



Structural Systems II

Primary Career Cluster:	Architecture & Construction
Course Contact:	CTE.Standards@tn.gov
Course Code(s):	C17H27
Prerequisite(s):	<i>Structural Systems I</i> (C17H26)
Credit:	1-2 credits (see Recommended Credit below)
Grade Level:	11-12
Elective Focus - Graduation Requirements:	This course satisfies one or two of three credits required for an elective focus when taken in conjunction with other Architecture & Construction courses.
POS Concentrator:	This course satisfies one out of two required courses that meet the Perkins V concentrator definition, when taken in sequence in the approved program of study.
Programs of Study and Sequence:	This is the third course in the <i>Structural Systems</i> program of study.
Aligned Student Organization(s):	SkillsUSA: https://www.skillsusatn.org/
Coordinating Work-Based Learning:	Teachers are encouraged to use embedded WBL activities such as informational interviewing, job shadowing, and career mentoring. For information, visit https://www.tn.gov/content/tn/education/career-and-technical-education/work-based-learning.html .
Promoted Tennessee Student Industry Credentials:	Credentials are aligned with postsecondary and employment opportunities and with the competencies and skills that students acquire through their selected program of study. For a listing of promoted student industry credentials, visit https://www.tn.gov/education/career-and-technical-education/student-industry-certification.html
Teacher Endorsement(s):	522, 575, 580, 592, 706
Required Teacher Certifications/Training:	None
Teacher Resources:	https://www.tn.gov/education/career-and-technical-education/career-clusters/cte-cluster-architecture-construction.html Best for All Central: https://bestforall.tnedu.gov/

Course-At-A-Glance

CTE courses provide students with an opportunity to develop specific academic, technical, and 21st century skills necessary to be successful in career and in life. In pursuit of ensuring every student in Tennessee achieves this level of success, we begin with rigorous course standards which feed into intentionally designed programs of study.

Students engage in industry relevant content through general education integration and experiences such as career & technical student organizations (CTSO) and work-based learning (WBL). Through these experiences, students are immersed with industry standard content and technology, solve industry-based problems, meaningfully interact with industry professionals and use/produce industry specific, informational texts.

Using a Career and Technical Student Organization (CTSO) in Your Classroom

CTSOs are a great resource to put classroom learning into real-life experiences for your students through classroom, regional, state, and national competitions, and leadership opportunities. Below are CTSO connections for this course, note this is not an exhaustive list.

- Participate in CTSO Fall Leadership Conference to engage with peers by demonstrating logical thought processes and developing industry specific skills that involve teamwork and project management.
- Participate in contests that highlight job skill demonstration. These include Career Pathways Showcase, Job Interview, Carpentry, Electrical Wiring, Plumbing, and Masonry.

Using a Work-based Learning (WB) in Your Classroom

Sustained and coordinated activities that relate to the course content are the key to successful work-based learning. Possible activities for this course include the following. This is not an exhaustive list.

- **Standards 1.1-1.3** | Include a safety briefing in a visit to an industry partner/job site.
- **Standards 3.1-3.2** | Ask an industry rep to discuss construction industry principles.
- **Standards 4.1-4.2** | Guest speaker.
- **Standards 5.1-13.1** | Do a project that is used by a local industry or evaluated by local industry managers.
- **Standards 15.1-15.2** | Ask an industry rep to discuss the impact of construction drawings and specifications on the job.
- **Standards 16.1-16.3** | Ask an industry rep to discuss the importance of project management.

Course Description

Structural Systems II is an advanced-level course that builds on the introductory skills learned in the *Fundamentals of Construction* and *Structural Systems I* courses. This course will explore advanced framing, the physics of structural loads, and the coverings and finishes of structural systems. Upon completion of this course, proficient students will be able to install interior and exterior finishing, including roofing, siding, thermal and moisture protection components, drywall, doors, and trim. Throughout the course, students will interpret construction drawings to complete projects, implementing material estimating procedures and safe working practices. Standards in this course also expand on principles of the construction industry and delve deeper into business and project management strategies. Students will continue compiling artifacts for inclusion in their portfolios, which they will carry with them throughout the full sequence of courses in this program of study.

