

# The Labor Market Report

*The Tennessee Department of Labor & Workforce Development*

Phil Bredesen,  
Governor

James G. Neeley,  
Commissioner

February 2005 Data

## Labor Surplus Area Classifications — FY 2005

### Special Points of Interest:

- Labor surplus areas in Tennessee for Fiscal Year 2005
- 2004 Labor Market Report Directory
- Tennessee Historical Civilian Labor Force Series, 1974 to Present
- County Unemployment Rates
- Civilian Labor Force Summary
- State Unemployment
 

Chattanooga MSA	7
Knoxville MSA	8
Memphis MSA	9
Nashville MSA	10
Smaller MSAs	11
- Consumer Price Index 12

Employers located in labor surplus areas, as classified by the United States Department of Labor, can be given preference in bidding on federal government contracts. The purpose in providing such a preference is to help direct the government's procurement dollars into areas where people are in the most severe economic need, i.e., areas with the highest unemployment rate.

Labor surplus areas are classified on the basis of civil jurisdictions rather than on a metropolitan area or a labor market area basis. Civil jurisdictions are now defined as all cities with a population of at least 25,000 and all counties. A civil jurisdiction becomes a labor surplus area when its average unemployment rate was at least 20 percent above the average unemployment rate for all states (including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico) during the previous two calendar years. During periods of high national unemployment, the 20 percent ratio is disregarded, and an area is classified as a labor surplus area if its unemployment rate during the previous two calendar years was 10 percent or more. This 10 percent ceiling concept comes into operation

whenever the two-year average unemployment rate for all states is 8.3 percent or above. Similarly, a "floor" concept of 6 percent is used during periods of low national unemployment in order for an area to qualify as a labor surplus area. The 6 percent "floor" comes into effect whenever the average unemployment rate for all states during the two-year reference period was 5 percent or less.

The United States Department of Labor issues the labor surplus area list on a fiscal year basis. The list becomes effective each October 1 and remains in effect through the following September 30. During the course of the fiscal year, the annual list is updated on the basis of exceptional circumstances petitions submitted by state workforce agencies and approved by the Employment and Training Administration. The regular classification criteria can be waived when an area experiences a significant increase in unemployment that is not temporary or seasonal and that was not adequately reflected in the data for the two-year reference period. This year exceptional unemployment is defined as an unemployment rate of at least 7.1 percent for each of the three most recent months; projected unemploy-

ment rate of at least 7.1 percent for each of the next 12 months; and documented information that the exceptional circumstance event has already occurred. Under the program's exceptional circumstances procedure, labor surplus classifications can be made on the basis of civil jurisdictions, Metropolitan Statistical Areas, or Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

The reference period used in preparing the current list was January 2002 through December 2003. The national average unemployment rate during this period (including data for Puerto Rico) was 5.9 percent. After applying the 1.2 ratio, the threshold for FY 2005 is 7.1 percent. Therefore, areas are included on the current annual labor surplus area listing because their unemployment rate during the reference period was 7.1 percent or above. The Fiscal Year 2005 classifications will be in effect from October 1, 2004, through September 30, 2005.

For more information, contact the Department of Labor's Web site at [www.doleta.gov](http://www.doleta.gov).

# 2005 Labor Surplus Areas

October 1, 2004 Through September 20, 2005

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS	CIVIL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED
Bedford County	Bedford County
Benton County	Benton County
Bledsoe County	Bledsoe County
Carroll County	Carroll County
Clay County	Clay County
Cocke County	Cocke County
Crockett County	Crockett County
Decatur County	Decatur County
Dyer County	Dyer County
Fentress County	Fentress County
Gibson County	Gibson County
Giles County	Giles County
Grainger County	Grainger County
Hancock County	Hancock County
Hardeman County	Hardeman County
Hardin County	Hardin County
Haywood County	Haywood County
Henderson County	Henderson County
Henry County	Henry County
Hickman County	Hickman County
Houston County	Houston County
Humphreys County	Humphreys County
Jackson County	Jackson County
Johnson County	Johnson County
Lauderdale County	Lauderdale County
Lawrence County	Lawrence County
Lewis County	Lewis County
Macon County	Macon County
Marshall County	Marshall County
McMinn County	McMinn County
McNairy County	McNairy County
Meigs County	Meigs County
Memphis City	Memphis City in Shelby County
Monroe County	Monroe County
Morgan County	Morgan County
Morristown City	Morristown City in Hamblen County
Perry County	Perry County
Pickett County	Pickett County
Scott County	Scott County
Stewart County	Stewart County
Trousdale County	Trousdale County
Van Buren County	Van Buren County
Wayne County	Wayne County
Weakley County	Weakley County
White County	White County

# Statewide

## HISTORICAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY\*

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY INDUSTRY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Year and Month	Civilian Labor Force							Unemployed Number	Rate (%)
	Total	Employment	Employed						
			Total	Nonfarm Employment					
			**Manu- facturing	**Trade	**Services				
1975	1,836.0	1,683.0	1,505.7	459.0	320.8	229.4	154.0	8.3 %	
1976	1,866.0	1,754.0	1,575.4	486.1	339.5	240.5	112.0	6.0	
1977	1,941.0	1,819.0	1,648.1	507.5	357.2	254.5	122.0	6.3	
1978	1,966.0	1,852.0	1,737.0	526.0	379.1	270.7	114.0	5.8	
1979	2,039.0	1,921.0	1,777.3	524.7	388.7	285.4	118.0	5.8	
1980	2,080.0	1,928.0	1,746.6	502.1	379.7	291.0	152.0	7.3	
1981	2,116.0	1,924.0	1,775.4	506.9	379.9	304.4	192.0	9.1	
1982	2,129.0	1,877.0	1,703.0	466.7	380.5	313.1	252.0	11.8	
1983	2,180.0	1,930.0	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	250.0	11.5	
1984	2,220.0	2,030.0	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	190.0	8.6	
1985	2,253.0	2,073.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	180.0	8.0	
1986	2,290.0	2,106.0	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	184.0	8.0	
1987	2,334.0	2,180.0	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	154.0	6.6	
1988	2,338.0	2,203.0	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	135.0	5.8	
1989	2,368.0	2,247.0	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	121.0	5.1	
1990	2,387.3	2,261.5	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	125.9	5.3	
1991	2,421.0	2,258.1	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	162.9	6.7	
1992	2,455.5	2,297.8	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	157.7	6.4	
1993	2,500.5	2,356.7	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	143.8	5.7	
1994	2,664.6	2,537.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	127.5	4.8	
1995	2,700.8	2,560.6	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	140.1	5.2	
1996	2,744.1	2,602.7	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	141.4	5.2	
1997	2,707.8	2,561.7	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	146.1	5.4	
1998	2,759.5	2,643.8	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	115.7	4.2	
1999	2,818.8	2,705.3	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	113.5	4.0	
2000	2,830.1	2,719.7	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	110.4	3.9	
2001	2,857.1	2,730.7	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	126.4	4.4	
2002	2,928.5	2,778.5	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	150.0	5.1	
2003	2,909.5	2,740.5	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	169.0	5.8	
2004	2,907.8	2,751.8	2,701.1	411.5	447.2	976.0	156.0	5.4	
2005									
January (r)	2,882.9	2,693.2	2,678.5	409.1	445.8	965.1	188.7	6.5 %	
February (p)	2,891.5	2,709.3	2,691.3	408.9	444.6	972.9	182.2	6.3	
March									
April									
May									
June									
July									
August									
September									
October									
November									
December									

(r)=revised

\*\*These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

1990 because of change to NAICS coding system.

