072	92,365	91,567	92,698	93,188	95,121	96,525	97,871	96,746	98,560
CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH CLEVELAND STATE CLEVELA											
CHATTANOOGA STATE TECH CLEVELAND STATE CLEVELA	COMMUNITY COLLEGES:										
CLEVELAND STATE 2,234 2,151 1,929 2,204 2,111 2,376 2,176 2,158 2,083 2,318 COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,531 1,532 1,435 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MOTLOW STATE 2,150 2,117 2,133 2,077 2,116 2,287 2,273 2,221 2,199 2,441 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 2,222 2,288 2,372 2,314 2,459 2,422 2,513 2,601 2,607 2,879 PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROANE STATE 3,848 3,713 3,614 3,591 3,688 3,720 3,675 3,797 3,474 3,647 SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE** 9,755 9,945 9,416 9,019 8,640 7,852 7,359 7,338 7,059 7,743 VOLUNTEER STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,342 3,520 3,602 3,507 3,731 3,807 3,666 3,594 3,665 3,909 TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES 43,425 43,425 43,255 42,658 42,395 43,697 43,825 43,143 42,823 42,001 44,871		5 369	5 214	5 144	4 982	5 427	5 227	5 140	5 038	4 832	5 269
COLUMBIA STATE 2,361 2,255 2,331 2,501 2,639 2,820 2,947 2,906 2,788 2,984 DYERSBURG STATE 1,289 1,357 1,380 1,373 1,531 1,533 1,522 1,435 1,563 1,577 JACKSON STATE 2,188 2,143 2,088 2,155 2,223 2,328 2,416 2,548 2,514 2,658 MOTLOW STATE 2,150 2,117 2,133 2,077 2,116 2,287 2,273 2,221 2,199 2,441 NORTHEAST STATE TECH 2,222 2,288 2,372 2,314 2,459 2,422 2,513 2,601 2,607 2,879 PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH 5,098 4,941 4,866 4,768 5,003 5,217 5,258 5,080 5,079 5,151 ROANE STATE 3,848 3,713 3,614 3,591 3,688 3,720 3,675 3,797 3,474 3,647 SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE** 9,755 9,945 9,416 9,019 8,640 7,852 7,359 7,338 7,059 7,743 VOLUNTEER STATE 3,369 3,611 3,783 3,904 4,129 4,236 4,198 4,107 4,138 4,295 WALTERS STATE 3,542 3,520 3,602 3,507 3,731 3,807 3,666 3,594 3,665 3,909											
DYERSBURG STATE         1,289         1,357         1,380         1,373         1,531         1,533         1,522         1,435         1,563         1,577           JACKSON STATE         2,188         2,143         2,088         2,155         2,223         2,328         2,416         2,548         2,514         2,658           MOTLOW STATE         2,150         2,117         2,133         2,077         2,116         2,287         2,273         2,221         2,199         2,441           NORTHEAST STATE TECH         2,222         2,288         2,372         2,314         2,459         2,422         2,513         2,601         2,607         2,879           PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH         5,098         4,941         4,866         4,768         5,003         5,217         5,258         5,080         5,079         5,151           ROANE STATE         3,848         3,713         3,614         3,591         3,688         3,720         3,675         3,797         3,474         3,647           SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE**         9,755         9,945         9,416         9,019         8,640         7,852         7,359         7,338         7,059         7,743           VOLUNTEER STATE         3,569 </td <td></td>											
JACKSON STATE         2,188         2,143         2,088         2,155         2,223         2,328         2,416         2,548         2,514         2,658           MOTLOW STATE         2,150         2,117         2,133         2,077         2,116         2,287         2,273         2,221         2,199         2,441           NORTHEAST STATE TECH         2,222         2,288         2,372         2,314         2,459         2,422         2,513         2,601         2,607         2,879           PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH         5,098         4,941         4,866         4,768         5,003         5,217         5,258         5,080         5,079         5,151           ROANE STATE         3,848         3,713         3,614         3,591         3,688         3,720         3,675         3,797         3,474         3,647           SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE**         9,755         9,945         9,416         9,019         8,640         7,852         7,359         7,338         7,059         7,743           VOLUNTEER STATE         3,369         3,611         3,783         3,904         4,129         4,236         4,198         4,107         4,138         4,295           WALTERS STATE         3,542 <td></td>											
MOTLOW STATE         2,150         2,117         2,133         2,077         2,116         2,287         2,273         2,221         2,199         2,441           NORTHEAST STATE TECH         2,222         2,288         2,372         2,314         2,459         2,422         2,513         2,601         2,607         2,879           PELISSIPPI STATE TECH         5,098         4,941         4,866         4,768         5,003         5,217         5,258         5,080         5,079         5,151           ROANE STATE         3,848         3,713         3,614         3,591         3,688         3,720         3,675         3,797         3,474         3,647           SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE**         9,755         9,945         9,416         9,019         8,640         7,852         7,359         7,338         7,059         7,743           VOLUNTEER STATE         3,369         3,611         3,783         3,904         4,129         4,236         4,198         4,107         4,138         4,295           WALTERS STATE         3,542         3,520         3,602         3,507         3,731         3,807         3,666         3,594         3,665         3,909           TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>											
NORTHEAST STATE TECH         2,222         2,288         2,372         2,314         2,459         2,422         2,513         2,601         2,607         2,879           PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH         5,098         4,941         4,866         4,768         5,003         5,217         5,258         5,080         5,079         5,151           ROANE STATE         3,848         3,713         3,614         3,591         3,688         3,720         3,675         3,797         3,474         3,647           SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE**         9,755         9,945         9,416         9,019         8,640         7,852         7,359         7,338         7,059         7,743           VOLUNTEER STATE         3,369         3,611         3,783         3,904         4,129         4,236         4,198         4,107         4,138         4,295           WALTERS STATE         3,542         3,520         3,602         3,507         3,731         3,807         3,666         3,594         3,665         3,909           TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES         43,425         43,255         42,658         42,395         43,697         43,825         43,143         42,823         42,001         44,871											
PELLISSIPPI STATE TECH         5,098         4,941         4,866         4,768         5,003         5,217         5,258         5,080         5,079         5,151           ROANE STATE         3,848         3,713         3,614         3,591         3,688         3,720         3,675         3,797         3,474         3,647           SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE**         9,755         9,945         9,416         9,019         8,640         7,852         7,359         7,338         7,059         7,743           VOLUNTEER STATE         3,369         3,611         3,783         3,904         4,129         4,236         4,198         4,107         4,138         4,295           WALTERS STATE         3,542         3,520         3,602         3,507         3,731         3,807         3,666         3,594         3,665         3,909           TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES         43,425         43,255         42,658         42,395         43,697         43,825         43,143         42,823         42,001         44,871											
ROANE STATE         3,848         3,713         3,614         3,591         3,688         3,720         3,675         3,797         3,474         3,647           SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE**         9,755         9,945         9,416         9,019         8,640         7,852         7,359         7,338         7,059         7,743           VOLUNTEER STATE         3,369         3,611         3,783         3,904         4,129         4,236         4,198         4,107         4,138         4,295           WALTERS STATE         3,542         3,520         3,602         3,507         3,731         3,807         3,666         3,594         3,665         3,909           TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES         43,425         43,255         42,658         42,395         43,697         43,825         43,143         42,823         42,001         44,871											
SOUTHWEST TENNESSEE**         9,755         9,945         9,416         9,019         8,640         7,852         7,359         7,338         7,059         7,743           VOLUNTEER STATE         3,369         3,611         3,783         3,904         4,129         4,236         4,198         4,107         4,138         4,295           WALTERS STATE         3,542         3,520         3,602         3,507         3,731         3,807         3,666         3,594         3,665         3,909           TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES         43,425         43,255         42,658         42,395         43,697         43,825         43,143         42,823         42,001         44,871											
VOLUNTEER STATE         3,369         3,611         3,783         3,904         4,129         4,236         4,198         4,107         4,138         4,295           WALTERS STATE         3,542         3,520         3,602         3,507         3,731         3,807         3,666         3,594         3,665         3,909           TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES         43,425         43,255         42,658         42,395         43,697         43,825         43,143         42,823         42,001         44,871											
WALTERS STATE         3,542         3,520         3,602         3,507         3,731         3,807         3,666         3,594         3,665         3,909           TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES         43,425         43,255         42,658         42,395         43,697         43,825         43,143         42,823         42,001         44,871											
TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES 43,425 43,255 42,658 42,395 43,697 43,825 43,143 42,823 42,001 44,871											
	WALIERS STATE	3,342	3,520	3,602	3,30/	3,/31	3,80/	3,000	3,394	3,003	3,909
TOTAL ALL INSTITUTIONS 135,497 135,620 134,225 135,093 136,885 138,946 139,668 140,694 138,747 143,431	TOTAL COMMUNITY COLLEGES	43,425	43,255	42,658	42,395	43,697	43,825	43,143	42,823	42,001	44,871
	TOTAL ALL INSTITUTIONS	135,497	135,620	134,225	135,093	136,885	138,946	139,668	140,694	138,747	143,431