Recommended Credit

If all standards in this course are covered, the course is recommended for two credits. If only one credit is to be offered, it is recommended that the following standards be covered:

1 Credit Option

Content	Standards
Safety	1.1-1.3
Tools & Equipment	2.1
Construction Industry Principles	3.1-3.2
Structural Systems Loads	4.1-4.2
Cold-Formed Steel Framing	5.1-5.2
Exterior Finishing	6.1-6.4
Thermal & Moisture Protection	7.1-7.4
Roofing Applications	8.1-8.2
Green Building	14.1
Construction Drawings & Specifications	15.1-15.2
Business & Project Management	16.1-16.3
Portfolio	17.1

Course Standards

1. Safety

- 1.1 Safety Hazards and Rules: **Identify safety hazards on a jobsite** and demonstrate practices for safe working. Accurately read, interpret, and **demonstrate adherence to safety rules**, including but not limited to rules pertaining to electrical safety, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) guidelines, and state and national code requirements. Be able to distinguish between the rules and explain why certain rules apply. Recognize and employ universal construction signs and symbols such as colors, flags, stakes, and hand signals that apply to construction workplace situations.
- 1.2 Safety Records and Practices: **Maintain safety records and demonstrate adherence to industry-standard practices** regarding general machine safety, tool safety, equipment safety, electrical safety, and fire safety to protect all personnel and equipment. For example, when operating tools and equipment, regularly inspect and carefully employ the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), as recommended by Occupational, Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) regulations. Incorporate safety procedures when operating tools and equipment, such as hand and power tools, ladders, scaffolding, and lifting equipment. Complete safety test with 100 percent accuracy.
- 1.3 Materials Safety: **Follow procedures to work safely around materials**. Adhere to responsibilities for employees in material safety as outlined by the Hazard Communication Standard (HazCom), such as locating and interpreting material safety data sheets (MSDS). For example, obtain an MSDS for a given material from a supplier in the community. Demonstrate safe procedures to move materials by planning the movement, properly lifting, stacking, and storing materials, and selecting proper materials-handling equipment.

2. Tools & Equipment

- 2.1 Tools: For each of the systems covered in this course, **identify and select the proper tools and accessories**, critique the readiness of the tools, use the tools to accomplish the desired tasks, and then return the tools and accessories to their proper storage. Research a new technology recently developed for the construction industry. Explain how the use of new technology could benefit the company. For example, describe how a new power tool could improve efficiency and reduce muscle fatigue for a construction team.

3. Construction Industry Principles

- 3.1 Policies and Requirements: Locate and assess the Tennessee Contractor's Licensing Board's website and **analyze the policies and requirements for construction work in Tennessee**. Explain how such policies impact local construction businesses.

3.2 Project Delivery Methods: Consult a variety of sources to **describe alternatives to traditional project delivery methods**, such as the design-build and construction management-related methods, distinguishing among the roles and relationships of various construction personnel in each scenario. Examine the project delivery method of an actual company. Develop a company profile with supporting graphics the company could share with a client describing the services provided and explaining the project delivery method used by the company.

4. Structural System Loads

4.1 Structural Loads: **Categorize and describe the structural loads that act on a building**, including vertical loads (such as dead loads, live loads, and rain loads) and lateral loads (such as wind and earthquakes). Drawing on textbooks and other resources, create a visual display with supporting text to explain how the various loads act on a building's structural system.

4.2 Structural Failures: **Distinguish among the types of structural failures that can occur in a structural system**, including compressive failures, tensile failures, and buckling failures. Explain how specific components of a structural system prevent structural failures based on descriptions in texts and through classroom experiments, synthesizing information gathered from both to illustrate concepts. For example, explain how blocking between studs in a wood frame wall prevents the buckling of studs.

5. Cold-Formed Steel Framing

5.1 Cold-Formed Steel Framing: Examine the **components, fasteners, tools, and procedures used in cold-formed steel framing**; compare and contrast cold-formed steel framing with wood framing in building construction. Outline the major similarities and differences in each and write persuasively to provide a recommendation to a client for a specific project.

5.2 Build Steel Framing: Demonstrate the ability to build steel frame components including back-to-back, box, and L-headers. Work in teams to **lay out and install steel stud walls** (both structural and non-structural) with openings to include bracing and blocking by implementing required safety techniques, tools, and equipment.

6. Exterior Finishing

6.1 Wall Section Components: Examine a wall section drawing for a specific building. **Identify, define, and explain the function of each component** including wall insulation, flashing, and the structure of the cornice. Draw from textbooks and other resources to annotate the wall section drawing with notes explaining the purpose of each component.