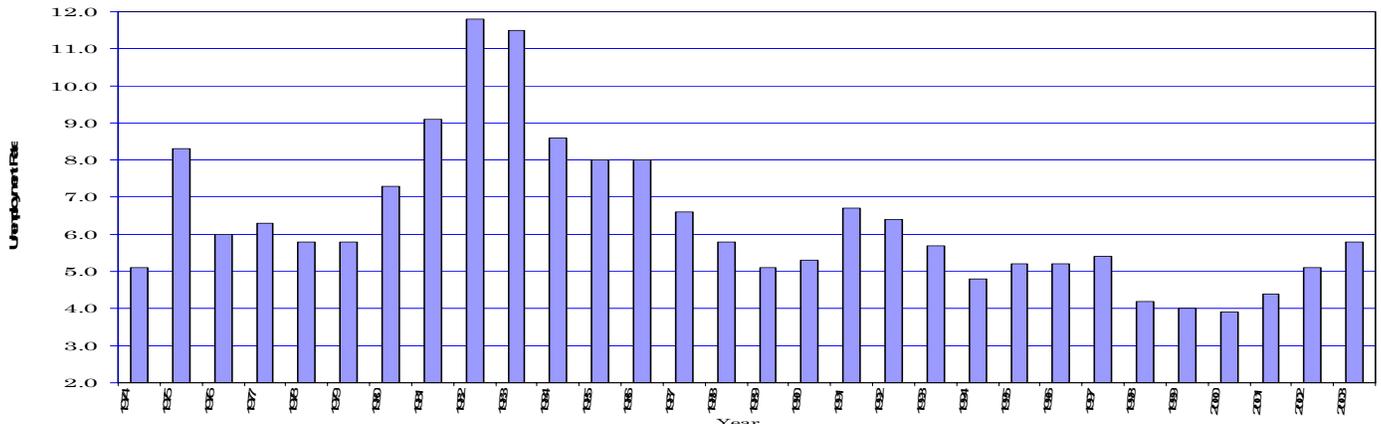
Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services, Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

County	Feb	Feb	County	Feb	Feb
	2004	2005		2004	2005
Anderson	4.8	5.8	Lauderdale	10.7	10.4
Bedford	5.2	5.5	Lawrence	12.1	10.2
Benton	8.9	9.7	Lewis	12.1	11.4
Bledsoe	7.5	8.9	Lincoln	12.1	6.0
Blount	4.7	5.6	Loudon	12.1	5.1
Bradley	5.2	6.0	Macon	12.1	6.3
Campbell	6.7	6.9	Madison	12.1	6.3
Cannon	4.8	4.9	Marion	12.1	7.1
Carroll	8.7	9.7	Marshall	12.1	7.3
Carter	6.2	6.5	Maury	12.1	7.7
Cheatham	4.7	4.9	McMinn	12.1	6.9
Chester	5.6	6.6	McNairy	12.1	7.3
Claiborne	5.6	6.4	Meigs	12.1	8.3
Clay	9.8	12.1	Monroe	12.1	7.1
Coke	10.5	11.0	Montgomery	12.1	5.6
Coffee	4.9	5.7	Moore	12.1	4.8
Crockett	9.2	9.8	Morgan	12.1	9.0
Cumberland	7.7	8.6	Obion	12.1	9.2
Davidson	4.6	4.9	Overton	12.1	6.9
Decatur	8.0	9.1	Perry	12.1	8.1
DeKalb	4.7	5.6	Pickett	12.1	11.1
Dickson	5.2	5.0	Polk	12.1	7.0
Dyer	6.1	7.1	Putnam	12.1	5.5
Fayette	6.0	6.7	Rhea	12.1	7.1
Fentress	8.0	8.5	Roane	12.1	6.8
Franklin	5.2	5.6	Robertson	12.1	5.2
Gibson	7.1	9.2	Rutherford	12.1	4.4
Giles	7.6	8.8	Scott	12.1	8.2
Grainger	6.1	7.3	Sequatchie	12.1	6.2
Greene	7.7	9.3	Sevier	12.1	11.3
Grundy	5.8	7.2	Shelby	12.1	6.9
Hamblen	5.6	6.2	Smith	12.1	6.9
Hamilton	4.5	5.1	Stewart	12.1	7.4
Hancock	9.9	11.6	Sullivan	12.1	6.2
Hardeman	7.9	10.2	Sumner	12.1	5.0
Hardin	8.1	9.4	Tipton	12.1	7.3
Hawkins	6.1	7.4	Trousdale	12.1	8.3
Haywood	8.5	9.7	Unicoi	12.1	7.5
Henderson	7.0	8.5	Union	12.1	6.6
Henry	8.7	9.0	Van Buren	12.1	9.1
Hickman	6.6	6.5	Warren	12.1	7.1
Houston	7.8	9.5	Washington	12.1	5.5
Humphreys	7.2	10.2	Wayne	12.1	11.1
Jackson	7.6	11.0	Weakley	12.1	7.8
Jefferson	7.5	7.7	White	12.1	8.4
Johnson	9.3	10.9	Williamson	12.1	3.9
Knox	4.0	4.6	Wilson	12.1	4.8
Lake	6.9	10.5			

