

# SAMPLE INSTRUCTIONAL GUIDE A GRADE 3 SOCIAL STUDIES

To support social studies instruction in Tennessee and in response to concerns from the field over gaps between the current (2014) and revised (2019) Tennessee Academic Standards for Social Studies, the department has created instructional guides. This instructional guide outlines a sample plan for addressing the gaps between the current (2014) and revised (2019) social studies standards.

The resources found in the instructional guides are designed to support social studies instruction and are aligned to the Tennessee Academic Standards for Social Studies. They are intended to serve as a model for educators to reference as they design units and become more familiar with the revised standards.

To prepare to use this guide, teachers should thoroughly review it in its entirety, including the linked resources. These resources are intended to help guide teacher instruction and to support students in thinking deeply about social studies content, concepts, and skills. These guides (and resources) are only suggestions, and teachers should use their own judgment as to which resources they should employ for their students and which should be modified for their classroom. A variety of instructional strategies should be used to teach the content; these instructional strategies are local decisions.

*Important Note:* In addition to thoughtful preparation using these resources, there are additional components for which educators will need to plan and prepare. This additional preparation includes, but is not limited to, reviewing resources for age appropriateness, adjusting information for specific classroom instruction, and planning the pacing of each quarter. If districts are not scheduled into quarters, educators may need to consider modifying the division of the standards to optimize timing.



# Sample Instructional Guide A Grade 3 Social Studies

The following pacing is aligned to the *revised (2019)* Tennessee State Standards. The resources shown below are examples for teacher use and are not required. It is up to the local districts and teachers to review resources for appropriateness within their schools.

# **Quarter 1: REVISED STANDARDS**

### Geography: Maps and Globes and World Geography

Students will develop an understanding of map reading, including learning geographic terms that illustrate physical and political features on		
maps and globes. Students will utilize their geographic content knowledge to study physical and political world geography.		
Tennessee State Standards	Resources	
3.01 Analyze maps and globes using common terms, including: •	John R. Borchert Map Library	
Country • Equator • Hemisphere • Latitude • Longitude • North Pole	Kids Travel Guide	
Prime meridian • Region • South Pole • Time zones	Library of Congress: Geography and Map Reading Room	
	Map Center: Public Lands Information Center	
3.02 Use cardinal directions, intermediate directions, map scales,	National Geographic: Education	
legends, and grids to locate major cities in Tennessee and the U.S.	National Geographic for Kids	
	National Geographic Maps	
3.03 Examine major physical features on globes and maps, including:	National Park Service Maps	
• Basin • Bay • Canal • Canyon • Delta • Desert • Gulf • Island • Isthmus	New York Public Library Maps	
• Mountain • Ocean • Peninsula • Plain • Plateau • River • Sea • Strait •	The National Map	
Stream • Valley	The National Map: Viewer	
	US Census Bureau Maps	
3.04 Examine major political features on globes and maps, including:	US Geological Survey	
boundaries, cities, highways, railroads, and roads.	World Atlas	



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Tennessee State Standards	Resources
3.05 Use different types of maps (e.g., political, physical, population, resource, and climate), graphs, and charts to interpret geographic information.	
3.06 Identify and locate the major continents and oceans using maps and globes: • Africa • Antarctica • Asia • Australia • Europe • North America • South America • Arctic Ocean • Atlantic Ocean • Indian Ocean • Pacific Ocean • Southern Ocean	
3.07 Identify and locate major countries, including: • Brazil • China • Egypt • France • Great Britain • India • Italy • Japan • Russia • Spain	
3.08 Identify major physical features of the world, including: • Rivers— Amazon, Nile • Mountains and Ranges—Alps, Andes, Himalayas • Deserts— Gobi, Sahara • Bodies of Water—Mediterranean Sea, Straits of Magellan • Landforms—Great Barrier Reef, Niagara Falls	



# Quarter 2: REVISED STANDARDS

## United States and Tennessee Geography

Students will utilize their geographic content knowledge to study physical and political geography of the United States and Tennessee.	
Tennessee State Standards	Resources
3.09 Identify and locate the fifty states of the U.S.	John R. Borchert Map Library
	Kids Travel Guide
3.10 Locate and identify the major cities in the U.S., including: •	Library of Congress: Geography and Map Reading Room
Chicago • Los Angeles • Miami • New York City • Seattle • Washington,	Map Center: Public Lands Information Center
D.C.	National Geographic: Education
	National Geographic for Kids
3.11 Identify major physical features of the U.S., including: • Rivers—	National Geographic Maps
Colorado, Mississippi, Ohio, Rio Grande • Mountains—Alaska Range,	National Park Service Maps
Appalachian, Rockies • Bodies of Water—Great Lakes, Gulf of Mexico •	New York Public Library Maps
Desert— Great Basin • Landforms—Grand Canyon, Great Plains	The National Map
	The National Map: Viewer
3.12 Locate the following cities and physical features in Tennessee: •	<u>US Census Bureau Maps</u>
Cities—Chattanooga, Knoxville, Memphis, Nashville • Rivers—	<u>US Geological Survey</u>
Cumberland, Mississippi, Tennessee • Mountain Range—Great Smoky	World Atlas
Mountains	
3.13 Explain how geographic challenges are met with: • Bridges •	
Canals • Dams • Freshwater supply • Irrigation systems • Landfills •	
Tunnels	