6.2 Construct Cornice: Interpret wall section drawings to safely **construct a cornice**. For example, accurately measure materials, employ tools, and follow procedures to build a box cornice, checking for accuracy in each step.

6.3 Finish Systems: Analyze various **finish systems used to sheath a building**, including but not limited to wood siding, fiber-cement siding, vinyl siding, metal siding, stucco, and masonry veneer finishes. Examine different buildings in the community which are sheathed in different ways, hypothesizing why the different materials and methods were selected for each.

6.4 Install Siding: Estimate the siding materials needed to cover a building utilizing mathematical principles such as area formulas and quantitative reasoning. Utilize the appropriate procedures, tools, and materials to **install various types of siding**. For example, identify three siding methods that are commonly used in the area and demonstrate the ability to plan the installation of and install each.

7. Thermal & Moisture Protection

7.1 Heat Transfer: Explain the **impact of heat transfer in a building**, including heat loss during cold temperatures and heat gain during warm temperatures. Describe how building components such as insulation work to resist the transfer of heat in a structure. Interpret charts and graphs in building codes to determine the recommended R-values of insulation in a given location.

7.2 Insulation: **Categorize the various types of insulation** based on their characteristics and installation method. Summarize the key properties and installation procedures of each insulation type.

7.3 Moisture Control, Waterproofing, and Ventilation: Describe the **materials and methods used in a structure for moisture control, waterproofing, and ventilation**. Explain how a vapor barrier protects an interior from moisture and describe the permeability rating necessary for a material to be considered a vapor retarder. Analyze guidelines for a builder or architect to use as reference when selecting appropriate vapor barriers for a specific location based on the climate and other factors.

7.4 Install Moisture Protection Materials: Interpret construction drawings and building codes to select and estimate the thermal and moisture protection materials needed to complete a project utilizing mathematical principles such as area formulas and quantitative reasoning. Utilize the appropriate procedures, tools, and materials to **install blanket insulation in a wall, a vapor barrier on a wall, and building wraps**.

8. Roofing Applications

8.1 Roofing Options: **Compare and contrast the materials, methods, and procedures for roofing with fiberglass shingles with other roofing materials** such as wood shingles, metal roofing, and membrane-type roofing systems. Perform a cost analysis for a client to help the client choose between two roofing materials for a specific project given the site location, project budget, environmental considerations, and other factors.

8.2 Install Shingles: Apply the appropriate tools, equipment, and procedures to safely **install shingles on a roof** including strategies for watertight installation, using quantitative reasoning and geometric formulas where applicable. For example, interpret construction documents to estimate the roofing materials needed to install fiberglass shingles on a gable roof. After preparing the roof with underlayment, flashing, and other preparation materials, install fiberglass shingles, install a cricket or saddle, and install ridge caps.

9. Windows, Doors, and Door Hardware

9.1 Windows: Describe the common **styles and components of windows**. Read and interpret construction drawings, window schedules, specifications, and manufacturers' information to determine the types of window and installation procedures required for a project. **Apply the appropriate tools, equipment, and procedures to safely install windows.**

9.2 Doors: Analyze the parts of a door frame, including sills, jambs, and casings, and describe different interior door types. Read and interpret door schedules and other construction documents to **determine the type of door and door hardware required for a project.**

9.3 Install Doors: Apply the appropriate tools, equipment, and procedures to safely **install a door**, including checking the plumb and square of a door frame and installing a prehung door unit. Demonstrate proper procedures to work with door hardware, including laying out and cutting hinges in a wooden door and installing door closers and locksets.

10. Drywall Installation & Finishing

10.1 Components Drywall Installation: Describe the various components involved in drywall installation, including the types of drywall, drywall fasteners and adhesives, and drywall accessories. Explain the procedure to install drywall, noting the proper tools involved. Describe the role drywall plays in sound isolation and fireproofing, outlining how fire-rated walls are constructed.

10.2 Drywall Materials: Read and interpret drawings to **select the type and thickness of drywall required** for a specific installation. Utilize quantitative reasoning to estimate the amount of drywall, fasteners, and finishing materials needed for a project.

10.3 Install Drywall: **Install gypsum drywall panels** on stud walls and ceilings using different types of fastening systems, including nails, screws, and adhesives. Perform single-layer and multi-layer installations by implementing required safety techniques, tools, and equipment. Describe the differences in procedures for installing gypsum panels on steel wall frames.