\*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

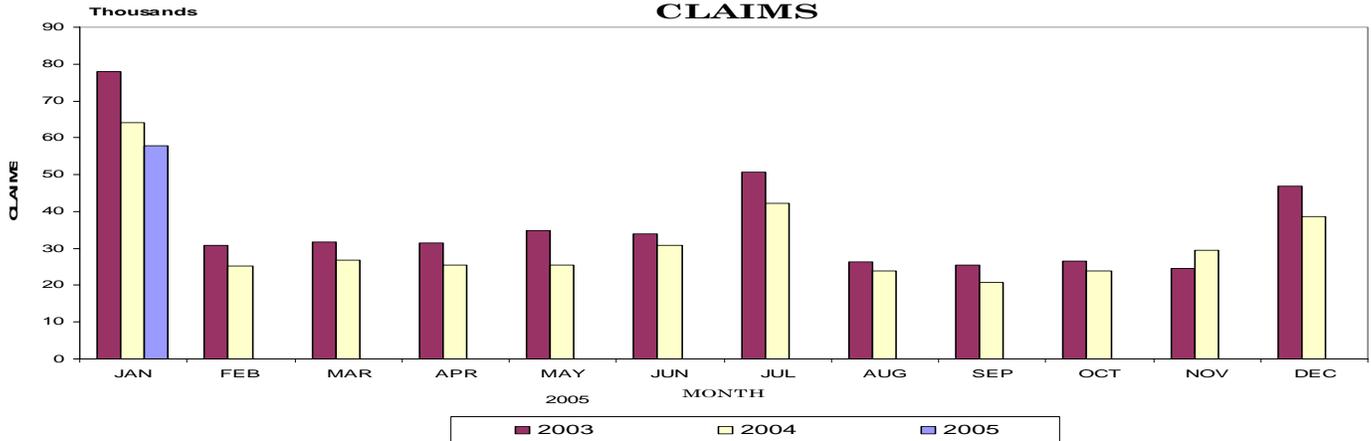
Unemployment Rates 1974-2003



# Statewide

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

### MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS



## BENEFIT PROGRAMS

### STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

### FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

CLAIMS	Jan 2004	Dec 2004	Jan 2005	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Jan 2004	Dec 2004	Jan 2005
Initial Claims	64,005	38,576	57,895	Benefits Paid	\$654,340	\$578,500	\$670,969
Continued Weeks Claimed	273,144	186,541	262,075	Benefit Weeks Claimed	2,530	2,424	2,336
Nonmonetary Determinations	6,332	5,910	5,404	Initial Claims	215	176	195
Appeals Decisions	2,199	1,755	1,785	Continued Weeks Claimed	2,591	2,363	2,541
Lower Authority	1,799	1,468	1,480	Appeals Decisions	12	9	10
Higher Authority	400	287	305				

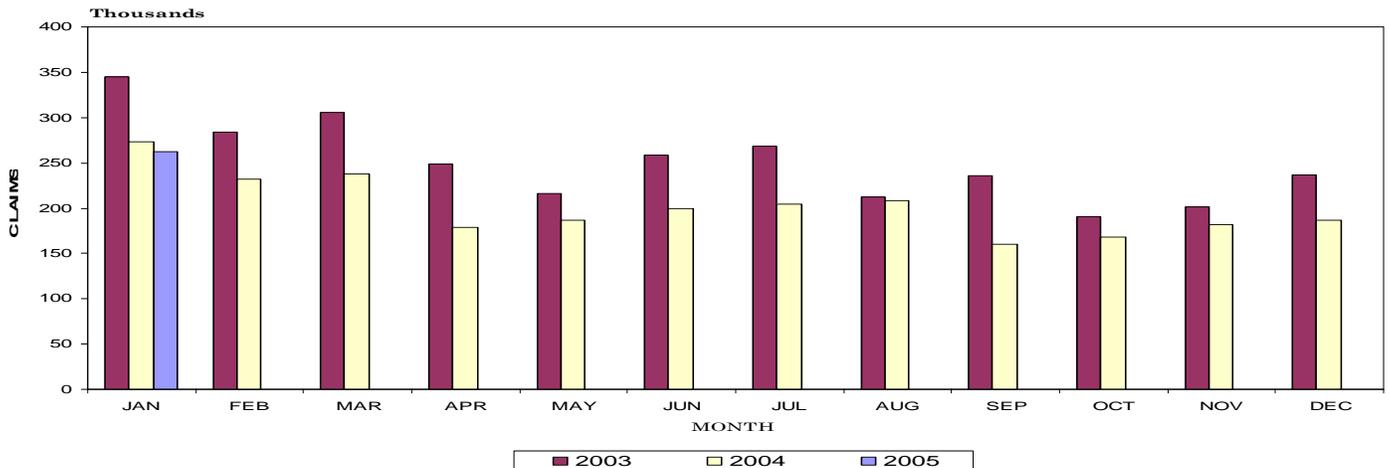
### BENEFITS

### FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL

Amount Paid	\$47,087,049	\$35,123,819	\$47,450,014	Benefits Paid	\$457,445	\$522,415	\$556,304
Benefit Weeks Paid	245,002	186,895	223,588	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,491	1,934	1,827
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$208	\$212	\$209	Initial Claims	174	113	171
First Payments	31,719	14,812	27,375	Continued Weeks Claimed	1,531	1,839	2,021
Final Payments	5,802	4,783	5,201	Appeals Decisions	2	2	5
Average Weeks Duration	15	14	14				
Trust Fund Balance*	\$463,547,055	\$566,813,444	\$540,287,865	*Trust Fund includes one-time deposit in March 2002 of \$162 million of Reed Act funds.			

## CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED

### MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



# Statewide

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	February 2004	Revised January 2005	Preliminary February 2005	Net Change	
				Feb. 2004 Feb. 2005	Jan. 2005 Feb. 2005
Total Nonfarm	2,637.4	2,742.2	2,678.5	41.1	-63.7
Total Private	2,226.3	2,323.3	2,266.1	39.8	-57.2
Goods-Producing	522.0	536.7	526.6	4.6	-10.1
Natural Resources & Mining	4.0	4.2	4.0	0.0	-0.2
Construction	111.3	118.8	113.5	2.2	-5.3
Manufacturing	406.7	413.7	409.1	2.4	-4.6
Durable Goods Manufacturing	249.4	255.5	253.6	4.2	-1.9
Wood Product Manufacturing	16.5	17.7	17.5	1.0	-0.2
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	15.3	15.9	15.7	0.4	-0.2
Primary Metal Manufacturing	12.0	12.4	12.3	0.3	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	41.3	42.2	41.7	0.4	-0.5
Machinery Manufacturing	33.3	34.3	34.3	1.0	0.0
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	11.4	11.2	10.7	-0.7	-0.5
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	22.6	23.3	23.1	0.5	-0.2
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	61.1	62.3	62.3	1.2	0.0
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	36.0	36.9	37.0	1.0	0.1
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	19.7	19.8	19.8	0.1	0.0
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	16.2	16.4	16.2	0.0	-0.2
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	157.3	158.2	155.5	-1.8	-2.7
Food Manufacturing	35.5	35.2	35.0	-0.5	-0.2
Animal Slaughtering & Processing	11.0	10.8	10.9	-0.1	0.1
Bakeries & Tortilla Manufacturing	7.6	7.6	7.4	-0.2	-0.2
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	6.0	5.9	5.9	-0.1	0.0
Textile Mills	6.8	6.7	6.6	-0.2	-0.1
Textile Product Mills	3.8	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0
Apparel Manufacturing	9.3	8.9	8.8	-0.5	-0.1
Paper Manufacturing	18.6	18.8	18.1	-0.5	-0.7
Printing & Related Support Activities	18.9	19.4	18.4	-0.5	-1.0
Chemical Manufacturing	27.9	27.7	27.4	-0.5	-0.3
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	27.8	28.5	28.4	0.6	-0.1
Plastics Product Manufacturing	13.9	14.4	14.3	0.4	-0.1
Rubber Product Manufacturing	13.9	14.1	14.1	0.2	0.0
Service-Providing	2,115.4	2,205.5	2,151.9	36.5	-53.6
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	575.9	606.0	583.1	7.2	-22.9
Wholesale Trade	124.9	128.4	127.1	2.2	-1.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	63.7	65.0	64.7	1.0	-0.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	45.8	46.8	45.8	0.0	-1.0
Wholesale Electronic Markets	15.4	16.6	16.6	1.2	0.0
Retail Trade	313.7	337.6	318.7	5.0	-18.9
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	41.9	43.2	42.6	0.7	-0.6
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	9.5	9.9	9.6	0.1	-0.3
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	23.9	25.4	24.9	1.0	-0.5
Food & Beverage Stores	46.0	46.4	45.0	-1.0	-1.4
Health & Personal Care Stores	19.8	21.2	19.9	0.1	-1.3
Gasoline Stations	23.7	24.8	24.5	0.8	-0.3
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	29.2	33.7	29.6	0.4	-4.1
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.6	14.3	13.0	0.4	-1.3
General Merchandise Stores	69.2	77.0	70.8	1.6	-6.2
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	18.7	19.9	18.8	0.1	-1.1
Nonstore Retailers	11.0	12.4	11.8	0.8	-0.6
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	137.3	140.0	137.3	0.0	-2.7
Utilities	3.5	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	133.8	136.5	133.8	0.0	-2.7
Truck Transportation	58.8	61.4	60.6	1.8	-0.8
Information	50.1	49.8	48.5	-1.6	-1.3
Publishing Industries (except internet)	14.5	14.2	14.0	-0.5	-0.2
Telecommunications	16.0	15.7	15.1	-0.9	-0.6
Financial Activities	140.6	143.7	142.8	2.2	-0.9
Finance & Insurance	106.0	108.0	107.3	1.3	-0.7
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	34.6	35.7	35.5	0.9	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	288.5	308.0	301.1	12.6	-6.9
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	99.3	102.2	101.8	2.5	-0.4
Management of Companies & Enterprises	22.4	23.3	22.8	0.4	-0.5
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	166.8	182.5	176.5	9.7	-6.0
Educational & Health Services	313.6	324.1	320.3	6.7	-3.8
Educational Services	41.5	44.5	41.7	0.2	-2.8
Health Care & Social Assistance	272.1	279.6	278.6	6.5	-1.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	99.0	102.6	102.6	3.6	0.0
Hospitals	86.2	88.1	88.0	1.8	-0.1
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	49.5	50.8	49.9	0.4	-0.9
Social Assistance	37.4	38.1	38.1	0.7	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	234.8	252.7	242.4	7.6	-10.3
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	22.4	26.6	24.0	1.6	-2.6
Accommodation & Food Services	212.4	226.1	218.4	6.0	-7.7
Accommodation	30.8	32.2	29.9	-0.9	-2.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	181.6	193.9	188.5	6.9	-5.4
Other Services	100.8	102.3	101.3	0.5	-1.0
Repair & Maintenance	21.8	22.1	22.0	0.2	-0.1
Personal & Laundry Services	24.4	25.4	24.8	0.4	-0.6
Government	411.1	418.9	412.4	1.3	-6.5
Federal Government	50.8	50.1	50.3	-0.5	0.2
State Government	91.9	96.1	91.4	-0.5	-4.7
State Government Educational Services	45.6	49.3	44.6	-1.0	-4.7
Local Government	268.4	272.7	270.7	2.3	-2.0
Local Government Educational Services	137.6	141.4	139.6	2.0	-1.8

## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

### AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS

Industry	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005
Manufacturing	\$558.25	\$547.84	\$548.05
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$558.66	\$544.44	\$540.87
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$554.57	\$592.76	\$585.10
Machinery Manufacturing	\$490.62	\$503.06	\$490.93
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$558.40	\$554.61	\$560.35
Food Manufacturing	\$536.02	\$492.38	\$494.69

### AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

Industry	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005
Manufacturing	40.6	39.3	39.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	40.6	39.0	38.8
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	38.7	39.1	38.8
Machinery Manufacturing	37.0	36.8	36.5
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	40.7	39.9	40.4
Food Manufacturing	39.5	36.8	37.0

### AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

Industry	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005
Manufacturing	\$13.75	\$13.94	\$13.91
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$13.76	\$13.96	\$13.94
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$14.33	\$15.16	\$15.08
Machinery Manufacturing	\$13.26	\$13.67	\$13.45
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$13.72	\$13.90	\$13.87
Food Manufacturing	\$13.57	\$13.38	\$13.37

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE IN TENNESSEE

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for February 2005 was 5.9 percent, unchanged from the January 2005 rate. This is the second month that Tennessee had a seasonally adjusted unemployment rate higher than the national rate.

The United States' unemployment rate was 5.4 percent in February 2005. In February 2004, the national unemployment rate was 5.6 percent, and the state's unemployment rate was 5.4 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate decreased in 74 counties, increased in 14 counties, and remained the same in seven counties. The lowest rate occurred in Williamson County at 3.9 percent, unchanged from the previous month. The highest rate was Clay County's 12.1 percent, down from 12.3 percent in January.

(Continued on Page 6)

# CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

## CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

February 2004

Revised January 2005

Preliminary February 2005

Labor Force    Employment    Unemployed    Rate    Labor Force    Employment    Unemployed    Rate    Labor Force    Employment    Unemployed    Rate

Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	146,784,000	138,481,000	8,303,000	5.7	147,978,000	140,241,000	7,737,000	5.2	148,132,000	140,144,000	7,988,000	5.4
TENNESSEE	2,917,600	2,758,400	159,200	5.5	2,914,500	2,741,600	172,900	5.9	2,924,300	2,750,900	173,400	5.9
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	147,844,000	138,700,000	9,144,000	6.2	147,126,000	138,682,000	8,444,000	5.7	147,649,000	139,100,000	8,549,000	5.8
TENNESSEE	2,927,000	2,753,600	173,400	5.9	2,882,900	2,694,200	188,700	6.5	2,891,500	2,709,300	182,200	6.3
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	248,280	237,210	11,070	4.5	250,360	239,050	11,310	4.5	248,220	235,350	12,870	5.2
Clarksville	98,730	93,140	5,590	5.7	99,860	94,820	5,040	5.0	100,010	94,050	5,960	6.0
Cleveland	53,450	50,620	2,830	5.3	53,260	50,600	2,660	5.0	53,010	49,770	3,240	6.1
Jackson	53,260	50,250	3,010	5.7	53,660	50,720	2,940	5.5	53,490	50,100	3,390	6.3
Johnson City	95,270	89,930	5,340	5.6	96,650	91,820	4,830	5.0	95,850	90,080	5,770	6.0
Kingsport-Bristol	138,270	129,910	8,360	6.0	137,640	130,520	7,120	5.2	137,670	129,260	8,410	6.1
Knoxville	333,040	318,780	14,260	4.3	336,500	322,800	13,700	4.1	334,980	318,220	16,760	5.0
Memphis	588,910	554,890	34,020	5.8	625,540	588,040	37,500	6.0	593,020	552,730	40,290	6.8
Morristown	61,910	57,950	3,960	6.4	62,780	59,430	3,350	5.3	62,910	58,530	4,380	7.0
Nashville	727,790	694,530	33,260	4.6	735,520	706,370	29,150	4.0	728,660	693,640	35,020	4.8
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	23,770	22,190	1,580	6.6	23,900	22,210	1,690	7.1	23,870	22,230	1,640	6.9
Brownsville	9,470	8,660	810	8.6	9,190	8,290	900	9.8	9,210	8,320	890	9.7
Columbia	36,280	34,140	2,140	5.9	35,090	32,870	2,220	6.3	35,750	32,990	2,760	7.7
Cookeville	49,600	46,870	2,730	5.5	48,800	45,570	3,230	6.6	48,980	45,850	3,130	6.4
Crossville	21,520	19,870	1,650	7.7	21,840	19,910	1,930	8.8	21,730	19,860	1,870	8.6
Dyersburg	17,910	16,810	1,100	6.1	17,640	16,340	1,300	7.4	17,750	16,490	1,260	7.1
Greeneville	34,810	32,120	2,690	7.7	34,460	31,190	3,270	9.5	34,480	31,280	3,200	9.3
Harriman	24,790	23,290	1,500	6.1	24,700	22,990	1,710	6.9	24,830	23,150	1,680	6.8
Humboldt	23,370	21,700	1,670	7.1	23,020	20,720	2,300	10.0	22,890	20,780	2,110	9.2
LaFollette	16,890	15,750	1,140	6.7	17,020	15,780	1,240	7.3	16,990	15,810	1,180	6.9
Lawrenceburg	18,640	17,230	1,410	7.6	18,010	16,020	1,990	11.0	18,010	16,180	1,830	10.2
Lewisburg	14,490	13,500	990	6.8	13,950	13,020	930	6.7	14,030	13,000	1,030	7.3
Martin	17,940	16,740	1,200	6.7	17,230	16,020	1,210	7.0	17,280	15,940	1,340	7.8
McMinnville	19,170	18,020	1,150	6.0	18,640	17,340	1,300	7.0	18,650	17,320	1,330	7.1
Newport	15,590	13,950	1,640	10.5	15,580	13,830	1,750	11.2	15,560	13,850	1,710	11.0
Paris	14,150	12,920	1,230	8.7	13,970	12,580	1,390	9.9	13,920	12,660	1,260	9.1
Sevierville	40,980	36,840	4,140	10.1	41,630	36,780	4,850	11.7	41,700	37,000	4,700	11.3
Shelbyville	20,850	19,760	1,090	5.2	20,860	19,700	1,160	5.6	20,800	19,660	1,140	5.5
Tullahoma	48,990	46,530	2,460	5.0	48,590	45,740	2,850	5.9	48,650	45,910	2,740	5.6
Union City	18,360	16,900	1,460	8.0	15,790	14,330	1,460	9.2	15,730	14,310	1,420	9.0

(Continued from Page 5)

Total nonfarm employment increased by 22,900 jobs from February 2004 to February 2005. During this period, there were increases in administrative/support/waste management (up 8,700 jobs); leisure/hospitality services (up 7,500 jobs), which includes an increase of 6,800 jobs in food services/drinking places; health care/social assistance (up 6,500 jobs), which includes increases of 3,600 jobs in ambulatory health care services and 1,800 jobs in hospitals; retail trade (up 4,700 jobs), which includes an

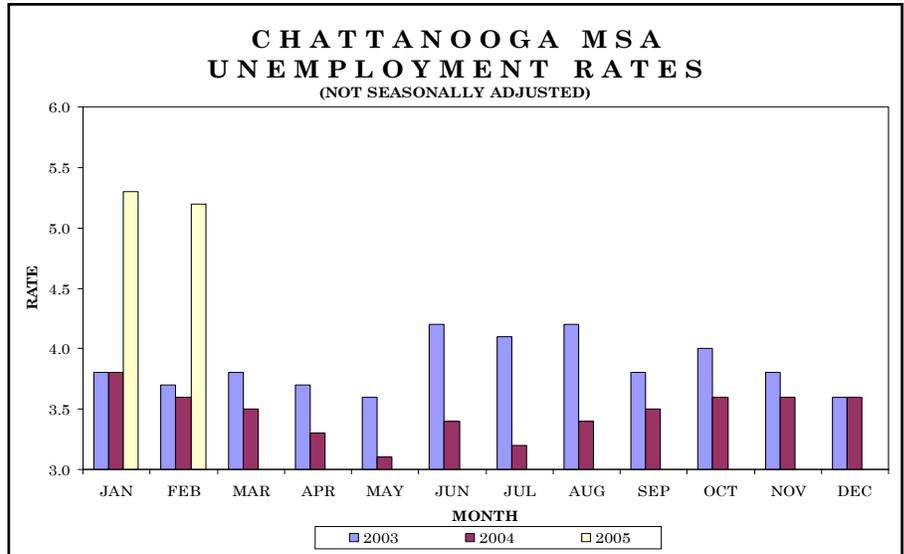
increase of 2,000 jobs in general merchandise stores and 1,000 jobs in building material/garden equipment/supplies; professional/scientific/technical services (up 2,500 jobs); financial activities and wholesale trade (both up 2,300 jobs); and construction (up 2,200 jobs). This was partially offset by drops in local government (down 13,000 jobs), publishing industries (down 1,500 jobs), state government educational services (down 1,100 jobs), and food/beverage stores (down 1,000 jobs).

During February, nonfarm employment increased by 12,800 jobs. There were increases in state government (up 5,100 jobs); educational/health services (up 2,800 jobs), which includes increases of 1,800 jobs in educational services and 1,000 jobs in health care/social assistance; accommodation/food services (up 2,200 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,600 jobs in food services/drinking places; professional/business services (up 1,700 jobs); and local government (up 1,300 jobs). This was partially offset by a decline of 1,800 jobs in retail trade.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 2004 benchmark.