# **Quarter 3: REVISED STANDARDS**

#### Economics and Indigenous Peoples through European Exploration (prior to 1585)

Students will learn about natural resources, goods, and services in relation to Tennessee's economy. Students will describe the legacy and cultures of major indigenous settlements of Tennessee, the routes of early explorers, and the impact of exploration on the Americas.

Tennessee State Standards	Resources
3.14 Compare natural resources within the three grand	Discovery Education: Money: Kids and Cash
divisions of Tennessee, and trace the development of a product	Economics 101
from natural resource to a finished product.	Federal Reserve
	The British Museum: Explore/Money
3.15 Interpret a chart, graph, or resource map of major imports	<u>US Mint Games</u>
and exports in Tennessee.	America's Story from America's Library
	BBC: Ferdinand Magellan
3.16 Describe how scarcity, supply, and demand affect the	History Channel: Native American Cultures, Christopher
prices of products.	<u>Columbus</u> , <u>Hernando de Soto, Ferdinand Magellan, Amerigo</u>
	<u>Vespucci</u>
3.17 Compare and contrast how goods and services are	Khan Academy: <u>Northeast American Indian Culture</u> , <u>Southeast</u>
exchanged on local and regional levels.	<u>American Indian Culture, Plains American Indian Culture</u>
	Kids Britannica: Exploration
3.18 Analyze how people interact with their environment to	Kidspast: World History
satisfy basic needs and wants, including: housing, industry,	Map of the Plains Indians
transportation, and communication.	Mr. Donn: Native Americans
	National Archives: Pictures of American Indians
3.19 Compare and contrast the geographic locations and	National Humanities Center: Columbian Exchange
customs (i.e., housing and clothing) of the Northeast,	National Museum of the American Indian
Southeast, and Plains North American Indians.	National Parks Service (de Soto)
	Native Americans (Weebly)
3.20 Describe the conflicts between American Indian nations,	NEWSELA: Columbian Exchange
including the competing claims for the control of land.	Tennessee Encyclopedia (de Soto Expedition)
	The Mariners' Museum: Ages of Exploration



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Tennessee State Standards	Resources
3.21 Identify the routes and contributions of early explorers of the Americas, including: Christopher Columbus, Hernando de	
Soto, Ferdinand Magellan, and Amerigo Vespucci.	
3.22 Examine how American Indian cultures changed as a result of contact with European cultures, including: decreased population, spread of disease (smallpox), increased conflict, loss of territory, and increase in trade.	



### **Quarter 4: REVISED STANDARDS** *Early North American Settlements (1585-1700s)*

Students will describe early North American and Tennessee settlements and examine the founding of the Thirteen Colonies, their regional		
geographic features, and the cooperation that existed between American Indians and colonists.		
Tennessee State Standards	Resources	
<b>3.23</b> Describe the failure of the lost colony of Roanoke and the	<u>Mr. Donn: 13 Colonies</u>	
theories associated with it.	America's Story from America's Library	
	Britannica: Jamestown	
<b>3.24</b> Explain the significance of the settlement of Jamestown	History Channel	
and the role it played in the founding of the U.S.	Library of Congress: Thanksgiving	
	Market to Market	
<b>3.25</b> Explain the significance of the settlements of	Massachusetts: Secretary of State	
Massachusetts Bay and Plymouth and the role they played in	National Geographic: Roanoke	
the settling of our country.	National Park Service: Jamestown	
	New World Encyclopedia	
<b>3.26</b> Examine how the regional (i.e., New England, Middle, and	Pennsylvania History	
Southern) geographic features of the Thirteen Colonies	Tennessee Blue Book for Kids	
influenced their development.	Tennessee Encyclopedia: Daniel Boone	
	TN4Me: William Bean	
<b>3.27</b> Identify the economic, political, and religious reasons for	World Atlas: 13 Colonies	
founding the Thirteen Colonies and the role of indentured		
servitude and slavery in their settlement.		
<b>3.28</b> Identify representative assemblies and town meetings as		
early democratic practices during the colonial period.		
<b>3.29</b> Explain the cooperation that existed between colonists		
and American Indians during the 1600s and 1700s, including:		
fur trade, military alliances, treaties, and cultural exchanges.		



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Tennessee State Standards	Resources
<b>3.30</b> Examine how long hunters (e.g., Daniel Boone and William	
Bean) created interest in land west of the Appalachian	
Mountains.	
<b>3.31</b> Describe life on the Tennessee frontier and reasons why	
settlers moved west.	