11. Drywall Finishing

11.1 Drywall Finishing: **Describe the procedures, tools, and materials used in drywall finishing**, indicating the purpose of each material. Read and interpret industry standards

regarding drywall finish such as the *Recommended Levels of Gypsum Board Finish*. Observe finished drywall and determine the level of finish, citing evidence from industry standards documents.

11.2 Finish Drywall: **Implement the proper procedures, tools, and materials to finish drywall.** Procedures include preparing compounds, taping joints, applying joint compounds, sanding, spotting fastener heads, and finishing corners.

11.3 Correct Drywall Problems: Diagnose the cause and **determine the appropriate solution for problems** that occur in drywall finishing, citing evidence from textbooks or technical manuals in order to justify why the chosen solution is appropriate. Implement the proper tools and procedures to **patch damaged drywall**.

12. Window, Door, Floor, and Ceiling Trim

12.1 Trim: **Distinguish among the different types of standard trim, including base, wall, ceiling, window, and door trim.** Utilize the proper tools, equipment, and procedures to make square cuts, miter cuts, and coped joint cuts in trim.

12.2 Install Trim: Apply the appropriate tools, fasteners, and procedures to **install window, door, floor, and ceiling trim.** Estimate the quantities of different trim materials needed for a given room.

13. Cabinet Installation

13.1 Install Cabinets: Identify the **components which make up a basic set of cabinets**, analyzing the purpose of and interrelationships among each component and explaining the sequence in which each is constructed. Components include wall cabinets, base cabinets, countertops, and cabinet hardware. Read and interpret drawings and technical manuals to determine the steps, equipment, and materials needed to **lay out and install a basic set of cabinets**. Develop a timeline and action steps needed to complete a cabinet installation.

14. Green Building

14.1 Green Strategies: Research and **identify green strategies used in the design and construction of buildings** specifically impacting carpenters. Drawing on resources such as those from the U.S. Green Building Council, discuss green work practices of carpenters, such as reducing waste in the construction process, citing resources to support claims.

15. Construction Drawings & Specifications

15.1 Drawings and Specifications: Explain the relationship between **construction drawings and specifications**. For example, describe how both the construction drawings and specifications provide information about the exterior sheathing indicated for a building.

Examine construction drawings and specifications to determine the requirements of the sheathing for a given part of a building.

- 15.2 Request for Information: Describe processes by which construction professionals obtain clarification from architects regarding construction documents, such as by the use of requests for information (RFI's). **Write a request for information** (RFI), as would a construction professional to an architect to request clarification for a detail of the construction documents, such as the selection of a product.

16. Business & Project Management

- 16.1 Management: Establish and implement specific goals to **manage project assignments** in a timely manner, including organizing teams to effectively manage assignments, monitoring and reporting on project progress, and evaluating a completed project according to client requirements. For example, inspect and critique a team member's work, providing constructive feedback for improvement. Similarly, respond to constructive feedback from a team member to improve project outcomes and meet project goals.
- 16.2 Estimating and Scheduling: **Perform estimating and scheduling techniques for a long-term project**, including calculating material quantities and cost (including tax) and labor cost to complete a bid sheet; scheduling construction activities using a flow chart; and determining amounts to be charged to the client at various intervals throughout the project.
- 16.3 Reports: Utilize technology to **write and share periodical reports** (weekly, monthly, etc.) to provide others with information about progress during construction activities as would a project manager to a supervisor. Summarize activities in a narrative form including overall progress in relationship to a previously planned schedule.

17. Portfolio

- 17.1 Portfolio: **Update materials from coursework to add to the portfolio** started in *Fundamentals of Construction* and *Structural Systems I*. Continually reflect on coursework experiences and revise and refine the career plan generated in prior courses, using technology where appropriate. Include photographs or illustrations and written descriptions of sequential progress in construction projects.

Standards Alignment Notes

*References to other standards include:

- NCCER Curriculum: [National Center for Construction Education and Research](#)
 - Note: NCCER accreditation is required to offer NCCER credentials to students. Instructors trained through the NCCER Instructor Certification Training Program (ICTP) may use the NCCER curricula to teach the listed standards. By doing so, their

students will receive a certificate of completion for NCCER Carpentry Level Two and be placed in NCCER's National Registry Database.

- P21: Partnership for 21st Century Skills [Framework for 21st Century Learning](#)
 - Note: While not all standards are specifically aligned, teachers will find the framework helpful for setting expectations for student behavior in their classroom and practicing specific career readiness skills.