<sup>\*</sup> Effective July 1, 1994 Memphis State University became University of Memphis

SOURCES: The Tennessee Econometric Model, State Board of Equalization, Tennessee Department of Education and the Higher Education Commission.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Effective July 1, 2000 State Technical Institute at Memphis (STIM) and Shelby State Community College (SSCC) were consolidated to form Southwest Tennessee Community College (STCC).

## INDEX TO SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (SEC) DISCLOSURES

General Obligation Debt:	Page #
Collections of Special Taxes	122
Total Sales and Use Tax Collections	172
Allocation of Sales and Use Tax to Debt Service	91
General Obligation Bonds Outstanding, and Authorized and Unissued	60-62, 168
General Obligation Commercial Paper Outstanding	61, 168
General Obligation Bonds Outstanding by Fiscal Year of Maturity	166
Outstanding Indebtedness of State Agencies and Authorities	60-61, 66-70 166-169
Revenues by Source - All Governmental Fund Types	171
Expenditures by Function - All Governmental Fund Types	171
Tax Revenues by Source - All Governmental Fund Types	172
Ratio of Net General Long-Term Debt to Assessed Value and Net Debt Per Capita	174
Computation of Legal Debt Service Margin	174
Ratio of Annual Debt Service for General Long-Term Debt to Total Expenditures - All Governmental Fund Types	175
Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage - Tennessee Housing Development Agency Fund	175
Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage - College and University Funds	175
Tennessee State School Bond Authority:	Page #
Outstanding Bonds	69-70, 169
Student Fees and Charges by Institution	179
Schedules of Outstanding Debt by Institution	179
Total Equated Full-Time Student Enrollment by Institution	186
Schedule of Fees/Charges, Legislative Appropriations and Debt Service by Institution	176-178