Total nonfarm employment increased by 700 jobs from January to February. There were increases in professional/business services and state government (both up 300 jobs) and educational/health services and accommodation/food services (both up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by declines of 200 jobs in both financial activities and transportation/warehousing/utilities.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 1,800 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 400, while service-providing jobs increased by 1,400.



## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

## CHATTANOOGA MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005
	Manufacturing	\$512.11	\$517.79	\$525.26	41.1	40.9	41.1	\$12.46	\$12.66
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$551.61	\$541.91	\$550.43	40.5	39.7	39.8	\$13.62	\$13.65	\$13.83
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$481.73	\$498.26	\$504.36	41.6	41.8	42.1	\$11.58	\$11.92	\$11.98

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

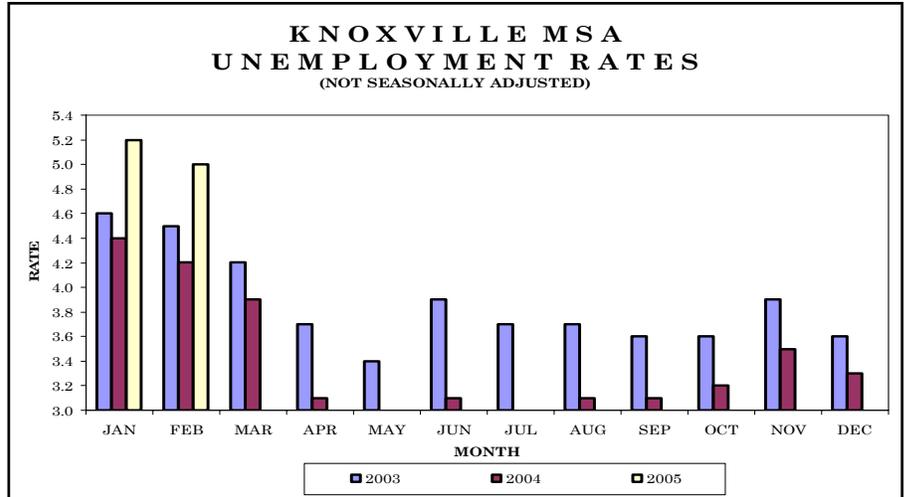
Industry	February 2004	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
		January 2005	February 2005	Feb. 2004 Feb. 2005	Jan. 2005 Feb. 2005
Total Nonfarm	235.6	236.7	237.4	1.8	0.7
Total Private	198.8	201.0	201.4	2.6	0.4
Goods-Producing	43.6	43.8	44.0	0.4	0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	8.6	8.9	8.9	0.3	0.0
Manufacturing	35.0	34.9	35.1	0.1	0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	15.5	15.6	15.7	0.2	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	19.5	19.3	19.4	-0.1	0.1
Food Manufacturing	6.1	6.1	6.1	0.0	0.0
Textile Mills	5.1	4.9	5.0	-0.1	0.1
Service-Providing	192.0	192.9	193.4	1.4	0.5
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	53.9	54.8	54.5	0.6	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	9.0	9.3	9.2	0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	25.1	25.5	25.5	0.4	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	5.4	5.8	5.7	0.3	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	19.8	20.0	19.8	0.0	-0.2
Information	2.8	3.0	3.0	0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	18.7	18.9	18.7	0.0	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	25.2	25.6	25.9	0.7	0.3
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	8.5	8.4	8.5	0.0	0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	4.0	3.9	4.0	0.0	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	12.7	13.3	13.4	0.7	0.1
Educational & Health Services	24.1	24.0	24.2	0.1	0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	19.9	20.2	20.4	0.5	0.2
Accommodation & Food Services	18.0	18.3	18.5	0.5	0.2
Other Services	10.6	10.7	10.7	0.1	0.0
Government	36.8	35.7	36.0	-0.8	0.3
Federal Government	6.9	6.8	6.8	-0.1	0.0
State Government	6.2	5.9	6.2	0.0	0.3
Local Government	23.7	23.0	23.0	-0.7	0.0



# Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment increased by 900 jobs from January to February. There were increases in state government (up 500 jobs) and leisure/hospitality (up 400 jobs), which includes an increase of 300 jobs in food services/drinking places.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 4,800 jobs. During this time, goods-producing jobs increased by 400 while service-providing jobs increased by 4,400.



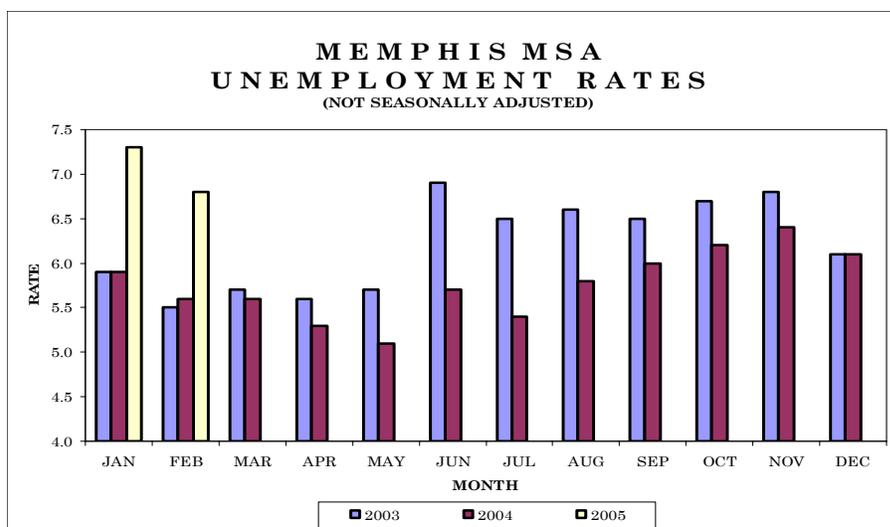
## HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS KNOXVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005
Manufacturing	\$549.29	\$604.90	\$603.32	40.3	38.9	38.6	\$13.63	\$15.55	\$15.63
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$598.21	\$680.10	\$673.31	41.6	40.1	39.7	\$14.38	\$16.96	\$16.96
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$460.18	\$449.90	\$460.28	38.0	36.4	36.3	\$12.11	\$12.36	\$12.68

## ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	February 2004	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
		January 2005	February 2005	Feb. 2004 Feb. 2005	Jan. 2005 Feb. 2005
Total Nonfarm	317.9	321.8	322.7	4.8	0.9
Total Private	262.9	268.6	269.1	6.2	0.5
Goods-Producing	54.3	54.9	54.7	0.4	-0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	15.6	16.4	16.3	0.7	-0.1
Manufacturing	38.7	38.5	38.4	-0.3	-0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	28.3	27.9	27.8	-0.5	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	8.2	8.2	8.1	-0.1	-0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	8.6	8.6	8.6	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	10.4	10.6	10.6	0.2	0.0
Service-Providing	263.6	266.9	268.0	4.4	1.1
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	66.9	68.8	68.9	2.0	0.1
Wholesale Trade	15.5	16.4	16.5	1.0	0.1
Retail Trade	41.2	42.1	42.1	0.9	0.0
Food & Beverage Stores	5.6	5.9	6.0	0.4	0.1
General Merchandise Stores	9.0	9.3	9.2	0.2	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	10.2	10.3	10.3	0.1	0.0
Information	6.1	6.2	6.2	0.1	0.0
Financial Activities	16.4	16.7	16.7	0.3	0.0
Professional & Business Services	37.4	37.9	38.0	0.6	0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	18.6	18.9	18.9	0.3	0.0
Educational & Health Services	36.9	37.7	37.8	0.9	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	31.1	32.6	33.0	1.9	0.4
Accommodation & Food Services	28.5	29.9	30.2	1.7	0.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	25.9	27.4	27.7	1.8	0.3
Other Services	13.8	13.8	13.8	0.0	0.0
Government	55.0	53.2	53.6	-1.4	0.4
Federal Government	5.2	5.2	5.2	0.0	0.0
State Government	19.4	18.8	19.3	-0.1	0.5
Local Government	30.4	29.2	29.1	-1.3	-0.1

Total nonfarm employment increased by 3,600 jobs from January to February. There were increases in educational/health services (up 800 jobs), which includes an increase of 200 jobs in health care/social assistance; state government (up 800 jobs); general merchandise stores (up 700 jobs); durable goods manufacturing, professional/business services, federal government (all up 400 jobs); local government (up 300 jobs); accommodation/food services (up 300 jobs), which included an increase of 200 jobs in food services/drinking places; and food/beverage stores (up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by a decrease in truck transportation (down 200 jobs).



**HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS MEMPHIS MSA**

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005
Manufacturing	\$593.46	\$586.92	\$618.03	40.9	40.2	41.9	\$14.51	\$14.60	\$14.75
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$538.56	\$528.19	\$552.80	39.6	39.3	40.0	\$13.60	\$13.44	\$13.82
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$637.30	\$637.55	\$675.80	41.9	41.0	43.6	\$15.21	\$15.55	\$15.50

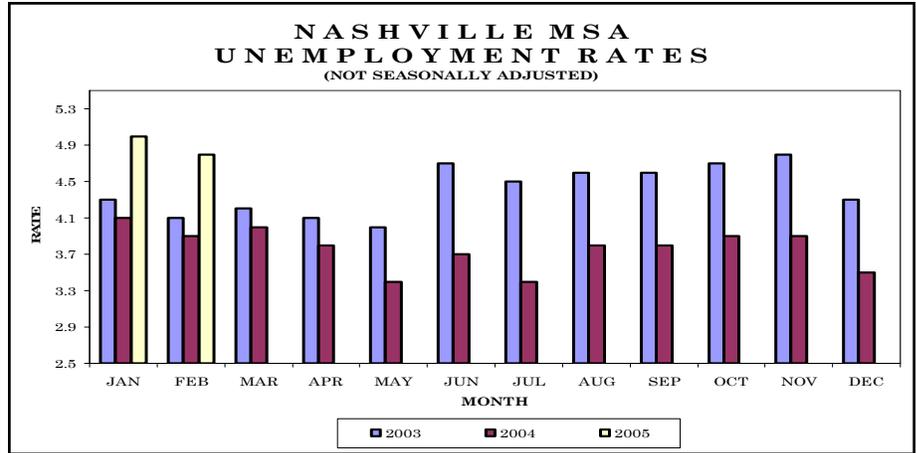
**ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)**

Industry	February 2004	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
		January 2005	February 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005
				Feb. 2005	Feb. 2005
Total Nonfarm	610.8	614.9	618.5	7.7	3.6
Total Private	516.6	524.0	526.1	9.5	2.1
Goods-Producing	77.1	78.6	79.0	1.9	0.4
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	25.0	25.8	25.8	0.8	0.0
Manufacturing	52.1	52.8	53.2	1.1	0.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	23.9	24.6	25.0	1.1	0.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	28.2	28.2	28.2	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing	533.7	536.3	539.5	5.8	3.2
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	167.4	170.8	171.1	3.7	0.3
Wholesale Trade	35.9	36.8	36.7	0.8	-0.1
Retail Trade	69.3	71.4	72.1	2.8	0.7
Food & Beverage Stores	9.9	9.6	9.8	-0.1	0.2
General Merchandise Stores	14.1	13.9	14.6	0.5	0.7
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	62.2	62.6	62.3	0.1	-0.3
Truck Transportation	14.6	14.9	14.7	0.1	-0.2
Warehousing & Storage	7.7	7.8	7.8	0.1	0.0
Information	8.9	8.3	8.3	-0.6	0.0
Financial Activities	32.7	32.9	32.9	0.2	0.0
Professional & Business Services	70.6	70.8	71.2	0.6	0.4
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	19.0	18.9	19.1	0.1	0.2
Management of Companies & Enterprises	4.7	4.8	4.8	0.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	46.9	47.1	47.3	0.4	0.2
Educational & Health Services	70.8	72.0	72.8	2.0	0.8
Health Care & Social Assistance	61.2	62.6	62.8	1.6	0.2
Hospitals	23.6	24.0	24.1	0.5	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	65.0	66.4	66.5	1.5	0.1
Accommodation & Food Services	58.6	59.0	59.3	0.7	0.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	39.1	41.5	41.7	2.6	0.2
Other Services	24.1	24.2	24.3	0.2	0.1
Government	94.2	90.9	92.4	-1.8	1.5
Federal Government	16.4	15.6	16.0	-0.4	0.4
State Government	16.1	15.6	16.4	0.3	0.8
Local Government	61.7	59.7	60.0	-1.7	0.3



**Nashville MSA**— Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment increased by 1,400 jobs from January to February. There were seasonal increases in state government (up 1,000 jobs); leisure/hospitality (up 500 jobs), which includes increases of 300 jobs in accommodation/food services and 200 jobs in arts/entertainment/recreation; other services (up 400 jobs); educational services (up 300 jobs); and wholesale trade and transportation/warehousing/utilities (both up 200 jobs). This was partially offset by a seasonal decline in retail trade (down 900 jobs), which includes a drop of 500 jobs in general merchandise stores.



**HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS NASHVILLE MSA**

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005	Feb. 2004	Jan. 2005	Feb. 2005
Manufacturing	\$583.42	\$575.51	\$567.62	40.6	39.8	40.2	\$14.37	\$14.46	\$14.12
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$601.52	\$607.77	\$598.99	41.2	40.9	41.8	\$14.60	\$14.86	\$14.33
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$545.69	\$502.43	\$495.31	39.4	37.3	36.5	\$13.85	\$13.47	\$13.57

**ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)**

Industry	February 2004	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
		January 2005	February 2005	Feb. 2004 - Feb. 2005	Jan. 2005 - Feb. 2005
Total Nonfarm	701.3	712.2	713.6	12.3	1.4
Total Private	601.2	615.8	616.2	15.0	0.4
Goods-Producing	115.0	117.7	117.5	2.5	-0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	32.9	33.2	33.1	0.2	-0.1
Manufacturing	82.1	84.5	84.4	2.3	-0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	55.8	58.1	57.9	2.1	-0.2
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.8	4.9	5.0	0.2	0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	6.8	7.6	7.5	0.7	-0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	18.0	19.6	19.6	1.6	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	26.3	26.4	26.5	0.2	0.1
Service-Providing	586.3	594.5	596.1	9.8	1.6
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	141.8	145.9	145.4	3.6	-0.5
Wholesale Trade	33.9	33.9	34.1	0.2	0.2
Retail Trade	80.9	84.2	83.3	2.4	-0.9
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	6.8	7.1	7.0	0.2	-0.1
Food & Beverage Stores	11.3	11.3	11.3	0.0	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	16.5	17.1	16.6	0.1	-0.5
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	27.0	27.8	28.0	1.0	0.2
Information	19.4	18.9	18.8	-0.6	-0.1
Financial Activities	44.0	44.1	44.0	0.0	-0.1
Finance & Insurance	33.6	33.6	33.5	-0.1	-0.1
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	10.4	10.5	10.5	0.1	0.0
Professional & Business Services	86.6	93.1	93.1	6.5	0.0
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	33.0	32.9	33.0	0.0	0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	6.8	7.2	7.2	0.4	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	46.8	53.0	52.9	6.1	-0.1
Educational & Health Services	96.6	97.8	98.2	1.6	0.4
Educational Services	20.4	20.2	20.5	0.1	0.3
Health Care & Social Assistance	76.2	77.6	77.7	1.5	0.1
Hospitals	27.2	27.5	27.4	0.2	-0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	68.0	68.9	69.4	1.4	0.5
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	7.9	8.3	8.5	0.6	0.2
Accommodation & Food Services	60.1	60.6	60.9	0.8	0.3
Accommodation	11.1	11.2	11.3	0.2	0.1
Food Services & Drinking Places	49.0	49.4	49.6	0.6	0.2
Other Services	29.8	29.4	29.8	0.0	0.4
Government	100.1	96.4	97.4	-2.7	1.0
Federal Government	11.4	11.6	11.5	0.1	-0.1
State Government	29.7	28.6	29.6	-0.1	1.0
Local Government	59.0	56.2	56.3	-2.7	0.1

## Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	Jan. 05	Feb. 05	Jan. 05	Feb. 05	Jan. 05	Feb. 05
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	80,600	81,800	9,200	9,200	59,400	60,100
Total Private	62,800	63,500	40,400	40,500	48,000	48,600
Goods-Producing	17,400	17,600	34,600	34,700	14,500	14,600
Service-Providing	63,200	64,200	28,700	28,900	44,900	45,500
Private Service-Providing	45,400	45,900	22,900	23,100	33,500	34,000
Natural Resources/Construction	2,600	2,600	1,700	1,700	3,400	3,500
Manufacturing	14,800	15,000	10,000	9,900	11,100	11,100
Durable Goods	9,700	9,900	5,200	5,200	7,200	7,200
Nondurable Goods	5,100	5,100	4,800	4,700	3,900	3,900
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	14,500	14,600	7,500	7,600	12,300	12,300
Wholesale Trade	2,200	2,200	1,800	1,900	2,400	2,400
Retail Trade	11,100	11,200	4,700	4,700	7,600	7,600
General Merchandise Stores	3,500	3,300	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	1,200	1,200	1,000	1,000	2,300	2,300
Information	1,200	1,200	200	200	700	700
Financial Activities	2,500	2,500	1,600	1,600	1,800	1,800
Professional/Business Services	8,300	8,300	4,000	4,000	4,400	4,300
Educational/Health Services	8,400	8,600	4,600	4,700	7,500	8,000
Leisure/Hospitality	7,600	7,700	2,700	2,700	4,500	4,500
Other Services	2,900	3,000	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,400
Government	17,800	18,300	5,800	5,800	11,400	11,500
Federal Government	5,300	5,400	400	400	600	600
State Government	3,300	3,700	600	600	1,700	1,800
Local Government	9,200	9,200	4,800	4,800	9,100	9,100

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport/Bristol, TN MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	Jan. 05	Feb. 05	Jan. 05	Feb. 05	Jan. 05	Feb. 05
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	78,700	79,600	119,000	119,400	50,400	50,700
Total Private	64,300	64,200	103,800	103,800	43,900	44,100
Goods-Producing	15,000	15,000	32,400	32,400	17,800	17,800
Service-Providing	63,700	64,600	86,600	87,000	32,600	32,900
Private Service-Providing	49,300	49,200	71,400	71,400	26,100	26,300
Natural Resources/Construction	3,700	3,700	6,400	6,400	1,800	1,800
Manufacturing	11,300	11,300	26,000	26,000	16,000	16,000
Durable Goods	NA	NA	11,800	11,800	11,000	11,000
Nondurable Goods	NA	NA	14,200	14,200	NA	NA
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	13,500	13,400	24,100	24,000	9,900	9,900
Wholesale Trade	3,100	3,100	5,100	5,100	2,100	2,100
Retail Trade	9,100	9,000	14,700	14,600	5,800	5,800
General Merchandise Stores	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	1,300	1,300	4,300	4,300	2,000	2,000
Information	2,400	2,400	1,800	1,800	700	700
Financial Activities	4,500	4,400	4,300	4,300	1,800	1,800
Professional/Business Services	8,000	7,800	9,900	9,800	4,000	4,100
Educational/Health Services	10,800	11,000	15,600	15,700	5,300	5,400
Leisure/Hospitality	7,900	8,000	11,200	11,300	2,800	2,800
Other Services	2,200	2,200	4,500	4,500	1,600	1,600
Government	14,400	15,400	15,200	15,600	6,500	6,600
Federal Government	2,100	2,100	1,200	1,300	400	400
State Government	4,800	5,600	2,100	2,200	1,200	1,300
Local Government	7,500	7,700	11,900	12,100	4,900	4,900

**Clarksville MSA** is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk Counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison Counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington Counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan

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**U.S. Consumer Price Index February 2005**

Group	Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly
<b>U.S. City Average</b>			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	191.8	3.0	0.6
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	187.3	3.0	0.5
<b>South</b>			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	184.7	3.1	0.6
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	181.5	3.2	0.6

